

County Clerk

LAS VEGAS DAILY OPTIC.

VOL XVII.

EAST LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 15, 1897.

NO. 180

DEATH OF BARNATO

The Big South African Diamond Mine Owner commits Suicide at Sea.

THE U. P. ORGANIZATION

A Bride is Kidnapped from a Chicago Hotel while the Groom is at Dinner.

SENATORIAL SIFTINGS.

LONDON, England, June 15.—Reports are meagre, about the death of Barney Barnato. The news which was received last night, but positively known, to-day, indicates suicide, and that he was suffering from delirium. Consolidated African stocks dropped heavily, this morning, on his account and a further fall is expected. Barnato had been mentally unbalanced for three months.

Barney Barnato's sister-in-law, Alice Holbrook, who is staying at the hotel Vendome, here received the particulars of the death from Mrs. Barnato, yesterday, before the London cable announced it. She has been expecting some news, and she said she was surprised that the public had not heard of the suicide before. Miss Holbrook told of how Barnato jumped from the ship in mid-ocean. His fortune, to-day, only amounts to \$15,000,000.

Barnato began life as the son of a poor east London Hebrew. His real name is Isaacs. He was a "night-hawk" cab driver, shopkeeper and peddler, he scraping together enough money to go to South Africa. Little is known of his early career at the diamond mines, but suddenly he emerged from obscurity as an extensive owner of rich claims, and a daring and always successful speculator. As a "Kaffir King," he returned to London, seemed the richest man in the world, and with a "modas" touch that for the time turned all to gold. Such inflation of values had not been seen since the south sea bubble. London became diamond mad, but with the inevitable collapse, Barnato returned to Africa to relieve his broken fortunes.

Never of a large mind, his vast ones overstrained it, and, like an over-charged engine boiler, it gave way. Then came the plunge into the calm South Atlantic. Barnato leaves a widow and three small children, and his entire fortune, now amounting probably to only \$15,000,000, goes to them, with a few small bequests to poor relatives. At the time of the Kaffir inflation he was worth nearly \$300,000,000. His Barnato bank shares alone were once appraised at \$50,000,000.

BRIDE KIDNAPPED.

While The Groom is Dining With a Detective She Disappears.

CHICAGO, Illinois, June 15.—While Joe B. Willard, a cheap song and dance man, ate succulent viands and drank sparkling wine, with a detective in a Randolph Street restaurant, today, his runaway bride, nee Belle Aiken, of Menominee, Mich., aged nineteen, and an heiress, was taken from the Grand Palace hotel by her relatives, and spirited out of Chicago for some unknown point. Mrs. Willard is the petted niece and ward of Congressman Stephenson Lumberton, a banker millionaire and the most notable citizen of Menominee. Miss Aiken is well known in Washington, where her beauty and sprightly manners created quite a flutter during her uncle's term.

Discussing the Treaty.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—The senate finished its routine business in twenty minutes, to-day, and then the tariff was taken up. Caffery again discussed sugar and the trusts. As bearing upon pending legislation the acting chairman of the senate prayed this morning: "Open the doors of the well-requited toll to the unemployed, and bring the long expected prosperity to every household in the land." Shortly after Senator Frye, with a broad smile on his face said: "I present various petitions asking us to hurry up the tariff legislation, in order to restore prosperity."

Senator Tillman Proposed.

Senator Tillman proposed two amendments to the tariff bill, to remain in force only until there shall be admitted to the mint for coinage at the ratio of sixteen to one. One amendment imposes a head tax of \$100 each upon immigrants. The other makes it a misdemeanor for any alien who does not intend to become an American citizen, to enter the United States for the purpose of engaging in any mechanical trade or manual labor. The amendments were rejected, yeas, thirty-three; nays, thirty-five. The populist senators, Butler and Heitfeld, and the silver republicans, Mearns and Pettigrew, voted aye. One democrat, McKinley, voted no.

Senator Pettigrew has Received.

Senator Pettigrew has received assurances from Senators Nelson, Carter and Handbrough, that they will support his amendment to the tariff bill. He proposes to place on the free list all articles the manufacture of which in this country, is controlled by a trust. Three senators are republicans. All of the democrats and populists except Jones, agree to this.

TO CHANGE HANDS.

C. P. Huntington Will Probably be Ousted From the Union Pacific.

BOSTON, Massachusetts, June 15.—The details of the scheme formulated by the re-organization committee of the Union Pacific railway company, are leaking out gradually. Enough is known to warrant the statement that the company will pass into other hands. In the first place President Clark, of Omaha, retires; Wm. R. Hearst, of New York and San Francisco, is being interested in the re-organization and should be included as expected, as one of the new directors, it will be proof positive that G. F. Huntington will get out. Information given out, places O. W. Milk, of this city, as president of the corporation. The other new members of the directorate will be, J. W. Dana, Chicago; F. R. Coudart, New York, present receivers; John F. Dillon, New York; E. F. Aikens, Boston; G. Q. Cannon, Salt Lake; Russel Sage and George Gould.

