

REPUBLICANS MAKE GREAT GAIN IN THE NATION-WIDE ELECTIONS

Democratic Majority in the Lower House of Congress Is Cut to the Minimum

PROGRESSIVE PARTY NO LONGER FACTOR

Vote Shows That Roosevelt Followers Have Gone Back to G. O. P.

Incomplete returns from the twenty-nine states where gubernatorial elections were held showed today that eleven democrats and ten republicans had been elected and that in seven states the result was apparently undetermined. In these seven states the republican candidates were leading in five and the democrats in two. California, apparently had reelected Governor Hiram Johnson, progressive.

Of these twenty-nine states, sixteen at the present time have democratic governors, eleven republican governors and two progressive governors.

States electing democratic governors were: Alabama, Arizona, Georgia, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Michigan, Nebraska, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas. Republican governors were elected in Connecticut, Iowa, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin. In Colorado, Kansas, Nevada, Oregon and South Dakota, the republican candidates were leading in early returns; in Idaho the democratic candidate was leading, and in Wyoming the democratic and progressive candidate.

New York, New Hampshire, Connecticut, Colorado and Ohio elected republicans to succeed democrats; Minnesota and Tennessee chose democrats to succeed republicans.

New York, Nov. 4.—The democratic party, through yesterday's elections, apparently retains control of both branches of congress, although gains made by the republicans in the lower house threaten to reduce the democratic majority to a minimum. This is the outstanding feature of yesterday's general election, aside from which the most significant development was the dwindling away of the strength of the progressive party. Returns from every section of the country indicate that the progressives, who cast a larger vote than the republicans in 1912, have been absorbed in large part by that party. In almost every case there was a decisive falling off in the progressive vote, with the conspicuous exception of California, which apparently has elected Hiram Johnson, its progressive governor.

Republican gains were made in every section of the country and leaders of that party asserted that the tariff issue has been instrumental in bringing about that result. Some of the more optimistic of the leaders asserted early today that there was a chance that the democratic majority in the house of representatives would be overturned but there appeared to be small prospect of such an outcome.

States Less Definite. The result of state elections was less definite. In a number of cases democratic administrations were returned, but these were offset by instances in which the reverse was the case. Republican leaders were elated, however, by the showing made in New York, where District Attorney Charles S. Whitman was elected to succeed Governor Glynn, the democratic incumbent, by what bid fair to be a record vote. As the late returns came in Mr. Whitman's plurality mounted steadily, and early today it was estimated that he would win by nearly 150,000. In Pennsylvania there was a huge increase in the republican vote.

Successful Democrats. Complete returns show the following democrats elected to the senate: Oscar W. Underwood, Alabama; Marcus A. Smith, Arizona; James P. Clarke, Arkansas; Duncan U. Fletcher, Florida; Hoke Smith (long term), Thomas W. Hardwick (term ends 1919), Georgia; J. C. W. Beckham (long term), Johnson N. Camden (term ends March 3, 1915), Kentucky; R. F. Broussard, Louisiana; William J. Stone, Missouri; Lee S. Overman, North Carolina; Thomas P. Gore, Oklahoma; Ellison B. Sath, South Carolina; John Walter Smith, Maryland. Incomplete returns indicate the elec-

President Well Pleased as are Also Republicans

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—President Wilson began receiving late election returns today before breakfast. His advisers expressed satisfaction over the results, contending that because of a collapse of the progressive vote, the election was a clear fight between the republicans and democrats, and that on the face of the returns the democrats retained control of the senate and house. A formal statement was promised. The general melting away of the progressive vote throughout the country was a source of jubilation to the republicans. The progressives lost nine of the nineteen seats which they held in the present house, and on the face of the early returns. These were gained by republicans, who also won back many "former rock ribbed" republican districts which fell to democrats in the 1912 landslide. Victories in these districts brought back "Uncle Joe" Cannon and several of his old associates in the house from Illinois. Former Representatives McKimley, Fuler, Rodenberg and Sterling will return to the places they occupied when "Uncle Joe" wielded the speaker's gavel.

