

THE ACTIVITY OF FLY IS SHOWN IN HEALTH TOPICS

Experts From Numerous Countries are Scheduled for Important Talks Before Hygiene Congress.

WOULD MAKE GROOM HAVE CERTIFICATE

New York Physician Makes Plea for More Healthy Marriages; Rabies of Dogs Referred to.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—The activities of various agencies in disseminating infectious diseases and the relative importance of flies, shell fish and other carriers of bacilli in transferring typhoid fever, diphtheria, cholera and influenza were among the topics for discussion on the program of today's session of the fifteenth International Congress of Hygiene and Demography meeting here. Experts from Germany, France, England and the United States were scheduled to talk.

Among those to speak were Dr. L. O. Howard, chief of the United States Bureau of entomology and probably the greatest authority in this country on the fly as a carrier of disease; Prof. H. Conrad of the University of Halle, Germany; Dr. J. C. C. Ledingham, Lester Institute, London; Prof. G. S. Nutall, Cambridge University, England; Dr. J. Jochmann, Berlin; Prof. Meall, Pasteur Institute, Paris; Dr. W. L. Moss, Johns Hopkins University; Dr. Samuel T. Darling, Ancon, Panama, and Dr. Herbert D. Pease, New York.

Infantile mortality in this country and elsewhere, the present position of municipal vital statistics, sanitary supervision of merchandise in transportation disposal of sewage and wastes, school inspection and the economic aspect of hook worm in the United States, were other subjects on the day's program.

Puts It Up to Groom.

When women make it plain that they will not marry unless the groom can produce a doctor's certificate of perfect health, on that day sex hygiene practically will be solved, declared Dr. Ira S. Wile of New York in an address at the exhibition hall of the congress.

Pointing to charts, models, photographs and life size casts illustrating the effects of disease, he declared that he would rip out the whole thing with the exception of the section on eugenics.

"Do you suppose that chamber of horrors has a moral, reforming, or even an educational effect?" he asked. "I do not believe that fear is a high ethical concept to appeal to. Our efforts must be turned not toward dragging the young to do right but toward the inculcation of that right thinking which leads to right doing. The education of girls is the crux of the problem, for they can most effectively train the boys."

May Contract Rabies.

Suggestion of a means which may give to man an absolute immunity from rabies of dogs, without reference to the time elapsed after being bitten, was offered by Dr. J. L. Harris, city bacteriologist and pathologist of St. Louis, Missouri, in a paper read today before the congress.

Giving a summary of his own work, Dr. Harris described a series of experiments with dogs and rabbits by which immediate and direct immunization against rabies was secured by the injection of fractional parts of a grain of non-effective rabies virus of a special type of virus produced from the brain of a dog, dead of rabies, frozen with carbon dioxide, snow dried in a vacuum at a very low temperature and kept in an ice-box.

In the paper on diseases and injuries occurring in electric plants, Dr. J. D. McGowan, surgeon of the Commonwealth Edison Co., of Chicago, Ill., declared that the popular impression shared with the laity by many physicians that contact with electric currents caused paralysis and brain lesions was an erroneous one. Dr. McGowan said he had seen hundreds of cases of shock, and where the man did not meet immediate death there never had been a case in which the patient suffered in any way outside of local effect of the burns.

A plea for an efficient supply and exhaust circulation of air for seamen on a man-of-war in time of battle was made by Surgeon R. C. Holcomb, U. S. N. In part, Dr. Holcomb said: "A ship in time of peace, at which time the hatches are open, is a much different problem in ventilation than a ship with its hatches battened down ready to enter into battle.

