

GERMAN RIGHT WING REPULSES FRENCH ATTACK

(American Press.)

Berlin, Oct. 3.—Army headquarters has issued the following statement: The right wing of German army in France has repulsed renewed efforts on part of the French to outflank it to South Roye. The French have been dislodged from their positions.

Paris, Oct.—A French unofficial statement frankly admits a slight falling back at the left of one of their detachments, but on the other hand the allies have not only successfully opposed the terrific onslaughts of the enemy at other points, but have made gains as well.

London, Oct. 3.—In regard to the battle of Alsne, now in its twenty-second day, there is only one point on which the French and German official reports agree, and that is that General Von Kluck, German commander of the north wing, is still moving northward, though at a snail's pace, and that he is so powerful, that General Joffre, French commander, has been obliged to admit that the German general has been able to make the French development from Aerias fall back.

London, Oct. 3.—This city is so optimistic that sentiment prevails that unless all signs are awry the German armies in France, or at least the majority of them, are nearing the completion of their round trip. This view, it is held here, is the only one that can be drawn from the reports, both official and unofficial, or from those on or near the scene of action.

The turning movement of the allied armies in Northern France has brought the extreme of their left wing within about thirty miles of the Belgian frontier.

An official statement issued by the French war office says part of the battle line stretching generally north and south has been extended north to a point south of Arras. This line on which the allies are attempting to envelop the German right wing under General von Kluck has been pushed gradually toward the Belgian border as the Germans widened the front in defense until it extends some fifty-five miles from the angle that rests on Tracy-le-Mont.

Terrific Fighting on Left.

Terrific fighting continues on the allies' left wing, according to the Paris statement, the most severe struggle being in the region of Roye, a town twenty-six miles from Amiens and about midway on this battle line. Here the Germans have concentrated strong forces, probably with the purpose of breaking through the front of the allies and isolating their forces to the north.

The Paris statement adds that the Germans attempted to bridge the Meuse near St. Mihiel, but their pontoons were destroyed. French claims of slight progress in the Woivre district are recorded, as are minor engagements at various points on the front extending east and west.

In a statement received by wireless from Berlin the German headquarters announced that the great battle in France remains undecided. The Germans, with their heavy artillery, are hammering the positions of the allies at many points. The latter were repulsed in their attempts to break the German lines, Berlin says. The German statement says that the heaviest losses have been in the Argonne region.

Two Places in Doubt.

London advises say the fierce battling around the heights of Roye, to the northwest of Noyon, seems to have ended in favor of the French. The heights were captured by General von Kluck's men on Wednesday, but on Friday, according to a French report, the allies regained control of the position. Whether the French or the Germans hold Roye is not clearly defined in the official statements and a similar situation exists with regard to St. Mihiel, between Verdun and Toul.

The correspondent of the Central News at Calais, who has returned to that city from a tour in the vicinity of the allies left, sheds some light on the situation. He says he has seen many things to remove any misgivings as to the outcome of the battle and asserts that the moment is near when the curtain will be lifted on the greatest drama ever seen in war. The Central News correspondent said the position of the German right wing on Wednesday was such that a portion lying between Lassigny and Chaulnes was in extreme danger. He said members of a German patrol captured Sunday said they had had nothing to eat for days.

TO ELECT OFFICERS.

Important Session of Associated Charities Monday.

It is urged that as many members as possible of the Bemidji Associated Charities be in attendance at the annual meeting of the organization which is to be held in the Library building Monday evening. There is to be election of officers and other important matters discussed.

