

BREMEN LOST IN OPINION OF HIGH OFFICIALS

Submarine Merchant Vessel From Germany Overdue at Least a Month

RUMANIANS FORCE THE TEUTONS BACK

Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.—Loss of the German submarine merchantman Bremen virtually was considered today by ranking diplomats in position to be familiar with the movements of the vessel. The Bremen is now one month overdue.

It was admitted that German officials, not only in this country but in Berlin were without information as to the fate of the Bremen. All they know is that she set out for America from Bremerhaven and that she should have arrived at an American port soon after the middle of last month. It is regarded as doubtful that accurate information concerning the fate of the vessel will be available until after the close of the war, if then.

The disappearance of the Bremen will not cause abandonment of the project to send merchant submarines regularly from Germany to the United States, it was said. There appeared to be reason to expect that another submarine freighter either the Deutschland or some other, would reach an American port some time within the next month.

German officials in Washington do not believe the Bremen could have fallen into the hands of the British unless she had some accident to her machinery. They pointed out that unlike naval submarines, merchant submarines avoid all localities frequented by shipping and therefore are not open to the same risks. When the Bremen was a week overdue no anxiety over her was felt.

When the vessel was two weeks overdue anxiety was apparent in various quarters. Since then hope that the submarine might be safe has dwindled each day and today she was spoken of as having been lost.

Reports that the Bremen had arrived safely in New London, Conn., were published in newspapers in Germany more than two weeks ago. It was at New London that a dock had been specially arranged for the reception of the craft.

The Bremen was commanded by Captain Schwarzkopf and carried a crew of approximately twenty-five men.

WAR SUMMARY.

The Rumanians have checked the Teutonic allies along their border and at several points have repulsed attacks of the Austro-German forces, inflicting heavy losses.

In Galicia severe fighting is still in progress between the Russians and Germans.

The French have made gains north and south of the Somme. Over a mile front south of the river between La-Maisonette and Biaches, the German first line defenses have been driven back by the French. The British have made gains east of Thiepval.

The Italians have taken another step forward in their advance in Trentino, having broken the Austrian line.

The situation in Greece still remains tense on account of the landing of marines of the entente allies at Athens and Piraeus.

SEE NEW TROUBLE.

Petrograd, Oct. 18.—Via London, Oct. 19.—(Delayed)—The Novos Vremya, reviewing the German-American situation and voicing the general view here, concludes:

"A clear renewal of submarine warfare cannot be regarded by the United States otherwise than a sufficient cause for a rupture of diplomatic relations with Germany."

MISSIONARIES SAFE.

New York, Oct. 19.—American missionaries at Hamadan and Kermanshah, Persia, for whose safety fear had been felt, are safe and well provided for, according to a cable message from the American embassy at Constantinople, received by the board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church here.

TURKS LEND AID TO GREEK CHURCH

Berlin, Oct. 19.—(By wireless to Sayville)—The Overseas News agency today made public the following:

Constantinople reports received here say that the Greek newspapers have printed a letter written by Damianos, Greek patriarch of Jerusalem, dated August 21. In his letter the patriarch says the Greek church, which owing to the war, had fallen into a precarious financial state, addressed an appeal for aid to Djemal Pasha, commander of the fourth Turkish army.

Djemal obtained from the Turkish government a grant of 1,000 pounds which is to be increased later on, and in addition furnished a sufficient quantity of victuals from the military depots and informed the patriarch that he might at any time request further assistance and that Djemal would be ready to respond.

WAR TO LAST YEAR YET SAY SOLDIERS

GERMAN PRISONERS AND BRITISH FIGHTERS SEEM TO HAVE SAME OPINION.

(Copyright 1916 by Associated Press.) British Front in France, Oct. 18 (via London), Oct. 19.—The war will last another year, according to the consensus of opinion among the British soldiers and their leaders. It is also the opinion of the Germans, if the view of the prisoners count for anything. Before the grand offensive started a high authority informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that the German line would not be broken this summer and that slow operations wearing down the Germans would be inaugurated and would probably last through another summer. With the approach of winter, conditions may make military movements difficult. This officer recalled his prediction and speaking of the situation today he said:

"We know what the German resources were and what ours were at the time required to force a decisive victory for our arms is a matter of calculation."

