

Late News of the World By Wire

Domestic--Foreign--Financial--Social--Political and Commercial

PACIFICATION OF CUBA

DISARMAMENT OF REBEL AND VOLUNTEER FORCES PRACTICALLY COMPLETE.

SLIGHT DISTURBANCES ARE REPORTED

TROUBLE AT TWO POINTS DUE TO EXUBERANCE OF THE LIBERAL FACTION.

Havana, Oct. 9.—The reports received by the provisional government show that the pacification of Cuba is practically complete, with the exception of the province of Santa Clara, where matters are rapidly nearing a settlement. The only trouble known to exist is at Alquizar, province of Havana, where the Liberals and Moderates are about equally divided, and irritation has been caused by the reinstatement of a Liberal mayor. The disquieting condition at Alquizar, however, has been caused by the exuberance of the more reckless of the disbanded insurgents and it is believed that the thirty rural guards there will be able to keep the peace. The disturbance at Guines has been suppressed. The disorderly former insurgents left the town and the marines sent there report that the Liberals' celebration of their victory passed off without any further disorder. None of the men out with machetes was seriously injured.

WANTS AMERICAN CONTROL. Good Government League of Cuba is Organized.

Havana, Oct. 9.—The preliminaries of an organization to be called the Good Government league of Cuba were begun at a meeting of Americans, Cubans and others, at which resolutions were passed to the effect that the purpose of the association should be the "promoting by all legitimate means the establishment and maintenance of a permanent, stable and lawful government, competent to administer justice, insure domestic tranquility, promote the general welfare and insure the blessings of liberty to all the inhabitants of the island."

SITUATION CLEARED UP. Disarmament in Santa Clara Province Proceeding Quietly.

Casilda, Province of Santa Clara, Cuba, Oct. 9.—The situation here, which was critical on account of the government volunteers within the town refusing to deliver up their rifles and also in view of the fact that insurgents were numerous between Casilda and Trinidad, four miles from this town, has been cleared up by the vigorous work and diplomacy of the disarmament commissioners, assisted by General Jose Miguel Gomez. The disarming of the insurgents is now proceeding quietly.

VERY LITTLE DAMAGE DONE. Cuban Rebellion the Cheapest in West Indian History.

New York, Oct. 9.—Advises received here from Havana state that amazingly little damage occurred as a result of the insurrection in Havana province, where much of the fighting was done. There are no burned houses or barns, no ruined crops or devastated fields to mark the track of rebels or government troops. In this respect, it is stated, it was the cheapest revolution in West Indian history. Farmers everywhere have returned to their fields.

WARSHIPS LEAVE HAVANA. Battleships Kentucky and Indiana Sail for United States.

Havana, Oct. 9.—The cruiser Brooklyn has landed 350 marines, who went to Camp Columbia. The battleships Kentucky and Indiana sailed during the afternoon for New England waters. No further reports of trouble in any part of the island have been received. The disarming of the insurgents is practically complete with the exception of small isolated bands, who will be disbanded by the rural guards.

FACTIONS IN DISPUTE.

Russian Political Congress in Session in Finland.

Helsinki, Finland, Oct. 9.—The expected struggle between the conservative and radical factions of the Constitutional Democratic congress in session here has now begun over the committee's compromise report of the Viborg manifesto, the opponents of the report declaring that any side-tracking of the manifesto would stultify the party in the eyes of the voters. Those who are opposed to the committee's report will propose as a means of avoiding a rupture within the party an amendment to the draft striking out the paragraph in the Viborg manifesto advocating the application of the principle of passive resistance, particularly in regard to urging recruits not to join the colors and proposing the non-payment of taxes, which suggestions are declared to be impracticable, while retaining the paragraphs endorsing the action of the members of the outlawed parliament who signed the Viborg manifesto. The conservatives, headed by Peter Struve, editor of the Duma; Leov Petrajitski, Constitutional Democratic leader in the late parliament, and M. Duque, have abandoned their fight for a complete disavowal of the manifesto and have joined in the defense of the committee's report, which, it is expected, will be accepted.

