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TAFT MESSAGE IS RECEIVED BY CONGRESS

PRESIDENT MAKES RECOMMENDATIONS ON INTERSTATE COMMERCE AND ANTI-TRUST LAWS; BILLS TO BE FILED.

FEDERAL CHARTER ACT HELD URGENT

NEW FEATURE IS HELD TO BE OPPORTUNITY TO BRING BIG CORPORATIONS INTO "ZONE OF LAWFULNESS."

Washington, D. C., Jan. 7.—President Taft's special message dealing with amendments to the interstate commerce laws looking to a more effective general supervision of the railroads, and conveying his recommendations for the passage of a federal incorporation act, was sent to congress today. The message embodies all of the suggestions the president made in his various speeches on the subject. He suggests changes in the Sherman anti-trust law at this time. The anti-trust feature of the message deals solely with the subject of federal charters. The president thinks an opportunity should be given the big industrial combination to bring their business once more into the "zone of lawfulness" by taking out a federal charter under certain prescribed conditions, before it becomes necessary to proceed against every corporation about which there is a breath of suspicion.

The Federal Charters. Briefly summarized the conditions upon which federal charters are to be granted under the president's recommendations are:

- Issue of stock to equal only cash paid in on a fair valuation of property upon which issued.
- Corporations prohibited from acquiring and holding stock in other corporations except upon the approval of federal authorities.
- Federal incorporation to be voluntary, but such incorporation will not exempt corporations from prosecution for violations of the anti-trust laws.
- Commerce Law Changes. The president's recommendations or changes in the interstate commerce laws include:

- A court of commerce to determine appeals from the commission only, appeal from this court lying in the United States supreme court.
- Prosecution in cases in the courts transferred from the commission to the department of justice.
- Rate pooling to be allowed under supervision of the commission.
- The commission to be empowered to pass upon freight classifications and hold up new rates or classifications by railroads until the reasonableness is investigated.
- Shippers to have a choice of routes on through freight.

Both Republicans and Democrats followed the reading closely. Representative Townsend of Michigan, who was among the most attentive listeners, was understood to have in his possession the administration bill covering the message recommendations. The measure will be introduced Monday next. When the reading was concluded the message was referred to the appropriation committee.

Text of the Message. Washington, D. C., Jan. 7.—Following are given the essential features of the president's special message on the interstate commerce and anti-trust laws, submitted in both houses of congress today:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I withheld from my annual message a discussion of needed legislation under the authority which congress has to regulate commerce between the states and with foreign countries, and said that I would bring this subject matter to your attention later in the

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NURSE GIVES LIFE FOR OTHERS. Dies From Wound Received While Trying to Wrest Revolver From Maddened Patient.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 7.—Giving her life as a sacrifice for others, Miss Mary R. Brown, a trained nurse, aged 27, died last night in a local hospital.

Two weeks ago she was shot through the left lung in a struggle to wrest a revolver from the grasp of Martin L. Sterling, a typhoid fever maddened patient she was attending. Thereby she saved from injury, possibly from death, several members of Sterling's family. For her heroism Miss Brown was recommended for a Carnegie medal.

Iowa Evening Press Specials By Phone

SEYMOUR MAN SHOT

Harry Gardiner Has Narrow Escape When Friend Accidentally Discharged Gun.

Seymour, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Harry Gardiner was accidentally shot at the home of George Thomas in the west part of town when one of his friends picked up a shot gun and in bringing it up accidentally discharged it. The contents passed through the side of Gardiner's neck and then out through the window of the house. A few of the shot passed below the collar bone into the left lung. Gardiner is doing nicely and will soon recover.

THE DEMOCRATIC ISSUE

Judge Wade in Speech Shows That Cannonism Will Make Up the Fight on Dawson.

Muscatine, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Cannonism and Cannon rule are to be among the chief Democratic issues in the coming congressional campaign according to an address delivered at the Jackson banquet here last night by National Committeeman from Iowa Judge Martin J. Wade of Iowa City. Judge Wade played Congressman Dawson because Judge Wade said he had supported Cannon.

