

—THE—
Lexington Intelligencer

A. W. ALLEN, Editor and Publisher.

Issued weekly on Fridays. Subscription \$1.50 per year, payable strictly in advance.

Entered as second-class mail matter at the Postoffice in Lexington, Missouri.

All communications to go into print in THE INTELLIGENCER must be signed.

SUNDAY OBSERVANCE

Having prohibited or tried to prohibit one habit seven days in the week, the "reformers" in large measure, apparently the same "reformers," are seeking to interfere with or prescribe the Sunday habits of the American people. One would think that the success of liquor prohibition is not so ample or splendid as to make it safe for the well-intentioned censors and regulators of public morals and customs to venture upon new restrictions. The psychological effect of war has hitherto been supposed to be toward a liberality or laxity of morals. In our happier country the reverse is the case. An organized and well-financed effort to set back the clock of time and secure a severe observance of Sunday, the "Sabbath," as its advocates prefer to call it, is to be made. A highly industrial and populous community is to be forced into fetters found galling and shaken off by a far simpler and less developed civilization.

"Reform" organizations, already sure, no doubt, of a certain number of docile and card-index legislators at Washington, will press upon Congress the passage of a law forbidding the operation of interstate trains on Sunday, the opening of any Post Office or the delivery of any mail, and the transaction of any business by any person or corporation engaged in interstate commerce on that day. The purpose of the proposed law is declared to be "to express our national determination to honor the Sabbath day and keep it holy, as God commands."

These enthusiasts forget that under our Constitution and laws Sunday is not a religious, but a civil, holiday. The value of a day of rest is recognized. Sunday, because it is observed by the majority, is taken as the most convenient day of that rest. The State statutes on the subject are modeled after English forms. Ordinarily, by their language labors of necessity and general public accommodation are excepted. The rigid Sabbatharians seek to interrupt freight and passenger traffic, to stop it for a day, to dislocate trade, to cause damage and inconvenience to a multitude of persons. What would become of perishable goods under their ban? The case

of the milk dealers alone is sufficient to show the danger and the impossibility of their proposal. If it could be carried out, it would not only cause immense financial loss, but would injure the public health and diminish exercise and harmless pleasure.

The trouble with these purists is that they want to make everybody conform to their ideas of Sunday observance. They never think of the millions of people, the majority who have to work five and a half or six days a week. This campaign for Federal restrictions is accompanied with another for lessening or abolishing public Sunday amusements or exercises, outdoors and in. The workingman and the hired man can spend their day of rest at home. The monotony of their labor mustn't be relieved. Everybody's Sunday must be after the pattern of, say, Westerville, Ohio. Now, if any persons or religious denominations want Sunday kept in a particular way, it is the privilege so to keep it. Churches can enforce discipline upon their communicants. By precept and example they can recommend their theories and practices upon their neighbors. The moment they seek the aid of the law to thrust upon the great body of citizens a code of Sunday observance against which it rebels they are trying to exercise tyranny over other men's conscience. They are unconsciously creating prejudice against a morality that seems pragmatical to their opponents, and even against religion itself. Dr. Manning of Trinity is right in laying upon the mistaken severity of our Puritan ancestors in regard to Sunday much of the laxity in its observance.

Some one hundred and thirty years ago President Washington, traveling in his coach and six on his lawful occasions, was stopped and questioned by a Connecticut tithing man. Hundreds of thousands of New England boys and girls have never forgotten the prison dullness of these intolerable Sunday hours. Many of them can recall them still with horror. A more rational way of spending Sunday has been found. The churchgoer, after his religious duties, is free to take air and recreation, to pass the day as he please, so far as he doesn't disturb others. Then there is a great number of non-churchgoers, of believers in other than the Christian religion or followers of none. The Sabbatarian is always free to keep Sunday in his own way. Why must he interfere with the ways of others?

Sunday is not the "Sabbath." The surviving and revived Puritan theory of it is a modern innovation, unknown when all Europe was Catholic, unknown even to some of the Reformers.

We all know the story of John Knox calling on John Calvin on a Sunday and finding him playing at bowls. The attempt to revive in the twentieth century this fanaticism of a seventeenth century sect is a curious bit of reaction. Knowing the power of a determined minority and the feeble knees of too many members of Congress and State Legislatures, all Americans who believe in a sane and human Sunday must fight from the start all this Blue Law program and propoganda.—New York Times.

Constipation.

