

PINCHOT GETS AN OVATION AT CONGRESS

PRaise GIVEN FORMER FORESTER BY SENATOR BEVERIDGE PRECIPITATES DRAMATIC INCIDENT AT ST. PAUL.

SECRETARY WILSON AND J.J. HILL HEARD

RAILROAD MAGNATE TAKES A STAND FOR STATE'S RIGHTS, OPPOSING VIEWS OF ROOSEVELT AND BEVERIDGE.

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—Delegates to the Conservation Congress got down to business today. Chairman Fardeau of the resolutions committee, called that body to order today before the congress resumed its sessions. The membership of the committee is said to indicate that the platform will be strongly along the lines of national control as favored by Roosevelt and Pinchot. Addresses by J. J. Hill, Senator Beveridge and Secretary of Agriculture Wilson were on today's program.

A dramatic incident in connection with the convention today was when Gifford Pinchot received a great ovation. The former forester, the object of a wild demonstration, stood with the tears streaming from his eyes until the outburst of cheers had subsided and the spectators were again in their seats.

Just what Senator Beveridge was trying to say complimentary to Pinchot was drowned in a roar that rose to a momentary crescendo as his remarks became apparent. "Gifford Pinchot," said the speaker, and the outburst started. It grew until everyone was yelling and the whole house was on its feet waving hats and handkerchiefs. Senator Beveridge had no sooner retired than cries of "Pinchot, Pinchot," rang through the house. He was dragged forward by President Baker. His voice shook as he expressed his thanks.

Senator Beveridge's Address.
The United States is the American people are a nation—not forty-six nations. In war we fight under one flag for our common safety; in peace let us strive under one flag for our common welfare.

The history of the American people has been the narrative of the making of a nation, the record of the compounding of a people, the chronicle of the knitting together of one people and one land. We have had to end our evils by united action; and each evil ended has bound us closer together. We have had to provide our safety and convenience by the various devices of politics can control groups of people when divided; they cannot control all the people when united. And so special interests are always on the side of provincialism and the people's ways against the unity of the people.

The affairs that concern the people exclusively within a state are the problem and business of that state. The affairs that concern the people of the nation are the problem and business of the nation. Even in solving the problems of its own people, every state must remember that its people are part of the American people. Of states, as of men, it is written, "No state liveth to itself alone."

Just as the idea of provincialism has worked other evils, so it has worked the waste of our natural resources. The provincial idea was that the natural wealth belonging to all the American people should be handed over for nothing to special interests. This has been done under the plea of encouraging individual enterprise and hastening of local development.

So forests which once belonged to all the people have been ruthlessly felled and upon their ruins have risen the empires of our lumber kings. Priceless deposits of coal, iron ore and copper which once belonged to all the people have been diverted by special interests; and these sources of the people's revenue which should have flowed into the people's treasury to pay the expense of the people's government have been diverted by the ditch dug by the provincial idea into the treasury of multi-millionaires until the peril of their swollen fortunes is one of the problems confronting American statesmanship.

Had we kept the natural resources of all the people and made private interests pay the people a just return for exploiting those resources, the nation's income thus derived would not pay most of the nation's expenses; those resources would have been wisely used and not exhausted; and our whole growth would have been rational and sound instead of unbalanced and defective. We would have enjoyed all of the benefits from our natural resources, and yet our children would

SOCIALISTS SNUB COLONEL AT MILWAUKEE

CRITICISM OF FORMER PRESIDENT BY MAYOR SEIDEL AND REPLY IS MADE BY TEDDY; PRESS CLUB GUEST.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 7.—Roosevelt arrived at 8 o'clock this morning. A crowd at the station cheered him and en route to the hotel many people were waiting to see him and there was occasional cheering. The absence of Emil Seidel, socialist mayor, from the reception committee caused some comment among the members of the colonel's party. Roosevelt will be the guest of the Press club on the occasion of its silver jubilee celebration, during the day. He visited the city's grade schools, Marquette university, the convention of the American Health association, chamber of commerce, Woman's Presbyterian Missionary society at Emmanuel church, and he made a short speech at each place. The visitor was entertained at luncheon by the newspaper publishers and managing editors and this afternoon attended a public reception at the Hotel Pfister. Tonight he will deliver an address at the auditorium.