GERMANS CHANGE BELIEF.

German prisoners taken during the summer invariably spoke of peace being a certainty in the autumn. They regarded the Somme thrust as a final effort of the allies or a decision and that after it peace would be made. Their tone has been entirely different of late. They recognize that it is a fight to the finish between man power and resources of two foes and from an ultimate decision will come from the fearful attrition on the western front which now will know no intermission until the end. The Germans are determined to make every village on the western front a fortress which will yield only when reduced to powder by shell fire and every gully and crater a machine gun post to secure their defensive against a critical defeat.

At a period when the weather is adverse to offensive operations elsewhere the Germans are apparently concentrating every possible man and gun against Rumania. The view of the British officers is that the Germans hope to crush Rumania so that when they have to face a common allied offensive in the spring they may not have to defend the immense length of the Rumanian frontier in addition to what they have had to defend this summer.

MORALE IS VARIED.

It is a universal remark among the British that never has the morale of the prisoners varied more than now. "You will notice that we are always taking prisoners and that the Germans get very few of ours," said a staff officer. "Though small parties of our men are bound to get into hazardous positions they die rather than yield. This shows their morale and the temper of the situation. Some Germans have never fought better and some have never fought so badly as in the last few weeks. Today, for example, twenty Germans practically threw up their hands and walked into the British lines. But there were other Germans who were ready to fight with that ferocity which expects no quarter."

However, whether it is a German who throws up his hands or the survivor of a British charge or the survivor of a score who fought to the death the opinion as to the duration of the struggle remains the same. All believe that the war has entered a stage where no compromise is to be expected and where victory will go to the side with the ability to stick the longest.

SOLDIERS TO VOTE

Attorney General of State Rules That Old Law of Civil War Days Holds Good Now.

Des Moines, Oct. 19.—Iowa troops on the Mexican border will be allowed to vote under a decision handed down by Attorney General George Cosson and made public at noon today. The decision declares that the law passed during the civil war permitting Iowa soldiers in the union army to vote still is valid and in force.

Governor Clarke said today he would appoint four commissioners to go to the border and take the vote of the Iowa troops. He said the appointments probably would be made at once and that a non-partisan commission, consisting of two democrats and two republicans would be chosen. The governor added that the commissioners would be sent to the border about a week before election day in order to permit them to make all necessary arrangements for the casting of the ballots.

As soon as the decision of the department of justice on the old law was known, Secretary of State W. S. Allen got into communication with virtually every county in the state to arrange with the county auditors for the printing of the ballots. It was expected that virtually every county will have to send a ballot containing the names of the county candidates to the border.

Because of the short time remaining before the election the county auditors have been requested to send their county tickets to the secretary of state. The ballots will be prepared in Des Moines.

The votes of the guardsmen will add approximately 4,500 votes to the total Iowa vote.

HONOR FOR COMMANDER.

Berlin, Oct. 19, via London.—The order of Pour le Merite has been awarded Lieutenant Commander Arnaud de la Perriere, commander of the submarine U-53 for his achievements in sinking 125 vessels totaling 370,000 tons.

WILSON POLICY CALLED CRAVEN

Col. Roosevelt Makes Attack on President for His Foreign Dealings

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 19.—In a speech before a big audience last night, Col. Roosevelt took President Wilson to task on his foreign policies, condemning the "craven" submission of the administration in the crimes perpetrated upon the American people and charged that the president is insincere in his statements and protestations to the public and to the world at large. Excerpts from his speech follow:

At the outset of my speech I wish to point out, as I have elsewhere pointed out, that the doctrine now often advanced as to the impropriety of criticizing the president, without any regard as to whether the criticism is or is not just, has no warrant either in history or on grounds of public morality. Andrew Jackson in a message to the senate on April 15, 1834, put the case exactly as it should be put. He said:

"The president is accountable at the bar of public opinion for every act of his administration. Subject only to the restraints of truth and justice, the people of the United States have the undoubted right as individuals or collectively, orally or in writing, at such times and in such language and form as they may think proper, to discuss his official conduct and express and promulgate their opinions concerning it."

