

# One \$350 Piano for \$185

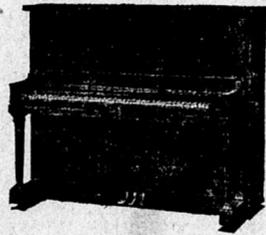
## Do You Want It—Then Try For It

### You Have One Chance in Ten to Get It

## OUR MOTTO!

We Don't Sell Cheap Pianos at Good Prices, but Good Pianos at Cheap Prices.

The  
**Schaaf**  
Piano



No  
Piano  
Better

Call on us and look over our Goods and ask us any questions about the plan, we are sure you will say it is all right.

# J. H. RHEEM,

109 West Main Street. Ottumwa, Iowa.

### What I Will Do To Help You Get It

If I can sell ten pianos during this sale, which will begin at once and close Tuesday evening, October 31, I can get better terms from the manufacturer; and if you will help me I can give you better terms right away. To prove it I am going to reduce the prices on my Pianos for this sale, as follows:

- \$350 Pianos to \$285
- \$300 Pianos to \$250
- \$275 Pianos to \$225

And to the purchaser that shall make the best guess, according to the plan set forth at the other end of this advertisement, I will give back to them \$100 of the price they pay for their Piano, whether bought for cash or on time. This is a square deal offer and if you don't want your Piano until Christmas you may enter the contest by making a payment and agreeing to take it at any time before January 1, 1911.

Only ten people can enter this contest. So you see you will have one chance in ten to get a piano at \$125 to \$185.

BE SURE AND READ THE PLAN.

### What You Must Do To Help Yourself Get It

First—You will have to make a bonafide purchase of a Piano.

Second—You must make three guesses, as follows:

One as to what the census of Ottumwa will be under the new enumeration.

One what the census of Wapello county will be.

One what the census of the state of Iowa will be.

If the census of Ottumwa is not reported before November 1 then the purchaser that has guessed the closest to the number of inhabitants will be the lucky party. If Ottumwa has been reported then we will take the county. If it has also been reported the state will decide it.

These bids must be made at the time you make your purchase; closely sealed and written in such a way that no one can tell your guess until you come and open it yourself.

Remember there cannot be more than ten take part in this, and if there are not ten sold the lucky guesser will get the \$100 off of the price paid.

Now is your time to get a Piano cheap, even if you don't be the lucky one.

## INFORM PUBLIC ON WATER WORKS

(Continued From Page 1.)

Local plant for a number of investors and rejected the plant as a financial proposition. He said that Burlington pumped about 2,000,000 gallons of water daily for its supply to some 3,300 patrons, while Ottumwa pumps 3,000,000 gallons for 1,700 users. Relative to the old mains in the streets, he said that they were about thirty years in the ground and his experience with similar pipe that had had the same length of service, showed it necessary to cut out about twenty per cent in relaying.

**Wants Voters to Know.**  
W. T. Harper asked a number of questions of the various speakers in order that the public might have the advantage of knowing all that could be obtained regarding the water question and thus be able to vote intelligently when the matter will be submitted to the voters. He looked at the proposition from the standpoint of purely a business transaction and questioned the advisability of taking the step proposed by the city council. The amount of bonds necessary to finance the proposition he thought would bring the city to almost its legal indebtedness and said in that event, some accident or unforeseen happening might cripple the city to handle the water works after purchase without heavy taxation. He did not view the matter as a safe business proposition, but would not ally himself as opposed to the project if it could be proved to be safe. He urged the securing of expert knowledge from hydraulic engineers other than what has been secured to the end that nothing of importance will be known of the matter be withheld from the voters. Such a report he urged should be made public before the matter is submitted to the voters.

Mayor Hartman said that the council thought best that these figures should not be made known until the contract is signed to protect the city in legal proceedings that might arise, and because it was desired to keep from the water company any knowledge secured about the plant, which the owners claim they do not know of. After the council meeting next Monday the details will be made public.