Professor Paul Milukoff's proposition that parliament shall not recognize any future loan concluded without its sanction will also probably be carried.

DOWIE HAS A "VISION." Receives a Command to Abandon Plan for Mexican Colony.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—John Alexander Dowie's plan for a Mexican colony was abandoned in obedience to a command received by Dowie in a vision that came to him last Friday night, according to an announcement made by Deacon Arrington, one of Dowie's followers, who has remained loyal to the deposed prophet. The scheme, Deacon Arrington said, was relinquished in favor of another that contemplates the raising of \$1,000,000 in Chicago for the purpose of restoring Dowie's power and prestige. All preparations for Dowie's departure for Mexico had been completed when in a vision the "First Apostle" declared he saw the Master. He was commanded, he said, to give up the Mexican project and seek the glory of Zion elsewhere.

TO ASSIST IN CAMPAIGN. Cabinet Members Scheduled for Number of Speeches.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Secretary Root is to make a campaign speech in Carnegie hall, New York city, Oct. 22. This announcement was made during the day by Chairman Sherman of the Republican congressional committee after a conference with the president. It was also announced that Secretary Shaw and Speaker Cannon would take an active part in the New York campaign. Secretary Taft will be asked to take part in the campaign if he finds it convenient to do so after his return from Cuba. If he consents the secretary will be asked to speak in the West. It originally was intended to send Secretary Taft to Wisconsin, Missouri and Colorado.

UNTIL TAFT RETURNS. President Delays Naming Successor to Magoon at Panama.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The vacancy caused by the retirement of Governor Charles E. Magoon from the Panama canal zone will not, it is said, be filled until after the return of Secretary Taft to Washington, which is looked for early next week. The president desires to go over the situation very thoroughly with the secretary before reaching any conclusion in the matter of filling the position. Governor Magoon filled both the position of governor and that of American minister to Panama. It is understood, however, that the president has under consideration the question of making some immediate appointment to these offices.

SOLDIERS REACH HAVANA. First Landing of Eight Hundred Men Successfully Carried Out.

Havana, Oct. 9.—The first landing of American soldiers in the present occupation of Cuba was accomplished with marvelous promptness, and 500 men of the Fifth United States Infantry and 300 men of the Second battalion of engineers are now settled under canvas in Camp Columbia. Governor Taft, Assistant Secretary of State Bacon and General Funston are gratified at the situation and believe that the difficulties in Santa Clara province will be overcome in a few days. So confident are they that Governor Taft and Mr. Bacon say they believe they will be able to start for home next Saturday.

Appeals for Campaign Funds. New York, Oct. 9.—The Independence league has issued an appeal asking funds. It declares that any sum, however small, will be acceptable, as the league is engaged in a political fight for the benefit of the people and that the people ought to contribute. It is directed to all patriotic citizens.

Supreme Court Resumes. Washington, Oct. 9.—After a four-month vacation the supreme court of the United States convened during the day for the term of 1906-7. In accordance with the usual custom an adjournment was taken to permit the members to call on the president, which they did in a body.

IN VIOLATION OF LAW

MAYOR JOHNSON OF CLEVELAND ACCUSED OF BEING INTERESTED IN CAR LINE.

RIVAL COMPANY ASKS INJUNCTION

ALSO REQUESTS THAT GRANTS BY CITY COUNCIL BE DECLARED ILLEGAL.

Cleveland, Oct. 9.—Charging that Mayor Johnson is financially interested in the success of the Forest City Railway company, otherwise known as the 3-cent fare street railway line, and that he procured the organization of the company, obtained franchises for it and has assumed a financial responsibility in behalf of the Forest City Railway company—all of which is said to be in violation of law—the Cleveland Electric Railway company has filed in the common pleas court a petition asking that all work upon a Forest City Railway company's lines be enjoined and that interference with the lines of the Cleveland Electric Railway company be prohibited by the court.

