Chocolate Almonds

Break sweet chocolate into pieces and melt in a double boiler. Shell and blanch the almonds and roast in the oven. Then dip the almonds into the melted chocolate and drop on buttered paper. If the chocolate is too thick, add a few drops of hot water.

To obtain results, advertise through the classified columns of The Courier.

Wanted

TEACHERS WANTED FOR NOS. one, two and three, Cass township, nine months school to each district. All applications to be in by July 22. Geo. Bowen, Secretary, Chillicothe, Iowa, R. R. No. 1.

WANTED — LIVE, ENERGETIC agents can make big money handling fast selling specialty for office and home. Particulars free. F. S. Wilder, 1029 N. Main St., Savanna, Ill.

WANTED — YOUR OLD CARPETS to make into rugs, beautiful and durable rugs from old carpet at reasonable prices. Write for descriptive catalogue. Bloomfield Rug Works Bloomfield, Iowa.

For Sale

FOR SALE — EXPRESS and Transfer Line with a good, steady patronage. Office in good location. Four horses, wagons and harness. All in best of shape. Other business is my reason for selling. Address J-17-E, care Courier

Poultry and Live Stock

INVESTMENT WANTED. PARTY willing to invest $1,000 in a clean, growing manufacturing business which is to pay 12 per cent dividend annually. Also salary $100 a month and commission if services are rendered. If interested write the National Stove Mfg. Co., Station B, Kansas City, Mo. Don't miss this opportunity.

Poultry and Live Stock

THE SHETLAND PONY Stallion, Comet C, for the season at George R. Giltner's, four miles east of Ottumwa. Service fee, $10.

Miscellaneous

FARMERS ARE INVITED TO DRIVE their cars into my new garage just completed at 323 West Second between Marion and Wapello streets. Lots of room, modern conveniences. An office for you to use. A rest room for the wives and children. Charges very reasonable. John Carrow's Garage.

CANDIDATES ARE ALL MAKING TALKS

Paris, Mo., July 17.—The Monroe county candidates began their campaign at Paris with speaking. Those in the race for sheriff are:

Ralph W. Nolen, R V. Delaney, A. B Grimes and A. L. Alexander.

Representative—James R. Chowning.

Prosecuting attorney—Roy B. Merinther, W. W. Crockett and William W. Barnes.

Assessor—C. Dana Ragesdale, John T. Glascock and Omar Hendricks.

Treasurer—W. M. Meteer and A. S. Woodson, judge of western district; E. M. Lipp and J. D. Pryor, judge eastern district; M. Grigsby and A. G. Dooley.

Public administrator—P. G. Marr, Missouri, candidate for congressman this district, also spoke to the large crowds that were present.

Twenty-Five Years Ago

— From The Courier Files —

July 15—

The Rock Island took out a train of ten coaches on the Nauvoo and Bluff Park excursion today. Two hundred and thirty-eight tickets were sold from here and it is safe to conclude that as many more will be sold at intermediate points. The condition of the weather is propitious to a good time and everyone will enjoy the trip. The excursionists are expected home about 9 o'clock tonight.

Harry Leisenring and wife are guests at the home of W. E. Tomlinson on Ash street.

July 16—

Henry Phillips left last night for Chicago as a member of the coal palace committee who will talk to the Western Passenger association today about rates.

J. W. Jordan, C. O. Taylor and Daniel Morey left last night for Yellowstone Park and other western points. They will be absent a month or more.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Garner and son Lawrence will return tonight from New York, where they have been making a two weeks' visit.

J. W. Edgerly returned last night from northern New York, where he and his daughter Adine went some two weeks ago to visit relatives. Miss Edgerly will remain in New York some time.

July 17—

The walk in front of the grand union depot, now occupied by the Milwaukee, Wabash and Central has been repaired by the lavish expenditure necessary to lay eight planks. The wind, however, still whistles through the roof and accident policies are still sold passengers.

Workmen are engaged in sodding the beautiful park by the Coal Palace and shaping things up generally. When completed the park will be a perfect beauty.

