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TURKEY GIVEN ULTIMATUM BY THE BALKANS

Allies Give Ottoman Government Fourteen Days to Accept Terms or War is to be Resumed.

ADRIANOPLE IS NOT IN BAD CONDITION

Bulgarians Learn That the Fortress is Able to Withstand for Some Months and Change Plans.

London, Jan. 20.—Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro today presented an ultimatum to Turkey giving the Ottoman government fourteen days in which to make a favorable reply to their demands, according to dispatches from Constantinople.

Full power to declare the resumption of hostilities against Turkey was telegraphed today to Dr. S. Daneff, leader of the Bulgarian delegation, and his colleagues by the Bulgarian premier, J. Guechoff, who told them to exercise it whenever in their opinion further peace negotiations became useless.

The representatives of the Balkan allies will therefore directly notify General Savoff, the Bulgarian commander in chief, that the armistice has ended, as soon as it becomes apparent that there is no hope of the peace plenipotentiaries reaching a mutually satisfactory arrangement. Hostilities will commence four days afterward.

Supplies Not Exhausted.

The Bulgarians have now discovered that they have been completely misled in regard to the conditions prevailing in the beleagured Turkish fortress of Adrianople, and have consequently decided that a prompt change in their policy is needed.

Two weeks ago they were informed that the fall of the fortress could be expected hourly, but a recent council of war held at Mustapha Pasha, under the presidency of King Ferdinand came to the conclusion that Shukri Pasha, the Turkish commander in Adrianople had been able to economize the supplies in the fortress to such an extent that garrison would be able to resist perhaps for several months more.

Shurikta Pasha, it appears, deluded the Bulgarians by means of false reports spread by supposed deserters who reached the Bulgarian lines drawn around the city.

The commanders of the Bulgarian forces now know the truth and Bulgaria has determined to force a speedy solution, so as to put an end to the heavy expenditures and permit the men under arms who comprise virtually the whole of the able bodied male population of Bulgaria, to return to agricultural work. Otherwise it is thought the next harvest will be lost.

The next meeting of the ambassadors of the European powers at the British foreign office has been postponed until Wednesday owing to absence from town of two of the ambassadors.

The Servians have decided to present tomorrow to the powers a memorandum which they have drafted detailing their intention in regard to the territorial changes arising out of the war. Servia will ask to be permitted to occupy permanently the eastern part of the district of Novipazar, bordering on the Servian frontier, and also the entire region eastward from the river Drin to Lake Ochrida, as well as the fortress of Monastir which the Servian troops captured from the Turks after a severe fight.

Says Turk Vessels Were Hit.

Athens, Greece, Jan. 20.—A Greek officer who participated in the naval battle between Greek and Turkish fleets off the Dardanelles on Saturday and who closely followed all the incidents of the fight, says that during the pursuit of the Turkish war vessels by the Greeks the battleships Kheyr-Eddin, Barbarossa and Torgut Reis slackened speed and showed a list to starboard. He believes that both vessels were in a sinking condition when they reached the straits.

TEN THOUSAND GIRLS STAY OUT

Part of the Garment Workers Stand Pat Against Offer of Increase and Refuse to Work.

New York, Jan. 20.—Ten thousand girls of the 37,000 affected by the agreement Saturday between shirt waist and dress manufacturers and their employes, rebelled today at the terms of the proposed settlement and remained out on strike. The other 27,000 went to work at increased wages.

There are still approximately 125,000 workers on strike in all branches of the garment trades. Several clashes between the strikers' pickets and the police occurred today.

Had Good Time on Gas Money; Claim They Were Robbed

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 20.—Ina Stanford and Nellie Busch, 14 year old girls, whose stories Saturday night of being robbed by a negro brought out a patrol wagon and police ambulance and threw a quiet residence section into a near panic, confessed today that they invented the story to save Nellie from punishment after the girls had "had a good time" on $5 given Nellie by her mother to pay a gas bill.

