TO RECRUIT FOR FIFTH

STATION WILL BE OPENED AT 214 EAST TWELFTH TO-DAY.

Captain Wade Mountfortt, With a Detail of Four Men, Arrives in Kansas City to Enlist 113 Men—Talks of Camp Life.

The first battalion of the Fifth regiment, now at Chickamauga, needs 113 men to fill up its ranks to the required war complement. Captain Wade Mountfortt, with a detail of four men, arrived in Kansas City yesterday and to-day he will open a recruiting station at 214 East Twelfth street, for the purpose of securing the number of volunteers needed for the regiment.

Captain Mountfortt was accompanied on his trip to Kansas City by Captain George P. Whitsell and Lieutenant W. C. Eagan, of the Fifth. Captain Whitsell goes to Carthage and Lieutenant Eagan to Mexico, Mo., where they will also open enlistment stations for their respective divisions of the regiment. Captain Mountfortt took occasion last night to correct some erroneous statements that have gained circulation regarding the condition of life at Chickamauga.

"Life at Chickamauga has been very much misrepresented in many particulars by a number of newspaper correspondents now with us at camp. It has been reported that we are starving and that the rations that are given to us are not fit for men to eat. I want to say that there has never been the slightest foundation for such a report. It is true that since the men of the Fifth regiment left Kansas City we have a number of times been put to some inconveniences in the matter of food, but such a thing as starvation has never been known, and it is a matter of common amusement to us that such stories are given currency. We don't get pie or cake and we don't expect to. The rations we do get are good and sufficient. It is not to be expected that in such a large body of men as are gathered at Chickamauga park there would be an entire absence of kickers. Some men may have found fault with the food, but there has never been any organized faultfinding.

"The health of all the men in the regiment is excellent. In the past ten days I do not think there has been an average of one and one-half sick men to a company a day. The stories of wholesale sickness have no foundation in fact. There is probably not a healthier spot in all the country than the place where we are encamped. We are within a short distance of Chattanooga, noted as a health resort, in a beautiful country that lies right among the foothills of the Cumberland mountains. There is plenty of pure water in every part of the camp, the entire park being piped for it above ground. Each company has its own hydrant, and springs of pure water abound. The stories of poisoned wells and forest fires so far have been simply the imaginings of sensational newspaper correspondents.

"Few people imagine the magnitude of the labor necessary to build up an army such as the war department is now organizing, and the criticism that has been made as to the delay in fully equipping the volunteers emanates entirely from ignorance of the details that have to be gone through. Every man of the Fifth regiment is now fully equipped with the clothing necessary for campaigning, and the rifles for the men had arrived before I left the camp, although they had not been distributed. Drill is held twice a day, in the morning and in the late afternoon, and so enthusiastic have the boys been in taking hold on their work that I am not exceeding the truth when I say that there is not a more proficient body of men in foot movements and skirmish drill in the whole park than those of the Fifth.

"As to our social life and our amusements, we manage to extract a good deal of pleasure out of our daily routine. We have a fine band which gives a concert every night and some of the boys have organized a stringed orchestra which goes about serenading every night. There are plenty of fine singers in the regiment and a number of quartettes have been organized. At all times strict military discipline obtains, but the man who cannot adjust himself to the discipline has not got the qualities of a good soldier in him and I don't think we have any of that kind in our ranks."

Captain Mountfortt was reticent about discussing the possible future movements of the Fifth. When he was asked if any orders had been slated for the regiment he said:

"We know no more than the public about the disposition the department intends to make of us. We enlisted to go to Cuba and every man of us wants to go there, but as we are not allowed to give expression to our speculations as to our future movements I cannot discuss any preparations that may seem to be significant or otherwise. All the 'paper departments,' which are the quartermaster's, commissary, transportation, medicine and surgery, and telegraph branches of the service are receiving instructions in the battle drill under the direction of Captain Fremont, adjutant to General Compton. The school of instruction meets every day, and, of course, this might be taken to mean that we might soon be engaged in active service."

Captain Mountfortt expects that he will be able to finish the work of enlisting the men needed for the first battalion of the regiment within a week. The physical examination will be rigorous, according to the rules set down in the army code. Only men who are physically perfect will be cepted.

SOLDIERS ARE GRATEFUL.

Missouri Volunteers Thank the Women Who Worked So Nobly for Them.