TRUE NOT CONFIRMED

Oskaloosa Man Plisked for Postoffice by Kendall Has Not Got Appointment.

Oskaloosa, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The weight of the alleged fight which the administration is to make on the insurgents in congress is being felt here. George C. True was recommended for postmaster by Congressman Nate E. Kendall early in November and the appointment was due December 15. Up to date the senate has failed to confirm and President Taft has not made the appointment. True is a Cummins Republican.

Supervisor Row at Oskaloosa.

Oskaloosa, Jan. 7.—(Special)—A Democratic attempt to throw W. F. McVay out of the office as member of the board of supervisors was squelched today by County Attorney Patterson. The Democratic county officers claimed that Mr. McVay had not qualified for office in time and refused to allow the board to proceed.

To Prosecute Recent Groom.

Des Moines, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Mrs. Ethel Palmer Kline says she will file an information against Barney Kline Franke, charging him with wife desertion. She takes this action to get him here from Davenport, so she can prove her common law marriage to him.

Dubuque Famine Relieved.

Dubuque, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The coal famine has eased up since yesterday. Over a dozen cars of coal have arrived and the railroad officials say the eastern roads will get a delivery of large shipments of coal in Chicago to western roads tonight.

Endorse J. R. Frailley.

Keokuk, Iowa, Jan. 7.—At a meeting of the members of the Keokuk bar at 10:30 o'clock this morning held in the district court room, Hon. John R. Frailley, of Ft. Madison was endorsed for the office of attorney general of Iowa.

Iowa Railroader Advanced.

Marshalltown, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Charles H. Eckert, formerly superintendent of the Iowa Central, has resigned the vice presidency of the Southern Illinois railroad to be the head of the Hawley lines.

Music Teachers to Dubuque.

Dubuque, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Dubuque was today chosen as the place of holding the fifteenth annual convention of the Society of Iowa Music Teachers, June 21 to 24.

Christian Church Convention.

Boone, Jan. 7.—(Special)—It was announced today that the state convention of Christian churches will be held here in June. One thousand delegates will attend.

Former Iowan Dies in West.

Manchester, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Word from Seattle announces the death of Dr. P. E. Prien, a physician well known in eastern Iowa and formerly a member of the medical faculty of the state university.

Editor Hurt by Press.

Manchester, Jan. 7.—(Special)—D. H. Young the veteran editor of the Delaware County News had his left hand badly mangled in a power press here.

Iowa Brakeman Killed.

Des Moines, Jan. 7.—(Special)—James H. Spry, aged 32, a brakeman for the St. Paul and Des Moines road, fell between the cars and was instantly killed today.

Cedar Rapids Woman Burned.

Cedar Rapids, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Mrs. Aridan Lewis was very badly burned by the explosion of a tank of a gasoline stove.

WILL START ON NEW FEDERAL OFFICE APR. 1.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL F. B. CLARK RECEIVES ASSURANCE THAT STRUCTURE WILL BE BEGUN WITHIN 3 MONTHS.

Actual work on Ottumwa's new federal building will begin April 1, 1910, according to assurances given Senator J. P. Dolliver, Congressman N. E. Kendall and United States Marshal Frank B. Clark, by Supervising Architect Taylor in Washington early this week. Marshal Clark returned from the east last night, and announced to the search for the site in Washington while in the east and with Mr. Dolliver and Mr. Kendall had a conference with Architect Taylor relative to the Ottumwa federal building.

Marshal Clark's visit east was occasioned by the order of exportation of the two Kaperones brothers, whom he arrested here December 21 on the charge of murder in Greece. With Inspector George Whitfield of the St. Louis office, Marshal Clark took the prisoners to Ellis Island, where they were turned over to the immigration officials, who will see that they are deported. "The two Greeks," say Marshal Clark, "will go back on the same boat they came to this country on. Seventy-two other foreigners charged with miscellaneous offenses were waiting at Ellis Island for the arrival of this boat, which must bear half the expense of deportation."