"In peace time the air that is forced into a compartment finds a ready exit through the open hatches. When all hatches are closed, on the other hand,

Society Women Earn Church Fund Peeling Tomatoes

Marshalltown, Sept. 25.—Society women of this city, including Mrs. E. R. Lay, wife of a local merchant, and Mrs. C. C. Trine, wife of a banker, and both prominent in women's clubs and social circles, yesterday donned kitchen aprons and "hired out" to the Western Grocery Co., as tomato peelers. The company had advertised for more help in order to get the season's tomato crop canned before the frosts come. The society women, who are both members of a church aid society, applied for positions in order to "earn" their contributions to the society's fund, the provision of which is that the money must be earned in some manner.

OSKALOOSAN SHOTS WIFE AND ESCAPES

Pete Wilson Shot and Instantly Killed His Spouse Early Today at Home in Mahaska County.

The news of the murder of Mrs. Wilson was phoned to Sheriff W. E. Knox early this morning by Sheriff I. M. Reed of Mahaska county. Deputy Sheriff Frank Kreigh and William Evans started out shortly afterward into the country around Ottumwa in hope of apprehending the murderer of Mrs. Wilson should he venture in this vicinity. The two men from the sheriff's office will scour the country heretofore in an endeavor to locate Wilson who is still at large.

The marriage records of Wapello county show that Peter Wilson and Josephine Sopher of Oskaloosa, were granted a marriage license and were later married by Justice of the Peace W. J. Berry in Ottumwa, July 27.

Oskaloosa, Sept. 25.—Mrs. Josephine Wilson was murdered here early this morning by her husband, Pierce or "Pete" Wilson, son of Milo Wilson, a well known farmer, at her boarding establishment. Four boarders in the house at the time were awakened by the shots and screams but made no investigation. They remained locked in their rooms until the arrival of the police. Wilson and his wife have been married four weeks. He was drunk.

Wilson had threatened the woman several times and she told boarders she feared he would kill her. She called upon one of the boarders last night for assistance, saying Wilson was trying to break into the house. She wanted the man to go for the police. He replied that it was no trouble of his and advised her to go for the officers herself. She refused and left his room.

Wilson succeeded in getting away and is still at large.

SIBLEY WILL NOT BE CALLED TO STAND

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—Former Representative Joseph Sibley of Pennsylvania probably will not be called before the senate committee investigating campaign expenditures to explain letters he is alleged to have written to John R. Archbold copies of which William R. Hearst has published. The committee learned today that Mr. Sibley is in a sanitarium in such poor physical health that his testimony would be of doubtful value. Mr. Archbold will probably reappear before the committee next week.

HIGH BROWS MEET TO DECIDE GAMES

New York, Sept. 25.—Members of the national baseball commission and representatives of the Boston American and New York National league clubs met here to fix dates for the world's series, to settle a disputed question as to how and by whom the sale of tickets to the games should be conducted, to fix the price for seats and to announce the eligible players. Although New York is still in need of two games to clinch the National league pennant, the commission will proceed on the supposition that the championship is assured. Indications were that the sale of tickets would be left in the hands of the two clubs under close supervision by the commission.

COMPANY WILL NOT ARBITRATE DULUTH STRIKE

Strikers Set Forth on What Conditions They Will Return to Work; Owners to Fight Case in High Court.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 25.—Willing to end the strike, the union car men of Duluth today made known terms upon which they would return to work. These include: All men now on strike to be taken back without prejudice, excepting the original nine men discharged; the cases of the nine to be arbitrated; an open shop, but no objection to unionism; that the "spread" of hours which now requires the men to be on duty from thirteen to sixteen hours to get ten hours work be reduced to a twelve hours spread; that no increased wage scale is asked.

These propositions General Manager Warren refused. "There is nothing to arbitrate," he said. The traction company will appeal to the state supreme court against the decision of Judge Dibell ordering the car company to resume service.

Under the order of the district court the Duluth Street Railway Co. must resume full and adequate street car service. Judge Homer B. Dibell yesterday filed his decision in the city's mandamus suit against the railway to force a resumption of the old service, such as was offered prior to the strike. He orders that "a peremptory writ of mandamus issue commanding the respondent (street railway) to furnish and run a sufficient number of cars to accommodate the traveling public on all the streets of the city of Duluth used and occupied by it for railroad purposes, and to resume the service which it furnished prior to Sept. 9, 1912."