Late Saturday evening mud-bedraggled, weeping and screaming the girls appeared at the door of a neighbor's house. Both apparently fainted. They were taken to the city hospital in an ambulance and told the robbery story. In their confession the girls said after they spent most of the money on moving pictures and candy, they suddenly thought of punishment to come. Turning into an alley near home they rolled in the mud, tore their skirts, took out their hair pins, then ran down the alley screaming. They choose the home of a neighbor known to be sympathetic and "fainted" upon the back porch.

TODAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE—Convened at noon.

Began consideration of conference report on immigration bill.

Pensions for Spanish war veterans widows were advocated before pensions committee at hearing on Crago bill already passed by the house.

HOUSE—Convened at noon.

Considered legislation on unanimous consent calendar.

Osage Indian lands investigation was resumed before interior department expenditures committee.

Tariff revision hearing on agricultural schedule was begun by ways and means committee.

Currency reform committee postponed its hearing until Tuesday.

ONE KILLED, NINE INJURED IN WRECK

Golden State Limited Leaves Rails at Allerton, Iowa; Missouri Man Meets Death.

Allerton, Jan. 20.—(Special.)—Train No. 12, east bound on the Rock Island, known as the Golden State limited, was wrecked by spreading rails 100 yards east of the Allerton depot last night. One passenger, Stanley Morgan of Altamount, Mo., was killed. Nine were injured. Six coaches and the engine left the track.

The train was traveling at the rate of 45 miles an hour, as it does not stop at this station. Just after passing the depot the rails spread and the tender of the engine left the track, derailing the six coaches. One of the rails snapped and sprang upward, piercing one of the coaches. The passenger who was killed and those who were injured were in this coach.

Of the nine injured only three were seriously hurt. They were W. A. Trepania of Hayward, Wis., Hugh West of Altamont, Mo., and Harry Boman of Wichita, Kas. Boman was hurled through the front door of the smoker by the shock. Morgan, the passenger who lost his life, was killed by being struck by the rail as it pierced the smoking car. This car overturned but the others remained upright.

The three injured named above were cared for at Allerton. The other passengers left on the relief train sent from Trenton. Among the six passengers slightly hurt were Conductor Hanna and Ottie Kemp of Columbus Junction, Iowa.

Can Cast Ballots at Annual Meeting Tomorrow Evening

The members of the Ottumwa Commercial association who have not yet sent in their votes for twenty-one directors will be privileged to cast their ballots tomorrow night at the annual meeting in the rooms of the association on East Second street. The committee on election had hoped to tabulate the ballots received this afternoon, but the few additions tomorrow evening will not make the task difficult.

The annual meeting will be featured by a smoker during which the official count of the ballots for directors will be announced, and the annual report of the secretary will be made known. Short booster talks and suggestions for the new year will be given by some of the energetic ones of the association. The entire membership of the club is urged to be present.

AGRICULTURE SCHEDULE HAS BEEN REACHED

Cane, Rice and Pineapple Interests Discuss Tariff With Ways and Means Committee in House.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—The agriculture schedule of the tariff came up today before the house ways and means committee.

Representative Payne, who was chairman of the committee when the present tariff was started on its path through congress, and who is now ranking republican on the committee, estimated that the consumption value of articles on which the rates of duty were increased or decreased in the present law was:

Articles on which duties were decreased, $483,430,637; articles on which duties were increased, $4,380,483.

Democratic members of the committee stated today that there would be material reductions from the present law on many articles in the schedule.

Growers Seek Protection.

R. Tinersmith of Baltimore asked for a uniform rate of 20 per cent ad valorem on pineapples. He claimed that under the present law, imposing a higher rate, the Hawaiian pineapple packers had nearly and would soon entirely secure a monopoly of the trade in pineapples to which sugar is added.

W. Durkee of New York, for the American Spice association, wanted the present tariff on spices to remain. R. M. McCormick of Baltimore contended that a prohibitive rate on spices should be maintained for protection against impure food products from abroad.