Standard Oil Dividend.

NEW YORK, N. Y., June 15.—The regular quarterly dividend of three per cent, together with an extra dividend of seven per cent, upon the stock of the "Standard Oil Company," became payable at the general offices of the company in this city, to-day. This means the distribution of \$10,000,000 to the shareholders of the corporation. During the fiscal year the company has paid thirty-one per cent, and including the present dividend, twenty-one per cent, has been declared so far this year.

Better Times Ahead.

NEW YORK, N. Y., June 15.—Ex-Governor Flower who has been west on a tour of inspection, speaks of the signs of brightening business, observed on his trip. "The sentiment of the business men in the west," said Mr. Flower, "is showing gradual improvement. Confidence generally is returning. The movement of merchandise westward is increasing, and railroad earnings are improving. Indications point to a gradual business revival."

The Governor's Affidavits Filed.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 15.—Governor Bushnell has completed his affidavits as to the Urbans lynching, which were placed in the hands of Coroner Hewitt, to-day. The governor says he was not asked to send more troops to prevent the lynching, and was assured over the telephone, by one claiming himself to be the sheriff, that the mob could be handled without outside aid.

No Prayers for Queen Vic.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 15.—To a committee who urged Bishop Glennon, of this city, that prayers be offered for the queen, in the Catholic churches on the occasion of the celebration of the jubilee the bishop replied: "I shall offer no prayers for England's queen in our churches, and what is more, shall expressly prohibit such prayers in all churches of this diocese."

Will Be Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—The trial of John Schiner began, this morning. Senator Gray was the first witness. Nothing particular was brought out, and a motion for dismissal will probably be made, the same as in the Searles and Havemeyer cases.

No Definite Proposition Yet.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—At the cabinet meeting, to-day, Hawaii and Cuba were discussed but no definite proposition was presented. It is understood the Hawaiian annexation treaty is being negotiated by the administration.

Governor of Alaska.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—The president sent to the senate, to-day, the name of John D. Brady for governor of Alaska. The Alaskan commissioners are Caldwell and Tuttle, of Indiana, and John E. Crane, of Illinois.

Heat in Illinois.

JOLIET, Ill., June 15.—The hot spell here is appalling. Besides sunstrokes, the mortality is large. The thermometer registers 109°, to-day. Public schools have adjourned and the heat is overpowering throughout this section.

A Clandestine Marriage.

LONDON, England, June 12.—It is reported here, that Sybil Sanderson and Antonio Terry, were married, yesterday, on the Island of Jersey. Their friends discredited the rumor.

Sails For Ireland To-Morrow.

NEW YORK, N. Y., June 12.—Tom Sharkey, having pocketed \$5,300 as the result of his recent "fight" with Maher, sails for Ireland, to-morrow, by the "St. Paul."

Bryan in Virginia.

NOUPOLE, Va., June 15.—William J. Bryan lectured here, to 4,000 people. He was enthusiastically greeted. He arrived at Charlottesville, to-day.

White House Attendance Uniformed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—The white house attendants, this morning appeared in uniform. It is a startling innovation.

Trial Still On.

NEW YORK, N. Y., June 15.—The trial of the American tobacco directors, began, this morning. Juror Bryan was not unseated.

President McKinley at Home.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—President McKinley and party arrived in Washington at 7:30, this morning.

DEBS GREAT SCHEME

He will Plant an Army on the Unoccupied Lands of the West.

TO BE A LITTLE REPUBLIC

And Work on the Co-operative Plan, for the Good of Humanity.

OUTSIDE AID TENDERED.

CHICAGO, Illinois, June 15.—The opening session of the convention of the American Railway Union was held this morning, at Handell hall, every branch of the union having sent its full quota of delegates, and a large number of visitors being present, attracted by the proposed re-organization of the movement upon broader and more radical lines. The convention was called to order by President Eugene V. Debs, who in his opening address stated that labor leaders everywhere were rapidly being forced to the conclusion that it is a hopeless task to resist the lowering of wages, as these reductions were caused by a natural law and were inevitable. No organization of men could uphold wages under the rule of capitalism and while the heartless strife for gain is dominating all industry and commerce. Workingmen could not be held in line for trade-unionism, he said, when they saw the futility of these organizations. Another solution must be sought, and that solution was co-operation.