The company, the court holds, cannot be compelled to reinstate the strikers. Neither can the strikers be compelled to go to work for the company again.

If serious disorder breaks out again Judge Dibell intimates that the street railway or the city has the right to reopen the proceedings.

Judge Dibell holds that, under the franchise under which the street railway is operating, it is obliged to maintain a sufficient and proper service.

STRIKERS LEAVE; TRAFFIC STOPPED

Perpignan, France, Sept. 25.—Railroad traffic is completely suspended in the Spanish province of Catalonia, and there has been considerable destruction of property at various stations by the strikers who left work in a body, at midnight. Despatches received here from Barcelona state every station is now in the hands of the military as every employe has joined in the movement. Even the international trains from France are unable to proceed beyond the Spanish frontier.

LABOR LEADERS WIN POINT IN HEARING

Salem, Mass., Sept. 25.—Joseph J. Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti, labor leaders awaiting trial on charges of being accessories to the murder of Anna Lopiano at Lawrence during labor troubles last January, won a preliminary fight for freedom yesterday when Judge Quinn of the superior court ruled that the government shall by next Friday submit to counsel for the defendants an exhibit of what it is alleged the defendants did or said between January 13 and January 29. The court did not rule upon the application of counsel for Joseph Caruso, indicted as principal in the murder, for a bill of particulars.

SMOKING VOLCANO IS IN ERUPTION

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 25.—Mail advices from Valdez, Alaska, say Mount Wrangell, the most widely known of the smoking volcanoes of Alaska, is again in eruption. Lieutenant Prosser of the signal corps, who returned to Valdez, reported that Mount Wrangell was throwing out large volumes of smoke and lava.

Instead of one-erater there are now at least seven vents, he said, and with the aid of field glasses, lava can be seen issuing from the openings and flowing down across the glaciers. From Kotsina it is reported that the sulphurous fumes are so strong that prospectors working near Kotsina glacier have been driven out.

"NIGHT RIDERS" ARE GIVEN A WELCOME

Henderson, Ky., Sept. 25.—When a squad of "night riders" arrived at the tobacco farm of J. Stokes Taylor they were unexpectedly met by Mr. Taylor and a party of his friends armed with shot guns. After a half hour's parley, the visitors, presumed to be members of a tobacco pool competing against an organization headed by Taylor, were allowed to depart. Several of the night riders carried ropes at their saddles.

TAFT GIVES HIS VIEW ON ISSUES OF CAMPAIGN

President Tells What His Stand is on the Tariff, Woman's Suffrage and Recall of Judges.

New York, Sept. 25.—The Evening World today publishes an interview with President Taft in which the president goes at length into some of the issues of the campaign. He promises a revision of the tariff on a scientific basis, so far as may be necessary to keep prices from being exorbitant. This may be done by the continuance of the tariff board's investigation into the facts, the president is quoted as saying.

Referring to the high cost of living, the president expressed the opinion that American workmen were very much better off than those of Europe, not only were they able to pay the high cost of living, he said, but they could also put something aside for a rainy day. The Payne tariff law had no more to do with advancing the high cost of living than the latest Atlantic cable tariff, he declared.

Referring to woman's suffrage, the president said that this issue would have to be decided by the various states and that he believed women to be as capable of wise use of the ballot as men. In the matter of recall of judges the president said he regarded the maintenance of an independent judiciary as a supreme issue, and that the recall applied to judges would tend to deprive the public of judges of ability, character and a high sense of duty.

The republican national headquarters declared today that this interview was authentic.

TAFT INDORSED BY MICHIGAN MEN

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 25.—The republicans of Michigan in state convention here yesterday adopted resolutions endorsing the administration of President Taft and pledging him the electoral vote of Michigan. Nominations were made to fill those offices noted voted on in the primaries. Frederick C. Martindale, of Detroit, who was nominated to secretary of state, heads the list.

