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BEMIDJI, MINNESOTA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1904.

TEN CENTS PER WEEK

JAPS PLAN TO CLOSE

If Russians Intend to Hold Mukden Fighting Will Occur Immediately.

Wings of Japanese Army Extend Northward East of and West of the City.

WAR DISPATCHES SUMMARIZED.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—Although an official announcement to the effect is not expected immediately, since it will require some little time to get Russia's second army in the field, the designation of Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaievitch, the inspector general of cavalry, as commander-in-chief is regarded as practically settled. Some of General Kuropatkin's friends still cling to the hope that he may yet be appointed, especially if he now achieves a notable success against Field Marshal Oyama, but the idea is not shared in the best informed circles. The situation at the front, with two and perhaps ultimately three big armies, is considered to demand above all else that the supreme commander be of such personal authority as to be beyond intrigues and the possibility of intrigue on the part of subordinates and such a man the emperor now realizes can only be supplied by a member of the imperial family. Grand Duke Nicholas is regarded as being extremely well fitted for this great responsibility. He has youth and an iron constitution, but above all resolution and untiring energy. With these qualifications whatever he lacks in military experience and ability as a strategist can be supplied by placing at his disposal the most able military advisors of the Russian army.

JAPANESE LEFT ADVANCES

MOST IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENT IN THE SITUATION AT THE FRONT.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—The latest development in the situation at the front is the definite establishment of the fact that Field Marshal Oyama has now begun to move up his left. General Kuropatkin's latest report shows that the Japanese have reached Davan, on the west bank of the Liao river. A considerable concentration of Japanese is observed at Sianchan, on the Hun river, thirty-five miles southwest of Mukden, and Japanese cavalry is massing in the valley of the Pu river. The latter is a tributary of the Hun river, which crosses the line of railway midway between the pass and Mukden and may furnish a natural line of advance from the west. Oyama's armies now apparently cover a front of sixty miles for enveloping movements. His wings are extended to the north, east and west of Mukden. Thus far the Russians have found little strength or pressure from the Japanese center. Oyama seems to be moving with great deliberation, probably gathering strength for a rapid advance of both wings when an attempt is made to close the net. Although the imaginary line connecting the extreme Japanese advance east and west of Mukden still passes ten miles below that city it is evident that the fate of Mukden cannot long be delayed. If General Kuropatkin intends to try to hold the city fighting on his flanks will begin almost immediately.

REPULSED BY RUSSIANS.

Japanese Vanguard Assumes the Offensive.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—The general staff has received the following dispatch from General Sakharoff: "The enemy's vanguard, consisting of one battalion and two squadrons of cavalry, has assumed the offensive, probably for a reconnaissance, in the district between the manjarin road and the heights of the valley of Toumytsa. His advance was stopped by our troops. The enemy retreated along the whole line pursued by our cavalry. The enemy has not yet advanced north of Davan, on the left bank of the Liao river, but an increased force has been observed in the neighborhood of Sianchan. Japanese cavalry has appeared in the valley of the Liao river."

AMAZING LACK OF DISCIPLINE.

Russian Officers Punished for Various Offenses.

London, Sept. 28.—The Daily Mail's Liaoyang correspondent says: "The discovery in abandoned Russian headquarters here of a number of documents and orders from Viceroy Alexieff cashiering officers for abandoning positions and for drunkenness, etc., and censuring officers for lawless treatment of Chinese, waste of ammunition and other offenses, proves an amazing lack of discipline in General Kuropatkin's army."

FIGHTING AT PORT ARTHUR.

Battle Begun Sept. 19 Continued Until the 24th.

Chefoo, Sept. 28.—Two Japanese torpedo boat destroyers were observed outside the harbor of Chefoo during the evening. Chinese say that the battle which began Sept. 19 continued intermittently until Sept. 24. In defending one fort the Russians rolled bean cakes down on the massed Japanese. These bean cakes are very heavy and arched pressed into the shape of circular grindstones.