Seidel Roasts Roosevelt.
The "Big Stick," a paper published by the Press club, contains a contribution from Mayor Seidel, in which he says:

"If Roosevelt comes to Milwaukee holding the same ideas which he expressed in his article in the Outlook magazine on March 20, 1909, it is clear he cannot serve the cause of honesty and decency in American political life."

The article contains a number of strictures upon Roosevelt's political methods and declarations. Upon being shown this statement, Roosevelt said: "On this trip I have made no partisan political speeches, and of course shall not break through the rule now by discussing either the state of party matters or municipal matters at the present of course, the dominant municipal party in Milwaukee is the socialist party. Persons wishing to know my views on what is usually called socialism will find them set out in such fashion that it is impossible to misinterpret or misunderstand them in the Outlook articles to which the mayor in his letter refers, and I advise them to read the articles themselves and not what the mayor says of them."

The Press club's "Big Stick" especially disavowed responsibility for the mayor's utterance, explaining that "Roosevelt will understand that Milwaukee's welcome is none the less wholehearted and hearty. The less we voice a socialistic dislike for the former head of the nation."

Charged With Lang Murder.
Tipton, Sept. 7.—(Special.)—Harry Dye, known also as Harry Adams is in the Cedar county jail charged with the murder of Mattie Lang, aged 19, one of Tipton's most promising young men and a son of one of the most prominent families. The funeral was held Tuesday.

Senator La Follette Is an Easy Winner

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 7.—Returns up to 11 o'clock this forenoon indicate that La Follette's plurality will be 40,000 over Cook. The pluralities of McGovern and other members of the La Follette state ticket, except Tucker, who was drowned last week, are estimated at 20,000. Tucker's plurality, presumably because of his demise, was cut to 10,000.

Thomas Morris of La Crosse, a La Follette supporter, was nominated for lieutenant governor.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 7.—Though the figures throughout the state on the primary are incomplete and the final result may not be known for a day or two, there is no doubt that La Follette has an overwhelming majority for senator on the republican ticket and that he has carried with him the state ticket, headed by Francis E. McGovern, and in addition a majority of the legislative nominees in accord with his views. All the insurgent congressmen were renominated and as an addition to their ranks Henry C. Cochems was nominated in the fifth district.

Congressman Weiss is the choice of the democrats for senator.

These republicans were nominated for congress without contest: Third district—Arthur J. Kopp, of Platteville. Sixth district—William H. Froelich, of Jackson. Seventh district—John Jacob Esch, of La Crosse. Eleventh district—Irvine L. Lanroot, of Superior. The returns show that these republicans are renominated who had contests:

OLD FISHERIES DISPUTE HAS BEEN DECIDED

UNITED STATES WINS FIVE OUT OF SEVEN POINTS, BUT GREAT BRITAIN GAINS IMPORTANT VICTORIES.

The Hague, Sept. 7.—The century-old fisheries dispute, the source of constant diplomatic friction between the United States, Great Britain and Canada and Newfoundland, was finally closed today with the award of the international court of arbitration largely in favor of the United States. While the United States triumphs on five of the seven points, point five decided in favor of Great Britain, has been held by Englishmen as the most important of those submitted. The fifth point was stated in the form of this question:

"From where must be measured three marine miles off any of the coasts, bays, creeks or harbors referred to in Article I of the American-British treaty of 1818?"

The United States fishermen claimed the right to take measure from any part of the British North American shore and therefore the liberty to fish in the middle of any Canadian bay or estuary having a radius of more than three miles. The British contention was that the limit should be measured from an imaginary line connecting the headlands. The peace court sustained the British contention.