CONGRESSMEN IN ILLINOIS NAMED

- Chicago, Nov. 4.—Elected to congress in Illinois: Dis. Name. Party.
- 1—Martin B. Madden (R)
- 2—James R. Mann (R)
- 3—W. W. Wilson (R)
- 4—Jas. T. McDermott (D)
- 5—Adolph J. Sabath (D)
- 6—James McAndrews (D)
- 7—Frank Buchanan (D)
- 8—Thos. Gallagher (D)
- 9—Fred A. Britten (R)
- 10—George E. Foss (R)
- 11—Ira C. Copley (P)
- 12—Charles E. Full (R)
- 13—John C. McKenzie (R)
- 14—Clyde H. Tavenner (D)
- 15—Edward J. King (R)
- 16—Claude U. Stone (D)
- 17—John A. Sterling (R)
- 18—Joseph G. Cannon (R)
- 19—Wm. B. McKinley (R)
- 20—Henry T. Rainey (D)
- 21—James M. Graham (D)
- 22—Wm. A. Rodenberg (R)
- 23—Martin D. Foster (D)
- 24—Thomas Williams (R)
- 25—E. E. Denison (R)

SUFFRAGE GETS SEVERE SETBACK

STATES VOTE AGAINST GRANTING BALLOT TO WOMEN; FEW OF THEM USE RIGHT.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Woman suffrage suffered a setback in the election yesterday, six states voting against granting the franchise to women and women candidates undergoing defeat at the polls. In Illinois where women gained the right to vote for all statutory offices only recently the number of votes cast by that sex fell off greatly.

Ohio, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska and Nevada voted against granting votes to women, most of them by large majorities. Lively campaigns had been made in all of these states by advocates of female suffrage. Headquarters of the Women's Equal Suffrage league had flooded the states in question with literature, pleading the cause, and speakers had stumped much of the territory involved. In Kansas, a woman ran for congress in the sixth district, and a lively campaign was conducted in her behalf, but the female progressive candidate, Mrs. Eva Morely Murphy, was defeated, running third. In Chicago, Miss Harriet Vittum and Miss Mary McDowell, heads of social settlements, ran for county commissioners but made a poor showing. The number of women who voted in Chicago was small compared with the two former occasions on which they were allowed to vote. The number of women politicians and poll workers was as large as heretofore, however, and an exhaustive campaign of incitement and education in voting was carried on for several weeks before the election.

GERMANS WIN NAVAL VICTORY

British Fleet Met Off the Coast of Chile By Enemy and Badly Defeated

TWO SHIPS BELIEVED SENT TO THE BOTTOM

Winners Do Not Lose a Man in Brilliant Action; to Interne the Losers

Valparaiso, Chile, Nov. 4.—The victory of the German fleet, under Admiral Von Spee, consisting of the armored cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau and the light cruisers Nürnberg, Leipzig and Bremen, over the British squadron, made up of the cruisers Monmouth, Goodhope and Glasgow and the transport Otranto, commanded by Rear Admiral Cradock, continues the sensation of the hour here.

The Germans were able to sink or scatter the British squadron with only minor damage to their own ships and a casualty list of only two wounded is a subject of wonder.

The Monmouth is known to have been lost with practically all of her crew, as a result of this first big naval fight of the war; the Goodhope was severely damaged and on fire when she escaped under cover of darkness and it is believed here that she went to the bottom while the Glasgow and the Otranto took refuge in a Chilean port.

The Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Nürnberg were still in the harbor early today, coaling and provisioning, in preparation for steaming away later in the day. It is supposed they will relieve the cruisers Leipzig and Bremen, which have the Glasgow and Otranto bottled up in the port of Talcahuano, eight miles northwest of Concepcion.

It would seem like madness for these British ships to leave this haven of refuge. It is likely that they will be dismantled and interned unless a superior British and Japanese fleet should make its appearance and so to their relief.

Admiral Von Spee, in his official report of the battle, which took place Sunday afternoon off the Chilean island of St. Maria, says the action lasted only an hour, being discontinued at nightfall when the British were forced to give way.

"The Goodhope," he says, "was then so badly damaged that she was unable to resist and could only make her escape protected by the darkness.

"The Monmouth, under identical conditions, tried to escape but was followed by a small cruiser and was sunk with a few shots. Owing to the hurricane that was blowing no boats could be lowered and consequently there was a terrible loss of life."

The German admiral in noting the escape of the Glasgow and the Otranto, says it was due to their speed and the darkness.

Details of the fight, picked up from informal conversations with German officers, who came ashore, from the warships show that the Germans, owing to the superior range of the guns on the cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau, opened fire when six miles away. As the ships closed and the range came down to a distance of four miles the British ships were able to reply but by that time they were already seriously damaged.

The Germans declare that the British fought heroically but that their artillery was ineffective against the superior weight of metal that the Germans were able to pour from the more modern guns of the armored cruisers. It is stated, however, that the light German cruisers pluckily closed in on the British and took part in the battle. One of them, it appears from the official report, gave the Monmouth her first blow, crippling and in flames, she tried to escape.

