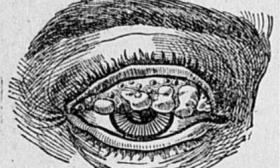


Sore Eyes Cured Free

Famous Lotion that is Absolutely Harmless and Positively Cures Sore Eyes, Granulated Lids, Wild Hairs, Ulcers, Cataracts, Bleedings or Inflamed or Tired Eyes.

It Makes Weak Eyes Strong and Gives Instant Relief to the Burning Pain or Soreness of Strained Eyes or Eyes Hurt by Night Work—Send Your Name and Address Today for Free Package.

The cures being made by this magic lotion every day are truly remarkable. Mrs. B. A. Hubbard, Plum Point, Tenn., tells of her cure in a month with this lotion after all doctors and remedies had failed for five years to cure her.



Bad Case of Granulated Lids Cured by Prof. H. T. Schlegel's Magic Eye Lotion.

of a case of granulated eyelids that has resisted for years all attempts of doctors to cure. Mr. George W. Evers, Owensboro, Ky., was cured of ulcers and wild hairs with this lotion after all other remedies had failed. Dora Casey, Chicago, was cured of granulated lids, for which doctors treated her for five months steady, but failed to cure. Dr. J. W. Angel, of Iowa, one of the oldest and best known doctors in the west, suffered with granulated lids for seven years. He tried every remedy, but failed to cure until he used Prof. Schlegel's eye lotion and one bottle gave him more relief than all the remedies he ever tried.

INSTITUTE COUNCIL

VISITING KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS CONFER DEGREES.

SERVICES WERE IMPRESSIVE

Beginning With Celebration of Mass in the Morning and Ending With a Delightful Banquet in the Evening—Gen. Shields Council.

With an elaborate banquet served by the various societies of women of the three parishes, at which toasts and impromptu talks were given and enjoyably listened to, the institution of Gen. Shields council, Knights of Columbus, which was an all day service, came to a close last evening in the lower part of the Turner hall.

The banquet was an emphasized success, not only because it topped off one of the most impressive and perhaps the longest initiation exercises held in this city, but because it was the culmination of a society which stands for many things which will doubtless serve to the betterment of Catholicity in this city. The Knights of Columbus is a purely Catholic order and if the enthusiasm shown last night among its members is a significance of that which is shown elsewhere, the General Shields council will undoubtedly prosper in this city. The services yesterday began with the celebration of high mass at the Sacred Heart church, at which the candidates for the local council and the visiting knights attended in a body. The exercises were taken up again in the afternoon when the council was instituted and the prospective members initiated. The banquet last evening concluded the services.

Mass is Celebrated. At 3 o'clock yesterday morning the class of candidates for the local council gathered at the A. O. U. W. hall and in company with the visiting knights marched to the Sacred Heart Catholic church, where at 10:30 o'clock the celebration of high mass was commenced by the pastor, Rev. James Foley. Following the mass, Father Foley spoke quite enthusiastically regarding the Knights of Columbus and encouraged by cordially welcoming the visiting knights to this city and to his church.

Institute the Council. At 3 o'clock in the A. O. U. W. hall the work of instituting the Gen. Shields council was begun. De La Salle council of Keokuk, the Des Moines council of Des Moines and John J. Fleming and his staff of Burlington conferred the degrees. The institution came to a close shortly after 9 o'clock, when the knights repaired to the Turner hall, where the banquet was served.

A Pretty Picture. Draped throughout with American flags and yellow and white drape-ries the banquet hall presented a pretty picture. The tables abounded with large bouquets of roses in receptacles, while candles in candelabra added to the magnificence of the scene. On the platform in one corner of the room were seated the members of the Schubert Mendelsohn orchestra, who rendered a pretty program. The menu for the banquet was an excellent one and reflects much credit upon its caterers. Rev. James Foley pronounced the

Invocation. The six course banquet supper follows: Strawberry cocktail! Bouillon Wafers Pickles Roast beef Creamed potatoes Bread and Butter Orange Sherbert Cold tongue Tomato and lettuce salad With Mayonnaise dressing Ice cream Assorted cake Coffee Cigars.

