Northwestern News

STATE W. C. T. U. OPENS CONVENTION AT ASHLAND

Ashland, Oct. 8.—A state convention of the W. C. T. U. opened here today and will continue in session until Tuesday. Mrs. Mary Harris Armour of Kansas City, national worker in the W. C. T. U. will be a principal speaker.

WHISKEY PROFITS ARE ENCOURAGING SMUGGLING

Fargo, Oct. 8.—Profits in the present wide-spread illegal whiskey smuggling and trade are so enormous that men heretofore considered "respectable' 'and "law abiding are tempted to violate the law, according to officials in the office of Prohibition Officer Darby here. Men who would never stoop to the old style bootlegging in days of ordinary state prohibition are now running the risk of sterner penalties because of the large financial recompenses.

Whisky readily sells according to this same officer, for $40 a quart in Sioux City, S. D. Rumors has it that an Aberdeen man has made $50,000 in Canadian whiskey since last spring.

The bringing of all offenders to justice is a laborious task, because of their multiplicity and because to convict in court of violating the Volstead act, prohibition officers must produce the evidence against offenders and prove the liquor.

County and city officers thruout the state are cooperating more and more in the enforcement of the 18th amendment, as they begin to realize that the duty rests with them as much as with federal officers. Manitoba which has a law against export is also cooperating with U. S. prohibition agents, but Saskatchewan does not prohibit shipment of liquor to the U. S. and most whisky runners enter over the Saskatchewan line. Most of the Canadian whisky sold around here it is said, is made in Regina.

MENNONITES LOOKING FOR NEW "PROMISED LAND"

Winnipeg, Oct. 8.—Uruguay and Mexico are the latest "promised lands" toward which Menonites of southern Manitoba and Saskatchewan are turning their eyes, according to Frank Greenway, department of education. Representatives of the Mennonite colonies at Rudmerfield, Man., have been named to investigate conditions in these two countries to determine whether the Mennonites shall immigrate to escape conflict with Canadian laws. The Mennonites insist upon schooling their children and refuse to abide by the school laws requiring attendance at public schools.

NASH GOES BEFORE COURT ON SMUGGLING CHARGE

St. Paul, Oct. 8.—Although he has been exonerated by the Hennepin county grand jury William N. Nash, former county attorney, went before the supreme court today to deny charges that he was implicated in a million dollar whisky smuggling plot.

The appeal of Nash is from the decision of Governor Burnquist removing Nash as county attorney, following a hearing conducted by the governor on charges that he was involved in the famous whisky case.

Malfeasance and nonfeasance in office were the charges brought against Nash, in the hearing before the governor. Alleged accomplices of Oscar Martinson, Michael Weisman and others in the whisky smuggling plot, testified against Nash. Martison and Weisman, with several others, were found guilty in court and are now serving sentences.

Nash expects to have the removal order revoked. In such case the court may be asked to reinstate Nash as county attorney.

TANLAC DISPLAY MAKES GREAT HIT

Unique and Attractive Display of Celebrated Medicine Attracts Much Attention

An advertising display which has attracted unusual interest, has been placed in the show window of the City Drug Store on 309 Beltrami avenue, in this city, the local agency for the well-known and highly successful proprietary medicine, Tanlac.

The display is not only interesting from an advertising standpoint, but is educational, combining in an attractive and artistic manner beautiful scenes from many foreign countries where the ingredients of this preparation are obtained.

It has occasioned such favorable comment in the city that the proprietors of the store state that it will remain in their window several days longer.

WORK OF GREAT ARTIST.

The display is the work of one of America's greatest lithographic artists and the manufacturers of Tanlac state that the total cost will exceed sixty thousand dollars, which is said to be a record price for window displays. It is in ten distinct and natural colors, and presents scenes from the Rocky Mountains, as well as from Europe, Asia, Peru, Egypt and other foreign countries.