RUSSIAN WARSHIP SUNK BY TURKS

Amsterdam, Nov. 4.—The Vossische Zeitung publishes a dispatch from Sofia, saying that Turkish warships have sunk the Russian battleship Sinop.

The Russian battleship Sinop had an armament of six 12-inch, seven 6-inch guns and four 3-pounders. Her complement was 650 men. The dispatch from Amsterdam does not say when or where this naval encounter took place.

EMPEROR ESCAPES BRITISH BOMBS

London, Nov. 4.—Dispatches published in the Daily Mail give elaborate details of Emperor William's visit to the German headquarters at Thiel, near Courtrai, Belgium, Sunday. With a brilliant staff of officers he dined with the officials of the headquarters and then drove away for a destination not made public.

Soon after the emperor's departure, British airmen dropped bombs in the town, doing great damage to the town hall, the palace of justice and other buildings, and killing two German soldiers.

War Situation Briefly Related

Paris, Nov. 4.—The French war office gave out an official announcement as follows: "On our left wing, to the north, the situation shows no change as compared to yesterday. The enemy has drawn back on the right bank of the Yser. We have recaptured Lombaertzyde. The Germans occupy on the left bank of the Yser nothing more than the head of a bridge half way between Dixmude and Nieuport. They have abandoned, in addition to prisoners and wounded men, a considerable quantity of war material, including artillery, which were held immovable by the mud.

"Between Dixmude and the Lys the fighting has continued with alternate advances and withdrawals, but with the general result that the allied forces have made perceptible progress.

"Between the Lys and the region of Arras there has been cannonading and minor engagements. "Between the region of Arras and the Oise we have made an advance to the east of Le Quesnoy-en-Santerre as far as the heights of Parvillers.

"On the center, the German attack which developed on the right bank of the Aisne in the region of Valley and which resulted in our losing the first slopes to the north of Valley and to the north of Craonne, was not continued yesterday. A counter attack by our forces brought again into our possession a portion of the lost ground.

"A violent cannonading and spirited German attacks were repulsed on the heights of the Highway Des Dames and in the vicinity of Rheims. There has been no happening of importance between Rheims and the Meuse nor in the Woerwa districts.

"On our right wing, in Lorraine, there is nothing new to report.

"Russia—in East Prussia the Germans are taking up the defensive, and the Russians at certain points on the front are making progress. In Holland the Russian troops have occupied Szadek, Laak and Rosproza without serious resistance."

Berlin, Nov. 4.—An official communication was given out at German army headquarters today as follows: "Our attacks on Ypres, to the north of Arras, and to the east of Soissons, are progressing slowly but successfully.

"South of Verdun and in the Vosges, French attacks have been repulsed.

"In the eastern arena of the war there have been no material developments."

TURKISH WARSHIPS SUNK

Vessels Are Scuttled By The Crews When Attack by Anglo-French Fleet is Started.

Paris, Nov. 4.—The Echo de Paris publishes a dispatch from Bellegarde, on the Swiss frontier, saying that an Anglo-French fleet attacked the Turkish gunboat Dura and the steamer Kiroli at the entrance of the Gulf of Tchesme, near Smyrna in Asiatic Turkey. The Turks themselves sunk both vessels to prevent their falling into the hands of the enemy.

JAPS ATTACK TSING TAU

Artillery is Busily Engaged in Removing Enemy From the Trenches About The Fortress.

Tokio, Japan, Nov. 4.—A dispatch received from Tsi-Nan, in Shan Tung province, China, says the Japanese forces before Tsing-Tau, the fortified position of the German territory of Kiao-Chau, have destroyed twenty-six German guns and captured 800 prisoners.

The Japanese artillery is now attacking the German trenches and the wire entanglements before them.

COAST TOWN NOW CITY OF THE DEAD

London, Nov. 4.—Telegraphing from the north of France, the correspondent of the Chronicle says: "Nieuport, which suffered severely from bombardment by the allies and Germans and was lost and taken three times in one day, is now in ruins. It is occupied only by the dead, lying in unburied heaps.

DEMOCRAT HOPES IN IOWA BLASTED

Partial Returns Indicate Easy Victory for the Republican Ticket

CUMMINS' LEAD TO REACH 50,000 MARK

Connolly and Hamilton Will Not Concede Defeat on First Estimates

Des Moines, Nov. 4.—On incomplete returns from three-fourths of the counties of Iowa, the re-election of Senator Cummins by a plurality of between 25,000 and 30,000 is indicated, and the re-election of Governor Clarke is assured by 20,000 or more. They have carried the entire republican ticket to victory with them including a solid delegation in congress.