This lays down the law that should be followed. There must be truth and justice in all that is said of the president, or of any one else; but less than any one other man in the nation has the right to claim immunity from any criticism that is both just and truthful. I criticize President Wilson because his deeds have belied his words, and his words have belied one another.

President Wilson's speeches are models of adroit indirect suggestion and avoidance of downright statement. But the other day at Omaha he seems to have committed himself to the statement that he was "willing to fight," but was "waiting for something worth fighting for" for something which would "put all the corpses of his blood into shouting shape." It would be interesting to know exactly what outrage on American citizens, or on the rights of humanity anywhere, which would make him cross the line between "willing to fight" and "too proud to fight." He certainly did not regard the treacherous murder of Boad and Adair and the United States leaders, no combination of influential leaders, no clique of faction promoted his candidacy. It has been said and with some measure of truth, "Nobody wanted Hughes except the people."

HUGHES FOR PEACE

Republican Candidate Replies to the Charge That a Vote for Him is a Vote for War.

Saginaw, Mich., Oct. 19.—Charles E. Hughes delivered two speeches here and at Bay City today before audiences that packed the halls where he spoke. The nominee assailed the administration for the Underwood tariff and the Adamson law and repeated his denial of the charge that a vote for him meant a vote for war.

"Men are going abroad in this land," Mr. Hughes said, "saying that a vote for me is a vote for war, because I have criticized weakness and vacillation on the part of the administration. A vote for me is a vote for permanent peace based on self respect and the esteem and respect of others."

"Why I have devoted all my life to the institutions of peace, institutions that deal with a peaceful settlement of controversies."

"But in this world, you have got to maintain not only your security by proper preparation against every emergency but you have got to maintain your security by winning the confidence and esteem of other nations. We cannot do that if we do not maintain the dignity of our own citizenship."

"If you want to know the way things out to be done, look at the way in which they were done in Mexico. That, to my mind, is an illustration that stands out in bold relief of the policies of this administration. It was a meddling with matters that did not concern us. It was a failure to maintain American rights."

Mr. Hughes' train was fifteen minutes late in leaving Bay City.

TRAIN IS WRECKED

Indications Are That Someone Purposely Caused Smashup Which Resulted in Several Deaths.

Manitowoc, Wis., Oct. 19.—Limited train No. 111 on the Northwestern railroad, running from Milwaukee to Ashland, was wrecked inside the local yards early today. Engineer Robert Fitzgerald, 60, Milwaukee, was killed outright. Albert Duchaise, 36, Bremen, Green Bay, is believed to be buried under the wreckage. Several others on the train received minor injuries.

The wreck was caused by some one throwing a switch, after breaking a lock and turning the switch light indicating a clear track.

TELLS WHY HUGHES SHOULD BE ELECTED

FORMER SENATOR AND NOTED PROGRESSIVE LEADER SETS FORTH REASONS.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—The republican headquarters here today gave out a statement from former United States Senator Joseph M. Dixon of Montana, manager of the Roosevelt campaign in 1912. In the statement Senator Dixon sets forth reasons why Charles E. Hughes should be elected president of the United States. The statement follows:

"It is futile for the democrats to expect to attract any perceptible proportion of the progressive voters of four years ago. Mr. Hughes is progressive enough for all of us. The man who successfully conducted the probe of the insurance scandal was among the earliest of our genuine progressive leaders."

"Mr. Hughes has never been aligned with any element in the republican party that could be considered reactionary. His entire career during his public career has been along progressive lines and in the furtherance of doctrines that are purely progressive. He earned the confidence and esteem of the progressive element of both parties during his administration as governor of New York. He made the Albany climate an unhealthy one for the political bosses; he changed the old order of things completely; he attracted the combined antagonism of the special interests and those who had come to think, through years of entrenched security, that they were bigger than the law and the constitution."

"Mr. Hughes' leadership in this campaign is really the harvest of the crop sown by the progressives during the past six years. His nomination is a triumph for the progressive forces in American politics. That Mr. Hughes recognizes this fact is shown in the personnel of his campaign committee and the men chosen to direct the battle this fall."