MANY SUSPECTS HELD

Chicago Police Arrest 197 as Suspects in Black Hand Murder Case.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—The 197 Italians who arrived last night in the police dragnet in the search for suspects in the killing of Benedetto Cimini yesterday, are still in custody. The first group of eighteen persons were fined \$2 and costs, each on charges of disorderly conduct for refusing to assist the police. Municipal Judge Crowe suggested that the government deport all who have not been in the country three years or have not declared their intention of becoming naturalized.

BOY BRINGS 17 CENTS AS RAGS.

Streator, Ill., Jan. 7.—That they might raise funds with which to celebrate New Year's, Evan Evans, aged 11, placed his 6 year old brother in a sack and sold him as old rags to a junk firm. The sack and contents brought 17 cents, which the brother pocketed. The junk dealer was none the wiser until he was on the point of throwing his purchase into the storehouse. The boy in the sack then yelled. When released he escaped and joined his brother down the street.

MAY NOT SERVE LIQUORS.

Burlington and Union Pacific Through Trains Must Be Dry.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 7.—Attorney General Thompson has filed in the supreme court an application for an injunction to restrain the Burlington and Union Pacific railroads from serving liquors on through trains. Evidence of violation is so hard to secure that the injunction method will be adopted.

Dun's Weekly Review.

New York, Jan. 7.—Dispatches to Dun's Review indicate some irregularity in trade returns, but the sentiment is unanimously optimistic regarding the future.

Two Killed in Wreck.

Harbor Springs, Pa., Jan. 7.—In a collision between a Lake Shore passenger and work train here today two trainmen were killed, one fatally injured and several seriously injured. No passengers were hurt.

Pulp Makers Indicted.

New York, Jan. 7.—An indictment against the Paper Board association, comprising 140 pulp makers, was returned today by the federal grand jury.

Negro Answers For Crime.

Williamstown, Ky., Jan. 7.—The first hanging in this county in fifty years took place today when Earl Thompson, colored, was executed for criminal assault upon Mrs. Ransom Roberts last November.

Frenchman Flies High.

Mourmelon, France, Jan. 7.—During a forty-five minute flight here today, Hubert Latham, the French aviator, attained an altitude of 3,250 feet.

Scenes in British Capital as Light on the New Budget Show Signs of Warming Up

AN ENGLISH METHOD OF SECURING VOTES



TYPICAL ENGLISH STREET SCENE, DISCUSSING TARIFFS



AS THE ELECTION DAY WHICH MEANS SO MUCH TO ENGLAND DRAWS NEAR EXCITEMENT IS EVEN HIGHER THAN IT HAS BEEN. DAILY AT THE NOON HOUR THE STREETS ARE CROWDED AND AGAIN IN THE EVENING LISTENING TO "STUMP" SPEECHES.



PREMIER ASQUITH



LLOYD GEORGE

BUDGET FIGHT GROWING WARM

ASQUITH AND LLOYD GEORGE ASSAIL BALFOUR; PEERS ARE HOOTED DOWN.

London, Jan. 7.—Members of the government in speeches last night denounced Balfour's alarmist references to Germany.

Chancellor Lloyd-George described Balfour's speech as a last resort of a lost cause and said Balfour indulged in plucking the German eagle's tail feathers, although tail twisting had become a discredited practice even in America, and such talk was dangerous to the world's peace and a disgrace to British politics.

Great Britain, the chancellor said, had warred with almost every country, but never with Germany. In the last decade Britain had built nearly double the battleships constructed by Germany, and "will continue to build warships faster than Germany."

Premier Asquith at Bath, reiterated the statement that as far as equipment was concerned, the British navy was in a position of unassailable superiority, and the British shores more completely secured than at any time within memory. He ridiculed Balfour's attempts to engineer a German scare, and suggested the ex-premier's German friends were "pulling his leg."

