Ottumwa Semi-Weekly Courier

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RUNAWAY GAME WON BY GIANTS

Benny Kauff's Home Run Barrage Batters Down White Sox Defenses As New York Nationals Even Series Score.

SCHUPP PUZZLES CHICAGO BATTERS

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	123456789	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	000000000	0	7	0
New York	00011012*	5	10	1

Polo Grounds, New York, Oct. 11.—The New York Giants toppled over the Chicago White Sox today by a score of 5 to 0, and the world's series now stands at evens, both clubs having won two games each. Ferdinand Schupp, the Giants' south-paw, duplicated Rube Benton's shut-out performance of yesterday, by plastering the American league champions with a second coat of white-wash.

Benny Kauff broke off in a rash of home-runs, driving out two circuit crashes, getting one off "Red" Faber for the first hit and first run of the game, in the fourth inning, and one off Dave Danforth in the eighth after Faber had retired. In Danforth's half inning New York made two runs and three hits.

GIANTS' HEROES APPLAUDED.

Applause greeted the Giants as they came on the field, Benton and Robertson, heroes of Wednesday's struggle, coming in for added cheers. Al Baird and Hans Lobert threw the balls in the early batting practice. Schupp, Sallee and Perritt took part in the practice. Then Al Demaree began pitching to the Giants, feeding them nothing but low balls.

No whit disconcerted by yesterday's defeat, the Chicago fans gave their club a rousing cheer as the Sox walked across the field with Joe Benz leading.

UMPIRES FOR MATTHEWSON.

Announcement was made that Umpire Rigler would give the decisions behind the plate; Evans at first base; O'Loughlin at second base and Klem at third base.

The Giants put up a smart fielding practice, scraping grounders out of the turf and whipping the ball around in lively fashion. Christy Matthewson, the Giant's old pitcher, came in for a warm welcome as he made his way through the grandstand.

WAR SPIRIT THERE.

While the White Sox were taking their fielding work out, the band played, "The Star Spangled Banner," while the spectators and players stood with bared heads.

Before the play the Giants assembled at second base and each, with a flag of one of the allies of the United States, marched toward the plate, while the band played "My Country 'Tis of Thee."

FIRST INNING.

WHITE SOX — Zimmerman took Johnnie Collins' grounder and threw him out at first. McMullen's grounder bounced off Zimmerman's glove for a hit. Eddie Collins fanned, a wide curve fooling him, for the third strike. Schupp wasted one but McMullin held first. Herzog threw our Jackson.

No runs, one hit, no errors.

GIANTS—Burns drove a high fly which Felsch took after a short run. Eddie Collins made a nice play of Herzog's hopper and got his man at first. McMullen got Kauff's bounder and nailed his man at first.

No runs, no hits, no errors.

SECOND INNING.

WHITE SOX—Fletcher took Felsch's hot grasser and threw his man out. Schupp had plenty of speed and kept the ball low as a rule. Schupp tossed out Gandil. Weaver fished for some of Schupp's high curves and was a strike-out victim.

No runs, no hits, no errors.

GIANTS—Eddie Collins threw out Zimmerman. McMullin threw out Fletcher. Robertson came in for a good hand from the crowd, but foul ball, strike one strike two. Faber threw him out at first.

No runs, no hits, no errors.

THIRD INNING.

WHITE SOX — Schalk singled sharply to center field. Faber was out to Schupp, trying to bunt. Johnnie Collins fanned, missing a drop ball for the third strike. Schupp was keeping Schalk right on first. McMullin struck out.

No runs, one hit, no errors.

GIANTS—Holke struck out but Schalk had to throw him out at first. Rariden popped to McMullin, who had to run to the stand to take the ball. Schupp beat up the air and went back to pitching.

No runs, no hits, no errors.

FOURTH INNING.

WHITE SOX—Eddie Collins got a double past third. With Jackson up Rariden tried to pick off Collins at second. Jackson lofted to Herzog. Collins was picked off at second by Schupp, the play being Schupp to Herzog to Zimmerman. Felsch struck out and the stands went wild.

No runs, one hit, no errors.