"Not even Mr. Hughes' enemies have dared to question his political and personal integrity. His elevation to the supreme bench met with the commendations of all good Americans and the respect of political affiliations. His nomination for the presidency is a fine illustration of the spirit of our times, a spirit which commends and rewards honesty, fearlessness and efficiency in the public service. Without seeking the nomination, without even authorizing others to seek it for him, he became the choice of his party. By the sheer force of his personality, his distinguished public service and his indifference to personal ambition, he attracted all elements to his party. No machine, no combination of influential leaders, no clique of faction promoted his candidacy. It has been said and with some measure of truth, 'Nobody wanted Hughes except the people.'"

"I have no hesitancy in predicting that Montana will roll up a splendid majority for Mr. Hughes."

EARTHQUAKE WITH GULF COAST STORM

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 19.—The south was rocked by earthquake and swept by storm at the same time yesterday. While a tropical hurricane was flaying the gulf coast, earth tremors overturned chimneys and frightened many people from their homes in Georgia, Alabama, and Tennessee.

The earthquake did little damage, but a wind that reached a velocity of 114 miles an hour lifted roofs from houses at Pensacola, Fla., and sunk a number of vessels in the harbor. One life was lost.

Mobile reported that it had been touched more lightly, although the wind blew 110 miles an hour. Two small buildings were destroyed and a colored woman was killed by a live wire. Shipping at Mobile had been warned and apparently suffered little harm. Two river steamers were sunk and a schooner and a steamer were driven ashore and small boats were lost.

The earth shocks were felt shortly after 4 o'clock and were severest in Montgomery and Birmingham, Ala., where swaying office buildings were emptied within a few minutes. In these towns chimneys were destroyed and articles were hurled from shelves in residences and shops. Elsewhere no damage was reported.

ODD FELLOWS ARE IN CONVENTION

Clinton, Oct. 19.—Iowa Odd Fellows this morning opened the second session of the Grand lodge meeting here while the state assembly of Rebekahs began its last day's sessions to adjourn this afternoon, following the installation of officers.

The patriots militant of the state concluded their sessions yesterday afternoon following the big parade.

This evening the Mississippi Valley Past Grand's association will address degrees, the Past Grand Officers' association will banquet and a grand military ball will be given at the coliseum. In addition there will be theater parties and the regular meetings of various local Odd Fellow lodges. Tomorrow's program will be featured by the visit of Grand Sire Frank C. Goudry of Denver. The grand lodge will adjourn tomorrow afternoon.

Following the parade yesterday afternoon, memorial services attended by 2,000 Odd Fellows, were held in the Coliseum in memory of the late Mrs. A. Grace Lewis, matron of the Odd Fellows' home, Mrs. Helen R. Griffith and Mrs. Effie L. Butcher, past presidents and "the rank and file."

At a public meeting of the department council later, the Decoration of Chivalry was conferred upon thirty-six Iowa Rebekahs. The evening was featured by degree work, banquets and theater parties.

LUTHERANS TO MEET.

Clinton, Oct. 19.—With representatives present from every Evangelical Lutheran church in the state, the Iowa synod will open a three days' session this evening. A banquet last night opened the sessions of the Synod Federation of Men's Brotherhoods.

CASE AWAITS WADE'S RETURN

Charles Feagins Action Will Be Resumed in Court on Friday

When Judge Martin J. Wade resumes his work in the United States district court here at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning he will preside at the trial of Charles Feagins charged with violating the Mann white slave act. Feagins' case was begun before a jury at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon but only two witnesses had been examined before Judge Wade adjourned court so that he might attend the funeral of his niece at Dougherty today.

Grand Jury Reports.

The grand jurors have made their final report and have been discharged for the term. In addition to Fred Moore, who was indicted Tuesday for violating the Harrison drug act, B. V. Kinder was charged with selling liquor without paying the government tax. He was arraigned, pleaded not guilty and is out on bond awaiting trial.

Hiram Gibson, the West Liberty mail carrier, who pleaded guilty in Davenport to embezzlement, was fined \$200. He is to stand committed to the Muscatine county jail until it is paid but no mittimus is to be issued for ten days.

The grand jurors ignored the charge of stealing from an interstate car against Ernest White. Immediately after his release White began a thirty day sentence in the county jail on a state charge. He was found guilty of jail breaking by a district court jury a few weeks ago.