THIRTEEN HUNDRED KILLED.

Russian Report of Jap Losses at Port Arthur Sept. 18.

London, Sept. 28.—A telegram to a local news agency from St. Petersburg says a dispatch has been received by the official news agency there from Harbin saying that the Japanese lost 1,300 men killed during the night attack on Port Arthur Sept. 18. The Russian warships, it is added, rendered valuable assistance in repulsing the Japanese.

Winter Outfits for Half Million.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—The commissariat department is already prepared to furnish winter outfits for 500,000 men. About 478,000 sets of fur caps, cloaks and boots are proceeding to the Far East.

RUSSIAN COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Practically Certain Grand Duke Nicholas Will Be Named.

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PUBLIC SENTIMENT AGAINST IT.

Booker Washington Discusses Lynching of Negroes.

New York, Sept. 28.—Booker T. Washington, president of Tuskegee institute, has addressed the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences at Association hall, Brooklyn, on his work among fellow negroes. In speaking of recent lynchings in the South he said: "Within the last few weeks a public sentiment stronger and more deeply rooted, I think, than ever before, has gone forth from the words and actions of governors, the daily press, the pulpit, the Confederate veterans and grand juries, which is saying in thunderous tones that we, as a nation, must not only be hearers of the words which teach us to protect the weak, but must be doers when it comes to an important enforcement of the law. "A white man cannot shoot down a negro without cause and not lose himself. A mob of white men cannot lynch a negro and not bring shame on themselves and their race."

SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

Contest for Reward for Capture of Car Barn Bandits.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—By a decree entered in the circuit court during the day a dispute between the Chicago City Railway company and twenty claimants for the reward for the capture of the car barn bandits was declared at an end. The decree was entered without a contest, the various claimants reaching an agreement outside of court. Detective William V. Blaul, whose companion detective, John Quinn, was killed during the capture of Gustav Marx, is the largest single beneficiary. Blaul receives \$386.

RAILROAD SHOPS CLOSE.

Move Follows Demand for an Increase of Wages.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad company has practically closed down its car and locomotive shops here. One hundred and fifty men were thrown out of work. The enforced idleness came unexpectedly. The union boilermakers employed in the shops had made demands for higher wages a few days before the shutdown came.

CHIEF JUSTICE ILL.

Probable Reason for Delaying Decision in Wisconsin Contest.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 28.—No decision was handed down by the supreme court during the day covering the right of the La Follette or the "stalwart" faction to be represented on the state ticket at the November election. The courtroom was jammed to its utmost capacity by attorneys and politicians anxious to hear the decision and its postponement was a keen disappointment. Rightly or wrongly it is generally believed that the opinion is in the hands of Chief Justice Cassady and he is detained in his house by illness.

COAST WHEAT BY RAIL.

Three Million Bushels to Reach Duluth Before Lakes Close.

Duluth, Sept. 28.—Three million bushels of wheat will pass through Duluth from the state of Washington and go down the lakes on boats before the close of navigation. Three thousand cars will be required to move the cereal, which will tie up that amount of rolling stock which has never before been employed, but little of Washington wheat ever having come East.

PROMINENT FARMER SHOT.

Quarrel Ends in the Killing of a Well Known Iowan.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 28.—Samuel Egly, a prominent Ringgold county farmer, was shot and instantly killed during the day at a school meeting near Mount Ayr, by William Kling. The shooting was the result of a quarrel, which began in an argument over the school law. Egly was armed with an axe and was advancing upon Kling when Kling shot him through the heart. There had been bad blood between the two men. Egly was prominent in local politics.

PLAN AN UPRISING

Fix October 17 As the Date For Extermination of all Foreigners.

Couched in Same Language As Those Issued Four Years Since.

