# Glasgow Weekly Times.

CLARK H. GREEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DEVOTED TO POLITICAL, AGRICULTURAL AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

VOL. XXI. GLASGOW, MO., THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1860. NO. 4.



SAINT LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS

NANSON, DAMERON & CO.,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
No. 88 SECOND STREET,
SAINT LOUIS, M.

JOS. S. NANSON, late of steamer Kate Howard.
C. H. BREWSTER, of Boonville, Mo.
LOGAN D. DAMERON, late of Glasgow, Mo.
M. HILLARD, late of steamer Kate Howard.
jan5–1y

C. D. SULLIVAN & CO.
Jewellers, Watch & Clock Makers
*No. 30, Fourth St., St. Louis, Mo.*

A large and well selected assortment o clocks, watches, jewelry, silver spoons, &c., constantly on hand for sale low.
All kinds of Jewelry made to order and neatly repaired. Engraving neatly executed, and all orders promptly attended to.
☞ The highest prices paid for old Gold and Silver. april 3.

JONES' COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
S. E. CORNER WASHINGTON AV. AND THIRD ST.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
*ESTABLISHED IN* 1841.

A full course of instruction in this institution embraces Double-Entry Book-Keeping, Commercial Calculations, Commercial Law, and Penmanship.
☞ Special instruction given in the art of detecting Counterfeit Money.
Gentlemen can enter for the courses separately, and at any time, as instruction is imparted individually, and not in classes, each Department being independent of the other, and under the control of a Professor educated for the especial duties of that Department in which he is employed.
For circulars, containing information in regard to the Terms, Course of Instruction, Rules for Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes, Weights of Produce, Tares allowed on Produce, etc., etc., call at the Book-keeping Department, or address,
JONATHAN JONES.
jan6–1v. St. Louis, Mo.

R. P. HANENKAMP. WM. K. HYNES
HANENKAMP & HYNES,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Commission and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
No. 93 Second street, between Locust and Vine (East side,)
St. Louis, Mo.
☞ Particular attention paid to sales of Hemp Tobacco, Grain, Bacon and Lard. [dec6

BEN F. CRANE & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry
*Sold Silver and Plated Ware.*
FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
Has removed to corner of Fourth and Locust Streets in
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
nov2 ST. LOUIS, MO.

FULTON IRON WORKS,
Second & Carr Street, St. Louis.
GERARD B. ALLEN,
MANUFACTURES High and Low Pressure Steam Engines, for river and land service. Boilers, Sheet-Iron work,
Saw and Grist Mill Machinery,
Thosseco and Lard Screws, and Castings of every description.
☞ Circular Saw Mills of the Page and Child's (March 18, 1858—1y]

J. E. YEATMAN. G. R. ROBINSON. J. J. GARRARD.
YEATMAN, ROBINSON & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner 2d & Green Sts.,
St. Louis, Mo.
☞ Special attention paid to the sale of HEMP and produce generally.

HENRY I. LORING & CO.,
WHOLESALE
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS,
PAPER DEALERS AND
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
No. 136 MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE STATE BANK MO
ST. LOUIS, MO.
H. I. LORING, R. D. PATTERSON. C. F. LORING.

WE beg leave to call attention to our large stock of SCHOOL BOOKS, comprising all the popular series now in use throughout the South and west.
STATIONERY,
Both American and Foreign, in endless variety.
PAPER.
Cap, Letter and Note, of all the various qualities; ruled and plain; Flat Papers, Colored Papers, glazed and unglazed; Printers' News, of all the usual sizes in general use, Crown, Medium, Double rown and Double Medium; Grocery Wrapping, together with a large assortment of Wall Paper, Bordering and Paper Window Shades.
BLANK BOOKS.
Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Invoice Books, cash Books, Records, of first quality of paper and superior style of binding. Also, Pass Books, Memorandum Books, Copy Books, &c.
We respectfully ask a call, feeling certain that we can give satisfaction in every particular.
HENRY I. LORING & CO.
☞ Blank Books made to order, of any style or pattern, with or without Printed Headings.
N. B. Clean Cotton and Linen Rags taken in exchange for Goods. feb17, '59–1y.