The petition also asks that the grants to the Municipal Traction company, as well as those to the Forest City Railway company, be declared null and void. A number of other city officials are made defendants.

ANOTHER MILL CITY MURDER. Well Known Minneapolis Newspaper Man Killed.

Minneapolis, Oct. 9.—William A. Dowell, city editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, was shot and killed by John P. Quirk, a retired saloonkeeper, in front of whose home the shooting took place. The shooting was the result of a long standing quarrel between the two over the attentions paid by Dowell, who was forty-nine years of age, to Quirk's stepdaughter, Bessie Squires, press agent of the Unique theater, who is a comely young woman of twenty-three.

Dowell, who had formerly been a boarder in the Quirk household, and Miss Squires, who has not been living at the Quirk home recently, called there to see the girl's mother. Quirk indignantly demanded by whose invitation Dowell visited the house, which he had been forbidden to enter, and Miss Squires answered that it was by her invitation and to prevent trouble persuaded Dowell to accompany her away.

Quirk followed the couple to the street, still berating Dowell for his conduct, and in an altercation at the sidewalk fired a revolver at Dowell's head and buried the bullet in his temple. Dowell fell to the sidewalk unconscious and died two hours later at the city hospital, where he was hurried after the crime. Quirk told Chief of Police Doyle and County Attorney Al J. Smith that he shot in self-defense. Dowell having drawn a knife on him, and it is reported by the hospital authorities that an open penknife was found in Dowell's overcoat pocket when his clothing was searched.

PUBLIC FEELING AROUSED. New Jersey Physician on Trial for Alleged Wife Murder.

Toms River, N. J., Oct. 9.—Dr. Frank Brouwer, who until his arrest several months ago on a charge of wife murder, was placed on trial during the day for his life. The presiding justice is Charles E. Hendrickson of the supreme court. It was announced at the opening of the trial that each side will call about forty witnesses.

Public feeling has been aroused to a marked degree by what has come to be known throughout a large part of the state as "the Brouwer case," and in some places, particularly in this county, the line between Dr. Brouwer's accusers and defenders has been sharply drawn. One outgrowth of this is a fund of \$2,500, which has been contributed by the accused man's friends to aid in meeting the costs of the defense.

WATCHING FOR SMUGGLERS. Mysterious Craft Reported Off the Coast of Maine.

Portland, Me., Oct. 9.—Government craft were busy here during the day following a report that the mysterious yacht Frolic, said to have thirty-three Chinamen on board to be smuggled into the United States from Newfoundland, would attempt a landing near here. The revenue cutter Dexter was sent cruising among the islands of Casco bay, while all available light-house vessels were started out to guard the coast.

School Girl Suicides. Owosso, Mich., Oct. 9.—Bessie Gerady, aged twelve, a school girl, committed suicide by taking poison in the presence of four of her little schoolmates at the pump-house of the country school in Venice township. That the child should conceive and carry out a plan of suicide is attributed to the reading of sensational novels.

WRIT OF ERROR DENIED.

Case of Mrs. Myers May Be Taken to Federal Supreme Court.

Jefferson City, Mo., Oct. 9.—Division No. 2 of the Missouri supreme court has denied Mrs. Aggie Myers a writ of error to the supreme court of the United States. Oct. 26 is the date set for Mrs. Myers to be hanged at Liberty, Mo., for the murder of her husband. Her attorney may now appeal to one of the judges of the United States supreme court for such a writ to appeal the case to that court for review.

Liberty, Mo., Oct. 9.—The first installment of the state supreme court had refused her attorneys a writ of error to carry her case to the United States supreme court was carried to Mrs. Agnes Myers in her cell by a representative of the Associated Press. Mrs. Myers was lying on a lounge in her cell, having just finished her noonday meal, when the reporter entered. She arose quickly and listened quietly as he told her of the action of the court. Absolutely no show of emotion was displayed by the prisoner, whose remarkable fortitude has been the wonder of all the jail officials who have had charge of her.