The efforts of the women of Kansas City to provide food and medicines for the members of the Third and Fifth regiments, Missouri Volunteers, were highly appreciated as the following letters, received here yesterday, attest:

HEADQUARTERS SECOND BRIGADE, SECOND DIVISION, THIRD CORPS, CAMP GEORGE R. THOMAS, CHICKAMAUGA PARK, GA., June 10, 1898.—Mrs. A. W. Childs and Mrs. William B. Thayer, Kansas City, Mo.:—In behalf of the officers and soldiers of the Fifth regiment, Missouri Volunteer infantry, I desire to thank you and your associates for the provisions so opportunely furnished them on their departure from Kansas City on the 13th of May; but for this the men would have been hungry one day. It would be esteemed a favor to have a list of the names of the ladies composing your committee. It would be preserved among the papers of the regiment. I also desire to thank you for your efforts with the ladies of St. Louis, who provided the command with 1,000 boxes of food on leaving Jefferson Barracks on the 25th ult. The kind and thoughtful consideration which prompted countrywomen has become one of the cherished memories of the Fifth Missouri Volunteer infantry.

The regiment has now been encamped for two weeks on the lines occupied by the Confederates at 7 a. m. thirty-five years ago, in a forest of tall oaks and pines, beneath the untempered rays of a Georgia sun, and is rapidly preparing itself for future usefulness. Very respectfully, MILTON MOORE.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK, GA., CAMP GEORGE H. THOMAS, HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT, FIFTH REGIMENT MISSOURI VOLUNTEER INFANTRY, June 10.—Mrs. John G. Groves. My Dear Madam:—It gives me much pleasure to acknowledge receipt of your draft for $15, issued by the Missouri Soldiers' Relief Society, and I assure you that the kindness of your organization will enable me to procure many needed comforts and medicines for the relief of the sick and wounded of this regiment.

And I must tell you that every soldier, to a man, feels within his heart grateful and thankful to you for your most generous gift.

I beg to remain your humble servant,
N. O. HARRELSON,
Major and Surgeon, U. S. V., with Fifth Regiment Missouri Volunteers.

CAMP ALGER, June 6.—My Dear Mrs. Groves.—Major Jackson requested my to acknowledge the receipt of your draft and letter, thanking you for your kindness. He is very busy over at the division headquarters. At present the sick of each regiment are cared for in the division hospital, and we take over to our very sick that have been taken from us the nice little dainties we make and care for their cots, their underclothing, and make them as comfortable as possible. We had only fifteen at sick call, while the other regiments had eighty or more men. The kindness of our women enables us to buy delicacies for them that the government does not furnish. Very truly, MARTHA V. GROSS.

RECRUITS FOR THE THIRD.

Twenty-five Enlisted Yesterday, Making a Total of Seventy in Three Days.

In three days seventy men have been added to the ranks of the Third regiment now stationed at Camp Alger, near Washington, by the officers making the enlistments at the recruiting station at 721 Walnut street. There was a slight falling off yesterday from the record made on Monday. When Captain Lechtman closed his books last night twenty-five accepted men was the result of the day's work. Captain Lamb, who, since Saturday, had been assisting in the examination of the candidates for enlistment, yesterday morning went to Liberty, where he will open another recruiting station for the Third. As fast as the men are accepted they are assigned to squads and spend the greater portion of the day in the drill hall at fire headquarters, where they are instructed in military maneuvers. Captain Lechtman expects that he will be able to obtain the 207 men that are required to fill up the ranks of the Third by Saturday night. The names of the men enlisted yesterday are:

W. F. Shoyer,	Archie R. Law,
Charles M. Pepkin,	Joseph Baurle,
Alexander M. Hunter,	W. B. Miller,
Percy Hopkins,	Riley, Y. Smith,
Robert Rogers,	Peter Hanson,
Charles L. Wilson,	William Holman,
John Stark,	Ole Munson,
William Winters,	Benjamin J. Cochran,
William M. Crayne,	John W. Ferguson,
Charles H. Brown,	Oscar Westheffer,
A. S. Stewart,	Charles Jones,
J. J. Farley,	Charles Elmore.
Jared B. Marshall,	

FOR VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

The Council of Jewish Women Raise $210 at Their Strawberry Festival at the Armory.

Nearly 500 people attended the strawberry festival given by the Council of Jewish Women in the armory last night for the purpose of raising funds to assist the needy families of the soldiers of the Third and of the Fifth regiments and to purchase supplies for the members who are sick in camp. Tents were erected at intervals around the sides of the big hall, and here and there peeped from between their white walls the grim muzzles of cannon. To give the scene a complete military effect the members of Battery B turned out in uniforms. Sentries with sabers guarded the door and other sentries, stern visaged as though on actual field duty, paced various beats to which they had been assigned by Captain Klingman. Around a raised platform in the center of the floor on which was stationed James' military band were scattered the booths at which were sold lemonade and ice cream and cake. A score of pretty girls mingled with the throng of visitors selling flowers and candy and patriotic devices in the shape of badges.