J. J. Smith, Toastmaster. J. J. Smith who acted in the capacity of toastmaster, said in his opening remarks, following a prayer of thanks recited by Rev. Bernard Mackey of Burlington:

"I objected to the privilege of acting as toastmaster here tonight, but my objections were overruled. I came unprepared to speak and knowing my right, I will delegate the responsibility to some one who is better equipped than I. I desire however to extend to our brother visiting knights a hearty and everlasting welcome to this city, with the hope that they will return to their homes, fully repaid for their visit here. This morning we met as friends, tonight we part as brothers. You certainly have instructed us grandly of the grandest, noblest and best order in this country, and we feel proud that tonight we can call ourselves members, made so through the work performed by you, our visiting brothers. To you ladies of Ottumwa, I wish to say on behalf of the Knights of Columbus for this sumptuous banquet we are especially grateful. More so because of your patience in waiting for us. The banquet you served is beyond my expression."

"Why I Am a Knight of Columbus." In the absence of Hon. F. H. Wilkin of Ft. Madison, who was scheduled to respond to the toast, "Why I Am a Knight of Columbus," John J. Fleming of Burlington was asked to give his views. Mr. Fleming prefaced his talk by extending thanks to those present for the spontaneous applause which greeted his name and voiced an apology for the absence of Mr. Wilkin, explaining the reason. Mr. Fleming's reason for being a Knight of Columbus was because it is the grandest order of Catholic men this country has ever seen; because it bars no race, German, Irishmen, Englishmen alike are considered; because he believes the Knights of Columbus will eventually become a great power in this country and because it is strong in upholding the priesthood and everything tending to the welfare and expansion of everything Catholic. In conclusion he paid a neat tribute to the ladies who served the banquet and hoped that a similar occasion would not far off.

J. B. Sullivan Talks. Toastmaster Smith then called upon Brother John B. Sullivan of Des Moines council. Mr. Sullivan said: "Mr. Toastmaster, ladies and gentlemen: 'I am sensible of the honor of addressing this beautiful assemblage and want to thank you all for the magnificent manner which has characterized your reception of us today. I have attended many institutions and never before have I received such a warm greeting. Mr. Sullivan concluded with a characteristic bit of poetry concerning the Irish gentlemen, Kelly, Burke and Shane."

Other Impromptu Talks. Emmett Powers of Des Moines, contributed a humorous discourse concerning some of the happenings of the afternoon, in which he humorously alluded to the "J. L. Sullivan" traits of one of the members of Gen. Shields council. Following Mr. Powers, F. C. Norton of Burlington spoke very interestingly on "The American Boy." Former Ottumwa Talks. John McPartland of Burlington, a former resident of this city, was then called upon by Toastmaster Smith for a few remarks. Mr. McPartland touched on the Knights of Columbus as an order which is made up entirely of the flower of the Roman Catholic church. He spoke of the joy he felt when assured that many of his old Ottumwa friends were to become his brother knights. He concluded with a tribute to the ladies of Ottumwa and especially the Catholic ladies.

The Visiting Knights. The following are the visiting knights who attended the institution of the council yesterday and banquet last evening: "Some Impressions of the Day." Dr. J. F. Herrick responded to the toast: "Some Impressions of the Day." Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Brothers: A preceding speaker said he was unable to understand why he should be asked to respond to a toast. It is quite different with me. I won notoriety on an other occasion today by one of my speeches. "Impressions of the day," yes we received some impressions and they are deep and lasting. Yes very deep and I believe they will be everlasting."

"I was most favorably impressed by the visiting knights. A noble body of men they are. If all the Knights of Columbus are such we should be proud that we are of them. The only criticism that comes to my mind is that they brought a green coat with them. They admitted that he had been out on grass for six weeks. I am sure our visiting friends will bear me out when I say that we showed staying qualities in our efforts with the ungovernable beast."