Presidential electors named to fill the vacancies are: Elliott G. Slocum, of Wayne county; M. Coon, of Grand Rapids, and W. P. Culver, of Mason.

FAVORS NEWLANDS BILL IN CONGRESS

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 25.—Advocates of joint control of the Mississippi levee system by the state and the federal government and those who believe the national government should be asked to assume entire charge of the construction and maintenance of the dikes debated the question today before the Interstate Levee association in session here.

Geo. H. Maxwell of New Orleans, one of the speakers at the morning session advocated the approval of the Newlands bill pending in congress, which provides for a general scheme of reclamation and among other things the building of storage reservoirs.

MISSOURI RATE SUSPENDED TODAY

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—A general increase in class freight rates from points in Missouri to destinations in Kansas and other states, proposed by the Kansas City Southern railway by the cancellation of through rates was suspended today by the interstate commerce commission from September 30 until January 28. In some instances the increase of the first class rates would amount to ninety per cent and in all instances the increases are regarded by the commission as unreasonable.

The Greatest Show Window

IN OTTUMWA is not on Main street,—it is right in your own home,—in your own hand,—it is in the pages of the DAILY COURIER.

These pages present to you the products in all the windows, and at a time when you have the leisure to make your selections... The advertisements in the Courier are Ottumwa's greatest show windows. Look at them.

Large Force of Troops to Preserve Order at Belfast on Ulster Day, September 28

Belfast, Ireland, Sept. 25.—Large forces of troops are to be moved into Belfast in preparation for Ulster day, (Sept. 28.) when the anti-home rule movement is to be signed by the unionists of that province.

Orders were sent from headquarters at Dublin castle today to Brig. General Count Gleichen in command here, to that effect. He was informed that the first battalions would reach Belfast on the evening of Sept. 27.

The lord mayor of Belfast, on whose requisition such steps are usually taken, has been informed that the troops are coming.

RIFLES ARE CARRIED BY THE UNIONISTS.

Portadown, Ireland, Sept. 25.—Rifles were carried by some of the battalions into which the members of the unionist clubs were formed when they took part in a great anti-home rule procession here today.

Two large cannons were dragged along on gun carriages, while an ambulance in charge of sisters moved with the procession and carried a large supply of splints and bandages.

FOSS WILL RUN FOR THIRD TIME FOR GOVERNOR

Democrats of Massachusetts Select Present Executive Over His Opponent by Big Majority.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 25.—As the result of yesterday's primaries Eugene N. Foss will be the democratic candidate for a third term as governor of Massachusetts. Gov. Foss' majority over District Attorney Pelletier was 26,614, according to today's figures. On the republican side Joseph Walker of Brookline, former speaker of the house, had a majority of 10,302 over Col. Everett C. Benton. The socialist candidate is Robert D. Sawyer. Progressive and prohibition candidates for the several state offices and for representatives in congress, it is expected, will be nominated by petition.

Governor Foss expressed himself as well pleased with the returns. He said: "I am gratified at the result and deeply appreciate the signal endorsement of my administration by the party, it spells victory in November."

Following are the congressional nominations:

Republican.
First district—Allen T. Treadway.
Second district—Fred H. Gillett.
Third district—William H. Wilder.
Fourth district—Samuel E. Winslow.
Fifth district—John J. Rogers.
Sixth district—Augustus P. Gardner.
Seventh district—Frank P. Bennett, Jr.

Eighth district—Fred W. Dallinger.
Ninth district—Ernest W. Roberts.
Tenth district—Loyal L. Jenkins.
Eleventh district—Sherwin L. Cook.
Twelfth district—Chas. H. S. Robinson.

Thirteenth district—J. W. Weeks.*
Fourteenth district—R. O. Harris.*
Fifteenth district—Wm. S. Green.*
Sixteenth district—Wm. A. Bullock.*
* Members of sixty-second congress.

