

## MEXICO THINKS PERSHING WILL WITHDRAW MEN

Washington Denies That Any Change in Plan Has Been Made

## TROOPS TO STICK AT PRESENT CAMP

Funston Relieved of Chief Command; Border Made Into Three Divisions

Washington, July 3.—Retirement of Gen. Pershing's expedition to the bases now occupied probably 100 miles closer to the border, was declared at the war department today to be due to military reasons alone. At the state department today it was said there had been no change in policy regarding the expedition, although private Mexico City advices assert that Carranza officials construe the movement as an indication that the expedition soon will be withdrawn.

Army officers explain that the problem of supplying the expedition has become more and more difficult. The country about Gen. Pershing's camp has been stripped of the last vestige of forage for his animals. The war department is without direct information as to the present disposition of the expeditionary forces, the matter having been arranged by Generals Funston and Pershing.

**BORDER COMMAND DIVIDED.** Washington, D. C., July 3.—A division of authority among military commanders along the Mexican border, announced today by the war department, reduces the jurisdiction of the southern department, commanded by Maj. Gen. Funston, to the Texas line from the coast to El Paso, creates a new department of Mexico, commanded by Brig. Gen. Pershing, and adds the Arizona border to the western department, under Maj. Gen. Bell.

Heretofore, the southern department has embraced the entire border from the gulf coast to the California state line and Gen. Pershing's expedition in Mexico has been directly under command of Gen. Funston. These changes, announced by the war department publicity bureau without explanation, are believed to be preparatory to the appointment of a major general to assume supreme command of the forces on the border and in Mexico.

**FUNSTON SUGGESTS PLAN.** San Antonio, Tex., July 3.—The division of authority along the Mexican border was recommended to the war department two weeks ago by Gen. Funston. He suggested to the department that if general field operations in Mexico were undertaken, greater efficiency would be displayed by the American army if three major generals were placed in command.

In his recommendations, Gen. Funston suggested that his own command be reduced to a line extending from the gulf to a point a short distance east of El Paso, leaving El Paso in the district that has been placed in charge of Gen. Pershing. Official notification of the department's action had not been communicated to Gen. Funston when the news came in press dispatches which indicated that El Paso had been left in his command.

**MANY GUARDS AT BORDER.** Washington, D. C., July 3.—At least 30,000 national guardsmen probably will be on duty at the Mexican border within the next two or three days. Soon after arrival, each regiment of infantry or cavalry will be furnished with automatic machine guns of a new type ordered recently for immediate delivery. As an experiment, the guns will be carried in automobiles instead of on the backs of pack mules and five chauffeurs will be required in each regiment to operate the cars.

Officials here today were only mildly interested in reports of the latest bandit chase into Mexican territory by two troops of the eighth cavalry under Capt. Leroy Eltinge. The party spent yesterday in a vain search south of the Rio Grande for ten bandits who drove off three horses from a ranch fifty-four miles southeast of El Paso.

**STILL MOVING TROOPS.** New York, July 3.—While Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood says that militia movement from the department of the east toward the border has passed its climax, he estimates that 10,000 more troops will leave their home mobilization camps this week. Nine states out of twenty-two under Gen. Wood's command have sent national guard units southward.

**REFUGEES NEAR SAFETY.** San Diego, Cal., July 3.—The U. S. army transport Buffalo, with more than 300 American refugees aboard from west Mexican ports, was reported by radio early today near San Diego and was expected to dock before night. The Buffalo's last port of call was Mazatlan.

## IOWA GUARDS CAN EVACUATE CAMP ON SHORT NOTICE

EVERYTHING IN READINESS AT MOBILIZATION CENTER FOR QUICK MOVEMENT.

Camp Dodge, Des Moines, July 3.—The beginning of the third week under arms of the Iowa national guard found the guardsmen ready to move to the Mexican border within three hours after the order had been received, according to a statement today by Gen. Hubert A. Allen, commanding. "The work of mustering and medical examinations of the men, save the cavalry, is completed," he said. "Should the order be received from the president today this camp could be evacuated and everything made ready for departure in three hours. The work of mustering in the cavalry will be rushed so that the delay in entraining should be very short."

The movement of troops when the orders finally come continued to be shrouded in mystery by orders of the war department, but it was learned from representatives of several railroads that cars were being held available for an immediate entrainment. It was pointed out that if the order was not urgent the guardsmen would wait a short time for the arrival of tourist sleepers. If urgent, they will be moved in day coaches.