GIANTS—The crowd booed Eddie Collins as he went to the field. Burns struck out. Eddie Collins tossed out Herzog at the initial bag. Kauff drove a long hit to the fence for a

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It's Fifty-Fifty Now; Here's War Map of Contest

New York—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Burns, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Herzog, 2b	3	1	1	3	4	1
Kauff, cf	4	2	2	1	0	0
Zimmerman, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	0
Fletcher, ss	4	1	2	1	3	0
Roberston, rf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Holke, 1b	2	0	1	9	0	0
Rariden, c	3	0	0	7	1	0
Schupp, p	3	0	1	1	3	0
Totals	30	5	10	27	13	1

Chicago—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
J. Collins, rf	4	0	2	0	0	0
McMullin, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
E. Collins, 2b	3	0	1	0	6	0
Jackson, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Felsch, cf	4	0	0	2	1	0
Gandil, 1b	4	0	1	15	0	0
Weaver, ss	3	0	0	0	1	0
Schalk, c	3	0	2	6	3	0
Faber, p.	2	0	0	0	4	0
*Risberg	1	0	0	0	0	0
Danforth, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	32	0	7	24	18	0

*Batted for Faber in eighth inning.

SUMMARY.

Summary: Two-base hits, E. Collins; three-base hits, Zimmerman; home runs, Kauff (2); stolen base, E. Collins; sacrifice hit, Herzog; double plays, Herzog and Fletcher and Holke; Faber, Schalk and Gandil; left on bases, Chicago 6, New York 3; bases on balls, off Schupp 1; hits and earned runs, off Faber 7 and 3 in 7 innings; Danforth, 3 and 2 in 1 inning; hit by pitcher, by Faber (Holke); struck out, by Faber 3, Danforth 2, Schupp 7; wild pitch, Faber 1. Umpires, at plate, Rigler; first base, Evans; second base, O'Loughlin; third base, Klem. Time—2:09.

SHELL CRATERS TRAP GERMANS

Soldiers In Defenseless Pits Surrendered When Enemy Appeared.

With the French Army in Flanders, Oct. 11.—(By the Associated Press)—The new system in first line defenses inaugurated by the Germans who, instead of utilizing line trenches organized nests of shell holes, proved a regular trap in the battle just ended. The German troops who occupied the craters without other shelter, when they found during the fighting that their officers were not with them and not having immediate oversight, deserted as soon as the French approached.

The German officers meanwhile were sheltered in concrete pill boxes further to the rear.

GERMAN FORCE WEAKENED.

The correspondent spoke today with several prisoners, officers and men, all of whom seemed to be in a terrible condition of fatigue. The officers declared that their companies were reduced to a strength of only forty men, some of whom were mere boys of 18. The men said they were well provided with food while on the front lines, but that in the interior of the country the privations were great.

FRENCH STRAIGHTEN LINE.

The French troops today, despite the condition of the ground, made a further advance, straightening out their line toward the borders of Houthoist forest and taking additional batches of prisoners.

GERMAN ATTACK BLOCKED.

Paris, Oct. 11.—Last night the French defeated a German attempt to recapture ground taken in the French offensive in Belgium this week, the war office announces. On the Verdun front, the Germans broke into advanced French positions, but were repulsed after a spirited engagement. Following is the official announcement:

"In Belgium during the night we broke up a German attack delivered east of Draiebank against our positions betfeen Victoria farm and Pategoet farm.

FOE GAINS ON MEUSE.

"On the Aisne front an enemy patrol which was seeking to approach our lines in the region of Cerny was dispersed by our fire.

"On the right bank of the Meuse on the Verdun front, in the region of Hill 344, the Germans made an attack which enabled them to gain a footing temporarily in front of our advanced lines.

"Sub-Lieutenant Boyau yesterday brought down his tenth enemy airplane."

DROP TONS OF BOMBS.

London, Oct. 11.—An official statement on aerial operations issued today says:

"On Tuesday there was little flying except on the battle front where a great deal of work was done in spite of a strong gale and thick clouds. The enemy's new gun positions and other suitable targets were reported by airplanes to our artillery, which dealt with them.

"Touch was kept with the infantry all day, and the enemy troops were harassed by machine gun fire at every opportunity. A ton of bombs was dropped on Staden during the day. At night two tons were dropped on the Roulers, Courtrai, Menin and Ledegham stations. A direct hit was made on a hostile train causing a number of explosions.