He proposed the establishment of a co-operative colony in some state, and the ultimate capture by the ballot of the state government, together with the re-modelling of its organic law upon a co-operative basis. He proposed, further, that at least 100 organizers be placed in the field at once, and proposed that within six months 1,000,000 members could be enlisted; that from this membership \$50,000 a month could be raised, and that this sum should be devoted to the support of the co-operative colony until it became established upon a paying basis. Only honest, industrious men were to be regarded as colonists. As a measure of economy, and to attract attention to the movement, he proposed that they march to the scene of their new activity. Every care, however, was to be taken to shield the movement from ridicule, so that the new society should afford no ground for the impression that it was an army of mendicants.

E. V. Debs, received a royal welcome, this morning, he stepped on the stage and called the first session of the Railway union to order. During President Debs' opening address, he was listened to attentively and frequently applauded. "I am not here to denounce capital," he said, "Nor am I here to explore my views of the rich. It is not with individuals I have to do, but with the system of society that produces him and is responsible for him." Mr. Debs outlined his ideas of a new republic, which he declared would be the means of giving work to the unemployed.

President Debs is supremely confident of the success of his co-operative colonization scheme. Speaking of the plan he gave out the following additional details: "We will have an army of 5,000 picked men, ready to march within thirty days. These will be sent to Washington. By the time they arrive, they will have a new settlement ready to receive them. Men and funds will be sent in advance to provide shelter and lay the foundation for the industry. Land will be tilled and crops planted. Our recruits will be selected with great care and with the view toward the strict appointment of the skilled trades, artisans, farmers and laborers. Funds will be raised through the work of the organizations. After our colonies become self-supporting, a general exodus of the unemployed of the east will begin. It will simply be a question of time before we can control the state elections and finally secure a majority in the legislature. The state constitution will be revised and the entire commonwealth be converted to socialism."

Mr. Debs cited the establishment in early days by the Mormons of their co-operative colony in Utah, and the marvelous success which have attended their efforts. He claimed that the firm belief of the workmen of today, in the principle of co-operation, would be as strong an incentive to them as were the religious tenets of the Mormons, and that a like measure of success would attend the efforts of his colleagues.

President Debs' Remarks were Well Received.

and it is probable that the convention will take definite action in the direction proposed. N. Larnond, of Thomaston, Maine, secretary of the Brotherhood of the Co-operative Commonwealth, has promised the support of his organization to the new movement, and both he and Mr. Debs have made investigations in several states relative to the selection of a site for the colony, among the states visited being Tennessee, Arkansas and Utah.

Among those participating in today's proceedings were Professor Parsons, of Boston; Professor Harron, of Iowa, and Henry D. Lloyd, of Chicago. Many other interested in the labor question have also corresponded with Mr. Debs, among them being Dr. Rainford, a well known Episcopal clergyman of New York city. Especially active support is looked for by the leaders among the workmen of this city, St. Louis and Milwaukee, as well as other large industrial centers.

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Save your savings by depositing them in the LAS VEGAS SAVINGS BANK, where they will bring you an income. Every dollar saved, is two dollars made.
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An 8-foot galvanized steel wind mill with a 30 foot tower of same material, complete, delivered at any station on the A. T. & S. F. south of Las Vegas, in New Mexico, for \$48.00. North and including Las Vegas, for \$46.00.

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All goods are made at home, free from artificial flavor. Pure Havana.
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Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded, and all orders Correctly Answered.
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A Home For Sale in the Northwest Corner of the Territory.
Located near FARMINGTON, San Juan County, New Mexico, in the FRUIT-GROWING section.
It consists of 7 1/2 acres. There are two houses, one of them containing three rooms; the other four, with two good cellars; an orchard of all kinds of fruit—summer and winter apples, peaches, cherries, crab apples, plums, apricots, pines, gooseberries, currants, raspberries, alfalfa, etc. Plenty of water for irrigation. The yard is set out to all kinds of shrubbery and it is indeed an ideal home in every particular. The property will be sold for \$2,700, one-half down, the balance on time. Address THIS OFFICE for particulars.

Out Door Roses
American Beauty, red.
Baroness Rothschild, light pink
Coquette des Blancs, white.
Magna Charta, dark pink.

Hardy... Climbing Roses
Balmore Belle, blush white.
Prairie Queen, deep rose.
Etc., etc.

Climbing Vines
Cobea Scandens.
Humulus Japonicus.
Madeira Vine.

These vines grow from thirty to forty feet in a season.
No trouble to show Plants and give prices.
J. BIEHL.

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We Offer for This Week
Ladies' Dress Skirts
We offer as follows, for this week
Skirt worth \$2.50 for - \$1.90
Skirt worth \$3.50 for - \$2.90
Skirts worth \$4.50 for - \$3.90
Skirts worth \$5.00 for - \$4.40
Men's Fancy Bosom Shirts
With Extra Cuffs
Worth \$1.25 for \$1.00
Emanuel Rosenwald

First National Bank.

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