The beginning of almost every serious disorder is constipation. If you want to enjoy good health keep your bowels regular. This is best accomplished by proper diet and exercise, but sometimes a medicine is needed and when that is the case you will find Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent. They are mild and gentle in their action, easy and pleasant to take. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

STATE OF MISSOURI,
COUNTY OF LAFAYETTE—ss.
In the Circuit Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, at Lexington, in vacation November 29th, 1920.

Waller M. Small, Plaintiff
vs.
The unknown heirs, consorts, devisees, donees, alienees, and immediate, mesne, remote, voluntary and involuntary grantees of James Abbott deceased, William J. Ferguson deceased, Elizabeth R. Ferguson his wife, (if living) Peter Tiesel, deceased, Jackson Longdon, deceased, and the Farmers Bank of Missouri its Successors and assigns..... Defendants.

The State of Missouri to the above named or described defendants, Greetings:

You are hereby notified that an action has been commenced against you in the Circuit Court of the County of Lafayette, in the State of Missouri, at Lexington, affecting the title to the following described land and tenements, situate in the County of Lafayette and State of Missouri: viz: Sixty acres off of the west end of the North half of the Northwest quarter of section Twelve (12) being the Northwest quarter of the Northwest quarter and the West half of the Northeast quarter of the Northwest quarter of said section Twelve (12). Township Forty-nine (49) of Range Twenty-seven (27), which said action is returnable on the first day of the next term of said Court to be held at the court house in the City of Lexington, in the County and State aforesaid on the 14th day of February, 1921, when and where you may appear and answer or otherwise defend such action otherwise plaintiffs petition will be taken as confessed and judgment rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published, according to law in the Lexington Intelligencer, a newspaper published in said County of Lafayette, designated by the plaintiff and his attorney of record, for four weeks successively, published at least once a week the last insertion to be at least thirty days before the first day of said next February Term of Court.

W. T. TUTT, Clerk.

A True Copy From The Record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court of Lafayette County this 29th day of November, 1920.

W. T. TUTT, Circuit Clerk.

(SEAL)
H. C. Wallace, Attorney for Plaintiff
Dec. 3, 1920.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri, made on the 9th day of November, 1920, the undersigned, Public Administrator for said County, has taken charge of the estate of James Byars deceased.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance within six months after the date of said order, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if said claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of said order they will be forever barred.

This 9th da of November, 1920.
HENRY C. CHILES,
Public Administrator.

Attested by Stephen N. Wilson Judge of Probate for Lafayette County, Missouri.
(SEAL) Nov. 12, 1920.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary on the estate of Jeremiah J. Shinn deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 16th day of November, 1920, by the Probate Court of Lafayette County, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the undersigned within six months after the date of granting said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of granting said letters, they will be forever barred.

Witness my signature on this 16th day of November, 1920.

WILLIAM LEO SHINN,
Executor.
Attested by Stephen N. Wilson Judge of Probate for Lafayette County, Missouri.
(SEAL) Nov. 26, 1920.

CHIMNEY OF UNIQUE DESIGN

Wales Has the Tallest in Existence, and One of Most Remarkable Construction.

The tallest chimney in the world is in Wales, and is over two miles in length, and has a further distinction in that it has a brook running through it. It was built by a smelting company after the neighbors for miles around the plant had complained that unless something was done to alter the drift of copper smoke that destroyed vegetation and rotted the hoofs of farm animals, that they would take the plant apart brick by brick.

A famous engineer was called in, and after inspection of the plant, began a chimney that extended from the roof of the plant up a mountain side just back of the works. The chimney, in addition to crawling the two miles up the mountain, extends 100 feet up in the air. The brick was allowed to flow almost the entire length of the chimney, as it was found the running water would condense the smoke to a great extent. Once a year the chimney is swept, and a ton of precipitated copper is reclaimed. The tip of the smoking chimney can be seen for 40 or 50 miles on a clear day.

MARVELOUS WORK OF ART

Thorwaldsen's "Lion of Lucerne" Admired by Thousands Who Annually Visit the Swiss City.

The "Lion of Lucerne" is one of the most famous and beautiful monuments in the world. It is hewn from solid rock, and is the chief object of the city of Lucerne, in Switzerland. The design includes a grotto that might be the mouth of a cave. Lying at its edge is a lion, death's approach showing in every line of the low-hung head and the limp paw overhanging the edge, and updrawn hind legs. From the lion's side a broken lance shaft is seen, explaining all too well what manner of death it was.

Beneath the right forepaw is a fleur-de-lys, the arms of France, and the guarding of that symbol was done to the death. The story back of the monument is that of the Swiss guard who died seeking to defend from the mob that screamed about the palace the body of Louis XVI in 1792, when French revolutionists attacked the Tuileries. The monument was designed by Thorwaldsen, a Danish sculptor.

