

BROWNING, KING & Co.'s Special CLEARING SALE

**MEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S
FINE CLOTHING,
BEGINNING TO-DAY.**

This sale embraces 250 Fine, Fashionable and Seasonable Men's Suits, of our own make and from our regular stock—the former prices of which were

**\$15, \$16.50, \$18, \$20, \$22.50 and \$25, NOW SELLING AT
\$10.00 and \$12.00**

125 COATS AND VESTS
In Sacks and Cutaways, new and elegant garments, which have been selling from \$10 to \$22,
Now \$7.50.

**DRESS PRINCE ALBERT COATS and VESTS WHICH SOLD FROM \$20 to \$27
Now \$15.00.**

350 PAIRS PANTS.
**\$4.50 AND \$5.00 PANTS
NOW \$3.00**
**\$5.00 AND \$6.00 PANTS
NOW \$3.50**
**\$6.50 AND \$7.00 PANTS
NOW \$4.00**

Remember, these goods are of our own manufacture, sewed with silk and quality guaranteed.
The broken lot sale in our Boys' and Children's Department still continues.

BROWNING, KING & Co., 1101-1103 Main and 11 Eleventh St. THE CORNER STORE.

DO YOU BURN

Or use a Gasoline Stove? If not, purchase one now. We have a special sale on them this week only.

**The Celebrated
QUICK MEAL.**

This is the oldest and best stove made. Our stock comprises all sizes and styles. Call and see them and you will buy one.

Gasoline Stove like cut for
\$2.45
worth \$3.50.

This has a turn down tank.

NORTH Furniture and Carpet Co. 1216 to 1224 Main St. F. M. DeBORD, Headquarters for— PAINTS, GLASS, ROOM MOLDING AND WALL PAPER. Tel. 1999. 1113-15 Walnut St.

NEGLIGEE SUMMER SHIRTS.

For absolute comfort and thorough appropriateness this style of shirt has no equal for hot weather wear. Prices of the best qualities in the newest patterns and styles of Madras, Cheviots and Percales from

\$1.00 to \$2.50.

Now on sale at both of our stores.

Woolf Bros. SHIRT MAKERS 717-719 MAIN ST.

BUCKEYES ENTHUSE. OHIO REPUBLICANS MEET IN CONVENTION AT ZANESVILLE. NEARLY A THOUSAND DELEGATES JOHN SHERMAN TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. HE RECEIVES A GREAT OVATION. GENERAL BUSHNELL NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR OF THE SIXTH BALLOT.

He Received 409 Votes and His Nomination is Regarded as a Great Victory for the Foraker Faction in Ohio—Congratulations to the Nominee.

Zanesville, O., May 28.—The nomination for governor by the Ohio state Republican convention of Asa S. Bushnell is generally regarded as a victory for the Foraker men over the McKinley men, although the result was not as decisive as the former expected. The Foraker men were able to concentrate on Bushnell and their opponents remained divided. Ex-Governor Foraker, on his arrival at noon, made several speeches, in which he complimented all the gubernatorial candidates, but he worked for Bushnell, while Sherman, Foster and Van Zant refused to open the ball doors. Hoyt and Nash made brilliant speeches and were on the ground hustling while General Bushnell remained at his home in Springfield.

General Bushnell was born in Oneida county, N. Y., in 1834. In 1854 he removed to Springfield, O., where he was a dry goods clerk, afterward bookkeeper. In 1862 he became interested in the firm of Warder, Bushnell & Glessner, manufacturers of harvesters, and is now the head of that firm and worth several millions. He was a captain in the civil war. He was quartermaster general on Governor Foraker's staff and chairman of the Republican state committee when Foraker was first elected governor in 1882, and when Sherman secured his fifth term as senator. He became noted in the state by ferreting out the forgeries of tally sheets at the election of 1884. He has always been the political and personal friend of Foraker and has done more than any other man to promote and start Foraker in public life. He was a delegate at large to the last Republican national convention at Minneapolis.