NATIONAL PRAYER DAY FOR PEACE SUNDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1914. President Woodrow Wilson, by proclamation, has appointed Sunday, Oct. 4, a national day of prayer for peace in Europe and called upon all God fearing persons to gather in church on that day and petition Almighty God to heal again and restore once more concord among men and nations. The proclamation follows: 'Whereas, Great nations of the world have taken up arms against one another and war now draws millions of men into battle whom the counsel of statesmen have not been able to save from the terrible sacrifice; and, 'Whereas, In this as in all things it is our privilege and duty to seek counsel and succor of Almighty God, humbling ourselves before him, confessing our weakness and our lack of any wisdom equal to these things; and, 'Whereas, It is the especial wish and longing of the people of the United States, in prayer and counsel and all friendliness, to serve the cause of peace, 'Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, do designate Sunday, the fourth day of October next, a day of prayer and supplication and do request all God fearing persons to repair on that day to their places of worship, there to unite their petitions to Almighty God, that, overruling the counsel of men, setting straight the things they cannot govern or alter, taking pity on the nations now in the throes of conflict, in his mercy and goodness showing a way where men can see none, be vouchsafe his children to heal again and restore once more that concord among men and nations without which there can be neither happiness nor true friendship nor any wholesome fruit of toil or thought in the world, praying also to this end that he forgive us our sins, our ignorance of his holy will, our willfulness and many errors, and lead us in the paths of obedience to places of vision and to thoughts and counsels that purge and make wise.'

WORK ON SOIL SURVEY

Officials of Government Here Completing Work Preparatory to Issuance of Booklet and Map.

GIVE IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Frank Leverett, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, of the government soil survey bureau, and Dr. F. W. Sardeson, of Minneapolis, formerly instructor of geology at the University of Minnesota, are in Bemidji in connection with the work of completing the soil survey of this section, preparatory to the issuance of the government booklet and map.

This map will outline, and the booklet will describe, the land conditions in various parts of the United States, bringing out the names of crops and produce for which the soil is best fitted.

The value of the plan, which is known as the government soil survey, is great and means much to a community such as this. Information wanted by prospective land purchasers and homeseekers is provided and will bring many settlers here, attracted by the soil results and its condition.

Home of Consul Damaged.

London, Oct. 3.—A dispatch from Rheims to the Exchange Telegraph company dated Wednesday says: 'Rheims was the scene of a fierce artillery duel this morning. During the bombardment the American consul, William Bardel, had a narrow escape. A shell wrecked half of his residence, over which the Stars and Stripes were flying.'

Nelson-Severson.

Oscar Nelson and Marie Severson, both of Hubbard county, were united in marriage at the Lutheran parsonage at Nymore, September 29, Rev. George Larson officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson will make their home in Nary, Minnesota.

Miss Corrine Carlson was pleasantly surprised by a number of her schoolmates last evening, the occasion being her sixteenth birth anniversary. The party was in the nature of a hard-time party, the guests all coming dressed to carry out the idea. Those present were Misses Lucille Moritz, Lucene McCuaig, Edith Mills, Milre Achenbach, Edna Backland, Johanna Jamtvoil and Dorothy Carson. Miss Carlson was presented with a silver souvenir spoon, and lunch was served at the close of the evening.

Read the Pioneer want ads.

DANCE WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Next Wednesday has been selected as the date for the Bemidji Volunteer Fire department's big ball, which is to be given in the fine new Battles' Block. An electric floor polisher is being used now and the floor will be in excellent shape for the dance, which is sure to be an enjoyable affair. Remfrey's orchestra will provide music.

HALLOWELLS PLAY MONDAY

Monday evening the Hallowell concert company will give a concert and dance at the Athletic club theatre. The affair will be given under the auspices of the Athletic club and will be the second of a series of entertainments and dances to be given by that organization during the winter. The Hallowell troupe is composed entirely of artists and should attract a large audience Monday evening.

PAVING IS COMPLETED.

Beltrami Avenue Will Be Open for Travel Late Next Week.

Work was completed yesterday afternoon on the Beltrami avenue paving between Seventh and Tenth streets. The avenue between these points will be closed for travel until the latter part of next week in order that the cement may be given ample time to dry. The Beltrami avenue and the Nymore hill work comprised the only paving done this year.

TO REMAIN AT VERA CRUZ

American Troops Will Not Be Withdrawn at Present.