Representative Broussard of Louisiana, W. B. Dunlap of Beaumont, Tex., president of an association of rice producers in Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas, and S. Locke Breaux of New Orleans, wanted the present tariff maintained to protect rice growers against labor of the orient.

Breaux and members of the committee argued over the comparative need of duties on rice and sugar. Finally Representative Longworth asked:

"What would be the effect on Louisiana of making rice and sugar free of duty?

"If the effect is so serious as to annihilate the rice and sugar business then Louisiana would be in a condition of distress such as has not occurred since the civil war."

NATIONAL PARK FOR THE ROCKIES

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—A national park in the Rocky mountains in Colorado, in the vicinity of Long's peak, including the valley known as Estes park, the continental divide and the mountain ranges nearby, is recommended to Secretary of the Interior Fisher by R. B. Marshall, chief geographer of the United States geological survey, who has just concluded a detailed examination of the region. Mr. Marshall suggests that it be named the Rocky Mountain National park. The elevation ranges from 7,500 to 14,000 feet and the area is well watered and affords abundant opportunity for the camper.

NEW SENATORS WERE SWORN IN

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Former Governor Charles Thomas was today sworn in as senator from Colorado to fill the unexpired term caused by the death of Senator Chas. J. Hughes in 1911.

The senate also received the new credentials of William Alden Smith of Michigan, who was reelected last week.

NEW YORK GIRL WILL LEAD WOMEN

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Miss Inez Milholland, whose designation as "the most beautiful girl in the suffrage movement" is said to have caused some heart burnings, is to lead the suffrage movement parade March 3, it was announced today. Wearing the livery of a herald of mediaeval times, Miss Milholland will go down Pennsylvania avenue ahead of a woman's band, which in turn will lead a troop of "petticoat cavalry." Arrangements were made also to have several hundred striking garment workers from New York and Baltimore to march in tatters and rags behind a float depicting the injustice of the "sweat shop" system.

BROKE THROUGH ICE; TWO MEN DROWNED

St. Charles, Mo., Jan. 20.—Officials have been notified here that two men were drowned Saturday when a flatboat pushed by nine men broke through the ice north of here. The others were saved by ropes thrown from the shore. The men were members of a gang constructing a power line from Keokuk, Iowa.

DARROW FACES SECOND TRIAL IN LOS ANGELES

Lawyer Who Defended the McNamaras in Times' Explosion Case is Again Being Tried.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 20.—Clarence S. Darrow, lawyer, author, union labor advocate and defender of labor leaders accused of serious crimes, was placed on trial today for the second time on a charge of having attempted to corrupt a juror in the McNamara case.

After a trial lasting nearly all last summer, Darrow was acquitted of having bribed Geo. N. Lockwood, a talesman called in the trial of James B. McNamara, now serving a life sentence at San Quentin penitentiary for blowing up the Los Angeles Times building. Today the lawyer was put on trial on the charge of having bribed Robert F. Bain, the first juror chosen in the same case.

Bain and his wife testified at the Lockwood trial that Bert H. Franklin, a detective employed by the McNamara defense, had given him $400 with the promise of $3,600 more if he qualified as a juror and voted for the acquittal of McNamara. Franklin who was given immunity, said that before he had been approached by Bain, Darrow had told him it was "about time to reach some jurors."

The district attorney is authority for a predication that the present trial will not last more than two weeks, but subpoenaes for the defense's witnesses commanded the presence of the latter on Feb. 5.

LINCOLN MONUMENT WILL BE OPPOSED

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Bitter opposition to the bill providing for the erection of a $2,000,000 monument to the memory of Abraham Lincoln is threatened when the measure is taken up in the house Wednesday. The bill already has passed the senate. It provides for the erection of a statute and Greek temple on the Mall near the Washington monument and its opponents are trying to substitute for it a plan to construct a memorial highway from Washington to Gettysburg.