Point one, upon which Great Britain was sustained, embodied the question of whether local laws adopted by a British colony must be submitted for approval to any foreign power having a treaty on a similar subject with the imperial government. This point was considered of great importance also to the British, and their triumph will be a matter of much satisfaction to them. On the other hand the Americans win important concessions. They will be enabled to employ foreigners in their fishing and are not liable to light-house dues. They are not compelled to enter their vessels in custom houses. The words "fish and fishery" referring to Labrador in the treaty of 1818 apply also to Newfoundland. American vessels when fishing do not lose their rights of trading.

The question of the right to make laws regulating the fisheries is decided in favor of Great Britain. The court also upholds the British contention in regard to large bays being territorial waters. In connection with point No. 1 the United States has raised certain questions of equity which will be submitted to a special commission for determination.

LOOKING FOR SON.
Otto Heller of Cicero, Ill., Ask Police to Find Fred Heller.
Aged 17.
Having heard from his son, Fred Heller from Ottumwa several weeks ago, Otto Heller of Cicero, Ill., has written Chief Gallagher asking him to locate his son who ran away from his home August 4. Heller according to his father's letter is 17 years of age; he ran away from his home and his mother is worried over his whereabouts. Chief Gallagher and the local patrolmen are searching over the city for the runaway boy.

DEMOCRATS VOTE TO OUST BALLINGER

REPRESENTATIVE MADISON, INSURGENT MEMBER OF INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE INTRODUCES REMOVAL RESOLUTION.

NO QUORUM PRESENT RULING OF NELSON

ONLY THREE OF SEVEN REPUBLICAN MEMBERS PRESENT WALK OUT; RECESS IS TAKEN UNTIL FRIDAY.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 7.—The Ballinger-Pinchot congressional committee today adopted a resolution that Ballinger be removed. Two republican members left the committee room. Senator Nelson took a vote and held that no quorum was present. The committee took a recess until Friday, when a report will be made.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 7.—At the executive meeting of the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee today, Senator Fletcher of Florida (democrat) introduced a resolution holding that the secretary of the interior is an unfaithful public officer and should be removed. Representative Madison (insurgent republican) of Kansas, offered a substitute holding that the charges which had been made by Pinchot, the former forester, and Glavis, former chief of the field division of the general land office, were sustained.

James (democrat) of Kentucky, offered an amendment to Madison's substitute resolution providing for the removal of Ballinger from office, and Madison accepted the amendment. The vote came upon the Madison substitute as amended by the motion of James and the roll was called. Those voting for the substitute were: Fletcher, Florida; Purcell, North Dakota; Graham, Illinois and James, Kentucky (democrats) and Madison (republican). When the vote was being taken, Senator Sutherland of Utah (republican) and Representative McCall of Massachusetts (republican) left the room, insisting that the full committee should be present.

Republicans Walk Out.
The democrats replied that they had been months considering the evidence and that a quorum was present and had the right to transact business. Senator Nelson, chairman, took the vote, voting present himself, and then made the ruling that no quorum was present. James made a point of order that no member had raised the point of no quorum. The committee took a recess until Friday when reports in keeping with the Fletcher resolution and Madison amendment will be submitted.

Send for Republicans.
The republican members of the committee who are now here to formulate their report are Senator Nelson of Minnesota, the chairman; Senator George Sutherland of Utah and Representative Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts. Flint, Root, Denby and Olmstead (republicans) were not present. The latter two were sent for.

Harlan Newspaper Quits.
Harlan, Sept. 7.—Hereafter Harlan will have but two newspapers. The Harlan American founded July 15, 1887, as an organ of the people's party has lately been sold by R. B. Hall of Harlan to C. S. Turfill of Jefferson. Mr. Turfill today sold the paper, including its subscription list to Brown & Meek of the Shelby County Republican and the Tribune Publishing company, composed of W. C. Campbell and his son, Hal Campbell, who will discontinue the publication of the American. The American was established by A. T. Cox. Later it passed through several hands, for some time being conducted by Albert Hansen, now county auditor of Shelby county, as an independent newspaper. Mr. Hansen sold the paper to R. B. Hall.