Sentence Seven.

Six men and one woman received thirty day sentences for selling liquor without paying the government tax. They are John Heway, Milton Hodges, Walter C. Waddell, Tony Kozlicke, Mary Poigan, Eben Lewis and Cy Williams. Some of these defendants came from Centerville and vicinity and others from Creston.

Issues Bench Warrant.

A bench warrant was issued by Judge Wade for one defendant indicted by the grand jury and Deputy Marshal Peterson of Davenport went to Oskaloosa today to bring him here for arraignment.

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POSSE SEARCHING FOR BOLD BANDITS

MEN WHO ROBBED TRAIN ARE BELIEVED TO BE SURROUNDED IN DEEP RAVINE.

Bliss, Okla., Oct. 19.—Ranchmen from several counties, reinforced by numerous deputy sheriffs, waited at daybreak today for some sign from the ravine where it was believed the men who last night robbed the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe express No. 405, had taken refuge. Preparations for a siege had been made.

Whether or not the robbers are supplied with stolen funds to assist in their escape should they evade their pursuers will not be known until contents of the express and mail cars ransacked by them have been checked officially. Perry Norman, express messenger, was killed by the robbers when he showed signs of fight. The express safe was demolished by an overcharge of explosive, so that much of its contents was destroyed. Rumors said the bandits obtained a loot of \$10,000 but this was based on conjecture.

Railroad men and sheriffs of long experience in this territory said the robbery was one of the boldest they ever knew.

Six men flagged the train at a desolate spot north of Bliss on the 101 ranch. The robbers worked briskly, two guarding the train crew who had been forced to uncouple the engine, express and mail cars and run them a short distance down the track, two others standing sentinel at the rear car while the remaining two attended to the treasure safe. Their work completed, the outlaws fled in automobiles. News of the robbery was not received until the train reached Bliss. Ranchmen immediately took up the trail of the bandits.

SNOWING IN IOWA

Storm Hits Western Part of the State and There is Two Inch Covering at Sioux City.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 19.—A rain and sleet storm which lasted most of the night, turned to snow here early this morning and at 10:30 was still falling heavily.

The snow and blizzard extended practically over all of South Dakota, Nebraska and western Iowa. Sioux City, Iowa, is covered with two inches of snow.

The blizzard, which is one of the earliest storms that has hit the middle west in many years, will be of great benefit to the wheat crop, it is said. From Norfolk, Neb., four inches of snow was reported. At Sioux Falls, S. D., the temperature was reported as slightly below the freezing point.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 19.—Weather bureau predictions here today were that practically all points in Kansas and western Missouri will receive light snow furies and freezing temperatures within the next twenty-four hours. The forecast followed the receipt of reports showing that snow and sleet were falling in western Kansas.

LAW IS CRITICISED

National Farm Congress is Told That Recent Loan Act of Government is Not Satisfactory.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 19.—Resolutions advocating a more simple farm loan law, action to alleviate car shortage and asking congress to increase the appropriation available for the office of marketing are in the hands of the resolutions committee of the National Farm congress in session here today.

Delegates who submitted the resolution dealing with the farm loan law say the law is not simple enough and as it stands keeps many who need money from applying and obtaining it. Car shortage at the time when the farmers most need railroad facilities to move their crops also is a subject of much interest to the delegates. The work of the market and farm conference should be supported by the farmers' congress, according to another resolution. Pricing and distributing of farm products, much discussed by the delegates, is the subject of resolutions to be acted on later by the committee. The federal farm loan act was discussed by Representative Ralph W. Rose of Indiana today. Dr. P. Clayton, U. S. commissioner of education, will speak tonight on "education for the farmer and his wife."

The congress will close Friday.

NIGHT AUTO PARTY HURT IN SMASHUP

Rock Island, Ill., Oct. 19.—Five persons were injured when an automobile in which they were driving at midnight last night struck a tree on the main driveway of Rock Island Arsenal.

The machine, which was wrecked and owned and driven by Thomas McClelland, a wealthy youth of Davenport, the injured were rushed to a hospital in another automobile after the accident. Three of the victims were women. All will recover, it is said.