Capt. C. P. Brown, president of the Ottumwa Savings bank, returned last night from Colorado Springs where he has been for the past two weeks.

July 18—

Some would-be burglar concluded to make a raid last night and very properly began on a doctor's office in order that he might tone his system up a little. Armed with a new hatchet he entered Dr. A. O. Williams' office and pried open the door of his sideboard. The doors open, an array of bottles filled with tempting fluids met his view. He could resist no longer. There was one of amber hue. The cork was drawn, and the bottle inverted over his lips. But alas! he was mistaken—it was nuxvomica. One dose was enough and leaving the bottle uncorked, the sideboard open and the hatchet on the sofa he fled to come no more. Today Dr. Williams is ahead one new hatchet.

Several crooks were run in today for safe keeping.

July 20—

Chris Haw arrived home yesterday morning from his European trip looking stronger, healthier, happier. He was gone nearly two and a half months and visited eight European countries. He says that during the entire trip they had but two bad days. After seeing the countries of the old world in all their splendor Mr. Haw avers that we live in the best country in the world.

Frank von Schrader, cashier of the Ottumwa Savings bank, leaves tonight for a short vacation. He goes from here to Chicago, thence to Milwaukee and from there to the lakes.

The wheelmen to the number of thirteen made a run to Eldon yesterday, leaving at 8 a. m., taking dinner at Eldon and returning home about 5 p. m. The next run is to Hedrick and the club is talking of a picnic in the near future. A good idea.

July 21—

It has gone abroad that the Coal Palace is to be the "greatest in the west." Are you aiding to make it the "crowning glory of 1891?" The directors need money and you should be ready to come up to their help when called upon. The directors will do their duty but do not propose to become personally liable for money to enhance the business and property for all.

Bumpus Jones led the Ottumwa team to victory over Davenport again yesterday.

BUT LITTLE KNOWN HERE OF MEXICO

FORMER OTTUMWAN WRITES OF CONDITIONS PREVAILING IN HUNT FOR VILLA.

NEWS SUPPRESSED

Reports Restricted To Prevent Break With Carranza, Says Byron Utecht In Letter To Wife's Mother.

The following interesting account of conditions that have prevailed in Mexico since the punitive expedition under Gen. J. J. Pershing was sent out from Columbus, N. M., is taken from a recent issue of the Cedar Falls Gazette. It is a letter from Byron Utecht, a former Ottumwan, who has been doing newspaper work in Texas for several years, to his mother-in-law who resides in Cedar Falls.

Cedar Falls, July 7. —That the people of the north do not realize or know the real situation in Mexico due to military censorship of stories sent out, is declared by B. C. Utecht of Fort Worth, Tex., in a letter to Mrs. J. D. Brodie of this city.

Utecht is a newspaperman, at present Mexican correspondent for a Dallas newspaper and several others.

He has been with both Villa and Carranza armies during the last two years and has interviewed both the bandit leader and the Mexican first chief at various times. He was present at the uprising at Vera Cruz and at present is with the American punitive expedition into Mexico.

Utecht declares that the Carranza soldiers have never, at any time, cooperated with American troops, but on the contrary, have time and time again treacherously attacked them, many times that never have been publicly reported. That the recent Carrizal battle was the fifth attack of note upon American soldiers in Mexico is averred by Utecht.

"The betrayal and massacre of American troops at Carrizal by Carranzista soldiers is but the last of a long series of treacherous acts on the part of Mexican forces," says Utecht, "and four times before Carranza's men—not bandits—attacked bodies of the American expeditionary force. The other attacks were at Cusihuirachic, Chihuahua, Parral and Satevo. At the time these fights occurred it was thought necessary by General Pershing to restrict reports of the betrayals in order to cause no break with Carranza. The United States and the de facto government were then supposed to be allies in the pursuit of Villa and bandits, but the allies never gave any cooperation, active or passive.