S. H. BAILEY,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER,
No. 74 Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

WOULD respectfully call your attention to his large and complete assortment of Large and Small Stick Candy, Sugar Plums, Almonds, Comfits, Rock Candy, Kisses and Lozenges. Also, to his fancy Kiss Papers, Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias, &c., for Confectionery. His articles are manufactured expressly for the country trade, and their superior quality is well attested by the large and increasing sales, and the already well established reputation which they have acquired, believed to surpass that of any other establishment in St. Louis.
☞ Orders solicited and promptly attended to. 18, 1855.

T. H. LARKIN. J. R. LARKIN. C. W. WALTER.
THOS. H. LARKIN & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND
Wholesale Grocers,
*No. 30 Levee and 60 Com. Street,*
SAINT LOUIS.
☞ Special attention given to sales of Hemp and Grain. feb9, 1860.

Vinegar and Sage.
A FRESH article of Sage and pure Cider Vinegar, can be had at the Drug Store of
nov10 CROPP & WILLIAMS.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

No. 32, Fifth St., St. Louis, Mo.
WHERE can be found at all season the larges and most complete assortment o
Artists' Materials, Engravings, &c.,
To be found in St. Louis. I am prepared to execute all kinds of Fancy and Ornamental Painting, Banners, &c.
Artists and Amateurs will find at my establishment Crayons, Crayon Paper, Water Colors, &c., in abundance.
All work and materials warranted to be equal to any in the city, and on as liberal terms.
☞ Remember the place, 101 Fourth street, Ten Buildings, above Locust.
feb2, 1860. JAMES SPORE.

TATUM & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant,
No. 160 SECOND STREET,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale of Tobacco, Hemp, Wheat, &c., and to the receiving and forwarding of Produce and Merchandise generally. july 14, '59—1y.
N. B.—We always keep on hand a large stock of Hydraulic Cement, Plaster of Paris, and Plasterer's Hair, of best quality.

GEO. R. PARKER, Late of Providence, Mo. C. C. BRANHAM, Late of Weston, Mo.
PARKER & BRANHAM,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
No. 42 North Second St, bet. Ches. and Pine st, SAINT LOUIS.

WE will give prompt and special attention to Forwarding Goods, Produce, &c., and to the sale of Hemp, Grain, Tobacco, the product of the Hog, &c.
☞ *Consignments and orders Solicited.* ☜
REFERENCES:
Branham, Keiser & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Parker, Russell & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Bell, Tilden & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Thos. H. Larkin & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Rob't Campbell & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Convers & Kennett, New Orleans, La.; Kilgore, Wilson & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.; Garrett, Spears & Co., Paris, Ky.; Tyler Davidson & Co., Cincinnati, O.; Maj. J. S. Rollins, Columbia, Mo.; Exchange Bank, Columbia, Mo.; Bartholow & Robbins, Glasgow, Mo.; Wm. Limrick, Lexington, Mo.; Geo. F. Hulse, Weston, Mo.; J. S. Chick & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; Donnell & Saxton, St. Joseph, Mo. dec22, '59–1y

CHAS. A. M'NAIR. JAS. L. MORGAN.
CHAS. A. M'NAIR & CO.
Manufacturers
Chewing Tobacco,
Of all Grades,
Water Street, Glasgow, Mo.
Referring to above card, we beg leave to announce to the public, that we have this day associated with us in business, Mr. Jas. L. Morgan, of Lynchburg, Va., and solicit for the new concern, a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us. With increased facilities for buying and manufacturing good chewing tobacco, we can guarantee satisfaction to all who give us a trial:
jan5 CHAS. A. McNAIR & CO.