The heavy rain of the early evening served to keep many people away from the hall, but the attendance was gratifying, nevertheless. The receipts amounted to $210. During the evening the following programme was rendered by James' military band:

"Stars and Stripes Forever" (Sousa).
Grand fantasa on "Dixie" (Otto Langley).
(a) "America," (b) "Star Spangled Banner," (c) "Yankee Doodle" (Lauredeau).
Medley overture, "All Around Town" (Beyer).
Old Veterans' march, "National Airs" (Barnard).
Overture, "The Feast of Lanterns" (Bennett).

The following ladies had charge of the entertainment:

Mesdames L. S. Lieberman, F. V. Kander, Joseph Adler, A. S. Flersheim, Godfrey Jones, C. Liebstadter, N. L. Davidson, R. Cahn, Leon Block, O. Sachs, J. Rothgeisser, S. Shulman, N. Selegsohn, C. D. Axman, A. S. Woolf, E. Hirshorn and R. Michaels and Miss C. Ney. They desire to return thanks to everyone who contributed so generously to the festival.

MAY MOVE A DIVISION.

A Rumor in Camp Alger That Part of the Troops Are to Be Sent South.

CAMP ALGER, VA., June 14.—(Special.) There is a strong rumor in camp here tonight that some of the regiments, possibly a division, will be moved South in the near future. None of General Graham's staff knows any foundation for the rumor, but it has been generally circulated that a part of the Second army corps will be moved from Camp Alger.

The regimental hospitals have been entirely abolished, despite the struggle of many of the regimental surgeons to save the individual organizations. To-day all the members of the Third regiment, Missouri volunteers hospital corps, were transferred to the regular army hospital corps. They had been enlisted in the various companies of the regiments as privates and detailed to the hospital corps by the colonel. This afternoon they were assigned to duty at the Second division hospital. Major Jabez N. Jackson is now acting brigadier surgeon. Seventeen privates will be taken from the regiment and transferred to the regular army corps, necessitating that many more recruits to be brought from Kansas City to fill up the regiment.

Private Claude M. March, who has been in Company C, but not yet mustered in, owing to an oversight, is thought to be dying of typhoid malaria. To-day he was removed to the post hospital at Fort Myer.

The address of Private March is given in the directory as 1515 Grove street.

ASTOR BATTERY EN ROUTE.

It Will Arrive in Kansas City at 7 O'clock To-night Over the Missouri Pacific.

The Astor battery, recently bought by the United States government from Mr. Astor, of New York, and now en route to Manila, will leave St. Louis at 9:10 o'clock this morning and reach Kansas City at 7 o'clock this evening. The special train of fifteen cars carrying it will run over the Missouri Pacific from St. Louis to Pueblo, Col., and will be accompanied by Thomas Hughes, city passenger agent of the road, to that point. It will remain in Kansas City long enough to allow the public to see it at the Missouri Pacific yards on St. Louis avenue, west of the Union depot.

The train is made up of three tourist sleepers, carrying three officers and ninety-nine men, three baggage cars, one coach, one flat car containing army wagons, one box car containing pack saddles and other accoutrements and seven stock cars with mules and horses. From Pueblo it will run over the Denver & Rio Grande, Rio Grande Western and Central Pacific to San Francisco, where the battery will embark for Manila.

KANSAS RECRUITS LEAVE.

Forty Volunteers, Enlisted in Kansas City, Kas., Move Toward Manila.

The recruits for the Twentieth Kansas volunteers enlisted in Kansas City, Kas., left last evening for Topeka and will go to San Francisco soon. The complete list follows:

George T. Voss,	Gustavus H. Koch,
Peter J. Nugent,	Ben K. Donoho,
Gilbert E. Mayer,	William G. McCann,
Peter A. Griffin,	Louis Ferguson,
Olaf J. Asplund,	W. B. Hutchinson,
John E. Lindquist,	Fred L. Maxfield,
Michael H. Garrity,	J. W. Kline,
James W. Wilson,	William A. Ebert,
James E. Williamson,	Louis R. Badger,
Michael P. Menahan,	Lambert B. Steinmetz,
Edward E. Graham,	Harry Morris,
Robert M. Lee,	Charles Wingert,
Charles J. Studt,	George Robinson,
George McMeechan,	George Wallace,
Charles T. Baker,	Edward Willing,
William H. Bash,	Dorr E. Burroughs,
Charles Flowers,	Charles M. Pease,
Orno E. Tyler,	Jesse S. Fairleigh,
John H. Gallaher,	John W. Minor,
Thomas W. Pritts,	J. M. Boyle.

The East Side Dramatic Club.