IOWAN A DIRECTOR OF RAIL SURGEONS

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Battle Malone of Memphis, Tenn., was today elected president of the American Railway Surgeons' association. E. S. McDonald, Cameron, Mo., E. Bischoff, Ft. Madison, Iowa and W. C. McGath, Eagle Grove, Iowa were elected vice presidents. H. B. Jennings, Council Bluffs, Iowa, treasurer and Louis J. Mitchell, Chicago, secretary.

SPREAD NAME OF OTTUMWA AS A TRADING CENTER

Retail Merchants Visit in Fourteen Places Teaching Loyalty to Community

HEARTY WELCOME IS RECEIVED EN ROUTE

The fame of Ottumwa as a merchandising center was spread far and wide Wednesday when scores of the members of the Ottumwa Retail Merchants' association with the Inimitable First Cavalry band and a corps of speakers literally invaded fourteen cities and towns throughout southeastern Iowa.

It was a friendly invasion however, and only good can come from it. The gospel of loyalty to home, cooperation, patronize the local stores and help build up the community was preached at every stop. While the apostles of this creed were expounding from band stands, autos or improvised platforms, the personal workers were mingling among the crowds that varied with the size of the many places visited.

Souvenir pencils wrapped in a leaflet setting forth the inducements offered by Ottumwa merchants to travelers from a distance, chief among them being the payment of railroad fares in out of town customers, were distributed through the crowds and even in the countless school houses in the rural districts through which the auto caravan traveled.

In each place visited newspapers were distributed broadcast, hundreds of them being spread over the train made by the merchants in their wide sweep of territory through which they preached community building and cooperation. Even an occasional farm house, the auto and other vehicles along the country road were delighted in the matter of souvenir newspapers. At each place visited people were invited to make their headquarters when in Ottumwa at the Commercial club, where a rest room is provided for the ladies.

Have Good Dinner.

After a number of happy and profitable visits made in the forenoon, a meal was made at Fairfield for dinner and a parade throughout the residence was held. The parade was staged and lasted for forty minutes and drew a most favorable comment. The band generously supplied its high grade music along the line and the auto finally brought up at the square where a speaking meeting was held before a crowd of the residents.

The nearest route to a man's heart—even that of a merchant—is through the stomach, so someone has said and this was proven when the crowd of Ottumwans gathered in the basement of the M. E. church for dinner. As such a dinner it was. Just like mother would cook. The variety vied with the quality of the cooking and everyone arose refreshed and ready for the work before him for the afternoon and night. At the close of dinner a word of thanks was given the ladies pastor and the megaphone quartet of the band sang "My Mother's Rose" receiving much well merited applause.

Welcomed at Richland.

Agency, Batavia, County Line and Libertyville having been visited before Fairfield was reached, the latter place concluded the forenoon trip and at 12:40 the caravan with sirens on every car shrieking a farewell to the out of Jefferson county's capital, its way to Richland where about 1:30 the party came to a stop and parked the cars around the public square.

Here a huge crowd was awaiting the arrival of the Ottumwans and appreciation of their approach by the tooting horns had gathered in hundreds around the cars when the stop was made. Welcome was whole hearted and the visitors, refreshed by the noonday meal and feeling in the finest condition, launched into the task of preaching the gospel of home and community building. But at home and when your own merchants cannot supply, buy Ottumwa, do not develop cities outside Iowa until you have built those of your own state. This was the chief thought dwelt upon by the several speakers and at every place the people were invited to come to Ottumwa to see the stores and varied assortments of mankind's necessities of every description, but to buy only such things as their own merchants could not supply.

At Richland the party was joined by J. H. Morrell, who assisted in the speaking there and elsewhere on the remainder of the trip. Mayor Carter, H. L. Bell and George Alfred Morrell.

M. B. Hutchison, who acted as chairman of the day, called upon W. S. O'Connell and Mr. Morrell for talks at this place. Band concerts were given before and after the speaking and the quartet sang between the talks.

At Ollie, the next place visited, the band and speakers again took up the tasks while the balance of the party distributed souvenirs and newspapers among the crowd. The intermingling of the visitors with the townspeople was productive of many forming acquaintances and left a favorable impression to both visitors and visited.

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