Shanghai, Sept. 28.—Reports received from the northwestern part of the province of Shantung say that the Shontan boxers are openly distributing prospectuses, couched in the same language as those circulated before the uprising of 1900. These prospectuses order precisely similar observances and fix Oct. 17 next as the date for the extermination of all foreigners.

BOARD CONDEMNS MILITIA WHO FAILED TO PREVENT LYNCHING.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 28.—The military board appointed to investigate the action of the militia at the lynching of the negro, Maples, when the county jail at Huntsville was burned, has reported, saying:

"Company 'C' Third Infantry, Alabama national guard, as organized, is inefficient and worthless; we recommend that it be mustered out immediately." Adjutant General Brandon issued an order by command of the governor that the recommendations of the board be carried out at once. It is shown that Captain Hay had no definite plan of action, that he failed to support his sentinels on the outside and that most of the men had no loads in their guns, though there was plenty of ammunition to be had; that the attack on the jail found the military sitting around on the steps and out of military formation and on the curbstones eating supper.

TELEPHONES FOR AMBULANCE.

Philadelphia Educator Then Suicides on the Street.

Philadelphia, Sept. 28.—Dr. Eugene Manning, fifty years old, professor of German in the University of Pennsylvania, was shot and killed himself in the street. No cause for his suicide is known. Professor Manning went to a restaurant near his boardinghouse and telephoned to the city electrical bureau that a police wagon would be needed in Buttonwood street, above Sixteenth street, which at night is deserted. When the wagon reached the place the body was found.

RACE RIOT IN MISSISSIPPI.

Two Negroes Killed and Three Others Fatally Wounded.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 28.—Two negroes were killed and three were fatally wounded in a race riot near Lynchburg, Miss., fifteen miles south of Memphis, during the day. The shooting took place on the plantation of J. J. Johnson, who, with his two sons and two friends, went into a field to gather a load of corn. The field was worked on shares by a negro family named Kennedy. As the white men were driving their wagon from the field, a fusillade from a party of blacks met them. The fire was returned with the result that two negroes were killed outright and three fatally shot.

KILLS CHILD AND HERSELF.

Missouri Woman Drowns Her Daughter and Then Suicides.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 28.—Mrs. Beattie Peck, thirty years old, picked up her three-year-old daughter, Ethel, carried her to a rain cistern in the rear yard and cast her in. As the child fell through the opening of the cistern she screamed in terror and neighbors were attracted to the scene. Before they could reach Mrs. Peck she jumped through the cistern opening. Before assistance arrived the woman and child were dead. Mrs. Peck had been despondent for several days.

PARKER IN NEW YORK CITY.

Democratic Candidate Will Meet Campaign Managers.

New York, Sept. 28.—Judge Alton B. Parker arrived here during the day from Esopus and went to a hotel to meet the Democratic campaign managers. Judge Parker on his arrival drove to the Hotel Sibley, where he had engaged rooms. He expects to confer with D. Cady Herick, the Democratic nominee for governor, before his return to Esopus. General Nelson A. Miles, who expects to make several speeches in support of Judge Parker, and ex-Governor Benton McMinn of Tennessee called during the afternoon. National Chairman Taggart spent an hour with Judge Parker, talking over matters concerning the general campaign, but especially relating to Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin.

WEALTHY VENEZUELAN SUICIDES.

New York, Sept. 28.—Because a young woman with whom he was infatuated had refused to recognize him when they met in a fashionable cafe Carlo Frederiques von Bauditz, a wealthy young Venezuelan, shot himself in his apartments at the Hotel Radclott.

STATE DEPARTMENT ACRS.

Fining of Secretary of British Embassy to Be Investigated.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The state department has called on the department of justice to take action in the case of Hugh Gurney, third secretary of the British embassy, who was fined by Justice Phelps of Lee, Mass., for contempt of court and for speeding his automobile. It is expected that Attorney General Moody will send a special district attorney to Lee to investigate the matter.

THOUSAND PRIESTS PRESENT.

General Eucharistic Congress Meets at New York.