The East Side Dramatic Club will give a three act melodrama at the Music hall this evening under the auspices of the Terrace City lodge, A. O. U. W., entitled "Bound in Honor, or the Miller's Daughter," by the following well known amateur cast:

Basil Lawrence	Mr. C. Grimes
Squire Thornton	Mr. Emil Lichtig
Lord Hyde	Mr. Thomas Lord
Humped Tom	Mr. Thomas Lord
John Durwent	Mr. C. Dudley
Hackman	Mr. C. Concannon
Dickey	Master Victor Lichtig
Elsie Durwent	Miss Eugenie Willard
Countess of Harrington	Miss Eda Kemp
Isabelle	Miss Nellie Parsons
Mrs. Durwent	Miss Nellie Parsons
Miss Beauty	Miss Ethel Peeples
Mountain Mag	Miss Jeanette Stone
Black Joe	Miss Frances Lester

New Flag Over the Public Library.

Flag day was observed yesterday by Secretary Benson and the janitor at the public library building by taking down the old flag, which was worn and soiled, and replacing it with a nice new edition of the stars and stripes. At all the school buildings in the city the flags are up, and will be kept flying as long as the war lasts. "It takes lots of bunting," said Assistant Secretary W. K. Everingham, "but that's a good way to use it." For the next year the flags will be bought by the gross or in some such quantity.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Burlington Route.
The best line to Chicago.

KNEW KIPLING AS A BOY

REV. DR. J. C. R. EWING RETURNS FROM LAHORE, INDIA.

Relates Interesting Reminiscences of the Author of "Plain Tales From the Foothills"—A Missionary Nineteen Years.

Rev. Dr. J. C. R. Ewing, of Lahore, India, arrived in Kansas City yesterday and is at the Midland. Dr. Ewing, who has been a missionary in India for nineteen years, and is now president of the Presbyterian college, with 300 students, is accompanied by his wife and daughter, and his brother, Attorney John A. Ewing, of Leadville, Col., who was married at Platte City, Mo., yesterday, to Miss Georgie M. White, daughter of the late Judge G. G. White, of Colorado. The entire party will leave to-night for Pennsylvania, the Ewings' old home. Mrs. Ewing, who has been with her husband during his entire stay in India, will return with him this fall.

"Yes, I knew Kipling when he was doing just what you are doing now," said Dr. Ewing to a reporter for The Journal. "He was a reporter for the Daily Civil and Military Gazette at Lahore, and we lived in the same street. He did general reportorial work for some time on that paper, occasionally contributing one of his marvelous sketches in the shape of little skits called 'turn-overs.' These sketches first attracted attention to him, and when they were published in book form under the name of 'Plain Tales From the Hills,' they made him famous. Kipling is a wonderful genius, and I could tell you many things about him, but he would not like it. I saw him on his last visit to India early in the present decade."

Dr. Ewing puffed reminiscently at a good cigar and then the talk turned to Edwin Arnold and "The Light of Asia."

"Edwin Arnold," said Dr. Ewing, "I have never known, though we heard of him in Lahore. That was long before he was Sir Edwin Arnold. Too much has been made of 'The Light of Asia.' It is only a poem and has always been considered such by him—not an extollation of Buddha or an advocacy of the substitution of Hinduism for Christianity."

The last remark naturally suggested a comparison of the two religions.

"Hinduism," said Dr. Ewing, "has its good features, but it is a system, while Christianity is a life. Men are Hindus in religion just as they are members of any ceremonial order. Their lives go on just the same unaffected by their religion. The masses are scrupulously devoted to their religion, but the educated classes are indifferent. Only a little over 1 per cent of the people can read or write. It may be of interest to know that if you add 1,500,000 people to the population of America, Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia and Turkey proper you will only have the population of India. This gives some idea of the vast missionary field. And yet the outlook is encouraging. Where there was not a native Christian 100 years ago now there are 3,000,000.

"The protection of the British government reduces the hardships of life in India to a minimum. But the British government cannot control the frightful heat. I had a letter the other day which said that at Allahabab, on May last, the thermometer was 167 in the sun and 116 in the shade. This terrible heat is only endurable because it is dry. Human life could not be supported if there was any humidity in the air.

"The missionary's value is testified to by all the high officials of the Indian government, among them Sir Richard Temple, Sir Charles Acheson, Sir Donald McLeod, Lord Lawrence and others. Lieutenant Governor Sir John Woodgale, of Bengal, and Lieutenant Governor Mackworth Young, of the Punjab, cordially co-operate in our work."

WHY A LITTLE WOMAN WEPT.

Witnessed a Marriage Ceremony When She Was About to Begin a Divorce Suit.

Two scenes at once of the sad, glad drama of human life, which the busy work-a-day world never quite loses sight of, were enacted yesterday in the little office adjoining Justice Spitz' courtroom.