Washington, Oct. 3.—American forces at Vera Cruz will not be withdrawn before Oct. 11. Brigadier General Funston has been given instructions to that effect to allay fears of Mexican civilians employed by the American administration, who desire, for their own protection, to leave before the evacuation. A steamer has just left Vera Cruz for the United States and as there will not be another for a week General Funston asked that he be in a position to assure the populace that in the meantime American forces would not be withdrawn.

Officials say no exact time has been set for withdrawing the troops. New York state has over 80,000 women trade unionists.

OBSERVE PEACE SUNDAY

Bemidji Churches Will Follow Out President's Suggestion to Pray for End of European Struggle.

PLAN APPROPRIATE PROGRAMS

Sermons for peace, songs extolling the beauties of peace, and prayers for the ending of the war now on among the European nations, will form the services in Bemidji churches tomorrow, the day designated by President Wilson for the nation to pray for peace.

Presbyterian.

Bible, class and Sunday school at 10 a. m. 'Peace Sunday' will be observed. Young people's prayer service at 7. Evening gospel at 8. Subject, 'Autumn Leaves.' Midweek service for prayer and bible study on Thursday evening at 8. The public is cordially invited to all these services. S. E. P. White, pastor.

Catholic.

Low mass at 8 a. m. High mass at 10 a. m. Sunday school and benediction at 1 and 2 p. m. Vespers at 8 p. m. Father Philippe.

Episcopal.

Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30. No other services on first Sunday. Second Sunday Holy communion at 10:30 a. m. Other Sundays, Holy communion at 7:30 a. m. Matins and sermon at 10:30 a. m. Archdeacon Parshall.

First Scandinavian Lutheran.

There will be no services Sunday, as the pastor will fill an appointment at Turtle River. Sunday school will meet between 12 and 1 o'clock. The confirmation class will meet next Friday at 4 o'clock. Choir practice next Friday evening. Osmond Johnson, pastor.

Swedish Lutheran.

Sunday school at 12. The confirmation class will meet at 6:30. Services in the evening at 8. J. H. Randahl, pastor.

Free Lutheran (Nymore).

Sunday school at 10:30. Prof. Laurhammer will speak. Choir practice Wednesday evening. Preaching on Thursday evening by Em. O. M. Anderson of Minneapolis and also Friday evening at 7:30. Remember the concert Sunday evening, October 25.

NAME CAUSES OF EUROPEAN WAR

Eastern Paper Gives Eight Reasons in Response to Inquiry—Any Spark Would Have Been Sufficient.

GERMANY TO AID OF AUSTRIA

Forced to Fight for Existence Against Russia—England's Empire Believed to Be At Stake.

In response to an inquiry as to the real causes of the European war from a reader, the reasons for the great conflict are told in a few words in an eastern paper as follows:

1. The tinder box. For years Europe has been ready to take fire at a spark. Russia is an aggressive and growing nation, eager to extend to the Mediterranean. Austria feared Russia because Russia's advance would have choked off Austria's future career. France has been filled with hatred and vengeance against Germany. Germany wedged between them, was in mortal danger every hour. England feared Germany because Germany was encroaching on her trade and threatened the British Empire.

Any Spark Sufficient.

2. The spark. Any spark would have been sufficient. In fact, the flames would have started from spontaneous combustion in a short time. But the assassination of the Austrian grand duke and duchess made a convenient pretext for attacking Serbia. Austria did not want to annex Serbia. Austria wanted to make her so abjectly helpless that she would be worth nothing as an ally to Russia—to reduce her to the position of Cuba.

3. Why did Russia join? Russia thought the time was opportune to make another move toward the Mediterranean. Russia expected to aid, encourage and strengthen the Balkan states as a Russian outpost, possibly to extend a protectorate over them. It was a deliberate step in a centuries-old plan. Russia struck because she was ready.

Why Germany Acted.