J. LORMIS,
*APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST,*
Glasgow, Mo.
*Store—Corner of First and Market Street.*

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, A full stock of Pure and Genuine
Medicines and Drugs,
as well as everything else usual to be found in APOTHECARIES AND DRUG STORES.
jan19, 1860–1y

R. MELVIN'S
IMPROVED
Gift Book Store,
BULLETIN BUILDING
112 SOUTH THIRD ST. PHILA'PHIA.

THE Proprietor respectfully announces to the people of the United States, that he has just issued a New Classified Catalogue, containing over 1300 volumes, including every respectable department of Literature. And also, an extensive list of VALUABLE AND USEFUL GIFTS,
*To Be Presented to Purchasers of Books.*
The first-class reputation which this Establishment has acquired, is the result of strict integrity and close attention to business, and persons who desire to be *fairly* dealt with, and to receive *prompt* returns, are assured that the future shall maintain the credit of the past and present.
The quality of my Gifts, and the liberality of their distribution, are unequalled.
My TERMS to AGENTS are superior to any ever before offered. And by abundant means and peculiar advantages in the trade, I am enabled to perform to the letter all that I promise.
☞ AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Catalogues, Posters, Private Circulars, &c., sent free, on application. ☞ Send for a Catalogue.
Address R. MELVIN, Bulletin Building, 112 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
N B—Persons wishing to act as Agents, will find it especially to their advantage to address me immediately for particulars.
oct6–6m R. MELVIN.

Rubber Goods.
COATS, Leggins and Boots, to keep you dry and warm, for sale very low, by
sept22 STROUSE & FRIEDSAM.

THREE MONTHS.
WE are compelled to PAY CASH for stock, and therefore cannot afford to sell on long time. Our customers may therefore look for their bills every three months.
jan12–tf MASON & STETTMUND.

WOOD! WOOD!!
WE have any quantity of the very best Fire Wood, which we will sell on the river bank, or deliver in any part of the city. Sold by the measured cord, at low rates. Give us a call and get your winter wood.
oct18 TILLMAN & PHIPPS.

INSURANCE, ETC.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.
INCREASE OF CASH CAPITAL,

DEVOTED TO
Fire Insurance Exclusively.
(CHARTER PERPETUAL.)
CASH CAPITAL, - - - $100,000,00
CASH ASSETS, - - - - $419,084,66
S. D. LOOMIS, President.
H. KELLOGG, Secretary.
*Branch Office, 31 & 34 West 3d St., Incinnati*
M. MAGILL, General Agent.

Agents in the principal cities and towns of the Union.
LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.
Applications received, and Policies issued and renewed by O. HENDERSON, Agent,
aug11 Glasgow.

THOMSON, LEWIS & CO., AGENTS
ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONN.

CHARTERED, 1819.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS
Cash Assets
$2080,428 80,

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE CO. has been in successful operation FORTY YEARS, and during that period has promptly paid losses in
Glasgow, - - - - - - $6,970 25.

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| W. WAYLAND & Co., | 946,00 |
| JOHN DOHANEY, | 300,08 |
| F. A. SAVAGE, | 1470,04 |
| DAMERON, MASON & SHEPHERD, | 701,70 |
| HARRISON & Co., | 2340,00 |
| NANSON & BARTHOLOW, | 340,75 |
| BARTON & SHACKELFORD, | 48,67 |
| HARRISON & Co., | 450,00 |