Less than 400 precincts out of a total of 2,297 in the state had reported today, but the scattered returns received were sufficient to indicate the vote. It was expected that a day or so would lapse before anything like definite figures on the senatorial contest would be available from many of the precincts of the state far remote from the usual facilities of communication.

Republican leaders claim that Cummins' majority would be nearer 50,000, when the final count was made, and the Senator himself shared this opinion. On the other hand, the democrat state headquarters had not conceded the defeat of Congressman Connolly early today.

The chairman of the committee declared that belated returns, especially from the eastern and southeastern sections of the state would put a different complexion on the situation.

Democrats also claimed the election of their candidate for congress from the second district and declared there was yet a chance of John T. Hamilton, their gubernatorial candidate, cutting down Governor Clarke's lead sufficiently to give him the election.

Return today made no change in the state and legislative tickets, the republicans apparently having won all the offices. Nothing like an estimate could be made on the supreme court, the candidates for which were non-partisan. In Polk county, Justices Ladd and Weaver, and Congressman Prouty, republican, were leading their opponents.

Lead Cut Down. Des Moines, Nov. 4.—Returns slowly coming in today tended to reduce the plurality of Senator Albert B. Cummins, republican, over Congressman Maurice Connolly, democrat, and Casper Schenk, progressive, in yesterday's election. Estimates this morning varied from 20,000 to 30,000 plurality for Cummins, but they were based on reports from about one-third of the total precincts in the state.

In the governorship race Clarke's plurality over Hamilton, democrat, and White, progressive, also had a tendency to fall, the latest figures indicating a republican plurality of from 7,000 to 12,000. No change appeared in any of the other contests.

Definite Figures. Des Moines, Nov. 4.—Returns from 752 precincts out of a total of 2,297 in the state and not including Polk county, at noon today gave Cummins for senator, 76,258; Connolly, democrat, 64,145. In 666 precincts, reports on governor, Clarke, republican, received 66,773, and Hamilton, democrat, 61,935.

Woods is Satisfied. Estherville, Nov. 4.—"Yesterday's election results were most satisfactory," said Congressman Frank P. Woods, chairman of the republican congressional committee, here today.

Democratic Majority in the Next Congress is Jeopardized

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—Although 85 congressional districts were still unheard from at noon today, democratic leader here were confident that the administration would retain control of congress, although the majority in the house might be cut from its present strength of 141 to as low as 25 or 30. After a conference of national democratic committee officials at the white house with President Wilson and Secretary Tumulty, it was estimated the democratic majority might possibly stand at 30.

The varying reports of the senate contests in Nevada, California, Kansas and Colorado gave no promise of reducing the democratic majority of ten. Reports to the national democratic committee were said to indicate election of James D. Phelan of California to succeed Senator Perkins, a republican, and the re-election of Senators Newlands and Thomas in Nevada and Colorado. In Kansas a close contest for the seat of Senator Bristow seemed to be between Representative Murdock, progressive, and former Senator Curtis, republican, leaving Representative Neeley, the democratic candidate, behind.

DEMOCRATIC ADMINISTRATION IN THE COUNTY OUSTED BY VOTERS

Republicans to Get Nearly All County Offices

Returns from twenty-three of the twenty-seven voting precincts in Wapello county show that the republicans have made a clean sweep with legislative and senatorial candidates.

W. T. Wilson, clerk of the district court and a candidate for re-election, on the face of the returns, is the only democrat who met with favor at the hands of the voters. The incomplete figures follow:

For U. S. Senator—Cummins (R), 3,183; Connolly (D), 2,679; Schenk (P), 142.

For Governor—Clarke (R), 2,532; Hamilton (D), 2,880; White (P), 130.

For Congress—Ramseyer (R), 2,968; Hamilton (D), 2,421; Rayner (P), 94.

For State Senator—Whitmore (R), 2,691; Webber (D), 2,388; Emery (P), 149.

For State Representatives—Freeman (R), 2,847; Bradley (D), 2,347; Burns (P), 116; Slaughter (R), 2,558; Mitchell (D), 2,370; Rapp (P), 110.

County Auditor—Bissell (R) 2,861; Reinhard (D), 2,626; Hammond (P), 94.