**Foster Favors Plan.**  
T. D. Foster was called upon and stated at the outset that he was in favor of municipal ownership of the water works from principle. He said that he believed it to be a wise policy and urged reasons why he favored such a proposition. He contended that to his idea of business efficiency in such an important matter, the council did a good act and obtained the

plant for a fair price to the city. He gave as reasons for his belief in municipal ownership of the water plant, that such a plant can be managed better than if operated by a private corporation, saying that the latter is managed for private gain, while the former is for the public good without thought of revenue. He said the water question is where it was thirty-three years ago when he came first to Ottumwa, and that unless the city took it over it will remain where it has been for the past thirty-three years. He declared that the plant has never had a business management and that it has been the most bungling piece of business to his knowledge and antagonistic to the city. He believed that with the proper care the plant could be made a paying investment and looked for no trouble on that score, saying that he thought the laws governing such matters were sufficient safeguards. Mr. Foster said that he did not believe that the fault of the present supply due to poor mains and piping, but rather that it is due to lack of circulation; that too many dead ends exist in the piping and not enough circulation. He concluded by saying that if looking for an investment he would have no hesitation in buying the present plant.

## MORE HOGS NEEDED IN IOWA

(Continued From Page 1.)

the state raise an average of 6.4 pigs per sow; one-fourth an average of 2.6 pigs per sow, while the average for all is 4 pigs per sow.

If the general average of the state could be brought up to the average of the one-fourth highest farmers, it would add millions of dollars to the annual net income derived from pork. It is the object of this tour of the state to point out a simple and inexpensive way of increasing the average Iowa litter from four to five and six pigs.

Select vigorous sows from good sized litters. The brood sow should have good length and breadth of body and carry her meat well down on the sides. Breed to a pure bred boar.

**Feeding Before Farrowing.**  
Corn should not be fed too liberally to brood sows. Sows fed too much corn become fat and make poor mothers. This is one of the principal reasons for the loss of pigs at farrowing time. The following rations should give good results:

1. Corn, 9-10; oil meal, 1-10.
  2. Corn, 9-10; tankage, 1-10.
  3. Corn, 2-5; oats, 2-5; shorts, 1-5.
  4. Corn, 2-5; oats, 3-5.
  5. Corn, 3/4; cut alfalfa or bright alfalfa hay, 1/4.
  6. Corn, 3/4; cut clover or bright clover hay, 1/4.
- Clover or alfalfa hay fed with corn makes an excellent ration for brood sows. It is cheap, bulky, laxative, muscle producing feed. A good way to feed it is to cut it in quarter-inch lengths, mix with corn meal, soak 12 hours and feed in troughs. Alfalfa or clover chaff and leaves can be gathered up and fed in a similar way or the hay can be fed in racks. Only the very best hay should be used. Brood sows, properly fed, usually farrow strong, vigorous litters.

The brood sow should have the run of the farm during winter. In this way she will get feed that would otherwise go to waste, and at the same time get enough exercise to keep her vigorous. Sows handled in this way not only cost less to keep, but they raise more pigs.

**Feeding at Farrowing Time.**  
Keep the sow as quiet as possible the first day after farrowing. Put a little water where she can get it, but don't make her get up to drink. The second day after farrowing, feed a little of the same kind of feed as that fed before farrowing. If she isn't hungry, it won't hurt her to go two days without feed. Increase the feed gradually, the rate of increase will be determined by the size of the litter and the milking ability of the sow. Look at the pigs before feeding the sow. If they are poor, increase the feed. If they are too fat, cut down on the feed. If they commence to scour, stop the sloppy feed and put a tablespoonful of blood flour in the sow's drinking water. Careless feeding immediately after farrowing often results in cross, feverish sows, and loss of young pigs.

The hog house should be warm, dry, light and free from drafts. If it doesn't meet the above requirements, it won't be much good. Oftentimes expensive houses are damp and unhealthy while inexpensive houses are the opposite.

**Feeding Sows and Pigs.**  
The feed of the sow should be gradually increased until she gets about all she wants, the object being to get quick growth in the pigs. As soon as the pigs learn to eat, they should have a pen of their own, where they can receive extra slop and grain. A pig should be kept growing rapidly until it is 50 or 60 pounds in weight. From this time on gains can usually be made economically on pasture with concentrated feed in addition.