The judge had promised to marry a young German couple at 2 o'clock, and when he returned from lunch found the bride and groom with a half dozen of their laughing, joking friends crowded in the room where the marriages usually take place. In a corner, almost hidden by the others of the party, sat a little woman who seemed to be taking no part in the merriment, and an occasional tear was seen to find its way down her cheek till stopped by the handkerchief which she concealed in her hand and tried to use without attracting attention. But some tears are often found at a wedding and Justice Spitz supposed the little woman belonged to the party. When the ceremony was over and the happy company, congratulating and good naturedly chaffing the newly wedded pair, had crowded out through the doorway and gone noisily down the stairs the little woman, now crying harder than before, remained in the corner where the justice had first noticed her.

In answer to the judge's questions, she told him between her sobs, of her wedding scarcely four years ago, and how that afternoon she had come up to see about getting a divorce. She had nothing to live on, and the food and clothing she needed for herself and two babies, one hardly a year old and the other little more than 2, she was unable to provide through her own efforts. Her resolution had left her during the scene to which she had just been an unwilling spectator. The kind-hearted justice agreed with her that it would be best to try again, and to himself he promised to send the husband a letter that might move him to see the error of his ways.

NEW UNIVERSITY TRUSTEES.

Several Members of the Old Board Retire and the Vacancies Are Filled.

The meeting of the board of trustees of the Kansas City Methodist Protestant university of Kansas City, Kas., adjourned yesterday. H. J. Heinz was re-elected president of the university. The new board of trustees is made up as follows: Henry J. Heinz, Pittsburg, Pa.; George C. Smith, Atlanta, Ga.; Henry M. Myers, Beaver Falls, Pa.; J. V. C. Karnes, Kansas City, Mo.; A. H. Widney, Weldon, Ill.; J. S. Chick, Kansas City, Mo.; H. H. Cowan, Pittsburg, Pa.; Nathan Jones, Pittsburg, Pa.; S. J. Geddes, Des Moines, Ia.; W. P. Herbert, Pittsburg, Pa.; L. W. Keplinger, Kansas City, Kas.; M. V. Watson, Kansas City, Mo.; F. T. Tagg, D. D., Baltimore, Md.; C. S. Bradley, Holdrege, Neb.; C. E. Custis, Sabina, O.; T. J. Prosser, St. Louis, Mo.; J. J. Squier, Kansas City, Mo.; H. G. G. Fink, Springdale, Pa.; A. R. Meyer, Kansas City, Mo.; J. W. May, Kansas City, Kas.; J. V. Andrews, Kansas City, Kas.; Ira V. Poste, Johnstown, W. Va.; J. A. Thrapp, Toronto, O.; R. G. Evans, Pittsburg, Pa.

Several changes were made in the directors: W. A. Morris, C. H. Chaplin, T. J. Shepherd, George H. Miller and C. H. St. John, of Kansas City, Kas., and Thomas Sankey, of Pittsburg, Pa., retiring from the board, their places were filled by the election of J. V. C. Karnes, M. V. Watson, A. R. Meyer and J. J. Squier, of Kansas City, Mo., and H. H. Cowan and R. G. Evans, of Pittsburg, Pa.

Women from their sedentary habits, are often subject to headache and constipation. These are quickly removed by Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Death of Mrs. Ellen Hanley.

Mrs. Ellen Hanley, 65 years old, died at her home, 617 Tracy avenue, from peritonitis, yesterday. She was the widow of Michael Hanley, formerly a well known resident of Kansas City, who died four years ago. Two children survive her, P. M. Hanley, who is in the employ of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, and Mrs. Mary E. Bradley, of this city. The funeral services will be held to-morrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in St. Patrick's church. The body will be taken to Milwaukee for burial.

The society stone is turquoise—the finest gems are from the "True Blue mines." Jaccard's, 1034 Main street, are sole agents.

PERSONAL.

Dr. W. W. Keen, the noted surgeon of Philadelphia, spent the day, Tuesday, with Dr. A. H. Cordier.

"The very best" defines the Chicago & Alton service to Chicago and St. Louis. Try it and be convinced.

The Burlington Route.
The best line to St. Paul.

MUNYON'S

I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble that cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE.
MUNYON.
At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch street, Phila.

DYSPEPSIA CURE

THE PRICE SHE PAID.

Police Judge Burnham Fines Rebecca Williams $3 for Simulating Suicide.

The police have been troubled a great deal by hysterical women who simulate suicide for the purpose of frightening a husband, sweetheart or friend, and they decided to put an end to the practice. When Rebecca Williams was arraigned in police court yesterday the judge asked: "What is the charge against her?"

"Attemptin' suicide, sorr," spoke up the arresting officer.

"Did she swallow the poison?"

"She did not, sorr; sure she was only a-bluffing."

"Three dollars," said the judge. "Call the next case."

STRUCK HIM WITH A HAMMER.

Sam Boyd Makes an Assault on Hughey Furey That May End His Life.