4. Why did Germany act? Primarily because she is bound to defend her ally, Austria. Really because she could not keep out. She must fight for existence against Russia, and the time to do it was instantly—before Russia got any stronger and before Germany's only ally was beaten.

5. Why did Germany attack France? Because she had to. Germany would have been glad to remain at peace with France, and tried to get France to promise to remain neutral. But France would not promise. There was nothing to do but to treat France as an enemy.

Hatred and Fear.

6. Why did Belgium and Holland sympathize with France? Because they hate and fear Germany. Belgium and Holland lie between Germany and the sea. Germany wants both these small countries with their great seaports and their important strategic positions. If Germany wins the war she will get them both.

7. Why did England join? Because the very existence of her empire was at stake. Germany for years has been arming against England. England is a thorn in Germany's side at every turn, and a bar across her ambitions in every quarter of the world. Germany can become a world empire only by shattering the British world empire and gathering up the pieces. With Belgium and Holland in Germany's hands, England's doom would be sealed. Therefore the moment Germany threatened Belgium, England had to either fight or surrender all hope of future power and security.

Nothing to Gain.

8. Why does Italy not join? Partly because she hates Austria. Chiefly because she believes Germany and Austria will be beaten. She does not want to be punished by the victorious nations, especially when she has nothing to gain by war at the best.

DEPARTMENT TO MEET.

Firemen to Discuss Matters of Importance Tomorrow Afternoon.

Herbert Doran, chief, and Scott T. Stewart, secretary, have called a meeting of the Bemidji Volunteer fire department for tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock. There are several important matters to be brought up for discussion, among them being the big ball of next week. It is urged that a large number of firemen be present.

Opens Tailor Shop.

Peter Thorsen, who during the past few years, and until recently, conducted a tailoring establishment on Beltrami avenue in the Hayner land office building, has opened a shop on Fourth street, between Minnesota and America avenue, next to the Fenton grocery store.

JOHN A. WENZEL



Baritone Soloist Who Will Sing at Hallowell Concert at Athletic Club Theatre Monday Evening.

3 BOUND TO GRAND JURY

John Jacobs, Tom Carr and Charles Mix Waive Examination on Grand Larceny Charge.

OTHERS TO BE ARRAIGNED

Charged with grand larceny in the second degree, John Jacobs, Tom Carr and Charles Mix were arraigned before Judge D. H. Flisk, court commissioner, this morning. The three were arrested by Chief of Police Lane, Patrolman Frank Ripple and Deputy Sheriff George Denley yesterday afternoon.

They are accused of robbing Mike Westerhout, in a saloon here yesterday, taking his watch and a railroad ticket to Federal Dam. It is also believed by the police that Westerhout was robbed of what money he had in his possession. All three waived examination and were bound over to the grand jury by Judge Flisk. They will be held in the county jail. County Attorney Torrance appeared for the state.

Three other men were to be arraigned this afternoon on a charge of stealing a suit from the Great Northern hotel several days ago.

Members of the police department have been sending a large number of loafers from the city during the last few days and it is the intention of the officials to rid Bemidji of all men who refuse to work and hang around the streets and saloons.

SECURED \$500 IN CASH

Bold Markham Hotel Robber Made Good 'Clean-Up'—Police Still at Work on Case.

HAVE SLIGHT CLUES TO FOLLOW

No arrests have as yet been made as a result of the Hotel Markham robbery early yesterday morning. The police, sheriff and detectives are still at work on the case and believe that their search will prove successful, although they have but slight clues to follow.

Several suspects have been closely watched and every precaution is being made to prevent the departure from Bemidji of the robber, or robbers, should they still be in the city. After balancing the books at the Markham hotel it has been found that the money stolen amounts to a little more than \$500 in cash, while the checks taken total approximately \$100. Of the cash taken \$70 belonged to the Elks lodge and \$100 was the property of private parties, who had left it at the hotel desk for safe keeping.

The police are still of the opinion that the robber who so daringly entered the office of the hotel, all lights being on, was assisted by at least one accomplice.