The cheapest pork is made on pasture, hence a continuous supply of green feed should be furnished from

early spring till late in the fall. This can be done by careful planning. Blue grass, white clover and red clover are excellent for early pasture, but a patch of rape on second growth clover is needed to tide over the dry, hot period of summer. Blue grass and rape are both good for late fall pasture. Where it can be grown, alfalfa is perhaps the best all round hog pasture. The hog pastures in Iowa should be enlarged and also more care should be taken to provide green feed for forage crops such as rape.

For winter feeding, corn and some by-product, such as oil meal or tankage, is usually best for fattening hogs. For summer feeding, corn and green clover or alfalfa make cheap gains.

### CHARITON.

Fred Willet and family are enjoying a visit from his mother Mrs. I. B. Willet of Russell and his brother Albert Willet and daughter Mrs. Mabel Leggett of Galesburg, Ill., who arrived Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. P. Hardin went to Osceola Saturday evening to visit her parents and attend the home coming celebration.

Mrs. N. J. Chapman left Saturday for a visit with relatives and friends in Humeaton and Cambria.

Mrs. Orlo Bartholomew of Minneapolis, Minn., has returned home after a visit of a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Smith and, other relatives and old friends.

### BELKNAP.

Belknap expects quite an exodus of her people in the near future, according to report. Mr. and Mrs. Isalah Ware, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Woolwine, Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Hartman, Mrs. G. E. Liston, and children all expect to leave. Mr. and Mrs. Ware will go to Eldon, Mr. and Mrs. Woolwine to near St. Louis where he has been given a position as station agent. Mr. Hartman to return to Missouri, Mrs. Conner to go to Ottumwa and Mrs. Liston to join her husband at Princeton, Mo.

T. D. Munn received another car load of wire this week.

Mrs. Sarah McGee entertained Mrs. Janie Ware and father of Bloomfield and Mr. and Mrs. Ab Downing of the county farm.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Munn visited last week at the home of their son Albert of Drakeville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Wishard entertained a number of guests Sunday at dinner. They were Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Wishard and daughter Helen, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wishard and son Harold of Bloomfield and Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McCormick of this place.

### PULASKI.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McCormick, who is very ill with gall stones is slightly improved.

## Trunks and Bags

You'll find here a complete assortment of all sorts of traveling requisites. We've nearly every style of Trunks that's wanted, and they were made for us by the best of trunk makers, who guaranteed them in every respect. Metal, Canvas and Leather Covered strong bolts and hinges, best of locks, trunks \$5 to \$18.50.

We are showing the finest variety of Bags and Suit Cases in the state; made from the best leathers in many different styles.

Bags \$1.50 to \$30.00  
Suit Cases \$1.50 to \$35.00

See our west window for the finest assortment in the state.

## Doty Clothing Co.

JERRY SHEA, Mgr. 209-211 E. Main St

horseback riding. The saddle turned and caused him to fall.

A horse that Emery Garmond was riding Monday morning slipped and fell, falling on him and mashing his ankle badly.

### SEYMOUR.

At a meeting in the opera house last Friday evening the citizens of Seymour determined on a county fair for next year. It was decided to incorporate at \$20,000, \$12,000 of which must be paid up capital. A committee of twenty-five was appointed to solicit subscriptions. No difficulty is expected in raising the required funds.

The football game Saturday between Seymour and Centerville ended in a score of 38 to 0 in favor of Seymour. This is Seymour's third game this season and so far they have not met with defeat, Ottumwa being the only team to score against them. No game is scheduled for Saturday.

Bert Haines, who has served in the navy the last five years returned home last Saturday.

### CHARITON.

The revival meetings at the Baptist church which began Sunday under Rev. S. J. Baker of Muskegon, Mich., are receiving a liberal attendance.

Wm. Mayne has traded his property on East Main St. to Charley Norris for his farm near Jerome.