Democratic.
First district—Richard J. Morrissy.
Second district—Wm. G. McKeehan.
Third district—M. F. O'Connell.
Fourth district—James A. Thayer.*
Fifth district—Humphrey O'Sullivan.
Sixth district—Geo. A. Schofield.
Seventh district—Michael F. Phelan.
Eighth district—Fred S. Detrick.
Ninth district—Thos. J. Boynton.
Tenth district—Wm. F. Murray.*
Eleventh district—A. J. Peters.*
Twelfth district—J. M. Curley.*
Thirteenth district—J. J. Mitchell.
Fourteenth district—Edw. Gilmore.
Fifteenth district—J. W. Coughlin.
Sixteenth district—T. C. Thatcher.*
* Members of sixty-second congress.

LEGISLATION ABOUT CHECKS DISCUSSED

Boston, Mass., Sept. 25.—The need of legislation relating to bank checks was a topic considered by the International Congress of Chambers of Commerce at the second day's session today. The subject was introduced by Dr. Hans Trumpler of Frankfurt on the Main and Dr. Max Apt of Berlin, who have had the matter under consideration since the last congress at London two years ago.

GENERAL WOOD IS IN CHICAGO TODAY

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the United States army, arrived in Chicago on a tour of inspection today. He was accompanied by Capt. Frank R. McCoy of the general staff. The general made an inspection at Fort Sheridan. Tonight he will depart for Chicago for Wyoming, where he will meet Secretary of War Stimson.

WILSON'S MAN NOMINATED IN DEMO PRIMARY

Representative Wm. Hughes Leading His Opponent for New Jersey Senatorship by a Big Margin.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 25.—That Gov. Wilson won a sweeping victory in the New Jersey primary yesterday was evident on the returns which sifted into democratic headquarters here during the early hours of the day.

In his fight to prevent the nomination for United States senator of former Senator James Smith, Jr., Gov. Wilson carried the state by a plurality of nearly, if not quite 20,000, winning in every county except one—that one being Essex, the stronghold of the Smith force. Returns from 511 of the 1,799 districts in the state gave Representative William Hughes, the Wilson candidate, 17,020 votes to 11,751 for Smith.

Even Essex county did not pile up a majority for the Smith ticket, but practically all the Wilson candidates except those in Essex were successful.

On the republican side the primaries were uneventful. Senator Frank O. Briggs received an uncontested endorsement.

Nominations for congress follow:
First district—John T. Wright, democrat; Wm. J. Browning, republican, renominated.
Second district—Winfield Scott Hand, democrat; John J. Gardner, republican, renominated.
Third district—Thos. J. Scully, democrat, renominated; Benjamin F. S. Brown, republican.
Fourth district—Allen B. Walsh, democrat and Willard C. Parker, republican.
Fifth district—Wm. E. Tuttle, democrat, renominated; W. E. Runyon, republican.

Sixth district—A. S. Hart, democrat; S. W. McClave, republican.
Seventh district—Robert G. Bremer, democrat; Albin Smith, republican.
Eighth district—Eugene F. Kinkhead, democrat, renominated; Horace Robertson, republican.
Ninth district—Walter McCoy, democrat, renominated; Richard Waite Parker, republican.
Tenth district—Edward W. Townsend, democrat, renominated; W. I. L. Adams, republican.

Eleventh district—John J. Eagan, democrat.
Twelfth district—James A. Hamhill, democrat, renominated; Geo. L. Record, republican.

WICKERSHAM TO RETIRE MARCH 4TH

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—Attorney General George W. Wickersham will retire from President Taft's cabinet on March 4 next. He will leave his post whether Mr. Taft is elected to the presidency or not. This, it became known, is the statement that Mr. Wickersham has made to friends in Washington and New York and which has been reiterated by Mrs. Wickersham in the capital. Mr. Wickersham is expected to make an announcement that he will leave the cabinet almost any day. Mr. Wickersham, it is said, will resign because a number of outside interests require his attention and he does not feel that in justice to himself he should keep the position any longer.