"I am not very much surprised," said Mrs. Myers when the reporter finished. "The three judges in the criminal branch of the state supreme court are prejudiced against me. I am still confident that my attorney will be successful in gaining a hearing before the United States supreme court and that I shall finally be granted a new trial and be acquitted."

TILLMAN'S BLOODY VISION. Foresees Race Wars to Which Atlanta Affair Will Seem Small.

Augusta, Ga., Oct. 9.—In a characteristic speech to 4,000 persons in this city Senator Tillman of South Carolina declared that the South is on the verge of a race war. He was heartily cheered by his hearers. "There are some people who say that a race problem settles itself," the senator said, "but I make the prediction that in less than ten years, I fear less than five, there will be an immense number of bloody race riots, North and South besides, which the Atlanta riot will pale into insignificance."

After considering every conceivable plan for the protection of white women against negro assaults he concluded that the only effective one would be the establishment of a European system of passports, coupled with a large increase in officers of the law. He referred to the roving class of negroes who pose as workers at saw mills, on railroads, etc., but who are always of the most depraved character. He declared the only place for such negroes is among Northerners, whose scheme of reconstruction produced them. He declared if all were shot like wild beasts the country would be better off. That being unlawful when they were unable to produce passports they should be placed on chain gangs until reformed or be made to leave the country.

He declared that the white men of the South should go ahead and do what they believed was right regardless "of all the Yankees between Cape Cod and hell."

NEAR MOUTH OF COLUMBIA. James J. Hill to Build New Town in Washington.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 9.—James J. Hill will build the town of St. James, on Grays bay, sixteen miles from the mouth of the Columbia river. Hill's proposed north bank road from Pasco to Vancouver will be extended westward to Grays bay and an ocean port built up at that point. Mr. Hill believes this will ultimately become one of the most important ports on the Pacific coast. The town site is to be laid out and controlled jointly by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads. St. James will be made the connecting point of several lines. It will handle the ocean business of the Hill roads.

BISHOP ARNETT DEAD. Negro Prelate Passes Away at Wilberforce University.

Xenia, O., Oct. 9.—Bishop William Arnett of the African-American Methodist Episcopal church died of uremic poisoning at midnight at the Wilberforce university. He was a native of Pennsylvania and has been a bishop since 1888. He was a member of the legislature in 1886-7, was chaplain of the national Republican convention at St. Louis in 1896, presided over the parliament of religious in Chicago Sept. 5, 1892, and presided at the ecumenical conference of Methodists in London Sept. 7, 1901.

Crew Suspected of Complicity. Paris, Oct. 9.—The Echo de Paris publishes a dispatch from Cartagena, Spain, announcing that a sensation had been caused there by the discovery that the strong box of the Italian steamer Sirio (wrecked in August last on Romigias island with the loss of about 150 lives), although found to be hermetically sealed, was empty, raising the presumption of the complicity of the crew in the wreck.

More Troops Sail for Cuba. Newport News, Va., Oct. 9.—The transport Niagara sailed from this point during the day, having on board the First battalion of the Twenty-eighth infantry. The Monterey sailed later in the day with headquarters, band and two battalions of the Seventeenth infantry and hospital corps.

BATTLE STILL RAGING

ATTEMPT TO BREAK STRIKE IN CANADIAN LUMBER CAMP RESULTS FATALLY.

SEVERE ENGAGEMENT IS PROCEEDING

SO FAR TWO STRIKERS ARE DEAD AND FOURTEEN OTHER PERSONS WOUNDED.

Buckingham, Que., Oct. 9.—The McLaren Lumber company during the day endeavored to break a strike which has been in progress for a month. Strikers and detectives engaged in a battle with guns and the fight is still going on. So far two strikers have been killed and one detective and thirteen other persons injured.