The total losses paid by the Ætna Insurance Company amounts to over
TWELVE MILLION DOLLARS,
of which above amount
$385,00000
Has been paid to citizens of MISSOURI alone.
The Annual income of the Ætna Company it more than DOUBLE that of any similar Corporation in this country; and its assets are of the most secure and reliable character, among which will be found $72,500 00 of Missouri Bonds and Bank Stock; and in point of ability and favorable reputation for prompt and equitable adjustment of claims, the Ætna Company stands unrivalled.
The undersigned, Agents, are authorized to immediately issue Policies against loss by
FIRE,
on Buildings, Stocks of Merchandise, Ware Houses and Contents,
TOBACCO AND HEMP IN BARNS,
and personal property generally. Especial attention paid to the insurance of Dwelling Houses and Contents, for a term of 1 to 5 years.
The undersigned also issues Policies of
Marine Insurance,
and in this department offer superior facilities to Merchants and shippers, by open or contract policies, and monthly returns of 25 per cent. of the Premiums granted to regular customers.
The Ætna Company has advantages through its extended system of Agencies, established along every inland route, whereby it exercises due care over property in transit, and in case of damage, that prompt attention and supervision which gives to its customers the least trouble, expense or loss, and affords a speedy means of recovery and prompt forwarding of damaged property.
*Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.*
The patronage of all who desire undoubted Insurance, is respectfully solicited.
Policies issued without delay, by
THOMPSON, LEWIS & CO., Agents
aug11 for Glasgow and vicinity.

Life Insurance.
COVENANT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS.
INCORPORATED 1853.
Guarantee Fund ..... $50,000.
Office Northeast corner Second and Pine streets, basement, Boatmen's Saving Institution.

PAMPHLETS CONTAINING RATES, &c., blank applications, and any information regarding the company, may be obtained at the office of the Company in St. Louis, or any of its agents.
GERARD B. ALLEN, President.
HON. SAMUEL TREAT, Vice President.
ISAAC M. VEITCH, Secretary.
JOHN S. MOORE, M. D., J. R. WASHINGTON, M. D. } Ex'g Physicians.
TRUSTEES:

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| J. B. Johnson, M. D. | Hon. Sam'l Treat, |
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| Wm. A. Moffett, | Sam'l H. Baily, |
| D. A. Lackman, | A. G. Braun, |
| Ben. F. Crane, | Taylor Blow, |
| J. W. Thornburgh, | Nicholas Wall, |
| F. H. Manter, | H. Eisenhardt. |

*CLARK H. GREEN, Agent, Glasgow.*

SCHOOL Books, and all kinds of Blank Books Pens, Holders, Inks, Letter and Cap Paper, Envelopes, and Novels. Our stock of Blanks and Stationery, is large and well selected.
june30 CROPP & WILLIAMS.

CARPETINGS.
TWO and three-ply carpetings, beautiful patterns, and will be sold low.
sep 22 STROUSE & FRIEDSAM.


TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

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| One square, ten lines or less, one insertion | $ 1 00 |
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Professional or business cards of six lines or less will be inserted for six dollars per year.
Administrators' notices, two dollars; final settlements, two dollars and fifty cents.
Advertisements, of a personal nature, will be charged at the rate of two dollars per square, and payment required invariably in advance.
The fee for announcing a candidate for office is three dollars, and no such announciation will be made unless paid in advance.
All advertisements, not marked with the number of insertions, will be published till forbid and charged for accordingly.
Advertisements out of the direct line of business of the yearly advertiser, such as legal, auction, runaway slaves, strays, &c., will be charged for separately at the usual rates.
Stray notices two dollars, and one dollar additional for each animal, where more than one is advertised—in advance.

## REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Conformably to the public notice issued by B. Gratz Brown, Esq., Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, a State Convention of the Republicans of Missouri was held on Saturday, March 11, in the Mercantile Library Hall, St. Louis, the purpose being to select delegates to the National Republican Convention called at Chicago, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

At 12 o'clock M. the hour for convening, the hall was filled, every Congressional District being represented by its respective delegates. The Convention was called to order by the Hon. B. Gratz Brown, Chairman of the State Republican Committee, who addressed the Convention as follows:

GENTLEMEN: It devolves upon me to call to order this morning, the first Republican Convention assembled in any Slave State. In doing so permit me to say that party which has inscribed upon its banner Freedom—Divine Freedom—thus taking to itself organization, is vindicated in advance; for wide must be the departure from the accredited mission of our Federal Government, and great the peril to those liberties which illuminate citizenship, when millions of men all over the land deem it necessary to make the reassertion of that freedom, the initial point of combination and the engrossing theme of thought. Let us then in all honor, and with a pure patriotism approach the work that is set before us.