THE REAL SUFFERER.

"Prisoner," said the judge sternly, "you say that your wife hit you on the head with a plate."

"That's true," replied the prisoner. "She did."

"Are you sure?"

"Niver surer, sorr."

The judge eyed the prisoner severely, and pointed to his forehead.

"If your wife hit you on the head with a plate," he said, "how is it that your head shows no marks of any kind whatever?"

"Faith, that's nothin' at all!" retorted the prisoner with a touch of pride. "Ye should ha' seen the plate!"

AN INSPIRATION.

"What has possessed Mrs. Gruben this week that she is so grouchy and disagreeable?"

"She has been reading the papers and I think she is trying to drive her boarders into a hunger strike."

OVERHEARD.

"Dr. Blank is a regular human dynamo."

"He certainly is. When I came in contact with him I got highly charged myself."—Boston Transcript.

LOGICAL.

Goshall—I gave an organ-grinder a dime this morning.

Hemlock—Good!

Goshall—But he tried to soak me two more cents for amusement tax.

—Youngstown Telegram.

EXTREMES MEETING.

"The electrician who was on the spot was certainly a live wire."

"How do you know?"

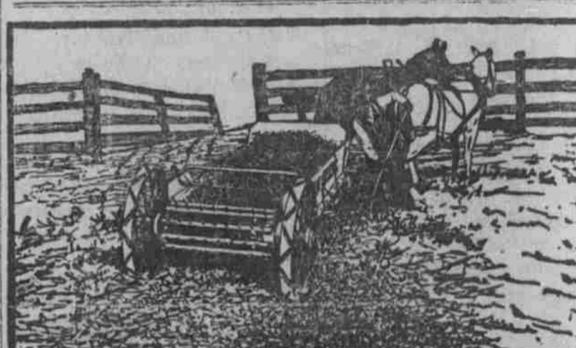
"I could tell by the way he handled the dead one."

'AVE LONG 'AIR.

"How intolerably conceited musicians are, as a rule?"

"Oh, well, what can you expect from people who are naturally full of airs?"—Pearson's Weekly.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**
Net Contents 15 Fluid Drachms
900 DROPS
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assuaging the Food by Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN
Thereby Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea, and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom in Infancy.
The Genuine Castoria NEW YORK.
At 6 months old 35 Doses—40 CENTS
Exact Copy of Wrapper.



It Makes Every Forkful of Manure Count for a Bigger Yield

ASK any user of the John Deere Spreader and he will tell you it is the best machinery investment he ever made—not only because it saves hard work and valuable time, but because it makes every forkful of manure count for a bigger crop yield.
Manure goes farther and does more good when you use a John Deere Spreader. You can spread manure evenly, heavy or light—no under-fertilized or over-fertilized spots.
Come in and see this better spreader. Here are a few things about its operating advantages we want to show you.
You get a low down spreader with high drive wheels. It is easy

to load from the front to the rear and because of the high drive wheels and roller bearings it is light draft—a most valuable combination.
No clutches—no chains—few adjustments to cause trouble—and it is extremely simple—only about half the parts that are necessary on the ordinary spreader.
The main working parts are mounted on the rear axle, where they cannot get out of line to cause binding, heavy draft and breakage.
The beater drive is much like the simple triple-gear horse-power. The gears are enclosed and run in an oil bath.
There are so many other good features about this spreader that we want you to see it. You will quickly see why there are so many satisfied users of John Deere spreaders.

Come in the Next Time You Are in Town
Lexington Co-operative Ass'n
Lexington, Missouri

THE TRADE-MARK OF QUALITY MADE FAMOUS BY GOOD MEASUREMENT

Complete Line of RUMLEY THRESHING MACHINERY consisting of
Threshers, Oil Pull Tractors, Steam Engines, Corn Shredders, Hullers, Tractor Plows in both Disc and Mould Board. To suit any size farm.
ONE YEAR'S PROTECTION
CARL BERTZ,
Mayview, Missouri.

Wanted.
Apple Orchards, bearing age containing five or more acres. Competent person wants to lease them. Communicate with this office.

For Sale.
Just a few extra good Poland Boars ready for service.
A. P. YOUNG.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Four Civil Service students of the Chillicothe Business College passed examinations as Mail Clerks in Kansas City last Saturday.

Special Price

Ginghams	25c
Silkolines	25c
Cambric	25c
Children's Hose	25c
Men's Half Hose	25c
Calico	15c

McCAUSLAND'S