SUES ROCK ISLAND FOR INJURIES
Suit Filed in Clerk's Office at Centerville for \$55,078.05 Damages as Result of Wreck.
Centerville, Sept. 7.—Yesterday in the city clerk's office was filed the suit of Fannie Shaeffer vs. Rock Island Railroad company for \$55,078.05 damages, personal injuries, loss of goods in a wreck near Trenton last December. Miss Shaeffer was on her way to Los Angeles, Cal., when the wreck occurred. She was among the injured and was brought back to Centerville, where she has been under medical care since. The personal injuries were injuries of the spine.

CARROLL TO SPEAK AT BIG FAIR TODAY

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF THE STATE SCHEDULED TO ADDRESS THE THROUG AT ELDON THIS AFTERNOON—RACING PROGRAM GOOD.

Confident of a great victory in the election to be held this fall, and very optimistic about conditions in Iowa generally, Governor B. F. Carroll, aboard the morning Rock Island train, passed through Ottumwa this morning en route to the Big Four fair at Eldon. With Governor Carroll was seated W. W. Morrow, candidate for state treasurer, who with other politicians from Des Moines and other places en route between Ottumwa and the former city, were on their way to the popular Eldon fair. Chairman Lew Young of the republican central committee and a number of local republican politicians, most of whom are candidates in the coming election, joined the governor's party in the smoker, where the chief executive held forth as plain B. F. Carroll, with a hearty hand shake and pleasant word for all. Governor Carroll is one of the speakers at the fair today, and features the program as was easily apparent from the number bound Eldonward on the Rock Island this morning. He stated that the outlook for the party this fall was bright and the prospects for the entire ticket were good. While he did not deal in figures, optimism as to the victory in store for the entire ticket was apparent in his word and manner. His topic for the day he would not state, saying that his remarks would be general and not of a special nature. Hon. E. E. Rominger of Bloomfield, who joined the governor's party here this morning, is also to deliver an address at Eldon this afternoon.

Races to be Magnificent.
The harness events this afternoon are being with the program of speeches at the Eldon fair. The races scheduled are the 2:30 pace and 2:30 trot and a half mile and repeat running race. The program of harness events for tomorrow and the field of horses competing, follows:

2:15 Pace—Purse, \$300.
Gooseberry—A. M. Utterback, Hedrick, Iowa.
Audry—A. M. Utterback, Hedrick, Iowa.
Royal Friend—A. M. Utterback, Hedrick, Iowa.

Acey at Law—Geo. Kreise, Eldon.
Red S.—D. M. Swift, Shelby, Mo.
Rockaway Green—Ed Driscoll, Memphis, Mo.
Josie L.—E. F. Driscoll, Memphis, Mo.
Connal Riley—M. Beckley, Milan, Mo.
Promise Wilkes—T. B. Tate, Ottumwa.

Direct Foss—W. O. Woods, Malcolm, Iowa.
Online 2nd—S. T. Hills, Mt. Pleasant, Iowa.
2:17 Trot—Purse \$300.
Lou S.—D. B. Swift, Shelby, Mo.
Lady Ontime—E. P. Hamilton, Garden Grove.
Graft—P. E. Lienhauser, Ottumwa.
Burney—Geo. Kreise, Eldon.
Senator W.—W. O. Woods, Malcolm.
Running, ¼ mile and repeat—Purse \$100.
Running, ½ mile dash—Purse \$75.

VERMONT DEMOCRATS GAIN
John A. Mead of Rutland, Retired Physician, Republican, is Chosen Governor.
White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 7.—Lieutenant Governor John A. Mead of Rutland, a retired physician, was elected governor by the republicans by a plurality of about 17,000 over Lawyer Charles D. Watson of St. Albans, democrat. The republicans elected the balance of the state ticket and both their congressmen, but the democrats made gains in the legislature.