The public may be somewhat familiar with the Parral incident of April 12, when 160 cavalrymen, under Major Tompkins, were invited and escorted into the town by the civil and military authorities and then attacked in the streets. Tompkins had halted several miles from the city and had no intention of entering, but a Carranza officer came up and told him he and the troops would be welcome. Why shouldn't they be welcome? They were allies and the Americans were hunting the worst enemy of Carranza.

"The president and his officers received Major Tompkins cordially and there was nothing to indicate that they were hostile. There were Carranza troops all around the little American force which was expecting assistance ,not attack.

"But after the Americans were at the plaza for less than half an hour the Mexicans opened fire on the troops. Our soldiers did not reply. Major Tompkins wished to avoid battle with the allies. So he ordered the men to leave town, stick together and not fire.

"The Mexicans mistook this for retreat and defeat, so they became more violent in their attack and bullets became thicker. Three American soldiers fell and two of them were killed. One died three weeks later. Six others were wounded.

"It was only after this that the Americans returned the fire and then only to cover their retreat. Had Major Tomjkins so ordered they probably would have caused great havoc in the ranks of the enemy, the friendly Carranzistas who perhaps thought it a fine practical joke to play on the gringoes. During the march of eighteen miles to camp the Mexicans continued the attack. Only six of their number were killed.

"The Mexican authorities afterward declared that the Americans forced their way into the town without notice, that they had been warned to keep away, and that it was the Americans who began the attack. Mexican officials also declared that after the Americans opened fire the Mexican populace, not the soldiers, drove back the Tompkins force.

"Peons, women and children, weak from hunger and stirred by the sight of the pale-faced 'gringo' capturing their town, defeated the Americans, according to Parral and Chihuahua newspapers. But the Americans say the pacificos were not hostile and attempted no violence. Only the allies, the Carranza soldiers, were involved. And to further show their friendship and appreciation of our assistance to rid the country of Villa, they shouted "To hell with the Americans,' 'Kill the gringoes,' 'Drive them back to the Rio Grande.'

"The Parral and Carrizal incidents are almost identical. At the latter place General Gomez invited the Americans for a conference. There was no show of hostility, and then when the Americans were trapped they were attacked by a superior force.

"The public probably has read only a line or two of the attack of the Carranzistas against the 'flying squadron' of General Pershing, at the head of which rode the general himself. This was just two days before the encounter at Parral. Our automobile column was hurrying through a rough mountainous country to reach Satevo, but luck was against us. Our guides, all natives, lost us several times, and darkness found us thirty miles from the Satevo base.

We discarded our guides, relied on our own scouts, and got along better. About 8 p. m. we ran into a Carranza camp commanded by General Hernandez. The Mexican soldiers and their 'soldaros' were just cooking 'cenna' and kept aloof from us until we offered cigarettes and matches. They were friendly as long as these held out.

"A half hour after we left the Carranza camp we were attacked. The night was dark, and we could only see the flashes of the enemy's guns. But there were no bandits in that vicinity. And only thirty minuutes before we had left a Carranza camp whose troops were well armed and mounted. They sized us up, saw we had only thirty soldiers, and the deduction is simple. Three hundred shots were exchanged.

"The Americans got under their autos and trucks and fired from these excellent barricades, and the Carranzistas were forced to retreat. Next day the Carranza camp buried several men. They might have killed General Pershing himself. The automobile I was in had its light broken and we ran into a ditch. No bandits were reported in that vicinity next day. Only the Carranzistas were there.

"When Captain Foylouis and Lieutenant Dargus of the aero squadron flew to Chihauhua early in April they were attacked, their machine damaged and Carranza soldiers arrested the pair. It was only upon representation by Consul Letcher that they were released and allowed to return to camp. The Carranzistas insisted that no American aviators had a right to fly over the city although before that they informed Letcher they had no objections.

"Betrayal number four was at Cusihuirachic, the richest mining town in Mexico. It was here that the eighteen Americans lived who were massacred by Villistas at Santa Isabel several months before.