County Treasurer—Warren (R), 2,533; Glenn (D), 2,402; Baker (P) 102.

District Clerk—Hedrick (R), 2,293; Wilson (D), 2,542; Archer (P), 94.

Sheriff—Cremer (R), 3,018; Morrissey (D), 1,932; Wheeler (P), 181.

County Recorder—Stoltz (R), 3,120; Cawley (D), 1,851; Swenson (P), 63.

County Attorney—Daugherty (R), 2,799; Steek (D), 2,220; Hatchitt (P), 112.

Coroner Spilman (R), 2,595; Elerick (D), 1,764; Strickler (P), 78.

For Supervisor—Stodghill (R), 2,644; Cunningham (D), 1,993; Canfield (P), 261; Knox (R), 2,735; Patterson (D), 2,084; Dimmitt (P), 235.

PROHIBITION IS BEATEN AT POLLS

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Prohibition was defeated in four states yesterday, with both sides claiming victory in a fifth. California and Washington voted strongly against the ousting of saloons and alcoholic manufacture. Arizona also decided to remain wet. Colorado, the other western state voting on the subject, is claimed by both the anti-saloon league and those who favor saloons.

Ohio defeated a prohibition amendment also but in Illinois agents of the anti-saloon league asserted that they had gained a victory in electing a state legislature composed of a majority of prohibition advocates.

Center First. For U. S. Senator—Cummins (R), 236; Connolly (D) 298; Schenk (P) 10. For Governor—Clarke (R), 223; Hamilton (D), 310; White (P), 12. For Congress—Ramseyer (R), 250; Hamilton (D), 283; Rayner (P), 10. For State Senator—Whitmore (R), 205; Webber (D), 312; Emery (P), 16. For State Representatives—Freeman (R), 242; Bradley (D), 284; Burns (P), 11; Slaughter (R), 182; Mitchell (D), 292; Rapp (P), 14. County Auditor—Bissell (R), 230; Reinhard (D), 310; Hammond (P), 10.

Center Second. For U. S. Senator—Cummins (R), 319; Connolly (D), 278; Schenk (P), 10. For Governor—Clarke (R), 278; Hamilton (D), 321. For Congress—Ramseyer (R), 309; Hamilton (D), 286. For State Senator—Whitmore (R), 253; Webber (D), 324. For State Representatives—Freeman (R), 309; Bradley (D), 266; Slaughter (R), 255; Mitchell (D), 301. County Auditor—Bissell (R), 329; Reinhard (D), 275. County Treasurer—Warren (R), 388; Glenn (D), 321. District Clerk—Hedrick (R), 224; Wilson (D), 347. Sheriff—Cremer (R), 323; Morrissey (D), 270. County Recorder—Stoltz (R) 386; Cawley (D), 220. County Attorney—Daugherty (R), 323; Steek (D), 289. Coroner—Spilman (R), 367; Elerick (D), 238. For Supervisors—Stodghill (R), 319; Cunningham (D), 268; Knox (R), 298; Patterson (D), 282.

Center Third. For U. S. Senator—Cummins (R), 310; Connolly (D), 212; Schenk (P), 17. For Governor—Clarke (R), 288; Hamilton (D), 267; White (P), 15. For Congress—Ramseyer (R), 332; Hamilton (D), 205; Rayner (P), 13. For State Senator—Whitmore (R), 250; Webber (D), 122; Emery (P), 24. For State Representatives—Freeman (R), 307; Bradley (D), 197; Burns (P), 25; Slaughter (R), 249; Mitchell (D), 252; Rapp (P), 15. County Auditor—Bissell (R), 287; Reinhard (D), 269; Hammond (P), 15. County Treasurer—Warren (R), 225; Glenn (D), 305; Baker (P), 12. District Clerk—Hedrick (R), 235; Wilson (D), 233; Archer (P), 21. Sheriff—Cremer (R), 326; Morrissey (D), 154; Wheeler (P), 29. County Recorder—Stoltz (R), 395; Cawley (D), 153; Swenson (P), 5. County Attorney—Daugherty (R), 287; Steek (D), 246; Hatchitt (P), 9. Coroner—Spilman (R), 347. Elerick (D), 185; Strickler (P), 18. For Supervisor—Stodghill (R), 316; Cunningham (D), 198; Canfield (P), 24; Knox (R), 280; Patterson (D), 258; Dimmitt (P), 22.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

Republicans Come Close to Clean Sweep All Along the Whole Ballot

DISTRICT CLERK IS THE ONE EXCEPTION

Candidates for Congress and State Senate Are Also Elected

With the exception of but one office in the entire county list the republicans have made a clean sweep and January 1, 1915 will see many new faces in the court house. By pluralities that range from 100 to more than 1,200 the various republican candidates with the possible exception of Harry M. Hedrick for clerk, have won the day and a veritable landslide has carried away democratic control in the county after three successive terms in charge.