The natives are seen in their natural habitat and environment, gathering the roots, herbs and barks that form the medicinal ingredients of Tanlac, packing them upon the backs of camels, elephants, llamas and other beasts of burden for transportation by land and sea to the immense laboratories at Dayton, Ohio, and Walkerville, Canada.

One of the most striking features of the display is the reproduction of the magnificent laboratory at Dayton. Here the artist has very effectively and impressively portrayed the popularity of Tanlac by introducing a group of people in all walks of life, who are looking at the Tanlac laboratory with expressions of confidence, plainly indicating their belief and faith in the medicine.

Another distinctive feature is the bulletins accompanying the display. They tell briefly and concisely of the marvelous growth and development of Tanlac, until today it has the largest sale of any medicine of its kind in the world. These bulletins also quote various standard medical authorities as to the therapeutic value and physiological effect of the medicine.

60,000 BOTTLES A DAY.

From these bulletins one also learns that the new Tanlac laboratories at Dayton and Walkerville have a combined daily capacity of 60,000 bottles and that the medicine is now selling at the rate of approximately 10,000,000 botltes per year.

That Tanlac is a preparation of exceptional merit has never been disputed, which accounts for its tremendous popularity and large sales throughout the country. It is a powerful reconstructive tonic and body-builder and has a far reaching and most beneficial effect upon the entire system. Many strong local endorsements, from those who testify as to the benefit they received, have appeared in the columns of this paper.

The manufacturers of Tanlac are firm believers in newspaper advertising and have forcibly presented to the public the merits of their products in this way. Their total annual appropriation for newspaper space exceeds one million dollars. Their copy appears in practically all of the leading daily and weekly newspapers throughout the United States and Canada.—Adv.

TRULY IN BUSINESS FOR FUN

Lord Leverhulme, English Millionaire, Explains Why, at 80, He Will Not Quit the Game.

Lord Leverhulme recently told a good story to show why business men work as hard as they do. It is not for the money, he said, as much as for the sheer fun of it.

A man named Tyson, he said, went out to Australia in the early days. He now has sheep farms in Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, and South Australia. He has millions of sheep and cattle, yet he lives as simply as one of his own stockmen.

He, is now eighty years of age—hale and hearty. When he was asked why he worked so hard and lived like a workman, he replied that it was not a matter of money at all.

"I have put sheep where there were no sheep," he said; "cattle where there were no cattle—houses where there were no houses—white men where there were only black men before. That is the fun I get out of it."

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE DAILY PIONEER

BETTER HIGHWAYS

FEDERAL ROAD BUILDING AID

Highway Construction Hampered by Transportation Difficulties and Lack of Material.

In addition to $19,000,000 for forest road construction, congress has made available to July 1, 1920, the sum of $275,000,000 for federal aid roads. Of this sum $175,000,000 was available up to and including June 30, 1920. Of this amount the states had made application covering $152,193,040 as of April 30. This federal aid is to apply

Surface Treatment of Macadam Road With Bituminous Material and Stone Chips.

on 27,796 miles of road estimated to cost $355,754,790. As of May 1st 13,540 miles of federal aid road were under construction, involving over $86,000,000 in federal aid. The total mileage of completed road built under the federal aid law since it became operative in 1916 is 4,301.15 miles, as of May 1, 1920, an average rate of construction of over 1,000 miles a year.

The difficulties of transportation, the lack of materials, the insufficient number of contracting organizations, the scarcity of adequate equipment and the general shortage of engineering personnel in connection with highway construction during the past two years have reduced road building activities to about 3-7 of the full program. The bureau of public roads, United States department of agriculture is ready, the states are ready, the funds are available to push highway construction on a 100 per cent program as soon as the national economic conditions will warrant.

Side Whiskers in London.

The London exquisite is doing his best to cultivate side whiskers, a fashion that was somewhat frowned upon a few years ago when Lord Rocksavage attempted its resurrection. But that was in the days before the war, and probably it is as a change from the regulation military mustache of the last five or six years that British young men of today are growing tufts of hair in front of their ears with most hideous result.