A GOOD BEGINNING.

WESTERN STATES CONFERENCE OPENS AUSPICIOUSLY AT TOPEKA.

WELCOMED BY THE GOVERNOR.

SENATOR VEST WILL BE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING.

At the Preliminary Organization Congressman Burton, of Missouri, Was Chosen Temporary President and Tom Richardson, of Texas, as Secretary.

Topeka, Oct. 1.—(Special.) The interstate convention, called for the purpose of discussing the deep water outlets in Texas, and incidentally to boom an exposition at Galveston next year, opened to-day with a smaller attendance of delegates than had been expected. The city of Galveston sent but eighteen delegates, while from Houston, San Antonio, Velasco and Aransas Pass from one to four was the number which put in an appearance. From Nebraska, Colorado and Missouri the attendance was likewise small, while from Kansas came the only delegations which seemed commensurate with the importance of the interests involved.

However, though the attendance was small, it made up in quality what it lacked in quantity. One could hardly turn a street corner without bouncing up against a congressman, an ex-governor or some one who, in the language of the Georgia sleeping car porter, was "mighty clost to de top ob de heap."

From Missouri Senator Vest and Congressmen Burton, Clark and Tracey were among the most distinguished. Ex-Governor Fishback came forward as a favorite son of Arkansas, while from Texas Congressman Sayers and ex-Governor Hubbard were most conspicuous.

Senator Peffer and Congressmen Kirkpatrick, Calderhead, Baker and Curtis were prominent Kansans, who swam in the deepest of the swim. Senator Allen, of Nebraska, is expected to-night, while Governor Holcomb sends word that sickness will keep him away. Champion S. Clark, of Omaha, who made the original deep water soundings on the Gulf of Mexico for the government, is among the Nebraska delegation, along with J. S. Freeman, of Columbus; J. N. Gaffen, of Colon, Neb.; J. H. Edmisten, of Lincoln; A. Sherman, of Fremont—all prominent citizens of the state.

Sidney Clarke and Ledru Guthrie, are representing Oklahoma, along with Judge Orner and several others.

The Galveston delegation is a specially fine looking lot of men. They did not bring along the carload of oysters, as announced in the small bills, but they were abundantly equipped with the manners and hospitable instincts of Texas. Those who visited their headquarters to-day came away with the enthusiastic opinion that they were as entirely adept in the science of irrigation as in deep water harbors. The delegation was made up as follows: Congressman Sayers, ex-Governor Hubbard, Lucien Minor, Judge Waller, P. J. Willis, Hiram Cohen, J. R. Myers A. J. Burchield, C. N. Ausley, F. Kohler, Mr. Head, J. K. Livingood, Mayor Miller, U. S. Engineer Corps; A. J. Homer, Judge George E. Mann, Gus Beyrmersloffer, J. B. Dennison and E. R. Smoot.

B. F. Frymier represents the deep water scheme at Velasco, Tex., while the Aransas Pass system is kept to the front by General Manager Breier Cameron, who will be assisted to-morrow by Louis M. Haupt, of Philadelphia, who is civil engineer for the company.

The various hotels where delegates were stopping were given a brass band serenade this afternoon, as preliminary to the temporary organization, which took place in Representative hall at 4 o'clock. By that hour the great room was well filled by delegates and citizens of Topeka.

Marshall's Military band opened the proceedings with music, and then Governor Morrill rapped the convention to order and in an appropriate speech declared the session ready for business.

The temporary organization was affected by the election of Congressman Burton as chairman and Tom Richardson, of Texas, as secretary.

Congressman Burton spoke for a few moments, pledging his entire sympathy with the object of the convention and closing with a tribute to the courage and industry of the great West. He sentiment that one flag should and would wave for the American people was loudly cheered by the Texas delegation.