"One could not be impressed by the fact that this organization may be a power for good in promoting morality, sobriety, temperance and patriotism, all noble and worthy objects. "For the benefit of our visiting brethren I may be permitted to say that we Ottumwans are proud of our mothers, wives and sisters, and justly proud too. And more especially are we here tonight proud of our Catholic ladies. In at the walks of life they are honored and respected for their virtues and their fidelity. It is a great pleasure to us that they are able to have a part in the inaugurations of the Knights of Columbus. "Not the least of the things that impressed me is this splendid banquet which the ladies have just served us. At no time is man more grateful than at meal time, and at no place is the meal more inviting than at the banquet

board. Surrounded by our friends, served by those we hold dearest, it is with a full heart we ask our visiting brethren to break bread with us and participate in the joys of this occasion.

Will P. Fleming, Burlington, Arthur Barklow, Des Moines, J. E. McDermott, Des Moines, J. B. McPartland, Burlington, T. J. McCullough, Davenport, Thos. Green, Burlington, F. C. Norton, Burlington, Emmett C. Powers, Des Moines, Dr. J. A. Marie, Washington, E. J. Harmeier, Washington, Edward J. Whalen, Chicago, Ill., P. J. Fitzgerald, Burlington, James Boyle, Burlington, J. F. Kelley, Des Moines, Charles C. Griffin, Burlington, Martin T. Casey, Washington, W. F. Lee, Des Moines, D. G. Slater, Galesburg, F. J. Naeck, Burlington, J. F. Moore, Keokuk, William B. Readey, St. Louis, Mo., H. C. Anwerda, St. Louis, Mo., M. B. McPartland, Burlington, M. E. Fitzpatrick, Burlington, Rev. Bernard Mackin, Burlington, John Carmody, Des Moines, John J. Bynon, Des Moines, A. T. Roddy, Des Moines, J. J. Fleming, Burlington, Rev. W. J. McCuen, Burlington, J. A. Hawkins, Burlington, Jno. B. Sullivan, Des Moines, James O'Donnell, Des Moines, J. F. McLaughlin, Wapello, F. E. Swift, Dayton, Ohio, P. F. Daly, Burlington, T. P. Cullen, Burlington, W. M. Davies, Des Moines, S. W. Heidenreich, Keokuk, Edward J. Norton, Burlington, J. J. McKeon, Washington, Charles E. Finken, Burlington, J. F. Mahedy, Des Moines, James J. Hyatt, Keokuk, John Hafner, Burlington, Robert A. Borrowman, Des Moines, H. J. Schroeder, Ft. Madison, George Heldorfer, Burlington, Geo. S. Dempsey, Washington, J. C. Daly, Burlington.

BLOOMFIELD.

Bloomfield, June 13.—The long expected lecture "On Horseback in the Holy Land," was delivered by Rev. W. Potter Friday evening at the Methodist Episcopal church, which was packed to the utmost limit. Such a crowd had not been in the house before since the meeting of the annual conference a few years ago. Chairs were placed on every bench and every other possible place. The hallways were filled with persons standing and the south vestibule and stairway was packed to suffocation. The lecture was excellent and lasted nearly two hours. The habits and customs of the people and the route pursued by the Jerusalem party were well portrayed in a vein of humor relative to the various trivial circumstances connected with the journey caused ripples of laughter at frequent intervals. The receipts were \$165, of which Mr. Potter received \$150 as per agreement before his departure.

The children of Mrs. W. B. Everhart of Centerville, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Henry Horn and Mrs. Frank Rominger.

Judge and Mrs. S. S. Carruthers, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. S. J. Henderson, left Saturday for St. Louis to spend several weeks at the fair.

W. H. Heighston, of Des Moines, was in the city Saturday, a guest at the Steckel home. Mr. Heighston was en route to Mt. Pleasant to assist in the musical feature of the commencement exercises.

Harlan Dupree returned Saturday from Drake university to spend the summer vacation at home. He will return in the fall to continue his education at the same institution.

Porter H. Morgan, of New York, who with Mrs. Morgan is visiting at the parental W. T. Dupree home, leaves the first of the week for Chicago to spend several weeks with his father.

Newsom Guernsey, editor of the Milton Herald, was a business visitor at this place Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Grant and daughter, of Drakeville, spent Saturday shopping in the city.