You, who come together from remote sections of this commonwealth, have at least one attribute that must make noticeable your action here, which is, that you dwell in the very presence of the ills you deprecate, and have it at heart to work out a practical, not merely a theoretical, reform. Limitations upon settlement, migration, labor, that assume national importance when affecting only remote territories with you, cripple the industries that constitute support. Questions—pestilent questions, that have been vainly banished from the halls of Congress, nestle at your firesides. In education, in social life, in religious worship, in the toil of the field and the shop, you have experience of that discrimination against the yeoman, and in favor of the serf, which it is now widely endeavored to establish as the dominating policy in these United States. You know that the conflict between free labor and slave labor is an "irrepressible conflict," that no citizen who has to compete with the "chattel" at the plow, the loom, or the anvil, but feels its truth, and that they only deny it and gloss the lie who are of, or belong to the slave system. I have faith, therefore, that when you come to deliberate upon matters of national concernment, and to take your place as an integral portion of that great party which has assumed the task of withdrawing the general government from its committals, and active agency in behalf of the spread and perpetuation of slavery, you will be animated by a sympathy wide as the common country, and yet controlled by a forbearance due to the rightful separation of State and Federal Sovreignties.

In these times, which have perplexed good men with so many threats levelled at the Union of the States, it will be well, furthermore, to reflect that it is the same sinister and unnatural policy in behalf of our geographical limitation of free men, and an indefinite expansion of slave soil, which breeds the spirit of revolt. And yet it is one interest only, and that an aggressive interest that Disunion finds favor. It is with one party only, and that the party in power, that such ideas have been encouraged for party purposes. Predicated upon devotion to the slave system, both for States and Territories, such a policy as secession attaches to itself chiefly those who are in that great interest of persuasion, and while the large body of the people of the United States are hostile to all such projects, yet it will devolve more immediately upon the free laboring men of the slave States to encounter the heresy at home, to strip it by opposition of the importance that would attach to it as an unchallenged State indorsement, and to unmask in every township a treason that owes its toleration to a cunning duplicity as to its own ends, combined with exaggerated falsehoods as to the purposes of others. Primarily, therefore, it is the work of the Republicans of the slave States to save this Union, if it shall need saving, by evidencing the falsehood of those calumnies used to excite a sectional discord, and by firmness in vindicating their own citizen privileges, as the essential basis of any democratic government. These sentiments I know to be strongly prevalent with you in this the inception of a State and National canvass, and I trust your political fellowship may compass their full realization.

Again, they who affirm that the party which you this day organize in Missouri, has its vitality solely from the so called "negro question," little know, or else blindly ignore the more perilous aspects of the suppression of free principles now going on in this Republic. We have all seen so much of legislation affecting the slave race, borne with indifference by the nation, that it may be well doubted whether any direct action in that behalf, even to the renewal of the slave trade, would produce a crisis in our history and politics. But when the conflict between different systems becomes palpable, as in the struggle for possessing new fields of labor, then is touched that pulse which warms to redress. Still more, when the attendant issues, provoked by a militant slave propaganda, involve the rights of free intercourse with one half the States, then does peril arise involving the integrity of the nation. That Federal Government which cannot or will not protect its citizens in the rights of speech, of domicil, and of transit as effectually in Charleston as in Vienna—its citizens of one nativity as fully as another—that government, I say, is imbecile and offers a premium for its own dissolution. It is to cover the broad ground of protection to American citizens in all the rights guaranteed by the Constitution in all the States of the Union, abroad as well as at home, that the Republican party has been called into being. That is its logical future. The danger of the time, consisting chiefly in the insensibility of the Government, debauched as it has been by rpiates, to the rights of citizens in the several sections;—and if it be not remedied, will lead to State intervention and reprisal, the fruitful germ of civil feud. Is it not worthy of the ambition of any political association that looks to power in the present and honor in the future, to point its endeavor to the achievment of that end.