Sam Boyd, a negro, is wanted by the police. Hughey Furey, a horse jockey, last night became engaged with him in an altercation near the water works at the foot of Fairmount avenue, and was worsted. Later Boyd, it is said, sneaked up behind him and struck him with a hammer. Furey's injuries, which consist of a badly lacerated left ear and a fracture which caused a serious concussion of the brain, were treated at the Central police station by Police Surgeon Longan, and he was then sent to the city hospital.

Wants Her Husband Arrested.

Mrs. J. W. Armstrong, of 2907 East Twenty-second street, who still loves her recreant husband, again visited Humane Officer Greenman yesterday and reiterated her sad domestic tale. She says her husband is not in the Southern wheat belt, as reported a few days ago. She met him on Main street yesterday but neither spoke as they passed by. It is probable that a warrant will be issued to-day for John's arrest on a charge of abandonment.

Writ of Replevin for a Book.

A writ of replevin for a book valued at $25 was secured yesterday by James McArdle against Edson E. Phelps who was sentenced the day before to one year in the workhouse for selling obscene literature. McArdle is the book dealer near Fifth and Walnut. The book was one volume of a set of American Ornithology and consists entirely of fine colored plates of birds.

One Year for a Notorious Vagrant.

John Shoemaker, a notorious vagrant and sneakthief, was convicted of vagrancy in the police court yesterday and sent to the rockpile for 300 days. Six weeks ago Shoemaker stole a watch from an inebriate and yesterday he purloined a pair of spectacles from a mendicant. He was arrested for the theft, but instead of a petit larceny case he had to fight one for vagrancy.

Arrested for Not Having a Job.

"Found tramping and wandering about without any visible means of support" is the wording of a complaint made before Justice Krueger yesterday against one John Fulton. Fulton pleaded not guilty and went to jail, and to-day he will be called upon to explain why, in these days of war and big wheat crops, he appears to be without aim or occupation.

All of His Game Chickens Stolen.

G. V. Millet, of 3223 East Seventh street, has a fondness for game chickens, and in his coops, as a usual thing, he never has less than a round baker's dozen. Monday night his coop was visited at an unseemly hour and every game cock in it stolen. He also mourns the loss of a pair of fantail pigeons.

Fifty Days for "Short Change" Artist.

Charles Burke, who attempted to "flimflam" the cashier of the Busy Bee cigar store out of $2 by playing the old change trick, was convicted of vagrancy in the police court yesterday and sentenced to a sojourn in the workhouse for fifty days.

EXPLOSION IN A GAS STOVE.

Mrs. John Bryant, of Independence, Severely Burned by Opening an Oven Door.

Mrs. John Bryant, of Independence, was severely burned about the face yesterday by the explosion of gas in the oven of a gas stove. A domestic who was not familiar with the use of the stove, turned on the gas so that more accumulated in the oven than was consumed by the burners, and when Mrs. Bryant opened the oven door the flames shot out, burning her eyebrows, forehead, cheeks and lips. While painful, her injuries are not dangerous.

WOMAN'S FOOT CRUSHED.

Charlotte Hartsburg Run Down by a Fifteenth Street Cable Car.

Charotte Hartsburg, a domestic employed by Mrs. Kreimans, of 512 Bellefontaine avenue, was run down by a Fifteenth street car yesterday afternoon. Her right foot was badly lacerated and Dr. Pierce, assistant police surgeon, who attended her at the Fifteenth street railroad depot, is of the opinion that while the case is serious, amputation will not be necessary.

Hurt by a Horse's Kick.

Charles Stewart, a teamster, of 1665 East Second street, and in the employ of J. H. Dye, a contractor, was kicked by a fractious horse yesterday and seriously injured. He was treated at the Central police station by Police Surgeon Longan and then sent to his home.

SITE FOR POWER HOUSE.

Property Near End of James Street Bridge Bought by New Electric Light Company.

There is a probability that work will soon be begun on the erection of a new electric light and power plant in Kansas City, Kas. Benjamin Friedberg, of the Consolidated Electric Light and Power Company, which has a monopoly on the electric light business in the Kansas metropolis, called at the office of the register of deeds of Wyandotte county yesterday afternoon and placed on file a warranty deed transferring a little more than an acre and a half of land in the bottom from Robert W. Wood and wife and Benjamin F. Wood and wife to the Consolidated Electric Light and Power Company, of Kansas City, Kas. The consideration named in the deed was $3,750. The property is located near the end of the Metropolitan street railway's cable line bridge, near James street. The old Wood Bros.' ice houses stood on it.

Taylor Held to the Grand Jury.

B. J. Taylor was held to the grand jury by Justice Hawthorne yesterday on a charge of obtaining by false pretenses three sets of Ridpath's History of the World from the Doggett Dry Goods Company. The books were bought on the instalment plan, Taylor, according to the testimony, going to the store himself three different times to bargain for the books. Each time he paid $1 down and gave an address to which the books were to be sent, the address being different in each case.