General J. C. Caldwell then delivered the address of welcome. It was a patriotic address and eloquent withal, and drew rounds of applause. He is one of the last of the very last of the living major generals of the war. General Nelson A. Miles was his adjutant general at Fair Oaks, and he was Caldwell who was instrumental in securing Miles his first brigade command. While waiting for the appointment of committees, Senator Vest, of Missouri, was called upon and warmly greeted by the convention. Senator Vest, seventeen years ago, he said, his first vote in the United States senate had been cast for an appropriation of $20,000 for a harbor at Galveston, and he was still ready and willing to vote for harbors along the Gulf of Mexico. He was the first duty of a producing region to secure the lowest possible rates for transportation to market. Every cent paid for transportation was a direct tax upon the producer. Their Galveston harbor might never handle an commerce, but a highway once established there would stand a menace to and take extortionate rates elsewhere. Already $1,000,000 had been spent on Galveston harbor and he was informed by the government engineer that it would require $1,000,000 to complete the work. It was money well spent. His friend, the distinguished American engineer, Captain Eads, had said to him in private conversation that the only fear he had of the success of the Galveston harbor jetties was that the tidal waves did not have the power of erosion, which had made his work at New Orleans so successful. He was pleased to demonstrated that the tidal waves have power enough and the jetties were a success. The senator closed with a brilliant peroration, in which he likened the people of Middle America to the ancients who imagined they could stand upon Mount Olympus and see afar off in the purple sky the isle of the blest and the saved.

The following committees were appointed: Credentials, J. P. Campbell, Kansas; George Clark, Missouri; Lewis Crouch, Nebraska; Sidney Clarke, Oklahoma; John P. Tracy, Missouri.

Permanent organization and order of business—M. A. Hartigan, Nebraska; John L. Bittinger, Missouri; R. Chapin, Texas; F. P. Earnest, Colorado; George E. Manchester, Kansas; George D. Greer, Oklahoma; Charles Drake, Arizona; R. S. Hines, Arkansas; R. G. Phelps, Iowa.

Resolutions—Colin Cameron and Charles S. Burns, Nebraska; Charles C. Bishop and A. Bertig, Arkansas; Francis J. Heney, California; Charles Thorlow and Mrs. P. D. Earnest, Colorado; A. J. Shaw and Myron Rhodes, Illinois; Howell Jones and D. W. Finney, Kansas; S. S. Pendleton, Louisiana; C. N. Clark and H. W. Salmon, Missouri; J. D. Whepley, Montana; Champion S. Clark and F. A. Sweezey, Nebraska; T. B. Mills and E. V. Chaves; Harry Thompson and Frank R. Greer, Oklahoma; George S. Ramsey and Jesse Bergstrom, Texas; R. N. Savey, Utah; Clarence Clarke and J. H. Barron.

The committee on permanent organization will report the following to the convention to-morrow morning: Chairman, Senator Vest, of Missouri; secretary, Tom Richardson, of Texas; reading clerk, Charles Martin, of Kansas, and one vice president from each state and territory.

A reception and band concert will be given to-night by the delegations by the citizens of Topeka in Representative hall to-morrow.

Ex-Governor Hubbard has the first paper before the convention to-morrow morning. Ex-Governor Fishback will make an address at the afternoon session.

Several new delegations came in to-night, swelling the attendance considerably.

Closed His "Joint."

Wichita, Kas., Oct. 1.—(Special.) Joseph Campbell, son of Assistant Attorney General W. P. Campbell, who is making efforts to enforce the prohibitory law, opened up a "joint" under the grand stand at the state fair grounds this morning and was doing a rushing business when the sheriff of the county ordered him to suspend business. On being told that he would be arrested he locked up his place. He claims that the joint was owned by another man and that he was simply a bartender.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"STORMING OF VICKSBURG."

The Second Performance of the Celebrated Spectacle to Be Given To-night at the Ball Park.

The second performance of the "Storming of Vicksburg" will be given at the Exposition ball park this evening, beginning at 8:15 o'clock, and if the weather is clear and warm it is expected that there will be an enormous crowd in attendance.

It will be the "Blue and Gray" night at the spectacle, the fireworks all being appropriate to the occasion. The special pyrotechnic design will be a set piece 25x50 feet representing two soldiers, one of the Union army and the other of the Confederate army, with clasped hands over the stars and stripes, and the words, "Once divided, now united."

In addition to the special set piece there will be six or eight others, as on Monday night, and in addition a grand display of rockets, comets, bombs, parachutes, fire capsules and other world's fair fireworks.

The "Storming of Vicksburg" is one of the most imposing spectacles ever witnessed in America and all visitors should not fail to attend before leaving the city.