YOUTH CONFESSES TO STEALING HUGE SUM

Pensacola, Fla., Sept. 25.—William H. Bell, a 20 year old bank clerk, has confessed that he robbed the local First National Bank on Wednesday of a package containing \$55,000 of the Louisville & Nashville pay roll and substituted a worthless package in its place. He later returned the money.

GUTHRIE OPENS GOTHAM G. O. P. STATE MEETING

Convention in Session For a Brief Period Today; Name of President Taft Cheered by the Delegates.

SPEAKER ATTACKS ROOSEVELT POLICIES

Said Progressive Campaign is Doomed to a Pitiable Defeat; Emphasizes Republican Principles

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 25.—As evidence that the New York republican party is "unbossed", attention was called by leaders before the state convention here today to the fact that nothing of the convention program had been settled other than the names of the temporary and permanent chairman. Candidates and platform remained to be discussed and it may be Friday before a ticket is nominated. It was expected that the platform committee would have the platform ready for presentation tomorrow. The woman suffrage declaration thus far has provoked the most discussion.

W. D. Guthrie, temporary chairman, was given a rousing cheer as he took the platform and began his speech. When Chairman Guthrie mentioned the name of President Taft the delegates and spectators rose and cheered for some time.

Vice President James S. Sherman, who marched into the hall with the Conkling Unconditional club of Utica, was given a hearty cheer.

Committees on resolution and permanent organizations were appointed, after which the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

Guthrie's Address.
An attack on Theodore Roosevelt and the policies of the progressive party in the nation and state marked the address of William D. Guthrie, temporary chairman today before the republican state convention. "We see clearly," said Mr. Guthrie, "that the progressive campaign is doomed to pitiable defeat and that only a malevolent desire to work injury to the republican party continues its campaigning."

The temporary chairman compared the present situation in particular with conditions which existed in 1880 and 1896, when, he said, "the outlook for the success of the republican party had for a time been discouraging. The success of the republican cause in those campaigns, he prophesied, would be repeated this fall.

"Every republican vote cast for the democratic ticket," he declared, "will be wasted, and will only tend to magnify the future strength and nuisance value of the progressives."

Mr. Guthrie gave three reasons why the republican national convention fulfilled its duty in refusing to nominate Col. Roosevelt:

"In the first place," he said, "the nomination of an ex-president of the United States for a third term would have been in violation of an unwritten rule established by Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe, and followed ever since. The common sense of thoughtful and patriotic men must convince them that nothing could be more dangerous than to permit any individual, however popular or eloquent, to wield the power of the presidential office for more than two terms."

Pays Respect to T. R.
"Colonel Roosevelt, he declared, "had fomented more than any man living the discontent and class hatred existing among our people; he had assailed the judiciary and undermined the confidence of the people in the independence, integrity and impartiality of our judges; he had advocated revolutionary doctrines; he had shown that he despised constitutional restraints; he had held us up to the contempt of the world as politically a dishonest people, and he was known to be a socialist at heart although protesting that he alone could save the country from socialism. All appreciated his ability, his eloquence, his exaltation, his great personal magnetism, his fierce and tireless energy, as well as his insatiable ambition, his impatience with any rule of law that curbed or checked his own will, his determination to rule or ruin the party. And all were beginning to perceive that his enthusiasm was rather for the arena and for power than for principles. But his very popularity, similar in many respects to the popularity of Kearney, the sand-lot orator, and of Bryan, the populist, was likewise the weakness of Roosevelt as candidate of a great party. The qualities which attract and make him popular with the unthinking repel the thoughtful, the sober-minded and the patriotic.

"The third reason why the majority in the Chicago convention should not have cast aside President Taft, and

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