The republican plurality was the smallest, with two exceptions, since 1870, but State Chairman C. F. Williams of the state committee, declared that the rain storm was the principal cause of the drop of 12,000 in the plurality in two years. The democrats are inclined to be jubilant.

The republican congressmen re-elected are David Foster of Burlington and Frank Plumley of Northfield. The legislature will elect a United States senator, for which office the present senator, C. B. Page, has no opposition.

All Should Aid.
While the boosters have no doubt as to the raising of the sum, there is always to be considered the fact that the task is a hard one and one that needs much arduous work. The bigger men have been seen and the smaller men financially must needs outnumber their wealthier brothers in doing their part if the sum is to be raised. It is stated that the men of means in the city visited thus far have responded very liberally and that the task of calling upon them was made a pleasure. He likewise stated that the men who represent smaller capital were no less enthusiastic for the line and subscribed with equal generosity.

NEW HAMPSHIRE BURROWS LOSES AT THE PRIMARY

BASS NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR OVER ELLIS; REGULAR CANDIDATE.
Concord, N. H., Sept. 7.—The direct primary in this state resulted in a landslide for the insurgent republicans. State Senator Robert P. Bass of Peterborough was nominated for governor by a vote of more than two to one over the candidate of the regulars, Bertram Ellis of Keene. Indications are that Bass has carried every county in the state and but a small percentage of the towns and cities have returned a majority for Ellis.

Bass has conducted a speaking campaign and had the backing of Winston Churchill, who, four years ago came within striking distance of the nomination, and former Senator William E. Chandler. The issues have been the domination of the state by the Boston and Maine Railway and Cannonism.

In the second congressional district, where Cyrus O. Sulloway, who was a candidate for re-election, was opposed by Sherman E. Burroughs, insurgent, the indications are that Sulloway has won out by a good majority. In this district Cannonism was also the leading issue, but Burroughs was late in coming into the field. In the first district Frank D. Currier has been nominated without opposition to succeed himself.

REPRESENTATIVE TOWNSEND IN LEAD FOR THE REPUBLICAN ENDORSEMENT.
Detroit, Mich., Sept. 7.—Returns from all but six counties give Townsend, republican, for senator, over Burrows, more than 25,000. Osborne, for governor, with only half the counties reported, has 48,080, Kelley 25,321 and Musselman 29,914.
Detroit, Mich., Sept. 7.—In yesterday's primary election Congressman Townsend is conceded to have 17,000 plurality in the fight for the republican endorsement for senator against Senator Burrows.
Chase S. Osborn of Sault Ste. Marie has a lead almost equally good in the contest for the republican gubernatorial nomination. In the third congressional district, Representative Gardner, a Cannon supporter, was defeated by over 2,000 by J. M. C. Smith of Charlotte. Congressman DeKema, an avowed candidate to succeed Speaker Cannon, was renominated in the fifth, and so is fourney in the eighth. In the other districts where there were contests, the second tenth and twelfth, the result is uncertain.
For lieutenant governor, thirty-six counties give Ross of Muskegon, 21,604, Dickinson of Charlotte 17,889 and Rice of Benton Harbor 15,554.

EPPS' NAME IS MENTIONED IN PYTHIAN FIGHT

NEWS EMANATING FROM DES MOINES SAYS OUSTER PROCEEDINGS MAY BE STARTED AGAINST OTTUMWAN.