CHICAGO LABOR TROUBLES. Fight Amongst Teachers Reaches an Acute Stage.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The factional fight which has been in progress for several months in the ranks of the Teachers' union has involved the building trades of this city and considerable trouble is anticipated. The teamsters are divided into factions, favoring Cornelius P. Shea and opposing him. It is said that Shea has entered into an arrangement with a number of the building trades by virtue of which they will refuse to handle any building material which is delivered at buildings in process of construction by any teamsters other than those supporting Shea. Several small strikes have already taken place on this account and more are expected.

MORE PAY DEMANDED. Machinists in Southern Railway Shops on Strike.

Spartanburg, S. C., Oct. 9.—Five hundred machinists in the Southern Railway shops at Spencer, N. C., went out on strike during the day. The strikers demand \$2.95 for eight hours' work instead of \$3 for ten hours' work. Officials of the Southern have gone to Spencer to prevent violence when nonunion machinists arrive.

SHOT DOWN BY FATHER. Charleston, S. C., Oct. 9.—Machinists of the Southern Railway shops here struck during the day on orders from the headquarters of the union. Their places have not yet been filled. Between fifty and a hundred men are out.

Negro Assaults Daughter of Kentucky Farmer. Paducah, Ky., Oct. 9.—Ben Jones, a young negro, was shot to death near Vicksburg, Livingston county, by John Scott, a farmer of that section. Jones brutally assaulted a young daughter of Scott's and was chased down by the father and killed. Scott is not likely to be molested, as the sympathy of the people is with him.

In the past two months two other negroes were lynched in Livingston county for assaulting women. It is declared an illicit distillery in the locality is the principal cause of the crimes.

ANXIETY FOR SMALLER CRAFT. Sever Gale Continues Sweeping Over Lake Erie.

Cleveland, Oct. 9.—The gale which has swept over Lake Erie since Saturday continues and considerable anxiety is felt in marine circles for the safety of smaller craft, though no serious damage has been reported so far. The steamer Denton, which went ashore in the storm near North Bass, is reported to be in good condition and tugs are making an effort to release her. A heavy and dangerous sea is reported from many points along the lake.

THIEF SUDDENLY STRICKEN. Negro Woman Dies of Apoplexy While Carrying Off Loot.

Alton, Ill., Oct. 9.—At the coroner's inquest over the body of Mary E. Wells, a negro servant at the home of E. Young, it was developed that the woman was stricken with apoplexy caused from exhaustion while carrying a lot of plunder stolen from the home of her employer. The circumstances of her death frightened the negroes in Alton, who consider it as being a case of swift punishment for wrongdoing.

Alienists Visit Thaw. New York, Oct. 9.—Doctors Britton D. Varr and Charles E. Wagner of the Morris Plain insane asylum spent several hours with Harry K. Thaw in his cell in the Tombs. The alienists declined to permit Dr. McGuire, the Tombs physician, to be present during the examination as a representative of the district attorney's office.

Will Cease Paying Rent. Smolensk, Russia, Oct. 9.—The peasants of Molokhin, at a great meeting, resolved to cease paying rent to the landed proprietors and also adopted other resolutions of a most radical nature.

HILL'S BITTER CRITICISM.

Says the Political Grafter is Hurting Minnesota.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Congratulated on all sides on closing the most stupendous deal since the organization of the United States Steel corporation, James J. Hill still carries bitterness in his heart. Asked what would be the effect of his lease of Minnesota ore lands to the steel corporation, with reference to the development of the state, he said: "Not what it might have been. Minnesota might, under certain conditions, have been the home of the huge steel works that now stand ready for operation at Gary. Most Minnesota people believe they have not the fuel handy, but they have. There are huge beds of peat on the range close to the iron deposits. It is a class of fuel admirably adapted to the use of iron manufacture."

"Lack of fuel is not the difficulty with Minnesota. The state is overrun with a peculiarly vicious type of political grafter whose influence for evil is so tremendous that no sane man entrusted with the investment of great capital would dare to locate works there."

CORN COMBINE IN MEXICO. Government May Break It by Removing the Duty.