"Another correspondent, myself and a guard of nine men under Captain Walter H. Smith, went to Cusi, as it is called, to await the arrival of Pancho Villa's body. It was declared Villa had been killed near there and that the body would arrive some time that day. This was April 27.

"Before entering the city we stopped on the outskirts and telephoned to the jefe de armas, told him our errand, requested permission to come in and asked only for common courtesy. We were told to come on and we did. The main street is a gully and from either side a Mexican force could hide on top of houses or on the hills and annihilate a force in the narrow, winding street, so narrow one could not turn the autos around.

"The entire populace, men, women and children, lined the streets and housetops and the farthr we went into the town, the more they insulted us. Children ran at us and called us names. Carranzista soldiers shouted Viva Villa, viva Mexico, Run the Americans out. I was glad Captain Smith didn't understand Spanish or it might have precipitated a fight. Captain Smith asked permission to use either a telephone or telegraph wire to Consul Letcher in Chihuahu.

"The jefe, an old man with sores on his face, gave consent and whispered something to a subordinate officer. When we went to the telegraph and telephone offices both places promptly announced that the wires were down. In other words, they refused to let us use the wires. The Mexican captain who escarted us around the streets frequently remarked to us:

"'You'll have good cause to remember my name. Why don't you gringo soldiers start something? Villa? Oh, hell with Villa. You've got us to think about now.'

"Villa's body did not come and no one could say when it would come. Moreover, the Carranza troops, plainly were becoming more hostile and having but nine guards with us we decided to return to San Antonio. The only thing that prevented an attack seemed to be due to the fact that one of the correspondents offered to take some pictures of the Carranza soldiers.

"Mexicans are extremely vain about having their pictures taken. I have known them to call a fight to have a photo taken of the 'victory.' Mexicans always call it a victory, no matter which side wins. The moment after we took the picture we were on our way back to camp and breathed easier.

"From the day the expedition crossed the border it was subjected to some petty and some serious annoyances by Carranza troops. At the battle of Tomochie, forty Carranza troops were under some major. But they put up no fight and soon left the American command. They have stoned truck trains, fired on them, aided the Villistas, refused the expedition any information regarding bandits, refused food and sent the troops warnings to go no farther south.

"But the pe n, the poor people of the republic, were never in any hostile demonstration or acts of violence. All those in towns along the line of communication say they will have to leave if the American forces withdraw, as bandits and Carranzistas will be their foes."

EDDYVILLE.

The Reliable society of the Christian church was very pleasantly entertained on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Ida Denning. Mrs. Denning was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Jim Sipes, Mrs. Geo. Chitwood and Dora Hohol. A patriotic program was given, after which the afternoon was spent socially. Refreshments were served.

Gordon & Slycord have purchased the Riggs building on Main street and will have it remodeled.

Mrs. Pearl Bartrum and little daughter left for Kansas City for an extended visit with relatives.

D. V. Eastman is enjoying a vacation wiht his parents at Gilby, N. D.

Mrs. Gertie Penny and little son Ray who have been visiting relatives here returned to their home at Des Moines Thursday. They were accompanied home by M. B. Sampson who has been visiting in Eddyville the past two weeks.

Walter Welch who has been seriously ill the past week was taken to the Harve Powers home Thursday where he will remain until he is improved.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Shawver will leave Sunday for Mt. Rose, Colo., where they have decided to locate.

DOUDS-LEANDO.

Mrs. Bertha Shareb and children of Moline, Ill., came Monday to spend the summer at the home of Mrs. Maggie Benning of Leando.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmet A. Work and son of Ottumwa spent Tuesday in Douds.

Mrs. Karl Mort and Miss Mabel Mart were Ottumwa shoppers Monday.

Mrs. Gertrude Crawford of Hannibal, Mo., and Miss Ruth Cheney of Bonaparte are visiting at the home of their sister Mrs. Guy Greenfield.

Mrs. J. M. Morrow and son Harry shopped in Ottumwa Monday.

Mrs. Henrietta Reinier of Ottumwa is visiting relatives here.