With the work of organization completed, army officers today concentrated plans for getting the troops out of the camp immediately upon receipt of the order. A plan was discussed to march the guardsmen twelve miles to Des Moines, or some other nearby point and ship them from there. The single track interurban railway facilities, it was pointed out, would delay entraining and by the time the order arrived the men would be in shape to make the twelve mile hike easily.

## ARMY ON BORDER GETTING LARGER

SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND MEN EN-CAMPED ALONG LINE AND MORE ON WAY.

San Antonio, Tex., July 3.—Gen. Funston and his staff today studied station maps that showed an army along the border line of more than 65,000. Troop trains were reported steadily moving from the north and east, while scores of freight trains bearing supplies and equipment were nearing depots designated by the quartermaster's department.

The guardsmen camp here was not increased today but reports of the arrival of more men at other points were received. Additional Missouri troops reached Laredo and the first Illinois cavalry was due at Brownsville some time before night. The second Kansas reached Eagle Pass and the Massachusetts field artillery went into camp at El Paso.

Two sections of the New York cavalry passed and the fourth New York infantry passed through Denison, Tex. en route to Brownsville. The first Wisconsin troops are expected here tomorrow and will go into camp near the Illinois regiments.

## GUARDSMEN BEING DRILLED FOR DUTY

NEW SOLDIERS AT THE BORDER "SOFT" BUT WORK OF HARDENING THEM IS ON.

San Antonio, Tex., July 3.—Commanding officers of national guardsmen already at border stations today began whipping their men into shape for hard service. Col. Sanborn of the First Illinois at Ft. Sam Houston began drilling his men and it was expected that in another day or two every member of the first brigade of the Illinois troops now in camp here would be doing long hours of routine drill.

Realizing the danger of overworking the men in the blazing heat, army officers will not crowd them. A great many of them are "soft" and unaccustomed to the climate.

Troop trains during the latter part of the night and early this morning were met by detachments of boy scouts working under the direction of local organizations of women and the Red Cross.

The medical department has been instructed to see to it that all citizens soldiers are given without delay the immunizing typhoid serum. Every precaution will be taken to prevent the outbreak of contagious disease.

## BIG OFFENSIVE GAINS GROUND

Britons and French Still Hammering Away at German Defenses

## PROGRESS IS SLOW BUT SATISFACTORY

Teutons Rush Reserves Into Section Where Advance Threatens the Most

London, July 3.—The surrender of the remnant of the German garrison in La Boisselle was officially announced this afternoon.

Berlin, July 3.—The Russians have launched an attack against the army of Prince Leopold on the central section of the eastern front. Today's official report says the Russians succeeded in advancing at one point but otherwise were forced to retreat with heavy losses.

British Headquarters in France, July 3.—A further advance has been made by the British forces to the east of the Ancre river. To the north of the town of Aricourt the British have pushed forward and have gained ground at a higher elevation.

Fighting continues intense on virtually the whole British front. Above the Ancre there has been no important change. The British have heavily bombarded Thiepval.

At La Boisselle severe fighting is proceeding. North of Fricourt the British have pushed their positions forward to higher ground.

A heavy shelling of Montauban by the Germans continues. The British appear to be well established in the town. The number of German prisoners taken in the south so far exceeds 4,000. Weather continues favorable.

## RESULTS SATISFY ALLIES.

Paris, July 3.—"General results excellent," is the verdict of the Parisian press on the achievements of the second day of the great Franco-British offensive. All the newspapers assert that what has been accomplished is rather substantial than sensational. They say the mistake made in the Champagne battle will not be repeated, that men can not fight materially until the ground has been prepared by artillery. No section of the Franco-British forces was advanced beyond the line assigned to it, they say, however tempting might have appeared the chance of smashing further lines.

The story of an artillery corporal who was wounded while in an observation post at Marcourt is cited to show that this method is sound. The corporal said: "I was able to see for myself that our losses were quite small and I am certain that our means of action will enable us to forge ahead without much wastage of men. This is due to the prodigious accumulation of munitions of all sorts made by the allies along the whole northern front."

"I witnessed the first bombardment of the German trenches and works. The effects were terrifying. It is not possible that any work of defense, however strong and ingenious, can resist such an avalanche of fire and steel."

"The German reply is no less terrible and the most stubborn resistance must be counted on, for the enemy may be short of men but certainly does not lack munitions. Yet he offered feeble resistance to our first shelling. His guns barely fired one shot for ten from the allies."

A wounded British captain said that what most impressed him was the admirable co-ordination of the French and British troops.

## WAR SUMMARY.

Gains for the allies are reported on the three principal fronts, the French-British, the Russian and the Italian, by the latest news.