The Republican state convention was called to order here to-day promptly at 4 p. m. by Colonel Joseph C. Bonner, chairman of the state committee. A half hour previous the hall was packed to its full capacity of 5,000 and a large number were unable to get in. Senator Sherman was unable to give a stirring oration when he was escorted into the hall at 5:20 by Congressman Van Voorhis and Judge Granger, Ex-Secretary Foster, members of congress, several candidates and others were cheered as they entered, so that Chairman Bonner had to rap hard for order previous to the prayer of Rev. Samuel C. Addison, of Toledo. Among the working delegates were Herman G. Dennison, son of the war governor, and Harry Garfield, son of the murdered president. On the platform were Judges West, Lawrence, Baldwin and a large number of leading Republicans. When Judge West, who was the Republican candidate for governor in 1872, was introduced to the platform, Senator Sherman came down to greet him, and the scene occasioned a marked demonstration. While Chairman Bonner, who is a member of McKinley's staff, was eloquently congratulating the Republican state committee, the last Ohio election and forecasting another triumph for next November in a well set introductory speech, ex-Governor Foraker entered the hall and followed his appearance. After Chairman Bonner had made repeated efforts to secure order and proceed with his introductory remarks, ex-Governor Foraker, in a very brief and to the point platform and said: "Gentlemen of the convention, I hope you will not any longer disturb the deliberations of the convention. There will be time for me to speak before we leave Zanesville. (More shouting than previously.)

"It is a good time to stay over night, and we will stay just as long as our business may require. At the proper time, when that will be in order, I will be very glad indeed to exchange greetings with you; but I beg for the present that you let the chairman of the central committee direct the order of business in order to expedite the business of the convention." (Great applause.)

Even after this appeal it was with great difficulty that Chairman Bonner was able to acquiesce and introduced to the demonstrative assemblage Senator John Sherman as the temporary chairman. Senator Sherman met the demonstrators at first with the remark that he hoped to see the Republicans of Ohio keep up such a pitch of enthusiasm until the next November election.

Senator Sherman's Speech.

The senator soon commanded the closest attention and said in part:

After counseling harmony for the good of the party in state and nation he declared that Ohio Republicanism was the cornerstone of the national edifice. Then he briefly reviewed the past record of the party, dwelling especially on the pension roll and declaring for the protective policy as the only one for Americans. Then he denounced the Democratic tariff legislation and declared for a sound national currency, always redeemable in coin. He said: "The gold and silver are indispensable for use in the varied wants of mankind. Gold is now and has been for ages the standard of value in international commerce and the larger transactions of domestic exchanges. Silver, from its bulk and weight, is not available for large payments either at home or abroad, but it is indispensable in the minor wants of mankind. Gold, therefore, is the only metal valuable, cannot be utilized for such purposes. There is a natural law that price of value is coined into money at a fixed rate. The enormous increase of the production of gold in the United States, Mexico and Australia has disturbed this ratio and lowered the market value of gold. It is a natural law that price of value is lowered the price of other commodities. It is a natural law that price of value is measured by quantity. Under these conditions the national and proper course would be a change of gold, but this can only be effective as to these two metals by a concerted action among all nations. The only way this can be accomplished, the only logical way is for each nation to coin both metals with a definite weight and fineness, the cheaper metal at par by limitation of amount and redemption of that which is in excess of the limit. It is the policy of the United States and of

SENTIMENT GROWING. A LARGE VOTE WILL BE CAST FOR THE CHARTER AMENDMENTS. THE PEOPLE ARE NOW AROUSED. THEY WILL HELP INAUGURATE A NEW ERA OF PROGRESS. ADVOCATED BY LABORING MEN. LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING HELD BY THEM IN ARMY HALL.

They Will Unite With Other Good Citizens in Fending the Rate of the Water Works Company and Providing for Needed Parks and Boulevards.