W. W. Epps of this city will probably be one of the central figures in the Pythian fight at Des Moines, between the Ben L. Sallinger and anti-Sallinger faction. Mr. Epps is grand trustee of the lodge of the Knights of Pythias of the Iowa domain, and news coming from Des Moines this afternoon by the Iowa Evening Press states that ouster proceedings may be instituted against the Ottumwa man. The development of the Pythian fight today was the secret plan of the anti-Sallinger faction to put Judge F. Hall of Cedar Rapids in nomination for vice chancellor to oppose Louis Wlweke, candidate on Sallinger's slate, but the overwhelming popularity of Wlweke discouraged the carrying out of the plan. The Sallinger forces were supreme in the nominating convention and with one exception the candidates have been nominated unanimously. This assures the election and continuance of the Sallinger regime for another term. The grand tribunal has postponed its decision in the Keuhnie Sallinger trouble and the opposition still declares that it is a state political move to aid Sallinger's slate, E. L. Crow of Mapleton, who is Keuhnie's opponent for state senator in Crawford county.

Ottumwa is making a strong fight for the next grand lodge meeting. Dubuque is Ottumwa's rival for the convention, and the Dubuque delegates have assured the grand lodge that \$2,500 will be used in entertaining the visiting knights. W. A. Denby, A. G. Cook and W. B. Baker of the Ottumwa lodge and N. F. Reed of the convention committee of the Ottumwa Commercial association are looking after Ottumwa's interests.

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Enthusiasm Runs High.
The universal expression of the exhortations is one of great recommendation for the progressive spirit of Ottumwa. They state that never has Ottumwa been at such a fever heat of enthusiasm for the city's welfare and that thus far their request for aid in raising the \$100,000 has met with enthusiastic response. No better example of unselfishness is visible than that exhibited in the time and labor given gratis by the members of the committee all of whom have their own business and professional interests to look after, but have sacrificed them in order to raise the money for the interurban. This means more than many stop to consider, and these men are not alone giving the time but are getting an example by their generosity in subscribing to the fund.

Easiest Part Done.
It must be borne in mind, however, that if the fund is to be raised, every one must do his duty, and that means every loyal Ottumwan regardless of how large his purse. It is patent to anyone who will give the matter through and through it must so, say much easier of raising than the last

LACK LITTLE OF \$50,000 ON FIRST DAY OUT

SUCCESS ATTENDED EFFORTS OF THE COMMITTEE OF 112 IN THE CAMPAIGN TO RAISE \$100,000 IN TERURBAN FUND YESTERDAY.

HARD TASK WILL BE MET THE LAST DAYS

BOOSTERS SAY THE OTTUMWANUS THUS FAR VISITED HAVE BEEN LIBERAL, BUT EXPECT TO FACE HARD WORK DURING WEEK.

A general meeting of the committee, now campaigning for the interurban fund, and the citizens of Ottumwa will be held tonight in the rooms of the Ottumwa Commercial association. All the committee will report, and the general public is cordially invited to be present and hear of the progress made.

Success in a good measure attended the efforts of the interurban committee of 112 yesterday and practically half the amount was subscribed. Bent on raising the \$100,000 needed to secure the Iowa City-Ottumwa interurban line, the hustlers managed to get together no less than \$48,200.00 by the close of yesterday's efforts. Notes were compared and plans gone over anew at a general talk-over held last night in the Commercial association's rooms on East Second street.

Plans for going over the field today and until the campaign is finished were discussed, and this morning the committees in bunches are going over the city determined to raise the amount to the \$70,000 mark if possible. Thus far the committees have met with uniform success and the generosity of some has thus far counterbalanced the lack of it in others. Determined to get the money and close the campaign in the time scheduled, the committees are thoroughly going over their fields and threshing through the subject of interurbans with those they call upon who have not yet learned the details of the plan to secure the road. Some members of the executive committee are at the association rooms throughout the day and each evening a talkfest of the day's work will be held and thus will the work be kept going on until finished. So encouraged were the committees with the efforts of yesterday that a greater record if possible is being sought after today. Ottumwans are not proving a disappointment to the solicitors and the generosity of some of the broad minded citizens who have the city's welfare at heart, has spurred the committee on to the hope of an early close to the campaign and the raising of the necessary \$100,000 that will give Ottumwa seventy miles of interurban road between this city and Iowa City.

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