Notwithstanding the great offensive against them in the Somme river district the Germans continue assaults on Verdun. Berlin claims that the French attacks on the famous to the east front were repulsed but Paris official reports say this strategic position has been recaptured by the French forces.

Berlin admits that a German division was withdrawn from the Somme sector and that the allies were able to advance.

In connection with the gigantic battles on the ground, air fights have been numerous, Berlin claiming to have brought down fifteen machines of the allies.

In Galicia, west of Kolomes, the Russians have taken by storm a number of Austrian positions and captured...

## WORLD'S RICHEST WOMAN IS DEAD

HETTY GREEN PASSES AWAY AFTER ILLNESS LASTING SEVERAL MONTHS.

New York, July 3.—Mrs. Hetty Green, 80 years old, known as the world's wealthiest woman, died here today. She had suffered three strokes of paralysis during the past two months and for several weeks had been practically helpless.

Her death occurred at 8:05 o'clock at the home of her son, Col. Edward H. R. Green, at No. 5 West Ninetieth street, adjoining the plain brick four-story house at No. 7 on the corner of Central park west, where Mrs. Green had lived lately in seclusion, except for her son and several Japanese servants and trained nurses.

For several weeks past Mrs. Green had been unable to walk and had spent practically all of her time in a wheel chair. The nurses occasionally lifted her into her automobile, where, propped up by pillows and protected by furs, she enjoyed a few afternoons in the park. Most of the time, however, she sat in the wheel chair at one of the front windows on the parlor floor of her house and gazed out over the park, motionless for hours at a time.

Her son, Cool Green, and her daughter, Mrs. Matthews Astor Wilks, who were the only children, had been with her much of the time and it was recently reported that Mrs. Green had turned over all of her financial affairs to her son's charge.

**Fortune is Large.** Wall street's estimates of Mrs. Green's fortune range from \$20,000,000 to \$100,000,000. Officials of the Chemical National bank, which Mrs. Green once made her downtown headquarters, declined to guess the size of her estate. Until a few years ago, Mrs. Green's familiar figure in the financial district but of late her appearance there had been infrequent. It is believed a considerable part of her money was invested in first mortgage and high class railway bonds, although she was said at one time to have large sums invested in shares of the smaller southern and southwestern railways, including several in which her son was actively interested.

Mrs. Green was also the reputed owner of large tracts of land in Texas, Alabama and other southern states but it is thought that she sold the last of these holdings a few years ago.

## SOCIALISTS WANT TROOPS RECALLED

New York, July 3.—A protest, demanding that all American troops be withdrawn from Mexico, was sent to President Wilson today by the national executive committee of the socialist labor party. It was framed yesterday at the semi-annual meeting of the party, at which an anti-militarist movement was launched.

## IOWAN TO BE REELECTED.

Dubuque, July 3.—Fred C. Robinson, grand secretary and Rev. John Dysart, grand chaplain of the Elks, left today for Baltimore to attend the sixty-second annual convention of the order. Robinson will be reelected grand secretary for the twelfth consecutive time, as he has no opposition.

## CARRIZAL SURVIVOR HELD

Corporal From Command Which Was Cut Up By Mexicans, Reaches Border Town of Juarez.

El Paso, Tex., July 3.—Corporal Frank Cooke of the Tenth cavalry, survivor of Carrizal, who was brought to Juarez yesterday, was turned over to the American military authorities at 11:35 a. m. today.

El Paso, Tex., July 3.—Corporal F. X. Cooke, the twenty-fifth survivor of Carrizal to be taken captive by Mexicans, was being held in custody today in Juarez. Gen. Francisco Gonzalez, Mexican commander, announced however that he expected to receive authorization from Gen. Jacinto Trevino today to turn Cooke over to the American authorities here.

Cooke's story of being fed and cared for by friendly Mexicans aroused hope here that others of the fourteen command members of the tenth cavalry captured near Villa Ahumada.

Score of troop trains carrying the national guard to border points continued to pass through El Paso during the night and early today, most of them being bound for unannounced points west along the frontier.

Reports that an American border guard at Sierra Blanc, ninety-two miles east of here, had been killed last night by firing from the Mexican side, were declared unfounded today.

## TODAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE—Resumed debate on agricultural appropriation bill. Porto Rican self government bill favorably reported.

HOUSE—Not in session. Meets Wednesday.

## TRAIN HITS CAR KILLING WOMAN

Stockport and Fairfield Families Victims When Crossing Railroad

## MRS. DUDGEON KILLED AND FIVE INJURED

Accident Occurs Mile East of Farson; Party Brought to Ottumwa Hospital

Mrs. Manford Dudgeon of Stockport was killed, her husband and son Carl injured, and their friends, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Frazey and son Ellis of Fairfield, injured also when the auto in which they were riding was struck by Milwaukee passenger train No. 3 Sunday morning about 10 o'clock.