Miss Blanche Kinney closes the Star school in Fox township next Friday when she will return to spend the summer vacation with her parents.

Mrs. J. E. Patterson has returned from Centerville, where she has been spending the past six weeks visiting her children and making improvements on her residence property.

Charley Burgess has gone to Casper, Wyoming, where he has accepted a position in a jewelry store.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith have returned from the Springs, Ark., where they have been visiting relatives for some time.

Mrs. H. C. Leach and son Charley, Mrs. J. T. Davis and daughters, Charlotte and Blanch, are in the city.

Harvey Wray farm and caught a fine string of fish. Mrs. Wray delightfully entertained the party at 6 o'clock dinner.

Artie McAtee, of Ottumwa, spent Sunday in the city with Miss Nettie Dillmer.

Miss Goldie Spangler has gone to Ottumwa and Blakesburg to make an extended visit with relatives.

AGENCY.

Agency, June 13.—The M. E. quarterly meeting will be held Sunday, June 19. Rev. Lambert will fill the pulpit in the morning.

UPHOLDS THE LAW

SUPREME COURT SAYS OLEO-MARGARINE MUST NOT HAVE BUTTER COLOR.

Will be Good News for Butter Makers of Wapello County—Oleo Product is Gradually Diminishing — A Broad and Useful Field for the Article.

Butter makers of Wapello county are vitally interested in a recent decision of the supreme court upon the validity of the oleomargarine law. The decision holds the law valid and consequently makes it unlawful for manufacturers to give a butter color to the manufactured article.

"The importance of the recent decision of the United States supreme court in sustaining the constitutionality of the law affecting oleomargarine lies in the fact that that product cannot be given a butter-yellow color, lawfully," said State Dairy Commissioner H. R. Wright recently in Des Moines.

"The court had before it a very peculiar question. The law which was passed by the congress six years ago recites how oleomargarine is made, and defines the ingredients which may be used in the manufacture of the product. Among these ingredients the law mentions butter.

"The law also defines butter as the product of the milk and cream of the cow, with or without artificial coloring matter.

"Now the makers of oleomargarine have sought to give the yellow tinge to their product by putting in it the lawful ingredient of artificially colored butter.

Question Before Court. "The question before the supreme court was whether that section of the law prohibiting the artificial coloring of oleomargarine to make it look like yellow butter was valid if in the manufacture of the product butter which had been artificially colored were used under the clause of the statute permitting the use of butter in making oleomargarine.

"The supreme court decided that the section was valid, that the maker of oleomargarine cannot color it by the use of artificially colored butter, that it is the result and not the process which the law prohibits.

"By this decision, therefore, it would seem that the last support is swept from under the feet of the oleomargarine makers. They have stood upon this proposition. It is what their lawyers mean when they insist that it is impossible to make oleomargarine which has not a yellow tinge at least, like ivory.

"The decision of the court in effect is that oleomargarine must be put on the market either its natural white color or tinted some other shade than yellow, provided the manufacturers do not want to pay the 10 cents a pound tax which the law provides for butterine."

Will Kill Oleo Industry. Mr. Wright believes that the decision of the supreme court marks the beginning of the end of the oleomargarine industry. Six years ago the product of oleo was 126,000,000 pounds. Then the law which was just passed, declared oleo is now estimated at 65,000,000 pounds. "Under the decision of the statutes in the 32 states which have attempted to regulate the sale of imitation butter or substitutes for butter will soon cut the product down to 25,000,000 pounds a year. That is a negligible quantity and will not be a menace to the butter production of the nation.

"The butter product of the nation has attained 1,500,000,000 pounds. Of this Iowa produces one-tenth. Therefore the interest which this state has in the oleomargarine decision.

"The theory of the law on the subject has been that the purpose of coloring oleo yellow was to defraud the purchasers into thinking it was butter, to sell it as butter and to pocket for private gain the difference between the profit on butter and the profit on oleo. Oleo has been produced at from two-fifths to one-half the cost of butter; sold as butter at the same prices, the enormous profit is at once perceived.

