

HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

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TENTH YEAR.

HAZEL GREEN, WOLFE COUNTY, KY., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1894.

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WE'RE NOW IN A PRETTY BAD FIX, BUT LOOK OUT FOR 1896!

A CHANGE COMES O'ER

THE SCENE, AND BOTH HOUSES OF LEGISLATURE CHANGE HANDS.

Tables Showing the Result of the Recent Political Landslide in the Different States of the Union.

WE MET THE ENEMY AND THEY GOT US.

Below we give the official vote of the different States:

STATES.	DEM.	REP.	POP.
Alabama.....	8	1	...
Arkansas.....	6	...	...
California.....	1	6	...
Colorado.....	2	...	...
Connecticut.....	4	...	...
Delaware.....	1	1	...
Florida.....	1	...	...
Georgia.....	11	...	...
Idaho.....	1	...	...
Illinois.....	5	17	...
Indiana.....	2	11	...
Iowa.....	11	...	...
Kansas.....	8	1	...
Kentucky.....	6	5	...
Louisiana.....	3	3	...
Maine.....	4	...	...
Maryland.....	3	3	...
Massachusetts.....	13	...	...
Michigan.....	12	...	...
Minnesota.....	2	4	...
Mississippi.....	7	...	...
Missouri.....	6	9	...
Montana.....	1	...	...
Nebraska.....	1	5	...
Nevada.....	1	...	...
New Hampshire.....	2	...	...
New Jersey.....	1	7	...
New York.....	7	27	...
North Carolina.....	6	3	...
North Dakota.....	1	...	...
Ohio.....	2	19	...
Oregon.....	2	...	...
Pennsylvania.....	29	...	...
Rhode Island.....	2	...	...
South Carolina.....	8	1	...
South Dakota.....	2	...	...
Tennessee.....	6	4	...
Texas.....	13	...	...
Vermont.....	2	1	...
Virginia.....	10	...	...
Washington.....	2	...	...
West Virginia.....	4	...	...
Wisconsin.....	1	9	...
Wyoming.....	1	...	...
Total.....	103	235	4

The figures of the senate, subject to changes are as follows:

STATES.	REP.	DEM.	POP.
Alabama.....	2	...	...
Arkansas.....	2	...	...
California.....	2	...	...
Colorado.....	2	...	...
Connecticut.....	2	...	...
Delaware.....	1	1	...
Georgia.....	2	...	...
Florida.....	2	...	...
Idaho.....	2	...	...
Illinois.....	1	1	...
Indiana.....	2	...	...
Iowa.....	2	...	...
Kansas.....	1	1	...
Kentucky.....	2	...	...
Louisiana.....	2	...	...
Maine.....	2	...	...
Maryland.....	2	...	...
Massachusetts.....	2	...	...
Michigan.....	2	...	...
Minnesota.....	2	...	...
Mississippi.....	2	...	...
Missouri.....	2	...	...
Montana.....	1	...	...
Nebraska.....	1	...	...
Nevada.....	2	...	...
New Hampshire.....	1	1	...
New Jersey.....	1	...	...
New York.....	2	...	...
North Carolina.....	1	1	...
North Dakota.....	1	...	...
Ohio.....	2	...	...
Oregon.....	2	...	...
Pennsylvania.....	2	...	...
Rhode Island.....	2	...	...
South Carolina.....	1	1	...
South Dakota.....	1	...	...
Tennessee.....	1	...	...
Texas.....	2	...	...
Vermont.....	2	...	...
Virginia.....	2	...	...
Washington.....	1	1	...
West Virginia.....	2	...	...
Wisconsin.....	2	...	...
Wyoming.....	2	...	...
Total.....	41	40	6

*Doubtful.
MAJORITIES IN THE STATES—REPUBLICAN.

Colorado.....	15,000
Connecticut.....	15,374
Delaware.....	1,200
Idaho.....	225,040
Indiana.....	57,000
Iowa.....	90,000
Kansas.....	30,000
Massachusetts.....	70,000
Michigan.....	80,000
Minnesota.....	30,000
Missouri.....	10,000
Montana.....	2,500
New Hampshire.....	12,000
New Jersey.....	15,000
New Mexico.....	500

New York.....	153,422
North Carolina.....	...
North Dakota.....	8,500
Ohio.....	133,910
Oklahoma.....	5,000
Pennsylvania.....	233,378
Rhode Island.....	0,000
South Dakota.....	18,000
Tennessee.....	10,000
Utah Territory.....	6,000
Washington.....	15,000
West Virginia.....	10,000
Wisconsin.....	20,000
Wyoming.....	2,099

DEMOCRATIC.	
Alabama.....	30,000
Arkansas.....	25,000
California.....	6,000
Florida.....	15,000
Georgia.....	30,000
Kentucky.....	5,000
Louisiana.....	25,000
Maryland.....	10,000
Mississippi.....	24,000
South Carolina.....	12,000
Texas.....	90,000
Virginia.....	30,000
POPULIST.	
Nebraska.....	2,500
SILVERITES.	
Nevada.....	850

JOE KENDALL WINS.