MANY HOMESEEKERS COMING

Search for Locations Along Minnesota and International Railroad.

During the past year hundreds of settlers have located in this section and the rush for northern Minnesota lands continues. A north bound night train of the Minnesota & International yesterday carried a party of ten landseekers, led by the owner of 10,000 acres in the vicinity of Tenstrike and Blackduck. On the same train were forty other homeseekers, all intent on buying if conditions suited them. The Minnesota & International railway territory is being rapidly settled.

H. A. Stock of St. Paul, private secretary to A. A. White, of the Bemidji Townsite & Improvement company, is in the city.

SALOONS NOT TO CLOSE THIS FALL

Department of Interior Issues Notice Suspending Action on Treaty Dry Provision For One Year.

IS WORD SENT BY CONGRESSMAN

Means That Spring Election Will Bring Another Hot Campaign Between 'Wets' and 'Drys.'

Saloons of the territory covered by the Indian treaty of 1855 are not to be closed this fall, in accordance with a provision therein contained which prohibits the sale of intoxicants, as has been anticipated since early last spring.

Victor Power, mayor of Hibbing, and chairman of the Business Men's Treaty committee, has been advised by Congressman Miller, who is in Washington, that the interior department of the government has issued an order suspending action on the "dry" provision of the treaty for one year from last Thursday, when the enforcement of the treaty was to have been put into effect.

Bemidji Was Included.

The closing of the saloons would have effected Bemidji, Mahanomen, Walker, Grand Rapids, Cass Lake, Nymore, Swan River, a portion of Brainerd, Hibbing, Detroit and many other places, as the treaty covered a territory including portions of Beltrami, Norman, Becker, Ottertail, Case, Koochiching, St. Louis, Aitkin, Carlton, Wadena, Crow Wing, Clay, Mahanomen, Clearwater, Itasca and Hubbard counties. It has been expected that the department of Indian Affairs would be permitted to act in the matter if the recent decision of the supreme court remained unaltered.

No Details Received.

Just what the suspension means is not known here, and no details beyond the bare suspension of the order of the interior department have been received in Bemidji.

Means Another Fight.

Providing the Washington information is correct and the saloons are permitted to remain open until next year, it will mean another campaign between the Bemidji "wets" and "drys" at the spring election. Leaders of the anti-saloon element have announced that the citizens will be given another opportunity to vote on the liquor question and will do all in their power to secure a majority.

Was Close This Spring.

The liquor question was placed before the voters of Bemidji for the first time last spring and the large vote against the saloons was gratifying to those who were behind the movement. They are confident that the saloons will be voted out should the voters again be given a chance to show their desire.

TO HOLD "HOME COMING."

Former University Students and Graduates to Meet November 14.

The all-university council at the University of Minnesota has decided to have a "home coming" day for old students, Nov. 14, the day of the Minnesota-Wisconsin football game. A program of entertainments is being prepared and the old students will be taken care of from 9 a. m. until midnight. This is the first time anything of the sort has been tried at Minnesota, although Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin have similar affairs. The plan has been heartily endorsed by President Vincent and all members of the faculty. Classes will be dismissed all day and the entire time devoted to the entertainment of the old graduates and former students.

INSTALLS MODERN MACHINE.

Motor Driven Power's Cameragraph at Grand Theatre.

One of the most modern motion picture machines now on the market, Power's Cameragraph 6A, has been installed at the Grand theatre by Manager C. J. Woodmansee. The machine is of the latest and most successful model and is motor driven, relieving the operator of turning the crank, as formerly. This machine will run two reels of pictures, 2,000 feet, without changing. Ed Currey, electrician and operator at the Grand, tested the Cameragraph yesterday and found it to be satisfactory.

H. T. Olson of Cannon Falls, who has been in this vicinity for some time past looking over land, and who has bought real estate in the township of Myhre, will return to his home this evening. Mr. Olson will move up here in the spring.