

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

STATE OF MISSOURI
COUNTY OF LAFAYETTE—ss.

In the circuit court of Lafayette County, Missouri, June term, 1914, at Lexington. In vacation April 1st, 1914.

William C. Casteel, Emma Lauck, Sarah Schrimsher, Annie Smith, Ethel Godley and Mary Godley; Silas N. Godley, guardian of the person and curator of the estate of George W. Godley, Homer Godley and Rose Godley, minors; and George W. Godley, Homer Godley and Rosa Godley, minors by Silas N. Godley, guardian of the person and curator of their estate—Plaintiffs,

The unknown heirs, devisees or grantees of Jacob Potter, deceased; the unknown heirs, devisees or grantees of Asa Smith, Ann M. Smith, his wife; William Chapman, Mary Chapman, his wife; William Ulrey, Emiline Ulrey, his wife; Joseph Smith, Lavinia Smith, his wife; Lorenzo D. Smith, Maria B. Smith, his wife; legal heirs and representatives of Joseph Smith, deceased; the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of Jacob W. Leeds, deceased, the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of Thomas Casteel, deceased and Frank Casteel, William Casteel, James Casteel, Catherine Samson and Mary Hand, the known heirs of Thomas Casteel, deceased—Defendants.

Now at this day come the plaintiffs herein by their attorney and file their petition verified by the affidavit of one of said plaintiffs, alleging among other things that defendants Frank Casteel, William Casteel, James Casteel, Catherine Samson and Mary Hand are non-residents of the State of Missouri and that there are persons interested in the subject matter of the petition whose names and interests plaintiffs cannot insert herein because they are unknown to the plaintiffs and describing the claims and interests therein of such unknown parties and how such claims and interests are derived so far as known to the plaintiffs, said unknown defendants, being the unknown heirs, devisees or grantees of Jacob Potter, deceased; the unknown heirs, devisees or grantees of Asa Smith, Ann M. Smith, his wife; William Chapman, Mary Chapman, his wife; William Ulrey, Emiline Ulrey, his wife; Joseph Smith, Lavinia Smith, his wife; Lorenzo D. Smith, Maria B. Smith, his wife; legal heirs and representatives of Joseph Smith, deceased, the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of Jacob W. Leeds, deceased, the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of F. H. Casteel, deceased, the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of Thomas Casteel, deceased, and Frank Casteel, Catherine Samson, and Mary Hand, the known heirs of Thomas Casteel, deceased; he and appear at this court, at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the Court House in the City of Lexington, in said county, on the 8th day of June, 1914, next, and on or before the first day of said term, answer, demur or plead to the petition of plaintiffs herein, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law in the Lexington Intelligencer, a newspaper published in said County of Lafayette for four weeks successively, published at least once a week, the last insertion to be at least fifteen days before the first day of said next June term of this court.

J. W. SYDNOR, Clerk Circuit Court.

A True Copy from the Record. Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, this 1st day of April, 1914.

(SEAL) J. W. SYDNOR, Clerk Circuit Court.

H. C. Wallace, Attorney for the plaintiffs.

said defendants and how such claims are derived as the same are known to said plaintiffs; that the legal title to said lands emanated from the Government more than ten years before the filing of plaintiffs petition, and that said real estate now is and has been for more than thirty years in the lawful possession of these plaintiffs and the said Mary Casteel, and those under whom they claim, title from and since the 25th day of August, 1866, and who have during all this time been in the actual, open, notorious, adverse and peaceable possession of the same claiming title to said real estate; that plaintiffs have title to said real estate as the legal heirs of said Mary Casteel, who had title to said real estate by and through messrs conveyances conveying to her the title to said real estate, and that on the date of the deed of said Thomas Casteel conveying such real estate to Mary Casteel, on August 25th, 1866, the said Mary Casteel, entered into the possession of said real estate, and held the actual, open, notorious, exclusive, adverse and peaceable possession of same claiming title there to to the date of her death on the 10th day of January, 1913, that the said real estate has not been in the possession of said defendants, or either of them, or any person claiming or who might claim the title or through whom defendants or either of them might claim for more than thirty years, nor have defendants or either of them or any one claiming title through or under them paid any taxes on said real estate during said years, except these plaintiffs and those under whom they claim title, who have paid the taxes on said real estate for over thirty years; that in addition to the title derived by said Mary Casteel by and through messrs conveyances, that the title vested in said Mary C. Casteel and these plaintiffs by limitations under and by virtue of the provisions of Section 1884, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1909.