The Official Count Gives Him a Majority Of 101 Over Mr. Hopkins.

Counties.	Kendall.	Hopkins.
Breathitt.....	327	...
Clark.....	356	...
Elliott.....	364	...
Estill.....	213	...
Floyd.....	186	...
Johnson.....	811	...
Knott.....	125	...
Lee.....	90	...
Martin.....	364	...
Magoffin.....	284	...
Montgomery.....	100	...
Morgan.....	440	...
Menefee.....	150	...
Pike.....	79	...
Powell.....	96	...
Wolfe.....	164	...
Totals.....	2,031	2,027
Majority.....	104	...

This gratifying result divides the Kentucky delegation politically into six Democrats and five Republicans.

Beckner's majority is over 600 more than Kendall.

OWENS THE MAN.

Official Returns Make His Plurality Over Judge George Denny 101.

Counties.	Owens.	Denny.
Scott.....	508	...
Oldham.....	245	...
Owen.....	452	...
Franklin.....	436	...
Woodfor I.....	11	...
Fayette.....	1,068	...
Henry.....	24	...
Bourbon.....	437	...
Total.....	1,941	1,540
Majority.....	101	...

They Have Put Their Enemies in Power. Two years ago the south had helped choose a president and an overwhelming majority in congress.

Cotton was booming, and everybody felt that the millennium was coming. Now cotton is sliding down the greased grooves of bankruptcy, the planter and laborer are making themselves slaves for the benefit of the manufacturer, and they have put their lifelong enemies in their own seats of power.—Courier-Journal.



THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD TAKES AN OUTING.

NO OCCASION FOR DESPAIR.

The Democratic Party Will Live Again.

There is no occasion for Democrats to be disconcerted, no matter what the results of the late elections may have been. There are advantages even in defeat. While a party is prosperous many men gather under its banners who are not sincere in its support. They ally themselves with it for the sake of the spoils of victory. When it suffers defeat these holiday soldiers seek other alliances. A political party is stronger without such mercenaries than with them. They flock to the standard of the enemy and in turn prove a source of weakness to it. One of the results of the late election will be to purge the party of its dross. Those who remain in it will stay because they are honest in their belief in Democratic principles and are determined to fight for them until they succeed.

This is by no means the first time the Democracy has suffered defeat. Like other political organizations, it has had its good times and its evil times. It has had to fight a very formidable enemy. The allied forces of greed, plunder and monopoly have always been its bitter and unrelenting foes. They have been thoroughly organized and have controlled a vast corruption fund. They have been tireless to defeat the only party that stands for the rights of the people against their corruption, fraud and robbery. The Democracy has had to fight traitors in its own camp, both in and out of congress, as well as the hosts of protection.

In 1892 the Democratic party was successful and Republicanism with all the detestable policies for which it stands, went down under a storm of popular indignation. Its pet theory received a terrible rebuke and the Democracy received peremptory orders to destroy the devil of protection.

But unfortunately the president and a number of leading Democrats had conceived the idea that protection was a matter to be handled very carefully. Unwarned by previous experience they gave the deadly doctrine more quarter than it deserved.

Instead of cutting it off at one blow they attempted to kill it by inches. True, they afforded the country some relief but not nearly so much as they might and they should have afforded. The people resented the failure of the Democracy to obey their orders. They particularly resented the policy of a few of the leading Democrats, more especially in the senate. They have administered to David B. Hill the castigation he so richly deserved. When they get a chance at Gorman and his coadjutors they will treat them after the same fashion. Unfortunately, in their wrath, as frequently occurs, they not only punish the guilty but the innocent as well.

When the Democracy is purified by defeat it will again resume the position it deserves to hold. It is built upon a rock and is sure to prevail in the end. Its first duty is to get rid of its traitors and scoundrels—the men who belong to it for mere selfish and mercenary purposes—and then, if it is only true to its own principles, its success is absolutely certain.—Lexington Transcript.

MONTHLY CROP REPORT.

Commissioner McDowell's Report for the Month of November.

The drought that has prevailed in this state for months past has been broken in a very few counties. The sowing of wheat has been very much retarded in many localities, and some correspondents report, "will not be able on account of the drought to sow more than one-half crop." All ground, except corn ground, had become so very hard that it could not be plowed. Where there has been rain the crops look well, came up well and is making good growth, but many counties report that it looks small and tender. From some sections where it was sown early, fears are had that it has sprouted and perished for want of moisture, which is hoped is not true, for it is too late to re-sow. I have sent out from this office this fall three kinds of wheat, viz: Oregon, Red Russian and Red Clausen, three very excellent varieties, grown in Ohio by Judge Vanmeter, a very large farmer, who raises all the best varieties that he can find. I have bought wheat from him for the past three years, and my correspondents write me very flattering reports from all the different varieties. I have received a number of very fine samples from our state, but think it best to buy from another state, believing that a change from one state to another is beneficial. Quite a number of parties have written asking the name of the wheat sent them. Will answer that it was one of the three names mentioned above. The bags were all tagged but were lost in shipping. The three varieties are all smooth head wheat. I think our farmers prefer the smooth head wheat to the bearded variety. From some reports the farmers are so well pleased with feeding wheat to stock, not only to hogs but to horses and cows, that they will not decrease the acreage, but rather increase it. For feed for horses and cows they have it ground very coarse. The estimated acreage of wheat sown this fall is placed at 89 per cent.