"In the air fighting four German ma-

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LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE IN CITY ON WITH RUSH

Committees Begin at 9 A. M. To Scour the Town for Bond Subscribers.

$355,000 SALES LISTED BEFORE GOING OUT

The hour of zero struck at 9 a. m. today and over the top went an army of solicitors under General M. B. Hutchison on the drive for the second Liberty Loan issue in Wapello county.

Heartened by the announcement at the hour of starting that four more $5,000 subscriptions were added to the amount announced yesterday, making a total of $355,000 subscribed, the army of Bond Boosters made an onslaught upon the business district this morning and victoriously continued their drive throughout the day.

Commander Hutchison held some forces in reserve which were added to the fighting forces at noon and tomorrow another division of the workers will be in the field.

COUNTY IS ORGANIZING.

In the meantime the forces that are to operate along the outposts scouring every township and community, are organizing for the big drive that will soon be announced when the entire county will be covered and no man allowed to escape. Everyone will be given a chance to participate and if the spirit manifest at the meeting Tuesday night when the plans were announced for the big push still prevails, there is little likelihood of any slackers attempting to shirk. Patriotic desire to be a part of the workers at home while prevented from helping in the trenches, was quite apparent at the public meeting Tuesday.

COMMITTEES FINISH PLANS.

The city committees met last night at the Commercial club. Seventy-five were present. The final plans for the county drive were completed and the men ordered to report at 9 o'clock this morning for service. Those who could not appear at that hour were given until afternoon and a few were prepared to help tomorrow.

The forces scattered about the city this morning and each committee will be handled on a competitive basis, one's performance pitted against the other in order to stimulate "pep" and bring the campaign to an early and successful conclusion.

ADD $15,000 TO LIST.

Before starting out this morning four subscriptions were announced on the proposal to have twenty men subscribe $5,000 apiece. J. T. Hackworth, A. G. Harrow, M. W. Christie and J. W. Garner were the new subscribers. This makes seventeen of the twenty and the other three are expected to be raised without difficulty.

The Liberty Bond buttons have arrived and were taken to the banks by Secretary M. L. Toulme this morning. They are a blue background with a ring of red and one of white encirling the Statue of Liberty and the words, "I own a Liberty Bond," in white. The button is attractive and will be given out to the subscribers for the Liberty Bonds.

The traveling men's committee will meet Friday night at the Commercial club to make final plans for their drive among the salesmen on the road.

SMALL INVESTORS NUMEROUS.

New York, Oct. 11.—The marked increase in the number of small subscriptions ranging from $50 to $500 announced yesterday indicates that the great campaign organization built up by the Liberty Loan committee was beginning to reach the mass of the people of the second federal reserve bank district.

ORDER OF COAL USERS FIXED

GOVERNMENT, RAILROADS AND PRIVATE CONSUMERS IN PREFERRED LIST.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 11.—Orders to insure an increased supply of coal cars and a steady, equitable flow of fuel to the railroads have been determined upon by the fuel administration.

After a two weeks' conference with coal operators railroad representatives and others of the fuel administration today announced the first of a series of orders to distribute coal on a priority basis and regulate the movement of coal cars.

The order provides that the Pennsylvania railroad, serving about 700 mines, shall have its needs properly taken care of. Similar orders for other railroads will be issued while orders for the distribution of commercial coal, giving preference to the government, domestic users, public utilities and all commercial firms using coal in the order named, will be given later.

Coal needed for the government must not be interfered with and the fuel administration intends to care fully for domestic users.

The fuel administration today announced an upward revision of coal prices in certain outlying districts of Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia.

Eastern Railway Men In Demand For Wage Raise

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Railroads operating east of Chicago and north of the Potomac river have been notified by representatives of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors that demands for an increase of wages for men in the passenger service will be presented to the roads on December 1, the demands to become effective January 1, 1918.

U. S. UNMASKS KAISER'S AIDES

Plot To Send Tungsten To Germany Through Sweden Is Bared.

New York, Oct. 11.—A plot to export tungsten, a metal used to harden steel, from this country, on board the Scandinavian-American liner United States, in violation of the espionage act and President Wilson's proclamation, was balked today by federal agents with the arrest of three men here.