And unless you said defendants, the unknown heirs, devisees or grantees of Jacob Potter, deceased; the unknown heirs, devisees or grantees of Asa Smith, Ann M. Smith, his wife; William Chapman, Mary Chapman, his wife; William Ulrey, Emiline Ulrey, his wife; Joseph Smith, Lavinia Smith, his wife; Lorenzo D. Smith, Maria B. Smith, his wife; legal heirs and representatives of Joseph Smith, deceased; the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of Jacob W. Leeds, deceased; the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of F. H. Casteel, deceased; the unknown heirs, consort, devisees or grantees of Thomas Casteel, deceased; and Frank Casteel, William Casteel, James Casteel, Catherine Samson, and Mary Hand, the known heirs of Thomas Casteel, deceased; he and appear at this court, at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the Court House in the City of Lexington, in said county, on the 8th day of June, 1914, next, and on or before the first day of said term, answer, demur or plead to the petition of plaintiffs herein, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

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(SEAL) J. W. SYDNOR, Clerk Circuit Court.

H. C. Wallace, Attorney for the plaintiffs.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSOURI
COUNTY OF LAFAYETTE—ss.

In the Circuit Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, June term, 1914, at Lexington. In vacation March 12th, 1914.

Anna Limback—Plaintiff.

S. P. Anderson, if living, and if dead the unknown heirs of the said S. P. Anderson, Samuel P. Anderson, if living, and if dead, the unknown heirs of the said Samuel P. Anderson, and the unknown heirs, consorts, devisees, and grantees of the said S. P. Anderson—Defendants.

Now at this day comes the plaintiff herein by her attorney Charles M. Diehl, and files her petition and affidavit, alleging, among other things that defendants S. P. Anderson and Samuel P. Anderson are non-residents of the State of Missouri and that the unknown heirs of the said S. P. Anderson and Samuel P. Anderson are unknown to said plaintiff and that she cannot insert their names and interests in this petition for the reason that their names and interests are unknown to plaintiff.

When read, it is ordered by the clerk of said court in vacation as follows: To the said defendants, S. P. Anderson, if living, and the unknown heirs of the said S. P. Anderson, if dead, Samuel P. Anderson, if living, and if dead the unknown heirs of the said Samuel P. Anderson, and the unknown heirs, consorts, devisees, and grantees of the said S. P. Anderson. You are hereby notified that the plaintiff herein has commenced a suit against you in this court, the object and general nature of which is to ascertain and determine the interests of plaintiff and defendants in and to the title in and to the following described real estate situated and being in Lafayette County, Missouri, to-wit: The north half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the south west quarter of section 29, township 50, range 25, that said petition alleges that plaintiff is the owner, in possession and claims title to the aforesaid described real estate; that the title to said real estate emanated from the government more than 10 years ago, and that on the 30th day of August, 1859, the said S. P. Anderson and Mary P. Anderson, his wife, executed and delivered to James M. Diehl, a mortgage on said real estate to secure a note therein described; that said mortgage has never been satisfied or recorded, and that said S. P. Anderson died without ever having conveyed said real estate of record, and that the interests of defendants and the unknown heirs of the said S. P. Anderson and Samuel P. Anderson is that derived from the said S. P. Anderson.

plaintiff and cannot be set forth in this proceeding, except that said claim is adverse and prejudicial to the interest of plaintiff; that plaintiff and those under whom she claims have been in the open, adverse, continuous, hostile and lawful possession of said lands for the last fifty years and more, and that unless said S. P. Anderson, if living, and if dead the unknown heirs of the said S. P. Anderson, Samuel P. Anderson, if living, and if dead, the unknown heirs of the said Samuel P. Anderson, and the unknown heirs, consorts, devisees, and grantees of the said S. P. Anderson, appear at this court, at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the City of Lexington, in said county, on the 8th day of June, 1914, next, and on or before the said first day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law in the Lexington Intelligencer, a newspaper published in said county of Lafayette for four weeks successively, published at least once a week, the last insertion to be at least fifteen days before the first day of said next June term of this court.

A True Copy from the Record. Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court of Lafayette County this 12th day of March, 1914.

(SEAL) J. W. SYDNOR, Clerk Circuit Court.

Charles Lyons, Attorney for Plaintiff.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, made on the 28th day of March, 1914, the undersigned Public Administrator for said county has taken charge of the estate of Henri Herve deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within six months after the date of said order, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate and if said claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of the last insertion of this publication, they will be forever barred.

This 28th day of March, 1914.