New York, Sept. 28.—No event in the history of the Roman Catholic church in the United States has ever brought together so many priests, prelates and members of the hierarchy as the third general Eucharistic congress, which was opened with a solemn pontifical mass at St. Patrick's cathedral. The congress will continue three days. The pope, by a special letter, has commended the spirit of the congress and the message will be delivered to the delegates, consisting of over 1,000 priests, half a dozen bishops, fully a score of bishops and numerous monsignors and ecclesiastics of high order, by Mgr. Falconio, apostolic delegate to the United States. Mgr. Falconio will represent the pontiff at the congress and Bishop Camillus P. Maes of Covington, Ky., who has been foremost in furthering the Eucharistic league movement, will preside at the congress. After a procession of the visiting priests and prelates mass was celebrated by Archbishop Farley. The sermon, which was the keynote of the congress, was delivered by Mgr. Joseph F. Mooney, vicar general of New York.

DISCUSSES WOOL TARIFF.

Senator Fairbanks Speaks at Big Timber, Mont.

Big Timber, Mont., Sept. 28.—Senator Fairbanks discussed the wool tariff in his first speech of the day, made at this point. Senator Fairbanks said: "It is the policy of the Republican party, so far as possible, to diversify industry throughout the United States. It has sought to stimulate the establishment of new industries by means of protection. It believes in encouraging sheep husbandry and in stimulating the production of woolen goods in the United States. "There is no good reason why the American farmer should not be able to produce the wool necessary to meet our great and expanding domestic needs. We should not turn over wool growing for our uses to the farmers of Australia, the Cape of Good Hope, the Argentine Republic or elsewhere. We should not pursue a policy which destroys the American flock, but on the other hand should by application of the protective principle encourage sheep raising in our own country." Senator Dolliver also made a brief speech.

HEARS COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Second Day's Session of American Bar Association.

St. Louis, Sept. 28.—The second day's session of the American Bar association was called to order by President James Hagerman of St. Louis. Hon. Amos M. Thayer, United States circuit judge for the Eighth circuit, was introduced and delivered the annual address on "The Louisiana Purchase, Its Influence and Development Under American Rule." Following Judge Thayer's address the session was occupied with the reports of standing committees. At the conclusion of the reports a recess was taken. When the association again assembled Benjamin F. Abbott of Georgia was introduced and made an address on the question: "To What Extent Will a Nation Protect Its Citizens in Foreign Countries?" The association then listened to reports of special committees.

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Famous Line of Shoes the Complete Line of Shoes the Famous Line.

We have added to our already complete line of Shoes the Famous Line of Shoes the Complete Line of Shoes the Famous Line. In all the latest styles and colorings just received. The Kaufman Clothes are beautifully tailored, contain the finest and best choice cloths in America, and are the most elegantly made ready-to-wear apparel on the market. In fact, they are models of perfection and the best values ever shown.

Money-Making GARMENTS

The "Palmer" Garment Is a Money-Maker

Because there's a style about this line not found anywhere else in town; style which attracts the buyer.

Because there's a quality of fabrics, trimmings and linings which satisfies the most particular requirements.

Because the tailoring is done in a way that gives satisfying wear.

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suits, skirts, raincoats, jackets

This is what we mean when we say 'Palmer' Garment. Styles are absolutely correct.

These are sellers. If you want the best you can get, you want the 'Palmer' Garment.

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A Full and Complete Line of Kaufman's Clothes

In all the latest styles and colorings just received.

The Kaufman Clothes are beautifully tailored, contain the finest and best choice cloths in America, and are the most elegantly made ready-to-wear apparel on the market. In fact, they are models of perfection and the best values ever shown.

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WALK-OVER SHOES

Famous Line of Shoes the Complete Line of Shoes the Famous Line.

In all the latest lasts. For wear, style and satisfaction the Walk-Over Shoes cannot be equaled at \$3.50 and \$4.00