The illicit export of the metal, presumably for Germany, has been going on for sometime, the United States attorney announced.

ARGENTINIANS INDIGNANT.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 11.—There is much concern among the people of Argentina over disclosures of German intrigues to bring about a conflict between Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay. The Argentina papers comment extensively on the disclosures that the German legation at Buenos Aires paid for the publication of booklets by the editor of a newspaper in this city, predicting war between Brazil and Argentina.

TWENTY YEARS FOR WALLACE

JUDGE WADE IMPOSES MAXIMUM SENTENCE IN ESPIONAGE CASE.

Davenport, Oct. 11.—Judge Martin J. Wade, in federal court denied a motion for a new trial for Daniel H. Wallace this morning and sentenced him to twenty years in prison for violation of the espionage act.

The two charges against Wallace are that he attempted to obstruct the enlistment and recruiting of the military and naval forces of the United States, and that he also attempted to cause insubordination and disloyalty among the military forces.

Wallace was tried on the charge of violating the espionage law only. The conspiracy charge is still held against him, but it is possible that it may be dropped.

The taking of evidence in the cases of the six Davenport men, charged with bringing Wallace to this city to deliver a lecture that was in violation of the espionage law, started this morning.

The evidence given in the Wallace case is being repeated and the government is putting on witnesses in an attempt to show that the local men knew the character of his talk in advance and applauded it when delivered and backed up Wallace after the lecture.

STOCKS TAKE DROP ON NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Oct. 11.—Another serious break occurred in the stock market today caused by fresh liquidation in rails. Before noon standard stocks like Union Pacific, Canadian Pacific, leading grangers, trunk lines and coalers showed losses of from 1 to 4 points.

The selling in the main seemed to reflect a pessimistic mood on the part of investors.

WILL ADVANCE OFFICERS' PAY

POLICE AND FIREMEN TO GET 10 PER CENT INCREASE IN MONTHLY WAGE.

The police and fire departments of the city are to be given an increase in wages. The council was asked a few days ago for the advance and took the matter under advisement. Today the three commissioners stated that they are willing the men on the two departments should get more money for their wor kto help combat the H. C. L.

An ordinance will be drafted and is to be presented Monday to the council. Solicitor Lowenberg this morning completed the details of the advance proposed and it will amount to 10 per cent of the present wage of chiefs and men. There will be but one scale for the men instead of two as now prevails, the older men getting more pay than those in the service but a short time.

Under the plan adopted this morning and which the solicitor will offer in the proposed ordinance, the salaries will be as follows: Chiefs, $115 per month each, assistant chief $96.25 and men $88.

NAVY MUTINY SCANDAL HITS AT REICHSTAG

Socialist Deputies Are Accused of Complicity in Revolt Plot.

DECISION ON ALSACE MAY BE FORTHCOMING

Rotterdam, Oct. 11.—The statements of Vice-Admiral von Capelle, the German minister of marine, have turned the reichstag into a theatre of the wildest scandal, says the Vorwaerts, discussing the exposure of mutines within the German navy. The socialist newspaper adds that there is no shadow of proof that any deputies were guilty of illegal action in connection with the mutiny.

CRITICISMS VARY WIDELY.

The Vossische Zeitung describes the attack on the independent socialists as a deplorable and illegal trick on the part of the government. The Tageblatt contends that if the reichstag believes that the independent socialists are guilty, they must be handed over to the court.

The Koelnische Zeitung expresses surprise that the government "when it had such strong proofs of guilt against three persons suspected of treason, did not ask the consent of the reichstag to take legal measure." No reichstag would have been able to refuse consent, it declared.

FEELING RUNS HIGH.

Amsterdam, Oct. 11.—Those guilty of complicity in the plot to paralyze the German navy through mutiny should be handed with iron severity, says the Rheinische Westfalische Zeitung of Essen. It adds: "They are liable to the death penalty. Thank God, Liebknecht (the German socialist leader now in prison) was dealt with properly and in the present case there can only be similar action."

FOR FREE BELGIUM.

During the debate in the reichstag yesterday, Deputy Conrad Hausemann said that the declaration of Dr. von Kuhelmann, the foreign secretary—that apart from Alsace-Lorraine, there is no absolute bar to peace—was tantamount to a definite undertaking that Belgium should be given up.