The Three Finest Trains.

Kansas City to Chicago.
Kansas City to St. Louis.
Kansas City to Denver.
Via the Burlington Route. No other line has new full vestibuled trains, with all modern improvements. The Burlington Route leads in fine service from Kansas City.

WAS BORN ON FLAG DAY

MISSOURI REPUBLICAN CLUB'S FIRST ANNIVERSARY.

Celebrated Last Night at the Coates House With a Dinner Attended by 150 Representative Kansas City Republicans.

The Missouri Republican Club was born on Flag day, 1898, and it celebrated its first anniversary last night with a banquet which called together the most prominent Republicans of the city. Over 150 members of the club partook of the excellent menu prepared. The affair was characterized by an informality which was not its least enjoyable feature.

President P. S. Brown, Jr., sat at the central point of the north table. On his right sat William Clough, the first, and on his left, J. L. Jewell, the last secretary of the club. At the second place on his right sat E. B. Kratz, the first president of the club. Those present were the following:

P. S. Brown, Jr.	Chester O'Neill,
J. E. Jewell.	C. N. Munson,
H. S. Hadley.	Stephen P. Twiss,
S. F. Scott.	Clint Terry,
E. B. Kratz.	C. C. Anderson,
William Clough.	F. P. Gossard,
C. N. Sheldon.	C. C. Yost,
R. H. Love.	J. H. L. Faber,
R. M. Godfrey.	C. S. Squier,
George J. Baer.	E. N. Edmonds,
J. V. Moffett.	J. S. Gardner,
W. C. Ebert,	A. D. Burrows,
J. L. Jewell,	L. W. McCollum,
F. E. Kellogg,	E. P. Nelson,
George A. Neal,	W. S. Dickey,
R. C. Lake.	W. H. Otto.
E. E. Pugh,	W. J. Stevenson,
C. H. Almeder,	M. E. Getchell,
F. A. Leach,	F. A. Foster,
H. E. Schumloeffel,	R. H. Hunt,
William Richardson,	Chett McDonald,
C. H. Kirshner,	R. W. Green,
H. M. Beardsley,	Jacob Jacobson,
Sam E. Bear,	F. P. Sloan,
E. C. Ellis,	C. G. Young,
E. C. Mankin,	A. J. Shirk,
Wallace Love,	A. L. Sherman,
S. S. Winn,	S. Y. Johnston,
W. E. Griffin,	H. M. Gerhart,
Alex Ables,	J. S. Sutherland,
S. E. Graham,	M. R. Wright,
John Grady,	E. A. Norris,
G. L. Himes,	E. H. Robbins,
J. E. Fitzpatrick,	J. D. Washburn,
Albert Heidegger,	Walter Emery,
P. F. Fitzgerald,	George Eyssell,
J. M. Lind,	Henry Sieben,
S. W. Spangler,	N. S. Chapman,
Z. T. Boulware,	Hans Lund,
O. H. Quesl,	S. F. Cutter,
J. M. Taylor,	W. A. Broom,
E. H. Allen,	C. L. McDonald,
R. B. Middlebrook,	Frank Jarvis,
A. L. Deerwester,	S. E. Edwards,
Harry L. Strohm,	J. Scott Harrison,
J. B. Grooms,	J. P. Winch,
G. H. Davis,	A. Breuner,
J. M. Kent,	J. D. Goldsby,
F. L. Dickey,	Dr. B. H. Wheeler,
H. S. Tipton,	J. B. Earl.

It was 10:40 o'clock when President P. S. Brown, Jr., rapped the banqueters to silence and the programme of toasts began.

Herbert S. Hadley responded to the toast: "Political Clubs as Recruiting Agencies."

"It was American bravery," said Mr. Hadley, "directed and controlled by the organization and discipline of American intelligence, that, on a quiet May morning, away off in the far waters of the Pacific, sent the challengers of death and destruction to Spanish fleets and Spanish forts, and made it possible for the stars and stripes in the hands of Dewey to float in triumph over the harbor of Manila. And it will be the same spirit of American bravery, supplemented and strengthened by the same principle of organization and discipline, that will, ere the summer shall have passed, bring it about to happen that the strains of "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixie," blending in a glorious harmony, shall be heard in the streets of Havana, and the hope of Cuba free will become a living reality.

"The principles of Republicanism mean more to us to-day than they have ever meant before. They mean more to us to-day because our country means more to us and the world to-day than she has ever meant before. When the first gun was fired from an American man-of-war in the harbor of Manila the curtain was rung down upon the old nation and was rung up on the first act of the new. Then and there was sounded the death knell of the policy of continental seclusion, of the hermit-like policy of our past. The United States of America then and there became a force and an influence in the world's progress and the world's civilization such as she had never been before. She had said to the nations of the world, in words that could not be misunderstood and acts that could not be misinterpreted, that no nation, be she small or be she great, could carry on in the Western hemisphere a war of inhumanity and starvation."