HENRY C. CHILES, Public Administrator.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that letters testamentary on the estate of Albert M. Raynes deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 17th day of March, 1914, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the undersigned within six months after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of the last insertion of this publication they will be forever barred.

This 17th day of March, 1914.

MARY JANE RAYNES, Executrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Frank Willig deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 6th day of April, 1914, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the undersigned within six months after the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of the last insertion of this publication they will be forever barred.

This 6th day of April, 1914.

ANNIE MARIE WILLIG, Administratrix.

WALTER B. WADDELL, Administrator.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Diederich Stalling deceased, that the undersigned will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1914, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court room in the City of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1914.

AMELIA STALLING, Executrix.

FINAL SETTLEMENT

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Joseph Meyers, deceased, that the undersigned will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1914, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court room in the City of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1914.

WALTER B. WADDELL, Executor.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Elizabeth Haerle, deceased, that the undersigned will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1914, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court room in the City of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1914.

F. R. HAERLE, Executor.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of John B. Mabry deceased, that the undersigned will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1914, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court room in the City of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1914.

ALBERT G. MABRY, Administrator with will annexed.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of Laura Parker deceased, that the undersigned will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the May term, 1914, of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate Court room in the City of Lexington, on the second Monday in May, 1914.

FRANK T. BOLTON, Administrator.

ENDS YEARS OF PAIN.

"For years I suffered with indigestion and distress in my stomach, and with pains in my side, which made me think I had heart trouble." writes W. Evans, Danville, Va. "I tried many remedies without relief, until one day I picked up a sample package of your

Dr. King's New Life Pills

took a dose or so, and found such prompt relief, that I bought a box. They helped me greatly and, after I had used a second box, all my old pain and distress was gone. These pills are indeed wonderful." All sufferers should use them, if they want to surely

CURE INDIGESTION. Sure Cure or Money Back. Sold Everywhere At 25 cts. Per Box.

PATENTS OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. MUNN & Co. 37 Broadway, New York

Frank and Allie Murphy of Kansas City spent Sunday in Lexington with relatives.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Dr. A. J. Chalkley went to Kansas City Friday morning to spend the day.

Mrs. John Roberts and Miss Edith Edmonds of Louisville, Kentucky, arrived Thursday evening for a visit here with the family of Judge Richard Field.

All For \$1.18.

The Intelligencer is \$1.00 per year. By sending 18 cents additional you will receive the Woman's World, Fara Life, Green's Fruit Grower and Home Life, all for 1 year. Renew your subscription to The Intelligencer now, and take advantage of this offer.

For Sale. One Separator, two traction engines, cook shanty, water tank and wagon, and clover huller.

MRS. W. C. PAULING, Dover, Mo.

Prompt and satisfactory auto service to and from all trains. Leave calls at Lafayette Auto Company. Phone 291. Harry Dunford.

Why Bake Your Bread?

We make it even better than mother use to make.

Try a loaf and be Convinced.

Morris' Bakery PHONE 83

Temperance

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

DANGER FROM ALCOHOL.

In pneumonia or in snake bite, when recovery takes place, an invasion of the parts affected by a large number of leucocytes or white blood corpuscles is invariably observed. DeCarde insists that this invasion is essential to recovery. Massert and Bordel demonstrated that alcohol, even in very dilute solution, drives away the white corpuscles or leucocytes, and if alcohol is circulated in the blood, even in very minute quantities, the leucocytes cannot push their way into the blood at all readily, and therefore cannot be transported to the seat of the disease. Alcohol thus prevents the white cells or leucocytes from coming up to attack and repel the invading organisms.

Disease producing organisms getting into the tissues during the time that alcohol is holding back the leucocytes, and meeting with no resistance from them, entrench themselves strongly, so that the leucocytes cannot drive them out, and a severe, often fatal, attack of disease is the result.—Dr. Sims Woodhead, Cambridge University, England.

WATER-WAGON VS. PATROL.

A short time ago the 86 saloons in the city of Des Moines, Iowa, were temporarily closed on a technicality by order of the state supreme court. The figures of the police department for the first seven days thereafter were, stated a press dispatch from the saloonless city, "convincing in their proof that you can't run a successful and prosperous patrol wagon and lock up business in a dry town."

Comparison of these seven days with the last seven days with saloons showed: Total arrests with saloons.....156 Total arrests without saloons..... 94

Decrease..... 61 Arrests for intoxication with saloons..... 36 Arrests for intoxication without saloons..... 17

Decrease..... 13 Persons sent to jail with saloons..... 24 Persons sent to jail without saloons..... 12

Decrease..... 12 Total days jail sentences with saloons.....149 Total days jail sentences without saloons..... 75

Decrease..... 74

UNDER BAN OF STATE LAW.