So intense has the fight grown that Richard Watrous, secretary of the American Civic association today sent broadcast several thousand letters to members of the organization asking them to call on their representatives to support the monument measure. The fight for the highway plan is being led by Representative Borland of Missouri.

COLD WEATHER TO CHANGE TUESDAY

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—According to the special weekly forecast of the weather bureau Iowa may expect a reaction from the present cold spell Tuesday, with seasonable weather for two or three days and snow at the end of the week. The present cold wave covers a large area, extending to west of the Rocky mountains.

HEAVY SNOW HITS CHICAGO TRAFFIC

Chicago, Jan. 20.—A heavy snow storm greatly impeded traffic in this city today. With trolley wires and third rails coated with snow and sleet, street cars barely more than crawled over their routes and thousands of persons were late in reporting at their various tasks. Telegraph wires were affected, although not demoralized.

SEYMOUR NATIONAL ELECTS OFFICERS

Seymour, Jan. 20.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank was held. The same board of directors was re-elected for the coming year. They are: D. C. Bradley, president; Wm. Haines vice president; J. C. Phillips, P. T. Butler, W. S. Merritt, Wm. Long and J. D. Johnston. John McCord was elected as assistant cashier to take the place of Walter Haines, and Miss Sadie Morrison was given the position as bookkeeper.

CAR SITUATION IS NOT CLEARED

Des Moines, Jan. 20.—(Special.)—Dwight Lewis, assistant commerce counsel, attended a meeting of the Grain Dealers association at Ft. Dodge as the representative of the railroad commission, for the purpose of planning for a rule with regard to the distribution of grain cars among shippers in time of a shortage of cars. There is something of a controversy on between the co-operative dealers or farmers and the line elevator people, but neither side is able to frame up a rule that will fit every case and suit them. The railroad companies have rules but admit that as a matter of fact the distribution of cars is left largely to the agents to meet conditions as they find them.

Commission Upheld By Supreme Court in Rate Case of Southern Roads

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Reversing the commerce court, the supreme court today permitted the order of the interstate commerce commission for reduced class rate from New Orleans to Mobile and Alabama interior points to stand.

The theory advocated by the government that the interstate commerce commission had absolute jurisdiction over evidence in rate cases to the exclusion of the courts, particularly the commerce court, was struck down by the supreme court in deciding that the commerce court had a right to examine a claim that there was no relevant evidence presented to the commission on which it could have based its order in this case.

Justice Lamar in announcing the opinion today said an examination of the statutes showed that in a case where an unfair hearing had been granted by the commission or where no substantial evidence had been put into the record, the courts could review the commission's order and evidence.

Having held that the commerce court could review the order in this case to see if any substantial evidence had been produced, the supreme court decided, however, the commerce court had erred in finding none had been presented.

T[illegible] involved a contest between th[illegible] commerce commission an[illegible] It also attracted at[illegible] concerning the case[illegible] me of former Judge Archbald, [illegible] of the commerce court, and written to a railroad attorney at the time the judge was preparing the court's opinion, was made the basis for one of the charges in the impeachment proceedings against him.

State Capitol Historical Society

KENYON WILL BE RE-ELECTED TO THE SENATE

Vote Will be Taken Separately Tomorrow and Jointly Wednesday; Cunningham Busy.

[BY ORA WILLIAMS.]

Des Moines, Jan. 20.—William S. Kenyon having already been designated by Iowa voters as the man to be elected to succeed himself in the senate of the United States, will twice be elected to a seat in congress this week.

Some time tomorrow the house and the senate in session separately will vote on choice for the position of senator in the congress. In both the house and the senate William S. Kenyon will receive a majority of the votes. A record will be made of this fact and in each house it will be declared that so far as that house can do so Senator Kenyon has been re-elected.