Miss Beulah Downard of Mt. Zion is visiting at the home of her brother Boyd Downard and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Morrison and children of Oskaloosa are visiting at the W. H. Morrison home in Leando.

Mrs. J. H. Spaulding visited friends in Eldon Wednesday.

Rev. Wolf of Fairfield held services at the No. 1 school house Sunday.

W. A. Carson spent a few days in Des Moines last week.

Quite a number of people of this vicinity are attending the appeal case of the school house location at Keosauqua this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lacy Burris spent Sunday in Ottumwa.

Ray Brown of Nashua spent Monday with friends in Douds.

Messrs. H. V. Bucey and A. S. Sanford had business in Ottumwa Monday.

CROSSING THE DELAWARE.

Dubuque, July 17.—Much excitement was caused in the Illinois house, a lower class Dubuque hotel when a man entered the place and after announcing himself to be George Washington, he slid across the floor crying "watch me slide across the ice on the Delaware." The hotel proprietor called up the authorities and the police after arriving discovered that George was none other than Calvin Reynolds who had escaped from an insane hospital the day before and for whom they had been combing the city. He was taken back to the hospital.

Original Notice.

Helen Belgard, plaintiff, vs. Fred W. Belgard, defendant.

In the district court of the State of Iowa, in and for Wapello county, August term, A. D., 1916.

To said Fred W. Belgard:

You are hereby notified that on or before the 1st day of July A. D., 1916, the petition of the plaintiff in the above entitled cause will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the State of Iowa, in and for Wapello county, claiming of you the sum of one thousand dollars, as money just due from you, and interest thereon at 6 per cent, from the 1st day of July A. D., 1916, as permanent alimony, and for an absolute divorce from you, and for custody of our daughter Madeline, and for and further equitable relief, on the ground of such inhuman treatment of plaintiff by you as to endanger her life, in that since November 1914 you have abandoned and deserted her without reasonable cause, and during such period have failed to make reasonable provision for the support and maintenance of plaintiff and said child and failed to provide them with food, lodging, clothing, medical attention and other necessaries of life. For further particulars see plaintiff petition now on file with the clerk of said court, at the court house, in the city of Ottumwa, Wapello county, Iowa.

And unless you appear thereto and defend before noon of the second day of the next term being the August term of said court, which will commence at Ottumwa, Iowa, on the 28 day of August, A. D., 1916, default will be entered against you and judgment rendered thereon.

Dated June 26, 1916.

Chester Whitmore, Attorney for Plaintiff.

MAN ON DEATHBED FILES DAMAGE CASE

Sioux City, July 17. —While on his deathbed as a result of being hit by an automobile, C. E. Waterbury, a retired farmer, instructed his attorneys to file suit for $20,000. The original notice of the damage suit was filed in the district court here. Waterbury was struck by an automobile driven by Herman Gradert, of Wakefield, Neb. With Gradert in the car were Joe Reustle, a farmer, also of Wakefield and Booge Coe, of Sioux City. The men are being held on a charge of drunkenness. The accident occurred at the intersection of Sixth and Pierce street. Waterbury was crossing the street diagonally when the car bearing the three men struck him. His skull was fractured and his face crushed. He is not expected to live.

All three of the men were returning from Jefferson, S. D., Sioux City's nearest "oasis" when the accident occurred.

Original notice of the suit was filed before the men were released from the jail on bond.

CONCERTS PRECEDE SERVICE.

Centerville, July 17.—Union church services in the court house square this summer are being enlivened by half hour sacred concerts at 7 o'clock by the band. Large numbers of people come from miles around to enjoy the concerts and remain for the brief sermons by the pastors, who preach in turn.

ANNOUNCE RACE PROGRAM.

Iowa City, July 17. —The Johnson County Fair Association announced its fourteen races for the coming fair, Aug. 8-11. The purses total $1,400. Changing from old time customs at local meets all of the events are running races. In addition there are motor and automobile races, with $800 purses hung up, making $2,200 prize money awaiting claimants next month.