But why need I prolong words in the presence of so many resolute men. I shall read the call for a Republican National Convention at Chicago, and also the call for a Republican State Convention of Missouri under which you are met here to day.

The speaker was interrupted by frequent and prolonged bursts of applause. At the close of his remarks, a committee appointed for that purpose, reported the following

PERMANENT OFFICERS:

*President*—B. Gratz Brown, of St. Louis.

*Vice Presidents*—Dr. G. W. H. Landon, of Buchanan; Dr. J. O. Sitton, of Gasconade, A. A. Wilson, of Iron; Allen Hammer, of Pulaski; Wm. Gilpin, of Jackson; E. G. Evans, of Crawford; C. H. Ashby, of St. Louis; Ben. Farrar, of St. Louis; A. Krekel, of St. Charles, Frederick Munch, of Warren; J. B. Gardenhire, of Cole; J. M. Richardson, of Greene; Dr. A. Hammer, of St. Louis; George Crist, of Dent; M. Pinner, of Jackson; R. C. Dougherty, of Scotland; Wm. M. Moore, of Miller.

*Secretaries*—Theophile Papin, St. Louis; Maj. J. K. Kidd, Osage; Charles Borg, St. Louis; N. T. Doan, Grundy.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee to report resolutions:

H. B. Branch, Buchanan; P. L. Foy, St. Louis; H. T. Blow, Carondelet; James Lindsay, Iron; C. F. Bernays, St. Louis; Franklin A. Dick, St. Louis; J. H. Lightner, St. Louis; F. H. Manter, St. Louis; B. R. Bonner, St. Louis; M. Miller, St. Louis; B. Hornsby, Johnson; F. Munch, Warren; George Kyler, Asa Jones, and T. A. Nelson, St. Louis.

During the absence of the committee several gentlemen addressed the Convention. The committee reported the following resolutions:

1. That the Republicans of Missouri, in Convention assembled, do most heartily indorse the principles of the National Republican party as the same are set forth in the call for the National Convention, to be held at Chicago, and hereby pledge themselves to support the nominee of that Convention.

2. That the Republicans of the State of Missouri hold to the principles which gave birth to the grand confederacy of States which compose the Union, and deem it their most glorious privilege to reiterate and affirm the sentiments of the founders of the Republic as truly embodying the political doctrines which they cherish and intend to maintain at all hazards and to the last extremity that the following language contained in a letter addressed by George Washington, the "Father of his Country," to General Lafayette, in the year 1798, embraces the great and fundamental principles upon which the Democratic Republican party of Missouri is founded, to-wit: "I agree with you cordially in your views in regard to negro slavery. I have long considered it a most serious evil, both socially and politically, and I should rejoice in any feasible scheme to rid our States of such a burden. The Congress of 1787 adopted an ordinance which prohibits the existence of involuntary servitude in our north-western territory forever I consider it a wise measure. It met with the approval and assent of nearly every member of the States more immediately interested in slave labor. The prevailing opinion in Virginia is against the spread of slavery into the new territories, and *I trust we shall have a confederacy of free States.*"

3. That we most cordially approve the language and sentiments contained in the following extract of a letter written by Thomas Jefferson to Mr. Sparks, pointing out "a feasible scheme to rid our States of the burden of slavery," and in which he declares, "that the second object and the most interesting to us, as coming home to our physical and moral characters, to our happiness and safety, is to provide an asylum, to which we can by degrees, send the whole of that population (the negroes,) from among us, and establish them under our patronage and protection as a separate, free and independant people in some country and climate friendly to human life and happiness.