"That should be heralded forth to all the nations," the deputy said.

Gustav Stresemann, a national liberal, said he would not oppose a reduction of armaments, but he thought that disarmament hardly was practical politics.

SHIES AT DISARMAMENT.

Count von Westarp, a conservative, thought that Germany's answer to the pope ought to have made clear that Germany would not undertake to disarm and hoped that Von Kuehlmann had not tied himself to yielding up Belgium.

George Ledebour, social democrat leader, dwelt on the damage done to the German cause by the revelations concerning Von Luxburg, the German minister at Argentina.

DECISIVE STEP SOON.

The reichstag probably will take a decisive step forward in regard to the question of Alsace-Lorraine within a few days, the Voissche Zeitung of Berlin says. The reichstag majority supports the idea of formation of a monarchial federal state with democratic and parliamentary delegates.

TALK OF PEACE GROWS.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 11.—Neutral envoys interviewed here on the undeniable trend toward peace quoted events of the past two days.

German sailors revolt because of poor food.

Incipient rioting among German troops at front.

General peace strike among munition workers forecast in dispatches to Switzerland.

Prisoners taken by Haig tell of unrest and disorganized morale.

Von Kuehlmann sees way clear for "negotiations."

The belief was expressed that a peace parley is probable within three months.

EMERGENCY SHIP READY.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—The Chicago Shipbuilding company will launch the first ship built in the United States under the direction of the Emergency Fleet corporation on Saturday. Its capacity is 3,000 tons.

GERMANY INTRIGUED TO ESTRANGE U. S. AND BRITAIN IN 1909

Jeremiah O'Leary's So-Called Society of Truth Was Active in Interest of Kaiser's Government, President Wilson Learns

MOVE TO BREAK FRIENDSHIP

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—Germany financed Irish-American propaganda organizations in the United States as early as 1909 to combat the newly developed movement for celebration of one hundred years of peace between America and Great Britain, President Wilson has learned from leaders in the centenary celebration.

SOUGHT TO BREAK FRIENDSHIP.

John A. Stewart of New York, chairman of the American branch of the centenary committee, who recently called at the white house with H. S. Ferris of London, a leader in the British phase of the movement, brought evidence that within five weeks after announcement of the centenary plans, early in 1909, German and Irish-American interests in the United States formed a number of associations and leagues to foster interest in German affairs.

O'LEARY BOBS UP AGAIN.

Most of these organizations, Mr. Stewart informed the president, shortly became merged with the American Truth society, whose president, Jeremiah O'Leary's name was mentioned in connection with the secret message from Count von Bernstarff, disclosed yesterday by Secretary Lansing. One of the actions of the organization was to erect elaborate monuments over the graves of prominent German-Americans to give publicity to historic roles played by Germans in the United States.

REGISTRATION IS REQUIRED

THOSE IN CITY WHO WOULD VOTE FOR EXTENSION OCTOBER 25 MUST REGISTER.

The special election for the the city extension project will be held October 25 and today City Solicitor Lowenberg ruled on the registration law governing this election. Persons who failed to register and vote at the last presidential election, who have since failed to register or vote or having done so, moved from the precinct in which they at that time resided, will have to register if they would vote for the extension.

As the law does not require publication of notice for registration for special elections, the action was not taken by the solicitor until this morning when some of the registration board met with Clerk Curran and Mr. Lowenberg to get a ruling on the matter.

BEGIN REGISTERING TODAY.

Today, tomorrow and Saturday, October 20 are the three days on which those who vote will have to register if they are not already qualified to vote. Persons who have registered for the prohibitory amendment election, but failed to vote in the last general election or moved from their precinct since, will be required to register for the extension election.

Those who are out of the city on regular registration days and unable to register, will be able to do so the day of election.

ELECTION AT COURTHOUSE.

The city extension election will be held at the courthouse instead of the various wards and those living outside the present limits but within the proposed new city limits, will be permitted to vote but will not have to register. Thus ruled Solicitor Lowenberg today. Any registration for the election, however, will be made at the various wards.