RYE.—Correspondents report more rye sown than usual this fall, principally for winter pasture, much of it to be plowed under in the spring. The acreage is estimated at 81 per cent.

BARLEY.—An unusual crop of barley has been sown and is looking well. The estimated acreage is placed at 80 per cent.

CORN.—The season has been fine for drying corn, and a large part of it has been cribbed. Some complain that it is not so good as was expected; others say that it is better. All farmers agree that the crop was better cultivated than usual, the ground better prepared before planting, and that more corn was raised with less rain than ever was known before. I will try and get an estimated yield per acre next month. The estimated condition is placed at 83 per cent.

POTATOES.—A short crop of potatoes is reported. The government report is smaller than for many years past. Potatoes at the present price are a better crop than wheat. A bushel of potatoes are worth more than a bushel of wheat. They will yield from two to four times as many bushels per acre and are as ready sale at their market price. They require more labor, but not as much difference as there is in the yield. If other countries can raise potatoes and ship them to this country and pay a duty on them, ought we not be able to raise and sell them profitably without a duty? There was imported into the United States from Scotland alone, from October, 1893, to June, 1894, 31,745 tons of potatoes, besides vast amounts from Canada. The estimated yield per acre in bushels is placed at 65. The estimated yield of sweet potatoes per acre is 70 bushels.

HOGS.—Nearly all counties report a shortage in hogs. The government report shows a decrease of 10 per cent., and still the price has declined very materially since my last report. The average number compared to full amount is 84 per cent.

CATTLE.—There has been a very large shipment of fat cattle from this state in the past month. The prices held up well. The number of cattle is placed at 83 per cent.

TOBACCO.—As to the report on white

Burley tobacco, I will quote the remarks of some of the correspondents from some of the white Burley counties. From the county of Bath: "The tobacco crop of this county in quality, length and brightness is superior to any ever raised; whilst there may be a shortage in acreage, the weight will more than make up the difference." From the county of Mason: "The late cut tobacco is of a very inferior quality, having been cut green." The correspondent from Shelby reports: "Tobacco curing up nicely." The condition for October as to white Burley is placed at 96 per cent. The reports from the dark tobacco counties are hardly so encouraging, but some of them very good. From the county of Trigg the correspondent reports: "The best yield of all products for ten years past. The fruits of good cultivation more than good season, corn and tobacco especially." From the county of Christian: "Tobacco about 40 per cent. cut green. Some good, but as a whole an inferior crop." The condition of dark tobacco for October is placed at 86 per cent.

HEMP.—The condition for October is estimated at 80 per cent. The quality is supposed to be very fine.

HAY.—The average yield per acre, estimated in tons, is placed at one and one-fifth tons per acre. Nearly all correspondents throughout the state report grass to be very short. The correspondent from Fayette reports: "We have virtually no grass. I have been feeding full for a month. The farmer will have to feed all his crop to take his stock through the winter to another harvest." I inquired of the correspondents this month if the financial condition of the farmer had improved in the last twelve months. There were 71 answered no, 39 answered yes, by a large per cent., and a large number did not return any answer.

NICHOLAS McDOWELL, Commissioner.

The Toledo Weekly Blade.

Of the now nearly 20,000 regular publications in the United States, there are but two or three weekly newspapers published for general circulation in every state and territory, and of these the Toledo Weekly Blade is the best and most popular of them all. It is the oldest, best known, and has the largest circulation. For more than 25 years it has been a regular visitor to every portion of the Union, and it is well known at every one of the sixty thousand odd post offices of the country. It is made especially for family reading. It gives the entire news of the world each week, in such a condensed form as will save reading scores of pages of daily papers to get less information. Republican in politics, temperance in principle, always on the side of justice and right, it is the paper for the rising generation, and a great educator for the whole family. Serial stories, wit and humor, short stories, household department, question bureau, farm department, camp fire, Sunday school and young folks are a few of the many other prominent features of this great paper. A specimen copy will be mailed free to any address on application, and the publishers invite any person to send in a long list of addresses to whom they will mail sample copies. They would be glad to mail a couple of hundred of specimen copies to readers of this county. The Weekly Blade is a very large paper, and the price is only \$1.00 a year. Address THE BLADE, Toledo, Ohio.

Blessing in Disguise.

The American people are peculiar, and the defeat of the Democracy may be a blessing in disguise. The next Republican congress will be powerless for two years to come to change the tariff law, and it is hardly probable that any attempt at silver legislation will be made. All this means that the business of the country will have a season of rest from political agitation. That means that prosperity will soon return and prosperity means a clean sweep for Democracy in 1896.—Richmond (Va.) State.

"So Clean" is the finest pure white soap ever introduced here. It is better than Cashmere Boquet for the toilet, superior to Ivory for fine laundry, and ahead of Sapollo for the kitchen. One cake, 10c; 2 for 15c; 4 for 25c. Sold at this office only.