"In my opinion there is a legitimate market for oleomargarine. If the makers of it had started out originally to build up this trade they would now have an enormous, legitimate business at a good profit. But most of them seem to have preferred to make a product to be sold fraudulently to the consumer as butter and to try to make millions quickly, which could have been made legitimately by selling the product for what it really was.

"The first federal statute was a mistake. It fixed a license fee on all makers of oleomargarine and a tax of 2 cents a pound. As a result all of the business was transferred to the larger concerns, which could do business under those terms, the little fellows being frozen out.

"The second statute was the one which has just been held valid. It fixes a tax of 10 cents per pound on oleomargarine which is colored yellow in imitation of butter, and one-fourth of 1 cent per pound on all other oleomargarine. This is merely to keep track of the product of the latter. The former tax is prohibitive in that it forces the cost of the imitation butter up to that of the genuine article. Therefore, the attack on the statute."

Homesekers' Rates.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month the Iowa Central railway sells special homesekers' round trip excursion tickets to points in the northwest, west, southwest, south and southeast, at one fare plus two dollars. Return limit twenty-one days from date of sales and stop overs permitted. Call on agents for full particulars or address A. B. Cutts, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Hundreds of people tell us every day, "You sell cheaper than anybody."

We don't know why this should be a source of surprise or comment even—The Model (J. B. Sax) always does—and just now we do it more than ever. We don't believe in Fake Sales, Selling Out Sales, Cost Sales, Fire Sales, etc. The Model has never had a fake sale and never will. But we do have sales which count.

Just now—we offer thousands of dollars worth of new—up-to-date Clothing at SACRIFICE PRICES because we are over-stocked and because we want to teach these sales always selling out follows a little lesson.

We are selling Men's Suits which are worth \$14.00 which these selling-out stores will ask \$12.00 to \$15.00 for, at 8.95

We are Selling Boys' Suits for \$2.85 which are worth \$4.00 and \$4.50.

We are selling Men's and Boys' Work Clothing for less than the wholesale cost today

A WORD OF ADVICE. Don't buy anything until you shop with us. It will save you money and enable you to suit and please yourself better. Over \$60,000—brand new stock at your disposal and its larger and more complete than all the other stores in town combined.

THE MODEL, J. B. Sax.

NEW PEAS ON SALE

FIRST CONSIGNMENT OF HOME GROWN PRODUCT RECEIVED THIS MORNING.

All Fresh Vegetables Are Becoming Cheaper in Price With One or Two Exceptions—Potatoes Are Unchanged—The Local Markets.

The first batch of home grown peas appeared on the local markets this morning. It is about two weeks in advance of the usual time they arrive. The peas are large in size, of a fine quality and are meeting with ready sale. Another new arrival is beets, which also put in their appearance this morning. The new vegetables are coming in fast now and it will be but a short time now until all the home grown articles will be on sale. The prices are regulated in accordance with the quantity, and therefore many reasonable quotations are made. The situation in potatoes remains unchanged, all varieties being very scarce. The grain market is unchanged and but little trading is going on.

Local Markets. Aside from three slight changes in the local wholesale quotations of poultry, the markets remain the same as Saturday.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Live Stock. Choice hogs, 110 to 150 lbs..... 4.35 Choice hogs, 150 to 210 lbs..... 4.40 Choice hogs, 210 to 250 lbs..... 4.45 Choice hogs, over 250 lbs..... 4.50 Choice sows, per bushel..... 4.00@4.20 Stags..... 2.90 Calves, per cwt..... 1.50@2.50 Hefers, per cwt..... 2.50@3.00 Sheep..... 2.00@2.50 Lambs..... 4.00@4.50

Poultry. Hens..... 5 Young hen turkeys..... 7 Gobblers..... 6 No. 2 turkeys..... 6 Geese, full feathered..... 7 Ducks, full feathered..... 7

Grain and Hay—Street Price. Wheat, fall..... 70@75 Oats..... 34@37 Rye, new..... 45@50 Corn..... 50@55 Hay..... 7.00@8.00 Oats straw..... 3.50@4.50 Course, unwashed..... 2.00@2.50 Timothy seed, per bushel..... 9.00@11.00 Clover seed, per bushel..... 4.50@5.00