CAN DRINK WHISKY OR CARBOLIC ACID

A Keeley Graduate Tells of the Effect of the Keeley Cure.

In the Winfield Courier of recent date appears a letter relating the experience of a late "student" at the Keeley Institute, from which we quote the writer's description of the effects of the treatment. The letter is signed by J. P. W., which will readily be recognized as representing a man well known to the newspaper fraternity of Kansas:

"I met there merchants, lawyers, physicians, farmers, clerks, office men, train men, laborers, mechanics, etc. Associations were greatly enjoyed, and all seemed anxious to assist each other. There are pleasant reading rooms in connection with the institute, for the use of the class, supplied with reading matter, writing material, games, etc., and you meet there "graduates" of months and years standing, who never fail to cheer up those asking relief, by assuring them that none but good effects follow the treatment, and that these effects are permanent. The experience of scores of earlier graduates whom I have met confirms me in the belief that the good effects realized are permanent, there being absolutely no craving or thought of liquor. It seems entirely wiped out of the mind. There is, of course, no padlock on the throat. I could take a drink if I chose; could also take carbolic acid if I chose. Were this impossible I should consider I had good grounds for a damage suit against Dr. Keeley. Whether I could take a drink is not the point. I simply have no inclination to drink; I feel no necessity for the stimulant and were I not perfectly willing to leave it alone under these circumstances, I should never have sought relief from the craving appetite through the Keeley cure. I am physically strong and my system is perfectly clear from the effects of several years' free use of liquors of all kinds. I never felt better in my life, and I believe the treatment has benefited me in many ways.

Discredit has in many cases been brought upon Dr. Keeley's treatment by the failures of his numerous imitators, commonly called "fake cures." The public has read of the matter in such a careless manner as to fail to discriminate between the real Keeley treatment and that of the imitators, and it has become a common practice to call every institution pretending to cure drunkenness a "Keeley cure." The fact has been established beyond contradiction that Dr. Keeley's treatment will effectually and permanently eradicate the liquor and morphine craving, while it seems to be about as effectually demonstrated that the imitation treatments are complete failures. As Kansas is afflicted with many of these imitation cures, it is well that all who seek medical relief exercise due caution.

The real Dr. Leslie E. Keeley remedies and treatment are at but one place in this state—The Keeley Institute, Portsmouth building, Kansas City, Kas.—J. P. W.

NO MORE CONCESSIONS.

The Western Roads Have Refused to Further Reduce Rates to the Atlanta Exposition.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—For the third time in the last two months the Western roads refused today to make any further reductions in rates for the Atlanta exposition than 75 per cent of double locals. The only road that voted in favor of a further reduction was the Illinois Central. All the other roads declared that they were not selling any tickets to the exposition and to make reductions for it was but affording means for demoralizing their general business without a purpose. The action of today's meeting may be taken as final in the matter.

Not the Union Pacific.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 1.—General Manager Dickinson, of the Union Pacific railroad, was asked regarding the telegram from San Francisco saying there was a suit being drawn up to have the entire business of the Union Pacific and its thirty-two branches thrown into a common pool and administered on as a trust fund by the federal courts. He said if this was the case he knew nothing about it. General Solicitor Thurston said last night the report must certainly be in error, as there was no court in California of competent jurisdiction over the lines of the Union Pacific railroad.

He is inclined to think it is some branch of the Canadian Railway & Navigation troubles, several cases involving which are tied up in the court of appeals, in which the report says the present case has been commenced.

Will Be Reorganized.

New York, Oct. 1.—Thomas F. Ryan and Samuel L. Thomas, the reorganization committee of the Georgia Central, will leave to-morrow for Savannah to complete the reorganization by purchasing all the lines comprising that system, which are to be sold next Monday. It is expected that the sale of the Savannah & Western will take place in Birmingham, October 5. Just who the officers of the reorganized Georgia Central will be is yet a matter of conjecture, but it is believed that Receiver Comer will be placed at the head of the new corporation. The reorganization committee of the Savannah & Western have appointed Simon Born, R. C. Martin and Edwin S. Hooley a committee to represent the bondholders to attend the foreclosure sale of that property and buy it on behalf of the bondholders.