The accident occurred on the road crossing at the Clyde Dickey farm, one mile east of Farson. The exact cause of the accident will be a matter of conjecture according to the doctors who in conversation at the Ottumwa hospital following the bringing of the injured to Ottumwa, held that persons suffering concussion as did all of those in the ill-fated auto, are unable to tell accurately what happened five minutes before suffering the injury. The auto approached the track on the fireman side and he was putting in a fire at the time and neither he nor the engineer saw the party until they were on the track.

**Planned Visit in Hedrick.** The tragic event of Sunday morning proved the sad ending of a pleasure trip by the two families who were enroute in the Dudgeon car to Hedrick where they were going to spend the day at the home of a brother of Mr. Dudgeon. The road crossing is said by residents of the vicinity to be of a diagonal type and the view to a great extent obstructed, making it unsafe unless one use considerable care or stop, look and listen before going over it. This probably accounts for the accident, both driver of the car and the engineer being unable to see each other until too late.

**Injured Brought Here.** The train came to a stop as soon as possible and the ill-fated autoists were brought to Ottumwa, the injured being removed to the Ottumwa hospital where all were found to have more or less concussion and bruises, cuts and general shock. Mrs. E. D. Davis, who was on her way to church at Farson, being delayed at the crossing by the train, when she learned the cause, immediately volunteered to come with the injured and was joined by Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Stone of the Farson Baptist church. Dr. Henry of Farson also accompanied the stricken party to Ottumwa. When the junction party reached the ambulances and autos with doctors were on hand to take care of the victims of the accident. A. J. Burnaugh, 156 North Davis street, brother of Mrs. Dudgeon, and Mr. and Mrs. Tom Riffles of Agency, sister and brother-in-law of the woman who was killed, were at the hospital upon the arrival of the injured party. The latter drove up from Agency as soon as they were informed of the trouble. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Broadfield of north of Ottumwa were also present at the hospital when the injured victims arrived. Mrs. Broadfield is a sister of Mrs. Dudgeon.

**Injuries are Not Grave.** All of the injured were given immediate treatment, as all suffered considerable shock and some suffered concussion in varying extent. Mr. Dudgeon, who drove the ill-fated car, was among the more seriously injured although the physicians believe that all will recover and upon getting over the shock will be found to have not been dangerously injured. The only broken bones suffered was that of Mr. Dudgeon, who had his nose broken, cuts on his face and bruises on head and body. He was quite delirious for a time after being brought to the hospital.

Carl Dudgeon, the 14 year old son of the woman who was killed, was bruised, was cut on one arm and suffered some concussion.

Mr. Frazey was not seriously hurt, having a cut over one eye and suffered shock.

Mrs. Frazey, who has a weak heart, puzzled the doctors for a time as to the extent of her injury but examination revealed a bruised shoulder.

Ellis Frazey, aged 14, suffered chiefly from concussion perhaps to a greater extent than any of the others.

The condition of the various sufferers was reported practically unchanged at the hospital today. The victims, while painfully hurt, are not considered seriously injured and all are expected to recover.

**No Shock in Train.** Passengers in the Pullman at the rear of the train did not feel the shock of the collision and the first information they had that an accident had occurred was when train employees rushed through the car after the train had stopped and began to back up. One woman, looking out of the window was horrified to see a bloody, dazed looking man arise from

## MARINE KILLED IN BATTLE WITH DOMINGO REBELS

ADMIRAL CAPERTON REPORTS TWO ENCOUNTERS IN THE STRIFE-TORN ISLAND.

Washington, D. C., July 3.—Two encounters near Santiago, Santo Domingo, July 1 between American marines and revolutionist bands, in which one marine, Private Mills of the Thirty-first company, was killed and three wounded, were reported to the navy department today by Rear Admiral Caperton.

Private Mills was killed in a fight between marines commanded by Col. Pendleton and 100 revolutionists at a village named Old Caminoreal, while the Americans were advancing upon Santiago from Monte Christi.

A marine detachment advancing from another point clashed with a group of revolutionists twenty-five miles from Santiago. Lieut. D. B. Roben and Trumpeter Julius Goldsmith were slightly wounded and First Sergeant Fernando Barried was seriously wounded in the leg.

## EDUCATORS MEET IN BIG CONVENTION

New York, July 3.—Several thousand educators from all over the United States are here today to attend the convention of the National Educational association.

Dr. David Starr Jordan, vice president of the national association, will call the first general session to order this afternoon.