Butter and Eggs. Butter, packers pay..... 11 Eggs, packers pay..... 13 Separator butter..... 25 Renovated butter..... 20

Hides, Wool and Feathers. Hides, cured, No. 1..... 8 1/2 Cured, No. 2..... 7 1/2 Green, No. 1..... 6 1/2 Green, No. 2..... 6 1/2 Wool, tubwashed..... 28@30 Medium, washed..... 14@23 Course, unwashed..... 20@22 Fine, unwashed..... 18@19 Beeswax..... 20@23 Tallow, No. 1..... 4 Tallow, No. 2..... 3 1/2

Flour and Feed. Flour, per sack..... 1.10@1.14 Corn meal, 10 lb sack..... 15@20 Graham flour, 10 lb sack..... 30@35 Buckwheat, 10 lb sack..... 33@40 Corn, 2nd cut chop, per cwt..... 1.40 Shorts, per cwt..... 1.40 Corn chops, per cwt..... 1.35 Bran, per cwt..... 1.20 Ear corn, per bushel..... 75

Skilled corn per bushel..... 70 Wheat, 1st bushel..... 1.27 Oats, per bushel..... 1.50 Calceken feed (ground) 20 lb sack..... 30 Oil meal, per cwt..... 75 Oyster shell, per cwt..... 70 Hay, per cwt..... 50 Straw, per bale..... 40 Butter and Eggs. Creamery butter, separator..... 22 1/2 Country butter, per lb..... 20@22 1/2 Eggs, per dozen..... 15 Poultry. Spring chickens, dressed, per D..... 17 Old hens, dressed, per D..... 15 Ducks, dressed, per D..... 15

Vegetables and Fruits. Rhubarb, per bushel..... 5 Cucumbers, each..... 5 Fresh peas, 3 quarts..... 25 Wax beans, 3 pounds..... 25 Green beans, pound..... 10 Spinach, per bunch..... 2 1/2 Radishes, per bunch..... 2 1/2 Green onions, 2 bunches for..... 5 New beets, 2 bunches for..... 15 Red potatoes, per bushel..... 1.20@1.35 New potatoes, per peck..... 4.50 Onions, per peck..... 4.50 Lemons, per dozen..... 25 Oranges, per dozen..... 15@40

CHICAGO MARKETS. Saturday's Chicago Markets in Brief. Week's cattle market again satisfactory; good steers 25c higher than week ago; grassy kinds have made no advance; demand very strong; most of the week's export demand lighter because of high prices; shippers have purchased quite freely; top natives for week \$8.50—previous week \$8.25; week's average price good beef steers \$8.70; average for previous week \$5.40—year ago \$5.05; fat cows and heifers hold steady in week; common and grassy cows off 15 to 25c; Bologna bulls again 10 to 15c lower; calf values show little change—top \$3.50; stockers and feeders 25 to 35c lower for week; about 4,000 head will be carried over; small run of hogs meets fair sale; opening market strong—later has weak tone; demand from eastern shippers of small volume; day's average price \$4.88—bulk \$4.80 to \$4.90; week's average price \$4.82—previous week \$4.68; sheep trade closed slow and weaker; big band of Texas sheep forwarded to Philadelphia; some choice 146-lb native ewes went at \$4.35; two doubles good fat 72-lb lambs made \$6.25; limit on shorn lambs about \$6.50—spring \$7.25; lambs 30 to 50c lower than at high time Tuesday.

Receipts Last Week. Chicago's receipts last week compared with the preceding week, increased 5,900 cattle, decreased 20,700 hogs, and increased 100 sheep. Compared with the corresponding week a year ago there was a decrease of 8,100 cattle, an increase of 8,700 hogs and a decrease of 200 sheep. Compared with two years ago there was an increase of 4,800 cattle, a decrease of 54,200 hogs and an increase of 2,200 sheep.