RUSSIANS QUELL TURKISTAN REVOLT

Petrograd, Oct. 11.—A dispatch received here from Tashkent, capital of Russian Turkistan, says a detachment of troops under General Korovnitchenko has arrived there and occupied "Liberty House," the headquarters of the local workmen's and soldiers' telegates. The rebels were arrested, together with the governor they had nominated.

DENMARK EXPECTS SHORTAGE OF COAL

Copenhagen, Oct. 11.—The hope that the railroads this year would be able to handle coal shipments necessary to keep the people warm has proved vain, and there again is talk of a transportation crisis, though the scarcity is less extensive than last winter.

Resignation of Bishop Demanded By Churchmen

Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 11.—The Right Rev. Paul Jones, bishop of Salt Lake diocese of the Episcopal church, has been asked to resign his position. The demand was made by his council of advice, the vestrymen of St. Paul's church, and the dean, wardens and vestrymen of St. Mark's cathedral parish last night because of their conviction that Bishop Jones had forfeited his right to be leader of the diocese by his alleged unpatriotic attitude and his membership in associations not in sympathy with the national struggle for human rights and democracy.

Sinn Feiners' Reliance In America Is Waning

[Correspondence Associated Press.]

Dublin, September 26.—The Sinn Feiners have been devoting special attention to their propaganda in Ulster, where several meetings have been addressed by the leaders of the movement. The effect, as reflected in the press, is to harden Ulster unionists' opposition to any form of home rule by strengthening their conviction that it must mean separation.

The supporters of the Irish party regard the Sinn Fein Ulster campaign as likely to hand over Ulster seats to the Unionist party. At present Ulster returns a majority of members pledged to home-rule, but in some cases, the majority by which the seat is held is very small, and if there were a general election the result of the Sinn Fein dissension might be the loss of seats and the establishment of a Unionist majority in Ulster.

LOSE HOPE OF HELP.

Richard McGhee, a member of the Irish party and member of parliament for Mid-Tyrone, in a speech in that constituency, charged that there exists a conspiracy to weaken the constitutional movement for home-rule.

The Sinn Feiners continue to talk of securing Irish interests at the peace conference, but they no longer place the same reliance on the aid of the America.

JOURNAL DRAWS LINE.

The Freeman's Journal, the organ of the Irish party, commenting on this, says:

"It is not possible at the present moment to carry on a policy of hampering America in the prosecution of the war, the policy upon which the American Sinn Feiners have embarked, and to preserve at the same time the good will of the American government and the American people. That good will evidently has been put out of their reckoning by the Sinn Fein party.

"The interested intrigue of Germany is a poor exchange for American good will, for it must be obvious that in any peace conference the German-Austrian policy will be to belittle as far as possible the rights of small nationalities.

MAY RE-UNITE COUNTRY.

"Meanwhile the result of the Irish convention will be announced long before there is any question of a peace conference, and if the result is a good scheme of home-rule the general opinion is that it will re-unite the country. According to current gossip as to its proceedings, the plans of home-rule debated are on very broad lines going beyond the provisions of the home-rule act, now suspended on the statute book. Every effort is being made to meet the difficulty of northeast Ulster without partitioning Ireland, and once that difficulty is overcome, good judges say that an entirely new face will be put on Irish politics."

SOFIA AWAITS KAISER.

Amsterdam, Oct. 11.—Extensive preparations are being made in Sofia, Bulgaria, to entertain the German emperor during his forthcoming visit there. It will be the emperor's first visit to Sofia.

BRYAN DECLARES LUSITANIA STORY A FABRICATION

A denial of Senator Lafollette's statement that former Secretary Bryan knew of ammunition being aboard the Lusitania before the vessel sailed from New York on her last voyage in May, 1915, was made by Mr. Bryan to a Courier representative on the train as he was traveling from Centerville to Fairfield yesterday afternoon.

In the Wisconsin senator's alleged seditious speech, made recently at St. Paul, he declared that Mr. Bryan then secretary of state, had knowledge of the ill-fated liner's cargo and told President Wilson of the fact.

"Has your attention been called to the statement made by Senator Lafollette in Minnesota recently?" the former chief cabinet officer was asked.

"Yes, it has, and a week ago today when I was in Washington I notified Senator Lafollette and the state department that the senator was misinformed. I did not know until after the

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