Mexico City, Oct. 9.—Measures will be taken by the government to prevent hoarding of corn in anticipation of higher prices and it is probable that the duty on foreign corn will temporarily be removed. Government experts believe there is an abundance of native corn in granaries all over the country and that the high price is the result of a combination.

Report of Betrothal Denied. London, Oct. 9.—An emphatic official denial of the reported betrothal of Grand Duke Michael, brother of the emperor of Russia, and Princess Patricia of Connaught, niece of King Edward, has been issued here.

Bombs for Vice Governor. Kazan, Russia, Oct. 9.—Two bombs were thrown at Vice Governor Koboto, but he was only slightly injured. The would-be assassin escaped.

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS. Emperor William has offered a prize for an international balloon race to take place Oct. 14.

Chicago jewelry workers, numbering 350, struck Monday in thirty-two shops where an eight-hour day was refused. Dr. Rosen, at the head of the German mission, entered Fez, Morocco, in great pomp, creating a deep impression upon the natives.

Worry over the loss of a servant who had left her after many years of service is believed to have caused Mrs. Florence Unger of New York city to end her life. Spanish-American war veterans from practically every state in the Union are in attendance upon the third annual encampment of the organization at Washington. The president has issued an order continuing the Spanish treaty claims commission to March 2, 1907. This is the commission of which former Senator William E. Chandler of New Hampshire is president.

The president has issued an order continuing the Spanish treaty claims commission to March 2, 1907. This is the commission of which former Senator William E. Chandler of New Hampshire is president. Cotton mill agents in Rhode Island complain of a scarcity of help in some departments and assert that in this respect the increase of wages granted early last summer did not have the beneficial result hoped for. Congressman Rockwood Hoar is seriously ill at his home in Worcester, Mass., and not even members of his family are allowed to see him. He is suffering from neuralgia of the head and is in charge of two physicians.

MARKET QUOTATIONS. Minneapolis Wheat. Minneapolis, Oct. 8.—Wheat—Dec., 75c; May, 77c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 Northern, 74c; No. 2 Northern, 72c; No. 3 Northern, 70c@71c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards. St. Paul, Oct. 8.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$5.50@6.25; common to good, \$4.50@5.50; good to choice cows and heifers, \$3.50@4.50; veals, \$4.50@5.75. Hogs—\$6.00@6.40. Sheep—Wethers, \$4.50@5.00; good to prime spring lambs, \$6.25@7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax. Duluth, Oct. 8.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 75c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; Oct. 75c; Dec. 74c; May, 73c. Flax—To arrive, \$1.12c; on track, \$1.12c; Oct. \$1.12; Nov. \$1.11c; Dec. \$1.10; Jan. \$1.10; May, \$1.13c.

Chicago Grain and Provisions. Chicago, Oct. 8.—Wheat—Dec., 74c; May, 73c. Oats—Dec., 34c; May, 35c@35c. Pork—Jan., \$11.57c. Flax—Nothing doing. Butter—Creameries, 19@24c; dairies, 17c@21c. Eggs—15@19c. Poultry—Turkeys, 13c; chickens, 10c; springs, 9c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards. Chicago, Oct. 8.—Cattle—Beeves, \$3.90@7.00; cows and heifers, \$2.50@5.20; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.40; Texans, \$3.70@4.40; Westerns, \$3.50@5.50; calves, \$6.25@8.00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$6.25@6.75; good heavy, \$6.40@6.75; rough heavy, \$5.85@6.25; light, \$6.25@6.70; pigs, \$5.70@6.30. Sheep, \$2.50@3.00; lambs, \$4.60@7.30.

Her Husband's Book. "James, dear, will you bring me up a scuttle of coal from the cellar?" said a busy wife.

"That's just the way with you," said James, with a frown, as he put down his book and rose from the armchair. "Just the way with me?"

"Yes!" he snapped. "As soon as you see me enjoying myself you have something or other for me to do. Didn't you see I was absorbed in my reading?"