The premier referred banteringly to Balfour's nervousness on the subject of tariff reform. Chamberlain, he said, was the pontiff who married tariff reform to colonial preference, and Balfour, who might as premier, have forbidden the banners, but did not apparently, thought he could disguise the bride's features by a veil of impenetrable generalities.

Balfour refers to U. S. Constitution. Balfour at Ipswich said: "Ask any American whether life would be worth living if the precautions taken by the framers of the constitution were disregarded, and only the house of representatives rule. He would answer the man who made such a suggestion was a lunatic." Balfour did not refer to the storm his last speech raised in Germany.

Earl Donoughmore and Lord Cheylesmore, in attempting to address a conservative meeting at Coventry, found the hall captured by radicals, who howled the speakers down. A similar fate overtook Lord Rothschild at Wolverton, where a crowd of hoodlums rushed the doors. Rothschild for a long time faced the boos and cheering, but was obliged to content himself by addressing the reporters.

Fist Fight at Hammersmith. Sir William Bull, a member of the house of commons, while speaking at Hammersmith, was heckled by a man in the crowd. He threatened to punch the man's head.

"Come on," shouted the man, and Sir William descended, and the crowd formed a ring. A fight ensued until the police separated the combatants.

Railroads Asked to Abandon Passengers And Move Freights

Des Moines, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The state board of railroad commissioners today telegraphed the general managers of all roads in Iowa suggesting to them that they abandon part of their passenger trains and use the engines to haul coal. Hundreds of towns have complained to the board that people are suffering for want of fuel and the commissioners declare the situation is serious.

Davenport Gets Relief. Davenport, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The Rock Island railroad has rushing 417 carloads of coal which have been lying in the Peoria yards several days to the Tri-Cities in an effort to break up the coal famine.

Simpson Closed by Cold. Indianapolis, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Simpson college has closed because of the shortage of coal. Students are arriving some of them reporting that they have been on the road all week.

Des Moines Schools May Close. Des Moines, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Unless coal is received by Monday, which is unlikely, the city schools here will have to close. The price of coal has advanced fifty cents a ton.

25 Below at Waterloo. Waterloo, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The government thermometer showed 25 degrees below zero this morning. The coal situation is improving and more coal is coming in.

Cold in Chicago. Chicago, Jan. 6.—Chicago experienced the coldest weather in several years today when, according to the weather bureau it was 5 degrees below zero. Thermometers on the streets recorded 10 below.

Steamer in Ice Crush. Chicago, Jan. 6.—The steamer Puritan with a crew of twenty, which left yesterday for Benton Harbor, Mich., is fast in the ice twenty miles out in the lake. A tug has been sent to the vessel's relief.

Mississippi Frozen Over. St. Louis, Jan. 7.—With the exception of a few places, the Mississippi river is frozen over today from St. Paul, Minn., to Grand Tower, Ill., for the first time in years.

Nine Dollar Hog Appears Today in Four Markets

Chicago, Jan. 7.—The \$9 hog arrived today at the stock yards here and his coming marked an epoch in high prices for hogs. With the exception of a short period in 1882 when swine sold at \$9.25 the \$9 hog has not been here since the Civil war. Cold weather and short supplies caused the advance.

High marks for hogs at other points today were: St. Louis \$9, Omaha \$8.40, Kansas City \$8.75, Toledo \$8.90, Columbus \$9.10, Louisville, Ky., \$8.90.

In the later market at Chicago the highest prices for hogs were \$9.05@9.10. At Pittsburg \$9.20 was the figure.

COOK IN GERMANY

Brother Says he is Preparing for Another Dash to Pole to Prove His Case.

Port, Jervis, Jan. 7.—The missing Dr. Cook is now in Germany perfecting plans for an expedition to the Arctic regions next year for the purpose of getting conclusive evidence that the explorer reached the pole, according to a statement by Theodore Cook, his brother, who is visiting friends in this section.