Cattle Market Climbing. Onward and upward seems to be the motto of the cattle market, for the last week was another week when the demand was strong enough, in spite of more liberal receipts, to boost prices up a few more notches. There was plenty of life and vigor in the trade and receipts were so distributed that salesmen had rather the best of it all the time. For the past month there has been no interruption to the upward progress of the market, and there has been a gain of fully 25c every week for the past month. The market for about all the dry-fed cattle of desirable quality this week advanced a quarter over last week, but there was not so much gain on the common and medium grades which showed the effects of grass feeding. These cattle are getting decidedly more numerous as the season advances and better opportunity is afforded for grazing. Up to last week buyers have not made a very strong protest against the grass cattle, partly because they have not been very numerous and partly because the demand has been so urgent

that these little features were overlooked in the rush to get cattle. Generally at this time of the year, when the first grass cattle become evident, the discrimination is very sharp, but the difficulty in selling this class depends altogether on how numerous they are. This year the falling off in receipts and the good, healthy demand has caused buyers to be more friendly than they usually are at this time of year. Soft cattle naturally dress out very poorly and buyers are complaining now that they are paying more for the common grassy kinds than the best dry-fed steers are selling. A long as receipts are small there is not much of a chance for discrimination, but should the supply become heavy and the balance turn in buyer favor, even temporarily, the grass-fed cattle are likely to get a pretty hard jolt. Country shippers should keep this in mind and not rush in these soft cattle too fast, for later in the season they are sure to become more numerous, as the desire on the part of feeders is to save corn by stuffing their steers as much as possible with grass.

MARKETS BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Chicago Live Stock Markets. Chicago, June 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 22,000; strong to prime, \$6.25@6.80; poor to medium, \$4.75@6.00; stockers, \$3.00@4.70; cows, \$1.75@4.50. Hogs—Receipts, 37,000; strong to 5c higher; mixed butchers, \$4.80@5.00; good to choice heavy, \$4.80@5.05; rough heavy, \$4.75@4.95; light, \$4.80@4.95; bulk sales, 4.85@5.00. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; strong, \$3.75@5.50; lambs, \$5.00@7.25.

Chicago Produce Market. Chicago, June 13.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 42¢; No. 3 red, 41¢; No. 1, 42¢; July opened 85 1/2¢; highest, 86 1/2¢; lowest, 85 1/2¢; closing, 86 1/2¢. Corn—No. 2, 49 1/2¢; No. 3, 48 1/2¢; 49 1/2¢; July opened, 48 1/2¢; highest, 49 1/2¢; lowest, 48 1/2¢; closing, 49 1/2¢. Oats—No. 2, 40¢; No. 3, 39 1/2¢; July opened 40 1/2¢; highest, 40 1/2¢; lowest, 40 1/2¢; closing, 40 1/2¢. Rye—July, 73¢. Timothy—2.95. Clover—10.75. Barley—40¢, 40¢@47¢. Flax—1.00@1.07.

New York Butter and Egg Market. New York, June 13.—Butter—steady, creamery, 13¢@18 1/2¢. Eggs—weaker, extra 17 1/2¢@18; firsts, 16 1/2¢@17.

Chicago Butter and Egg Market. Chicago, June 13.—Creameries, 13 1/2¢@17 1/2¢; dairies, 14¢@14 1/2¢. Eggs—14¢@14 1/2¢.

Chicago Poultry Market. Chicago, June 13.—Poultry—Weak, turkeys, 10¢; chickens, 10 1/2¢@11; springs 15¢@22.

New York Poultry Market. New York, June 13.—Poultry—Alive dull; dressed, weak; broilers, 26¢@28; Fowls, 12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15.

New York Produce Market. New York, June 13.—Wheat, July, 92 1/2¢; corn, 55¢.

St. Louis Produce Market. St. Louis, June 13.—Wheat, cash, 1.07 1/2¢@1.08; July, 84 1/2¢@84 1/2¢. Corn, cash, 47¢; July, 48 1/2¢@48 1/2¢. Oats, cash, 40¢; July, 37 1/2¢.

Peoria Produce Market. Peoria, June 13.—Corn, steady; No. 3, 45¢.

Do Not Wait Until You Need It. The season is again at hand when diarrhoea and dysentery are prevalent. Do not wait until some of your family is taken with a violent attack, but be prepared. A bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at hand when needed has saved many a life. Procure it at once. For sale by all druggists.