Every drop of liquor that is distilled or brewed is held by the great careful central government to be contraband and confiscated property, for a time. Not one barrel of it can be taken from its place of manufacture till the national stamp "U. S." (that always means us) is placed upon it. We may not be able to stop the complexity of the federal government with the traffic, but there is one thing we can do. We can answer the question for ourselves: Is the moral character of the state or city a thing worth contending for? Shall we treat it as a commodity which we can sell in our streets and alleys for three or five hundred dollars a year? If you hunt for it, you can sometimes find liquor in the prohibition territory, but that is quite a different proposition from giving the business an opportunity to hunt for you. Put the thing under the ban of the law and you have stigmatized it. Let the saloon wear its own badge of shame. License is a compromise. It is wrong in principle and wicked in practice. For the state to go into partnership with the manufacturers of criminals is for the state to commit suicide.

PROBLEM NOW A COLLEGE STUDY.

It is stated that less than two per cent. of the men of America go through college, yet from this two per cent. the nation draws 7,700 of its 10,000 leaders in all walks of life. "The destroyer," Captain Hobson points out, "has had a strong hold upon our colleges, particularly upon the large universities, and its grip must be broken at any cost." That this grip is being broken is evidenced by the fact that 2,500 students in 100 colleges and universities have already studied the liquor problem in classes during the first half of the present school year, and the total number of such students will probably reach 5,000 during the year. Of these colleges, between 30 and 40 have given the course curriculum standing, with credit toward a degree, and many of the others are considering the same step for next year.

TEST QUESTIONS.

Will wives testify that since saloons came to town and husbands began to patronize them that poor and miserable homes are now changing into places of light and happiness? Will the mother tell you that since there is a saloon in the neighborhood and her boy spends his evenings there, he has changed from an idle and disobedient son into a kind, noble and Christian man? Will the saloon stand this test?—Nebraska issue.

WOMEN IGNORANT OF THRIFT?

Famous Feminist Declares That Her Sisters Know Little of the Principles of Saving.

Women do not know how to spend money, how to discriminate between essentials and nonessentials, between permanent and temporary needs, Ellen Key writes in Harper's Weekly. Women still sin in these matters through thoughtlessness, ignorance and laziness. The physical and spiritual well-being of those nearest to them is the most important point at which they can love their neighbor. And these faults are no more numerous among the poor than among those who have plenty of money to provide for the health and comfort of the family. When women began to enter the field of paid labor they carried these faults with them. Women used to hard manual labor soon learned to do satisfactory work, because they had to, but women of the upper classes, widows and daughters of men who had died or lost their money and were thus forced to earn their own living, were not prepared to do so. When they had to get work their first thought was "how easy is it," not "what can I do best," and when they did work they expected the same privileges as the home worker. Lack of promptness, undue time taken out for rest, waste and unreliability were their faults. Especially was it hard for them to get rid of the idea that paid work could be carried on with the same carelessness as home work. But as necessity has forced more women into the economic field they have begun to lose these bad habits and, with professional training, their labor efficiency has increased.

THE DIFFERENCE



Evelyn—Well, marriage is a lottery after all. George—You're right. Only in a lottery if you win, you win. That ends it. While if you win in marriage, you never get through paying the milliners' bills.

SAILING VESSELS COMING BACK?

Development of the heavy oil engine bids fair to bring about a revival of the big square-rigged ship. The latest of this type is a truly magnificent vessel, the France, launched at Bordeaux. She is 130 feet long, 55-2-3 feet beam and draws 24 feet when loaded to a displacement of 16,650 tons. Her auxiliaries consist of twin oil engines of 925 horsepower, which drive the ship at a speed of 10 1/2 knots. Her lines are finer than those of the ordinary tramp steamer, and under sail alone she should be capable in a good breeze of making 16 knots.

A LULLABY.

Wife—I believe there is a burglar under the bed; I hear his watch ticking. Husband—Oh, go to sleep; it is only the bed ticking.

FIRST AID.

"Do you think that fallen man needs a lecture?" "No; I think he would rather have a pick-me-up."

QUITE FITTING.

"Look at the ribbons on that cap—such a riot of colors!" "That's all right for a riot; it's a mob cap."

NATURALLY.

Playwright—I have a farce here written around a porous plaster. Manager (thoughtfully)—That ought to draw.

QUITE SO.

"Life must be very monotonous for an operatic star." "Why so?" "Oh, it is such a singsongy affair."