Sentiment in favor of all of the pending amendments is on the increase. It is growing daily and so rapidly that there is no question but that the people will not only adopt them, but will turn out on election day and give the carpers a rebuke which will last a life time. The voters have decided to let the outside world know that Kansas City is never to be found on the back track; that progress in other than mere commercial pursuits is the motto here and that the city is determined to have control of its water supply at the earliest practicable moment. The cry that the payment of the purchase price, now due according to the decree of the federal court, will be a burden on the taxpayers, is losing force when the facts are presented to the voter.

There can be no doubt that the purchase of the water works will be paid out of the revenues of the plant. The city, as has been said often, is buying a plant in full operation, which will earn a revenue when controlled by the city, as it has while under the control of the corporation which is so unwilling to let go. That it will pay for itself is shown by the following figures, compiled by W. L. Cameron, an authority on the earnings of water plants. Mr. Cameron places the net earnings, after deducting all the operating expenses, etc., from the revenues at the modest figure of \$200,000 a year. This is less than will be realized, but the estimate is purposely conservative.

The purchase price is \$2,000,000. With a net revenue of \$200,000, five years' surplus could be used in extending the works, putting in new mains and repairing the present works. This would increase the value of the plant to \$4,000,000, without laying

THE JUNE SALE. More about the June Sale. Overshadowing all others made by us. Over every year, and thus the biggest, the grandest. For this stock, which we will put on sale Saturday, June 1, the markets have been scoured everywhere—here and abroad. Whenever and wherever a lot of goods was going under the hammer or at a private spot cash sale for half, or third, or at prices that we knew from the cost to make a great bargain, our buyers bought and shipped to us, until now these great quantities of under-the-market-bought goods overwhelm us. But they'll not stay here but a few days longer. We're going to make prices on them that will bring you here in masses, and you'll make quick work of them. Those that were bought for half will be sold for half. Those that were bought for a third will be sold for a third. And you're so much the richer. Add to this great stock of "under the market" goods the surplus of the various stock, which is to go at the lowest price, and you see you have a collection of right in the season goods at the lowest prices—never before equaled. Don't think for a moment that everything in the house will come to these June Sale prices, for they won't, but there will be the biggest lot you've ever been offered at one time. 'Twas a sharp knife that cut the handsome Trimmed Hats from \$30.00 down to \$12.50 and \$20.00 to \$10.00. They're here and must go in a day or two. Don't think you can pass these hand-painted Silk Bolting Cloth Fans, the 75c ones for 25c, or the 40c Wall Papers at 15c roll. There are the Ribbons, Hosiery, Books, Art Goods and Jewelry, whose extremely low prices will interest you, and so on all over the store. You can't put your time to better use than to come to the store and walk about up stairs and down stairs and see the splendid offerings to be made in this June 1st Sale. We've prepared for you in this big June Sale—now you prepare for the big Sale by going over your things and seeing what you need and making a list of these things, so you'll not overlook any on Saturday, the first day of the Great June Sale.

up any surplus to meet the bond. Then with the sixth year after the issue, the city could begin the sinking fund of the surplus to pay the bonds. The water works earns 4% per cent on \$1,500,000 now, as the old owners said in court. Beginning with this sixth year the city would lay away \$200,000, which on the basis of four per cent interest would earn \$8,000 for the first year, double the next and so forth as the principal sum was increased by the surplus each year.

According to the tabulation compiled by Mr. Cameron the sinking fund thus established would amount to \$1,000,000 at the end of ten years from the date of the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full term of twenty years. All of this accumulation would be used to pay from the extra or superfluous revenues of the water works and the people can see that the burden of paying for the works must be so light that they would never know it was being accomplished. No tax would be levied and the rates would fall with the increase in population and consequent increase in the number of consumers. Added to this is the \$2,000,000 of the surplus which would be added to the bond issue; \$2,000,000 at the end of fifteen years and to the enormous sum of \$3,000,000 at the end of the full