The victory of the republican ticket in Wapello county is decisive. From auditor to supervisor the democratic ticket with the exception of W. T. Wilson, clerk of the court, was covered by the avalanche of votes in Tuesday's election.

The returns thus far received tell the tale and it is not believed that those to be heard from will materially change the leads held by the various candidates.

John T. Hamilton, democrat candidate for governor, carried the county, but Senator Cummins and C. W. Ramseyer, C. W. Whitmore, M. A. Freeman and Dr. A. W. Slaughter have pluralities of 300 to 500 over their opponents.

Following are the first available returns from the various precincts in the county:

Present Judges Lead. Four out of the seven counties in the second judicial district exclusive of Wapello county, indicate the election of the three present judges and J. C. Calhoun of Van Buren county. Wapello county returns give the present judges a lead but also gives Cornell of this city a bigger vote than Calhoun. The counties not heard from are Lucas and Davis.

Center First. For U. S. Senator—Cummins (R), 236; Connolly (D) 298; Schenk (P) 10. For Governor—Clarke (R), 223; Hamilton (D), 310; White (P), 12. For Congress—Ramseyer (R), 250; Hamilton (D), 283; Rayner (P), 10. For State Senator—Whitmore (R), 205; Webber (D), 312; Emery (P), 16. For State Representatives—Freeman (R), 242; Bradley (D), 284; Burns (P), 11; Slaughter (R), 182; Mitchell (D), 292; Rapp (P), 14. County Auditor—Bissell (R), 230; Reinhard (D), 310; Hammond (P), 10.

Center Second. For U. S. Senator—Cummins (R), 319; Connolly (D), 278; Schenk (P), 10. For Governor—Clarke (R), 278; Hamilton (D), 321. For Congress—Ramseyer (R), 309; Hamilton (D), 286. For State Senator—Whitmore (R), 253; Webber (D), 324. For State Representatives—Freeman (R), 309; Bradley (D), 266; Slaughter (R), 255; Mitchell (D), 301. County Auditor—Bissell (R), 329; Reinhard (D), 275. County Treasurer—Warren (R), 388; Glenn (D), 321. District Clerk—Hedrick (R), 224; Wilson (D), 347. Sheriff—Cremer (R), 323; Morrissey (D), 270. County Recorder—Stoltz (R) 386; Cawley (D), 220. County Attorney—Daugherty (R), 323; Steek (D), 289. Coroner—Spilman (R), 367; Elerick (D), 238. For Supervisors—Stodghill (R), 319; Cunningham (D), 268; Knox (R), 298; Patterson (D), 282.

Center Third. For U. S. Senator—Cummins (R), 310; Connolly (D), 212; Schenk (P), 17. For Governor—Clarke (R), 288; Hamilton (D), 267; White (P), 15. For Congress—Ramseyer (R), 332; Hamilton (D), 205; Rayner (P), 13. For State Senator—Whitmore (R), 250; Webber (D), 122; Emery (P), 24. For State Representatives—Freeman (R), 307; Bradley (D), 197; Burns (P), 25; Slaughter (R), 249; Mitchell (D), 252; Rapp (P), 15. County Auditor—Bissell (R), 287; Reinhard (D), 269; Hammond (P), 15. County Treasurer—Warren (R), 225; Glenn (D), 305; Baker (P), 12. District Clerk—Hedrick (R), 235; Wilson (D), 233; Archer (P), 21. Sheriff—Cremer (R), 326; Morrissey (D), 154; Wheeler (P), 29. County Recorder—Stoltz (R), 395; Cawley (D), 153; Swenson (P), 5. County Attorney—Daugherty (R), 287; Steek (D), 246; Hatchitt (P), 9. Coroner—Spilman (R), 347. Elerick (D), 185; Strickler (P), 18. For Supervisor—Stodghill (R), 316; Cunningham (D), 198; Canfield (P), 24; Knox (R), 280; Patterson (D), 258; Dimmitt (P), 22.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We have won a great victory," said Postmaster General Burleson after a conference with President Wilson and other democratic leaders, during which the returns were tabulated. He claimed the democrats would control the next house by a majority of between 29 and 45.

"We