4. That the colonization of the free blacks thus distinctly pointed out by Mr. Jefferson as the true solution of the slavery question in this country, found among its defenders the illustrious Clay of Kentucky, among the greatest of the second generation of statesmen of the Republic. We bestow his eloquent language to rebuke those who maintain that our government was instituted for no other object that to perpetuate slavery; "If (said this great statesman and patriot—ic,) they would repress all tendences toward liberty and ultimate emancipation, they must do more than put down the benevolent efforts of this society. They must go back to the era of our liberty and independence, and muzzle the cannon which thunders its annual joyous return. They must revive the slave trade, with all its train of atrocities. They must repress the workings of British philanthropy seeking to ameliorate the condition of the unfortunate West India slaves. They must arrest the career of South American deliverance from thraldom. They must blow out the moral lights aaound us, and extinguish that greatest torch of all, which America presents to a benighted world, pointing the way to their rights, their liberties and their happiness, and when they have achieved all these their work then will be incomplete, they must penetrate the human soul, and eradicate the light of reason and the love of liberty. Then and not till then, when universal despair and darkness prevail, can you perpetuate slavery, and repress all sympathies, and all humane and benevolent efforts among freemen in behalf of the unhappy portions of our race who are doomed to bondage."

5. That the Republicans of Missouri, knowing that Edward Bates has, throughout his life, held the views and sentiments of the founders of the Republic, upon this vital subject, now the great and overshadowing issue before the country and honoring him for the courage and constancy with which he has remained faithful to their principles in the worst of times, as well as for the elevation and purity of his character hereby commend him, to the great Republican party of the Union as one worthy to bear their banner in the contest for the restoration of the government to its ancient policy of honesty, humanity and freedom.

6. That the threats of the leaders of a corrupt party to destroy the Government, if the principles upon which the Union was formed shall again prevail in its administration, should be regarded with scorn and contempt until an overt act shall be made to put this treason into execution, when it should be met in the spirit of which our fore-fathers set us an example by the punishment of the traitors, and an unreserved pledge of "our lives, our fortunes, and our most sacred honor," to the defense of our liberties and our country.

7. That the free citizens of Missouri, in reclaiming for themselves and their posterity the fields of employment here dedicated to the encouragement of slavery, do recognize, in the fullest sense the irrepressible character of the conflict between free and slave labor, and announce themselves prepared to maintain in that conflict the cause of free labor.

8. That we recognize it as the duty of the Government of the United States to protect the rights of free intercourse and domicil between the citizens of the different States—at home, as fully as in foreign countries, and to maintain in all respects the equal rights of citizens of all nativites under the Constitution of the United States and are opposed to any change of the naturalization laws.

9. That as the ardent friends of free labor and the developement of the West, we hail with delight the action of the Republican party in Congress in favor of the bill to grant a free homestead of 160 acres of the public land to every person, who is of age who shall settle upon and cultivate the same knowing that the primary effects of the measure would be to attract immigration to the West and to exclude slavery from the Territories.

10. That the construction of a national railroad across the continent to the Pacific Ocean upon the central route, by way of Pike's Peak, is a national necessity not less than a national duty, and that we are in favor of its immediate construction under the inspection of the General Government.

The resolutions were read separately, and adopted,

A resolution denouncing the free negro bill, and the following was adopted:

*Resolved*, That the Hon. Francis P. Blair, Jr., in respect to the thoughtfulness and resolve with which he has revived and advocated the views and plan of Mr. Jefferson on the subject of negro colonization—a question of importance to the white and black races in the Union, involving material interests of the highest order to the one, and of humanity to the other; and which from the very fact of its pure and unmixed usefulnes, elicits the usual opposition that arises and confronts the benefit of the people—deserves and hereby receives the approval and indorsement of this convention.

The following delegates were appointed to the Chicago Convention:—

State at Large—Francis P. Blair, B. Gratz Brown, Frel. Muench, James O. Sitton. Alternates: Asa Jones, Dr. Bl Bruns, H. T. Blow, John Doyle.