One the following day the two houses will meet in joint convention and President Harding will preside. The secretary of the senate will read that part of the senate journal showing the election of Mr. Kenyon. The clerk of the house will read that part of the house journal of the previous day showing the election of Mr. Kenyon. Then the joint convention will proceed to ballot for senator and the joint convention will again elect Mr. Kenyon to be senator.

As to whether or not a joint roll call is necessary, in view of the previous election by both houses, there is some difference of opinion, but at least it does no harm. The double election has been followed for a number of years.

It is expected that Senator Kenyon will appear before the joint convention on Thursday and deliver an address. That is customary and expected, and it will be complied with unless something unforseen occurs. The very brief address of Senator Kenyon less than two years ago is remembered by all the old members as one of the finest speeches of the kind on record.

Cunningham a Busy Man.

There is suspicion that Speaker Cunningham broke the Sabbath by working on the committee assignments for the house, as he promises to have them ready for announcement when the house meets on Thursday forenoon. There is a good deal of quiet speculation among the members as to who will get the chairmanships of the important committees. Guessing on senate committee chairmanships is easy as compared to that in the house, for in the senate there is a custom as to precedence and the fact that always more than half the membership is of previous experience. Presumably, however, the four or five big chairmanships in the house will be taken from the list of veteran members like Klay, Larrabee, Dawson, Halgrims, Dixon, Jacobs, Stipe, Whitney and others.

President Harding had it in mind, but perhaps lacked the nerve to do it, to make an effective reform in senate committees by naming eight or ten good committees to handle the really big subjects before the legislature, then to name one catch-all committee to handle all the little stuff and the great mass of unimportant bills that flood the legislature. Some day such a reform will be effected and better re-

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OSKALOOSA HAD NEGRO MOB SCARE

Oskaloosa, Jan. 20.—William Douglas, a negro, was threatened by a mob here late Saturday night. He was being hunted by both police and a crowd of men upon charges preferred by a 20 year old white girl. The police found the man and secreted him. He confessed his crime, which was committed a year ago.

POWDER TRUST IS VICTIM OF IOWAN'S WORK

Rep. Good of Cedar Rapids Gets Reduction of Explosive Cost; Iowa People to Benefit by Pepper Bill.

[BY E. H. HANSON.]

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Representative "Jim" Good of Cedar Rapids has tucked another "powder trust" scalp under his war belt.

The fortifications bills, as reported to the house on Thursday, carried with it several provisions of vital interest to the tax payers, provisions which are the direct result of Mr. Good's work as a member of the committee on appropriations and of the sub-committee which drew up the fortifications bill.

A saving of at least $450,000 will be made in the next fiscal year as a result of Mr. Good's work on this committee and a greater saving is promised in years to come.

In the first place, the Iowa man succeeded in getting the committee to reduce the price it will pay for powder from 60 cents to 53 cents. This means that on 2,000,000 pounds the government will save at least $140,000.

When the hearings were started on the bill, Mr. Good announced that he would oppose any price higher than 50 cents for powder. A compromise was finally reached on 53 cents, the Iowan agreeing to accept that and not to fight the bill on the floor. As the fortifications bill has always gone through without a fight heretofore and as the democratic majority would naturally favor its committee's appropriation bill, Mr. Good chose the better of valor and accepted the seven sent reduction when he found he might imperil any reduction by holding out for ten cents.

To Act on Pepper's Bill.

This has been a busy week for Representative Pepper. On Wednesday the house elections committee decided to act favorably on his bill to change the date of election from the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November to the first Monday. On Thursday he put in his time with the democrats from his state who are here in connection with the casting of the presidential vote this year and on Friday he busied himself in behalf of the omnibus claims bill which carried pro-

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No Inaugural Ball or Big Reception For the Wilsons

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—There will be no inaugural ball in connection with the ceremonies of inaugurating President-elect Wilson. The committee in charge so officialy decided today and was informed by telegraph from Trenton that should a public reception be planned in its stead Mrs. Wilson and the president-elect should not be expected to attend. It was decided to leave the reception feature to congress.