To Change Freight Rates.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—A committee of the general freight committee of the Central Traffic Association roads was in session today, preparing a plan for bringing about a fundamental change in the basis of rates from Chicago points to the interior of association territory. A report will be presented to a general meeting to be held to-morrow to consider iron rates to the interior. The report, however, will be incomplete in its nature, and it is not intended to be final. It will take several months at least to perfect the plan in contemplation.

Will Meet Again.

A call was issued yesterday for another meeting of the Southwestern lines to be held in St. Louis on Saturday to complete the organization of the Southwestern Passenger Traffic Association and elect a chairman for that organization. There is no doubt the organization will be completed. The agreement has been virtually adopted, and nothing now remains to be done but to formally ratify it and elect a chairman.

BROUGHT FROM OMAHA.

Burns and Foster, Who Swindled the Union National Bank, in Jail Here.

Harvey L. Burns and Edward Foster, the men who were arrested in Omaha several days ago on the charge of defrauding the Union National bank out of $675, three weeks ago, were brought to Kansas City by Thomas G. Conklin, superintendent of the Omaha Pinkerton agency, last night, and locked in the county jail. Mr. Conklin also brought $1,100 in money which the men had on deposit in Omaha. This money will be held in order to guarantee the Union National's loss.

A Small Blaze.

A fire of an unknown origin started in the saloon of Sanford France, at Third and Gillis streets at 8 o'clock last night, and consumed the building, a one story frame, and spread to adjoining property. The fire department was called out and saved the contiguous buildings. France was lying sick on a bed in the rear of the saloon and the firemen experienced some difficulty in removing him to a place of safety, as the building was wrapped in flames when the department arrived. The loss was about $1,500.

May Have a Half Holiday.

First Assistant Postmaster General Jones yesterday wired Postmaster Reed that if banks and business houses close at Kansas City on Thursday to participate in the Karnival Krewe parade the postoffice employes could be given a half holiday.

OF INTEREST TO STOCKMEN.

MANY VISITORS INSPECTED THE STOCK YARDS YESTERDAY.

Business Will Be Light on Thursday, Owing to the Karnival Krewe Parade—Range in the Pan Handle Is Fine and Cattle Are Fat.

Much time was spent at the yards yesterday in entertaining country visitors. The invitations sent out by the commission men to their friends and customers in the country to come in with their families and participate in the fall festivities are being responded to quite freely, and all are being given a hearty welcome.

The Exchange building at the stock yards was thronged with strange faces all day. Old and young were there and they all marveled at the extent of the yards and the magnitude of the live stock trade here.

Thursday, Karnival Krewe day, will be pretty much a holiday at the yards, and the "boys" there want more visitors and as little stock as possible on that day, as most of it will have to be carried over. Kome and Kavort; they again say Kome.

J. M. Coburn, of the Hansford Land and Cattle Company, is up from his ranch in Pan Handle, Tex. He says the range is fine and cattle are all fat and there has been a good crop of calves, and the cattlemen in that country are feeling much encouraged.

Zack Mulhall, of Mulhall, O. T., was at the yards yesterday. He says the bulk of cattle intended for market has been run from his section, and as the grass has been killed by frost what held back will have to be moved pretty soon, as they will now begin to fall off.

Thomas E. Gillespie is back from a trip East. He visited Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Business seemed healthy everywhere and the outlook encouraging. In Maryland and Virginia he found fruit very abundant and cheap.

James Buchanan, Marshall county, Kas., was in with cattle yesterday.

G. C. Coble, Florence, Kas., was a visitor at the yards yesterday. He says corn is fair and grass good in Marion county. Hogs short. About the usual number of cattle will be fed.

George S. Tamblyn is just back from the Creek Nation. He says corn is good in that country and many young cattle will be roughed through there this winter.

G. P. Merryfield, Appleton City, Mo., was here yesterday with hogs.

James Wilson, Peru, Kas., was at the yards yesterday with cattle.

George T. Hume, Arkansas City, Kas., is here looking around.

Sam Hunt, of Abilene, Tex., was up yesterday. He is here to close up a cattle deal.

J. C. Farrington, Strong City, Kas., was in yesterday with cattle.

William A. Pierce, Maple Hill, Kas., came in yesterday with cattle.