Major Warner was to have responded to the toast "The Federal Administration," but was unable to attend. Mayor Jones was not present to respond to the toast "Municipal Government," and H. M. Beardsley took his place. Mr. Beardsley briefly recounted the various municipal problems which Glasgow, Berlin and other cities had solved. He paid high tributes to Joseph Chamberlain and Theodore Roosevelt and closed by referring to the Republican party as the party which had blessed Kansas City and would ultimately bless the state of Missouri.

"We are proud of our flag," said he, "but we must be proud of our city, and the Republican party will, by continued victories, make Kansas City a better and still better place to live in."

E. C. Ellis responded to the toast, "The Republican Party and the New Foreign Policy."

Mr. Ellis made one of the hits of the evening with his eloquent address.

"Our flag is coming to represent freedom, enlightenment, civilization and progress wherever it goes," he said. "These benighted peoples, struggling in oppression, who now for the first time see our flag floating on the lands of the Orient, see in it a new hope, a new life, and a deliverance from their oppressors. That aegis, Mr. Chairman and gentleman, must never be withdrawn.

"Moreover, we are growing weary of rendering even a tacit indorsement of Spain's methods of Christianization. We don't like their new version of the beatitudes. In the Spanish perversion we read: Blessed are the poor and naked and starving for theirs is the kingdom of heaven. Blessed is the governor general for he shall inherit the earth. We may be able to fulfill the scripture as we shall read it into the conditions as they now exist, and show that blessed are ye when Spain shall put you secute you and do all manner of evil against you for revenue's sake.

"Is the Republican party, now in charge of the affairs of this country, fit, to and equipped for the new duty that accident of war has thrust upon us? I answer, yes, I believe it is a little less than providential but the initiative at least is placed with this party of progress. In the first place, the Republican party has never entertained such notions of approved policies of government as would thwart progress or stay development.

"It has always held that above all tradition, above all policies, are the inalienable rights of the people; that above self-government in any fixed form is the right of self-government, so that laws, traditions and policies have always been construed as instruments. When the instrument has been found dull it has been sharpened; when it has been found short it has been lengthened; when the constitution has needed to be changed it has been changed.

"Not until the Republican party came into power at the close of the war, with its sense of freedom, with its confidence in the people and appreciation of their rights, was the domain distributed and our vast area opened up to settlement and civilization. No wonder that the morning dispatches bring word that our own 'Silver Dick' is decrying the prospects of a strong foreign policy as a menace to despotism. It is the natural utterance of the habitual misgivings and self-distrust of the party.

"Our trouble with Spain is in itself not serious; it is a little war. Our foreign trade is expanding. Our exports are daily increasing. This year will reach and pass the highest water mark of our foreign trade. This little war is what our commercial friends would call merely a 'side line,' a byplay of business. But after it is over we shall never lapse into the condition that we were before it began. We will be a greater America. We will be entitled to, and will receive, greater respect from the nations of the earth, great and small. Our nation will have been launched upon a mission, commercial, humanitarian, philanthropic, greater, grander than our forefathers ever dreamed."

S. S. Winn responded to the toast, "Our Army and Navy."

"When we reflect that less than sixty days ago," said Mr. Winn, "our army was but a few thousands in number—well trained, alert and effective as its numbers would permit, and yet few in number—and that now we boast of an army of 200,000 men, armed, equipped and eager for battle, we are justly proud, and challenge the world to show a like instance. It gives us a feeling of ...nship with the army to reflect that less than sixty days ago the soldiers of the volunteer army of to-day were our neighbors and business associates. They as little thought of being soldiers as we now think there will be necessity for our being soldiers in this war. Yet when, on April 21, the whistles and bells of the cities announced that war had come, it was to a thoughtful mind a most impressive sight to see how the artisan forgot his shop, the clerk his counter, the lawyer his clients and the real estate man the making of commissions—and all rallied to war.

"The experts of Europe wonder at the sight of such an army and navy in such a short time, while they despair of equaling its marksmanship.

"If you care to know what others think of our army and navy you might go to Cuba and ask the starving mother who clasps her starving babe what she thinks of the army and navy and what their coming will mean to her. Ask the Cuban who hides in the woods and caves of the island—his home destroyed—his children butchered, his wife or daughters herded in the ditches of Havana, or worse, what he thinks of our army and navy which he knows is coming 100,000 strong, bearing arms for the soldiers and bread for the hungry.

"Go to that grand old patriot, Gomez, as he rallies about him his army of patriots at Bayamo—white haired, worn with the infirmities of age and the hardships of the camp, yet