OLDEST ELK DEAD IN MARSHALLTOWN

Marshalltown, Jan. 20.—Joseph Tuffree, said to be the oldest Elk in the world, died at his home here today after a week's illness. Had he lived until February 10 he would have been 103 years old. He cast his first vote at the age of 22 for Henry Clay, and voted for Taft last November. He became an Elk at the age of 100 years.

NASTY FIGHT IN WYOMING LEGISLATURE

Ruling Made by Speaker Caused Trouble and in Melee Between Rivals, Riot Reigned for a Time.

CALLED MEMBER FROM FLOOR TO PRESIDE

Democrat Objected and Insisted That Speaker Pro Tem Take Place, Which Precipitated the Fight.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 20.—A riot took place in the house of representatives of the Wyoming legislature with Speaker Pratt and Speaker Protempore Wood both claiming to preside. A violent fight interrupted by members took place between the two officers.

Scenes of violence which lasted fully three-quarters of an hour and which included two separate encounters between Speaker Martin L. Pratt and Speaker Protempore W. J. Wood threw the lower house of the Wyoming legislature into hopeless confusion just before noon today. Absolutely no parliamentary order obtained and the scene was only ended by an agreement between the members on the floor when cool headed leaders of either faction announced an agreement to let matters stand as they were until 2 o'clock this afternoon. Both Pratt and Wood claimed authority over the house and with Wood sitting in the speaker's chair and Pratt wielding the gavel the show of authority seemed about equal either way.

Ruling Caused Trouble.

The immediate occasion of the trouble was the attempt of Speaker Pratt to call to the chair E. C. Hunter (republican) of Carbon county. An appeal had been taken from the speaker's ruling upon the offer of subcommittees by the democrats for those he had submitted and in which he himself held the balance of power upon the two important committees of rules and elections.

Mr. Hunter took the chair and Pratt went to Hunter's seat on the floor. Judge Metz (democrat)—arose and declared that the speaker could not designate any other than the speaker pro tem to take the chair and called upon Representative W. J. Wood of Crook county, speaker pro tem and a democrat, to preside. This Wood proceeded to do and Hunter yielded the chair to him.

Thereupon Pratt started to resume the chair himself. Wood sat staunchly in his place until Pratt, grasping him by the shoulders with both hands, threw him violently off the platform. Wood struck on both hands and his face, but promptly arose and rushed back to the chair again. The men grasped each other until Chaplain Davidson and others on the platform held them momentarily.

Speaker Retains Gavel.

Wielding big gavel which he had gotten hold of in the melee, Pratt declared the house adjourned. Having the prestige of the speaker's chair and using a paper weight for a gavel, Speaker Protem Wood shouted to the sergeant-at-arms to close the doors and allow no one to leave. He then called for a roll call on the appeal motion. Standing over the chief clerk gavel in hand, Pratt forbade the calling of the roll. Both sides were lined up and pandemonium reigned on the floor of the house as well as on the platform.

Another climax followed in ten minutes after the first violence between the speaker and speaker protem, when with several backers on either side, they clashed and Pratt attempted to get his own chair in place of the clerks chair he had appropriated for the time being. Attempting to interfere, Representative Sproul who has heretofore been closer to Pratt in council than other democrats was soundly kicked in the stomach by the speaker.

Further violence was then averted but fully a score of the house members were standing close around the speaker's desk.

Again Pratt declared the house adjourned and stated he had a right under the statute to call any one to the chair he choose. Wood maintained his seat and the sergeant-at-arms, obeying his instructions, had refused to let out any of the members. Judge Metz, who had not taken any part in the violence around the speaker's desk but whose motion had been the occasion of it conferred with Representative Sullivan of the republicans and obtained from both factions an agreement that was finally made to adjourn with all motions pending as they were at that time until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Rate Cases Not Decided.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—The supreme court concluded its opinions today without announcing those on the Minnesota rate case or other state rate cases.