J. V. Vickers, Tombstone, A. T., was at the yards yesterday with cattle.

G. W. Moore, Chicago, Tex., was up yesterday with cattle.

W. D. Hunt, Virgel, Kas., was here yesterday with cattle and hogs.

E. T. Grosser, Enterprise, Kas., had in hogs yesterday.

William Hunt, Beagle, Kas., was in yesterday with hogs.

F. E. Rowles, Wamego, Kas., came in with hogs yesterday.

H. E. Gregory, Lyndon, Kas., was at the yards yesterday with cattle and hogs.

Henry Fergerson, Clay county, Kas., was at the yards yesterday with cattle. He says corn is fair and grass good in his county. Hogs short. The usual number of cattle will be fed this season.

S. A. De Lair, Coldwater, Kas., had in cattle yesterday.

J. E. Ellis and Rankin Coble, Cleveland, Mo., were here yesterday with hogs.

KANSAS WEATHER REPORT.

The Month of September Was Very Hot, Windy and Wet.

Lawrence, Kas., Oct. 1.—(Special.) The regular monthly weather report of Chancellor F. H. Snow, of Kansas university, was issued to-day for September. Compared with the same month in the twenty-seven years preceding, the month has been hot and windy with much rainfall and a very low percent of cloudiness. The highest temperature was 95.5 deg. on the 16th and the lowest was 26.5 deg., on the 26th. It was the windiest September on the record, there having been 12,382 miles of wind during the month. The temperature was exceeded by that of September, 1886, only. Its rainfall of 5.91 inches has been surpassed by the same month in 1874 and 1881 only. The first frost recorded was on the 28th.

GENERAL MAHONE VERY LOW.

His Condition Is Such That the Physicians Offer No Hope to His Family.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Ex-Senator Mahone's condition was unchanged at midnight. He was very low, and his physicians could offer no hope, although it was thought the dissolution might not occur tonight. His family is with him.

Dr. Banduy on the Keeley Cure.

Dr. J. K. Banduy, LL. D., professor of nervous and mental diseases and medical jurisprudence in the Missouri Medical college, writes as follows:

"I has been my good fortune, for several years, to be intimately and intimately conversant with Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's cure of the opium and liquor habits. I consider its success marvelous—more so than any words are adequate to express. I have sent the doctor not less than one hundred patients to whom I was personally interested. They have gone to him physical and moral wrecks, and in a few short weeks have returned in vigorous health and perfectly cured, with not the slightest proclivity or the least craving for their former vicious indulgences. Most of them remained permanently cured, and if a few relapsed, it was only through a perverseness and devilishness perfectly inexcusable. As a physician of thirty years' experience, I characterize as malicious, absurd and utterly untrue, the statements that the doctors methods ever produce the slightest ill effects. The fact, however, is too well substantiated and generally known to thousands of individuals from all classes of society that the doctor has cured, and to too many honest and grateful hearts to need any special refutation."

Dr. Keeley's remedies and treatment are not administered in Kansas City, Mo., but are used exclusively at the Keeley Institute, Portsmouth building, Kansas City, Kas., the only authorized Keeley institute in the state.

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Omaha Men Getting Pointers.

The executive committee of the Knights of Ak-Sar-Ben, the Omaha organization which corresponds with the Priests of Pallas, arrived in Kansas City yesterday morning for the purpose of making a study of the parades of the week. They were given receptions both at the Commercial Club and the Kansas City Club. They are: Major R. S. Wilcox, president, manager of Browning, King & Co.'s Omaha branch; H. J. Penfold, treasurer, Aloe & Penfold Drug Company; J. E. Utt, commissioner of the Omaha Commercial Club; Thomas A. Fry, manager Van Brunt Packing Company; E. B. Bryson, manager Fleischmann & Co.; L. M. Rheem, manager American District Telegraph Company; G. A. Renze, the Ak-Sar-Ben artist; Walter S. Jarvine, Merchants' Express Company, and W. R. Bennett represented Bennett's department house.

Yesterday evening, at the Coates House, Mr. Penfold said: "We came to Kansas City this morning for the purpose of getting pointers, stealing thunder and getting tips from your parades. We intend to stay until Friday night, and we intend to take in everything of a carnival kind that you have to offer."