"Well, dear, I will do it myself." "Yes, and tell everybody, your mother especially, that you have to carry your own coal up from the cellar. No, I'll do it. Let me mark my place." So he marked the place in the book at which he had ceased reading, and when he went down to the cellar, grumbling all the way, she picked up the volume and found it was a love story and that the passage he had been absorbed in was as follows:

"My darling, when you are my wife I will shield and protect you from every care. The winds of heaven shall not visit your face too roughly; those pretty hands shall never be soiled by menial tasks; your wish shall be my law; your happiness—"

Just then he reappeared and, dropping the scuttle upon the floor, said: "There's your coal! Give me my book."—Tit-Bits.

Man and His "Galluses." The "gallus" marks the freeman and the man of genuine, unpretending culture and civilization. Your snob and your savage show it. In Mesopotamia in the wild bashi bazonk wearers; in Yucatan the Indian wears a griddle of shark's teeth; in Senegambia the shameless cannibal sports a gunny sack; in Atlantic City some years back the dudes used to wear sashes. But find a man who when he throws off his coat to begin his daily toil lays bare a pair of heavy sky blue galluses and you'll find a man who pays his way in the world, loves his wife, rears his children in the fear of the Lord and votes the straight ticket. The "gallus" is useful. It is graceful, and properly adorned with hand painted flowers and brass buckles it is beautiful. To be ashamed of it, to conceal it or to abandon it for a somber leather belt is to fall in an essential of true manhood and fly in the face of fate.—Baltimore Sun.

The Unicorn. The unicorn was one of the fabled monsters of antiquity. It was, according to a summary of the opinions of several of the old writers, a beast about the size of a common horse, but with very short legs. The people of the middle ages believed in the existence of three kinds of unicorns—the magnificent white unicorn, which had a purple face and blue eyes and a single horn a yard in length; the gilliesier, which resembled a gigantic deer and had a very sharp horn growing from the middle of the forehead, and the monocoer, or common unicorn. The white unicorn's horn was of three different colors—white at the lower part, black as ebony in the middle and red at the point. Common unicorns were said to have had horns about eighteen inches in length, but so strong that they could easily kill an elephant.

Clock Inscriptions. In former times it was the custom of clockmakers to inscribe on the dial plates of their clocks quaint verses, one of the most common being the following:

I serve thee here with all my might
To tell the hours by day and night.
Therefore example take by me,
To serve thy God as I serve thee.

Another favorite inscription was "Tempus Fugit," or "Time Flies," and thereby hangs a tale. A well known English clockmaker who flourished toward the close of the last century, on being asked by a customer whether a certain clock was of home manufacture, replied: "Oh, certainly. Don't you see the name, sir—Tummas Fugit? I often have his clocks through my hands."

The Circle County. The oddest shaped county among the thousands which go to make up the separate divisions of the various states is Warren county, Tenn. It lies almost exactly in the geographical center of the state and is about as near a perfect circle as any division of land could possibly be. The circle would be perfect but for the fact that there is a short stretch of the northern boundary line which follows a small stream for a short distance. It is bounded by Cannon, Dekalb, Coffee, Grundy, Van Buren and White counties.

Reserve Buds. Every one has noticed how, when a large branch of a tree is cut off, small branches will shoot out around the stump. These branches are from the reserve buds, of which all trees have a great number at every portion of their surface. Under ordinary circumstances these never come to maturity, but when the tree is wounded or cut off or loses some of its branches the reserve buds at once come into play and renew the foliage.

Her Scheme. Mrs. De Style—He never gave her any part of his wages, but spent it all in a nearby saloon. Mrs. Gunbusta—How much? Mrs. De Style—But he gives her every cent now. Mrs. Gunbusta—She's reformed him, ha? Mrs. De Style—No, but she runs the saloon.—New York Times.

False Doctrine. School Examiner—What is the meaning of false doctrine? Schoolboy—Please, sir, it's when the doctor gives the wrong stuff to the people who are sick.—Christian Register.

A cruel story runs on wheels, and every hand oils the wheels as they run.—Ouida.