First Congressional District—P. L. Foy, Dr. Bernays. Alternates. F. H. Manter, John C. Vogel.

Second Congressional District—A. Krekel, M. Randolph. Alternates: John K. McDearmon, S. M. Martin.

Third Congressional District—N. T. Doan, Chas. Collins.

Fourth Congressional District—H. B. Branch, Dr. G. W. Landon. Alternates: Thos. J. Boynton, F. Wentzel.

Fifth Congressional District—M. Pinner, Jas. B. Gardenhire. Alternates: Henry Keymer, Wm. Gilpin.

Sixth Congressional District—J. K. Kidd, Allen Hamer. Alternates: John M. Richardson, Jas. A. Matthews.

Seventh Congressional District—James Lindsay, Thos. C. Fletcher. Alternates: Jas. F. St. James, Albert Jackson.

Nominations entered into, which resulted in the selection of the following Central Committee:

B. Gratz Brown, State at large.
Dr. Tilton, State at large.
F. A. Dick, First District.
Arnold Krekel, Second District.
N. T. Doan, Third District.
Col. H. Branch, Fourth District.
James B. Gardenhire, Fifth District.
John M. Richardson, Sixth District.
James Lindsay, Seventh District.

Mr. P. L. Foy moved that four more members from the city of St. Louis, and one from the city of Herman, be added to the State Central Committee: which motion prevailing, the Convention elected Mr. Huntshouser, of Hermann, by acclamation; also Messrs. Bart Able, John C. Cavender, F. H. Manter, and Rudolph Bircher.

The committee was, on motion, given power to fill vacancies.

On motion Samuel H. Gardner, Esq., the delegates to the National Republican Convention to meet in Chicago on the 16th day of May next, were instructed to vote at that Convention as a unit, as a majority of them should elect.

## Democratic National Convention.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The Central National Democratic Committee are considering the propriety of changing the place of holding the National Convention to some other point. The reason of this is owing to the exorbitant and outrageous prices that have been fixed upon by hotel keepers and other places of accommodation at Charleston. A large number of Senators and members have called the attention of the Committee to this matter, and are urging them take immediate action. The Committee believe they have power to make the change, and backed up by the Democracy of the different sections, they will change the place of meeting to Baltimore.

MORMON SUCCESSION.—Brigham Young may soon have an occasion to exercise his gifts in imprecatory and denunciatory talk. Joseph Smith, the son of Joe, the alleged prophet, Brigham's predecessor, has been requested by certain Mormons to go to Utah, and take Brigham's place. If he tries it, we fancy that a certain style of Anglo Saxon, more vigorous than reverential, will be slightly indulged in by the present chief.

☞ If the old maxim is true that the law takes no account of small matters, it must take precious little account of many who pretend to administer it.

A BEAUTIFUL PARAGRAPH.—The following lines are from Sir Humphrey Davy's Salmonia:—

"I envy no quality or mind of intellect in others—be it genius, power, wit or fancy; but if I could choose what would be most delightful, and I believe most useful to me, I should prefer a religious belief to any other blessing; for it makes life a dicipline of goodness; breathes new hopes; varnishes and throws over decay the destruction of existence, the most gorgeous light; awakens life even in death, and from corruption and decay calls up the most delightful visitors of palms and amaranths, the gardens of the blest, and security of everlasting joys, where the sensualist and skeptic view only gloom, decay, annihilation and despair."

☞ At a State Convention of the "Constitutional Union party" of North Carolina, recently held the Hon. William A. Graham, of that State, was designated as their first choice for the Presidency, and the Hon. Washington Hunt, of New York, as their second choice.

☞ The National Executive Committee of the "Constitutional Union Party" has fixed the 9th of May as the time of holding its National Convention at Baltimore, for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President.

☞ Horse and Jack bills neatly and expeditiously printed at this office.