PINCHOT CASE DISCUSSED BY THE CABINET

WHETHER FORESTER WILL BE OUSTED, TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED OR OTHERWISE DISCIPLINED TO BE DECIDED.

LETTER TO IOWAN HELD SLAP AT TAFT

FORESTER'S DEFENSE OF GLAVIS IN COMMUNICATION READ BY SENATOR DOLLIVER STIRS UP OFFICIAL WASHINGTON.

Washington, Jan. 7.—When today's cabinet session began there was every indication that the measure of punishment to be meted out to Government Forester Pinchot was to be the chief subject of discussion by the president with his advisers. The Pinchot letter to Senator Dolliver which was read in the senate yesterday, and which constitutes a direct violation of the executive order forbidding subordinates from furnishing information to congress except through the head of the department, was before the cabinet. A number of congressmen discussed the incident with the president, prior to the cabinet session. The impression was that the matter might be disposed of at this time by the president suspending Pinchot, Price and Shaw pending the decision of the congressional committee about to investigate the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy. Among some of the callers, however, there was an idea that the president would dismiss Pinchot forthwith.

The cabinet session, it is said, was devoted entirely to the discussion of Pinchot's letter, but no member would say what disciplinary measures had been decided upon.

The Pinchot Letter. The Ballinger-Pinchot storm broke in the senate yesterday, when Pinchot's letter criticizing President Taft for the dismissal of Louis R. Glavis from the United States land office was read.

The letter came like a thunderbolt, at once bringing to the front the political clash between the Roosevelt and Taft forces, which promises to be memorable, for behind it all is plainly seen the first gun in the "back from Elba" movement.

A hurried cabinet meeting and a broad intimation that Pinchot was likely to lose his official head were among the developments that followed the reading of the letter in the senate.

President Calls Cabinet.

As soon as President Taft heard that Pinchot had sent such a letter and that it was read in the senate, he sent a hurry call to all the members of his cabinet for a conference on the subject. The president at once perceived the far-reaching effects of the letter and decided to take quick action.

Secretary of State Knox, Secretary of the Treasury MacVeach, Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary of Agriculture Wilson soon put in an appearance at the White house and a long conference at once began.

Pinchot as an "Ajax."

Pinchot's action in sending an official communication to the chairman of a congressional committee was freely discussed, although none of the cabinet officers who participated in the conference would discuss their call to the White house in any way.

President Taft some time ago issued an order that no subordinate in any government department should disclose any information to congress except through the head of the department. Inasmuch as Mr. Pinchot's letter describes Glavis as "the most vigorous defender of the people's interests," despite the fact that President Taft had declared "Glavis unfit longer to remain in the public service," the direct slap at the president and the further declaration by Mr. Pinchot that the Cunningham coal lands really were about to go to fraudulent claimants until Glavis and the forestry bureau officials took a hand in the fight, aroused Mr. Taft to keen resentment.

The president is said to have felt for some time that Mr. Pinchot has been "defying the lightning." Some action as to Mr. Pinchot's course in the letter incident is not unexpected.

Taft Mislead, Says Pinchot.

The chief forester not only upheld the criticisms against Secretary Ballinger, but suggested that the president himself had been mistaken in the facts when he removed Mr. Glavis from the public service.

Mr. Pinchot's letter called Senator Hale to his feet with a severe rebuke to the chief forester for having ignored a recent order by the president directing that no subordinate officer should give information concerning affairs of the government except to his superior officers. He also suggested that the adoption of this course tended to forestall and preclude public opinion in relation to the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy.

Emmett's injury disabled his right arm at one of the first shots, but though unarmed he clung to his antagonist with his left arm and was dragged out on the station platform, where he was clubbed into insensibility. Meanwhile Minor, who had a revolver, engaged in a pistol duel with the other suspect. Receiving a mortal wound in the throat he staggered out of the station and fell dead in the road. The prisoners were arrested on the outskirts of the city.