Money to Loan
— on —
FARM MORTGAGES
Lowest Rate of Interest
— See —
Ralph T. McElroy
Above Cullen's Store
Main Street Phone 19

Notice of Incorporation.

To whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that a corporation has been organized under the general incorporation laws of the state of Iowa, and articles of incorporation duly executed and recorded with the recorder of deeds of Wapello county, Iowa, and with the secretary of state for Iowa, upon the filing of which a certificate of incorporation has been issued by the secretary of state, for Iowa.

The articles among other things contain the following provisions:

The name of the corporation is Samuel Mahon company, and its principal place of business is at the City of Ottumwa, county of Wapello and state of Iowa, but it may establish offices and places of business, and conduct its business at other places, either in the state of Iowa, or in any other state of the United States.

The general nature of the business to be transacted is and shall be the wholesale grocery business in all its branches, including the purchase and sale of grocery merchandise of every kind and nature, and including the purchase of established stores, stocks of grocery-merchandise and equipment; the purchase, manufacture and sale of any and every kind of product and merchandise reasonably related to or commonly carried on along with the wholesale grocery business, including the roasting and preparing for market and vending of coffees; the making and vending of extracts; the preparation and vending of bluings, baking powders, sweeping compounds, and any other related articles or products which may be conveniently manufactured, bought and sold in connection with the wholesale grocery business.

It shall also have the power to lease, purchase and sell, or in any manner acquire and dispose of such real estate, or buildings as may be necessary or convenient in conducting its business wherever the same may be established.

The amount of capital stock authorized is $750,000.00, to be divided into shares of $100.00 each, to be disposed of and issued from time to time as the corporation shall determine, and as the articles provide, certificates to issue only after the stock is paid for in full, at par, in cash, or in any other manner, or for any other consideration authorized or permitted by the laws of the state of Iowa, and when appropriate action has been taken in pursuance thereof.

The time of the commencement of the corporation shall date from the time the articles of incorporation were filed for record with the recorder of deeds of Wapello county, State of Iowa, towit: June 21, 1916, and shall continue and exist as a corporation for twenty years, thereafter, unless sooner dissolved.

The affairs of the corporation are to be conducted and carried on by a board of five directors, and by a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer, all of whom must be stockholders. The board of directors and officers are to be elected by and from among the stockholders of the company, at the annual stockholders' meeting, or at some adjournment thereof, and the articles provide that such annual stockholders' meeting shall be held at the general office of the company, in the City of Ottumwa, Iowa, on the third Saturday of April of each year, to convene at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The officers and directors shall hold their respective offices for one year, or until their successors are elected and accept. But whenever any director or officer ceases to become a stockholder, his position as director or officer shall thereby become vacant, and shall be filled by the stockholders at a special meeting called for that purpose. The tenure of such office to expire at the next annual meeting of the stockholders.

Until the annual stockholders meeting to be held in the year 1917, the directors and officers to conduct the affairs of the corporation until that time, are named in the articles of incorporation, to which reference is here made.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which the corporation may at any time subject itself, may equal, but shall not exceed in amount, two-thirds of the company's issued and paid up capital stock.

The private property of the stockholders and members of the corporation is and shall be exempt from its corporate debts and the articles provide that this provision in respect to exemption shall not be changed, altered or amended.

Dated July 7, 1916.

Samuel Mahon Company, by John K. Mahon, President.

Attest: Jos. E. Hinsey, Secretary.

Read the Courier want ads for profit.

Threshermen's supplies, tank pumps, hose, packings, water glasses, belt dressing, Johnson gear grease, lace leather, steel belt lace, flue cleaners, Jenkins valves and many other threshermen's supplies. Gasoline only 18½c per gallon. Auto cylinder oil 5 gallons $1.78. "Repairs for Everything."

Bell Phone 664

JAS. H. SHEPHERD
"New Shepherd's Ranche"
209, 211 W. Main St., Ottumwa, Iowa

BRINGING UP FATHER : : : : : : : : BY GEORGE McMANUS