Means of eliminating adult illiteracy, the country school problems and public health will be the subjects for discussion in tonight's general session.

The convention will end next Saturday.

## SOCIETY JEWELER COMMITS SUICIDE

Chicago, July 3.—John S. Townsend, twenty-five years ago known as the "society jeweler," is dead, having shot himself through the head yesterday afternoon in the rear of his little store on Wabash avenue, which had been a Chicago landmark for many years.

Mr. Townsend opened the store in a little shanty forty years ago and prospered. He soon moved to the present site, where he executed commissions for many of the wealthiest people in town. As the years passed, however, the best residential district gradually moved away. Townsend, for sentimental reasons, did not move. Meantime, his business fell off.

Yesterday he went to the premises to turn them over to new owners. He admitted them to the store and stood for a moment looking about the former scene of his prosperity. Then he went to a rear room and killed himself.

**Help Reaches Them.** H. A. Brown, S. C. Turner and Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Howells, were in the car shortly after the Fiedler-Colbert party and were almost immediately on the scene after the accident. The fatality occurred near the Warren Botaw farm and he together with Roy Shamburger and H. S. McClain, farmers in that vicinity, were soon there to give assistance to the party too.

The injured were taken to the Botaw home and later brought to Ottumwa where they are resting fairly easy this afternoon although all are still suffering greatly from the nervous shock. Mrs. Fiedler's body was brought home this morning too. Her two sons, whom she visited in Des Moines, the daughter and another son together with her husband survive. Jesse Young, another member of the company, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Young and he and the Fiedler boys are at home.

**Tells of Accident.** Mr. Brown, who in company with S. C. Turner and Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Howells, (Continued on Page 5.)

## MOTHER'S DEATH MARS AUTO TRIP TO BOYS IN CAMP

Mrs. S. R. Fiedler Killed as Car Turns Turtle and Falls Into Ditch

## OTHER MEMBERS OF PARTY ARE INJURED

Miss Adeline Colbert Has Collar Bone Broken; on Way Home From Camp

When arrangements were being made last week by car owners to take parents and relatives of Company O's troops to Camp Dodge Sunday for a visit, no one was happier over the prospect than Mrs. S. R. Fiedler, 500 Minnesota street.

She had two boys in the company, Sergeant Clarence Fiedler and Corporal Oliver Fiedler. All week she anticipated the trip. Early Sunday morning she, her husband and daughter and several friends were off. All day long, no matter how hot and dusty it was, the mother was with her kids who had gone to fight for their country. She hated so to leave them that the party remained at the camp until late at night.

Hurrying along a perfect stretch of road two miles west of Fremont, just as dawn was breaking this morning, the car left its course and turned over at the bottom of a ditch. When they lifted the weight the mother's spirit had taken its flight and she worried no more for the safety of her brave soldier laddies.

**Car Was Filled.** Beside Mr. and Mrs. Fiedler and their daughter, Miss Irene, in the car there were Mrs. Edna Colbert, her two daughters, Misses Mary and Adeline Colbert, Ed Chester avenue and Mr. and Mrs. Anderson Young, who live near Eldon and are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Elmer Leonard, 714 Richmond avenue.

Mrs. Fiedler's death was almost instantaneous. Her neck was broken and she was injured internally. Miss Adeline Colbert suffers from a broken collar bone, Mrs. Young's right shoulder is badly twisted and all of the party are seriously bruised but are not thought to have any internal injuries. The accident occurred about two miles west of Fremont. The car is supposed to have skidded and turned turtle going into the small ditch which the culvert bridge spans there. It turned over and half way around in the opposite direction from which it had been driven. Miss Mary Colbert was driving the machine which was a seven passenger car.

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## CENSORING TROOP MOVEMENTS HARD

ARMY OFFICERS NOT DISPOSED TO ATTEMPT COMPLETE SUPPRESSION OF NEWS.

Washington, D. C., July 3.—Army officers were puzzled today deciding how stringently they shall attempt to enforce censorship on troop movements and location at the border. They had before them copies of newspapers from over the country publishing stories from special correspondents with local national guard units. In most cases the correspondents specified the destination of their troops.

The war department has objected to the publication of this information, yet officers admit privately that under present circumstances they do not blame the newspapers. They point out that the Mexican government has not sufficient agents in the United States to gather these reports published in such scattered localities and to construct from them a comprehensive schedule showing strength of troops at various points along the border.

Officially the destination of all national guard units is supposed to be a military secret. Officials thought it improbable that any step would be taken at this time toward more complete censorship. They will rely on newspapers not to publish false shifting of forces from one point to another on the border.

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