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

TORRENTS OF TRADE

Came pouring in like a mighty Niagara and crowded us to the doors—We've struck the happy medium with our *Great Money Saving*

CHALLENGE SALE

AND IT'S THE WHOLESALE PRICES WE'RE SELLING GOODS FOR THAT'S DOING IT—The Wonderful Power of Such a Combination of Quality and Price That We Offer in This Great Sale Cannot Possibly Be Overlooked by an Economical and Discriminating People.

Right Now—Right in the Beginning of the Season, We Sell at After Season Prices.

Come—Don't Delay—We'll Please You—And Clothe You.

Men's Suits.
All Wool Suits, usual retail price, $8.50; choice at $5.00

Men's Overcoats.
All Wool Kersey Overcoats, fine fabrics, usual retail price, $10; choice $6.50
Black Overcoats, Cassimere lined, usual retail price $7.50; choice at $5.00
All Wool Kersey Overcoats, black, blue and brown, usual price, $10; choice at $6.50

Men's Suits.
Fine Cheviots, Cassimeres and 18-oz. Imported Black Clay Worsteds; cut in all fashions and finely tailored throughout. Usual price, $15; Challenge price,
$9.50.

Men's Overcoats.
100 different kinds, any style, any color, any make; All Wool Friezes, Beaver, Kersey, Melton and Chinchilla; the kind tailors ask $20 for; our Challenge price,
$9.50.

Men's Suits.
In Royal 22-oz. Diagonal, Black Worsteds, beautiful Tweeds and Cheviots and unfinished Worsteds in black and blues, sacks and frocks. Usual retail prices, $18 and $20; Challenge price,
$14.50.

Men's Overcoats.
Very fine Royal Kersey, Auburn Melton, Genuine Dublin Frieze and German Chinchilla Overcoats. Usual retail value, $18 and $20; Challenge price,
$14.50.
Every garment fitted to your form.

Men's Finest Suits.
There are many beautiful fabrics in these truly magnificent suits. 'Tis sufficient to say they cannot be found in any but high class tailoring establishments. Usual retail price is $25 and $30; Challenge price $17.50

Men's Finest Overcoats.
The very acme of perfection, even to the smallest detail; the newest fashions; each garment made, trimmed and tailored perfectly. Usual retail price, $25 and $30; Challenge price $17.50
Every garment pressed before leaving our store.

You Are Welcome. Make our store your headquarters check your bundles, use our telephone, use our messenger service, make yourself at home.

Elegant Souvenirs With every purchase, in commemoration of this GREAT EVENT, made of glass, 8x10, representing a "Moorish Scene," beautiful—take one home.

Men's Pantaloons.
250 Pants of Scotch Tweed—usual retail price, $2.50; Challenge Price $1.45
All Wool Cassimere Pants—usual retail price, $3.00; Challenge Price $1.90
Fine Dress Trousers of all wool Worsteds and Cassimeres—usual retail price, $5.00; Challenge Price $3.45
Very best Dress Trousers high class tailors ask $10 and $12 for. Challenge Price $5.00

Children's Clothing.
Double Breasted Suits, ages 4 to 15, usual retail price, $2.50; Challenge Price $1.45
All Wool Double Breasted Suits, ages 4 to 15, reinforced seat and knees; retail price, $3.00; Challenge Price $1.95
Special line of Fancy Junior Suits, ages 3 to 8, prettiest designs of the season, usual retail prices are $4.00, $5.00; Challenge Price $2.95

Boys' Suits and Overcoats.
Boys' Black Cheviot Single and Double Breasted Suits, also Melton Overcoats; usual retail price, $8.50; Challenge Price,
$5.00.
30 different styles of Boys' Suits and Overcoats, single and double breasted styles, made of very best fabrics, all shades, of which usual retail price is $10; Challenge Price,
$7.50.

Men's and Boys' Hats.
50 doz. Soft and Stiff Hats, satin lined, silk trimmed, usual retail price, $1.50; Challenge Price 95c
200 dozen Soft and Stiff Hats, in all the latest blocks, usual retail price, $2.50; Challenge Price $1.90
Boys' Best Crush Hats, retail price, $1; Challenge Price 50c
Boys' fine Blue Caps, retail price, 50 cents; Challenge Price 23c

UNDERWEAR.
Derby Ribbed, form fitting, part wool, medium weight; retail price, 75c; choice
45 Cts.

NECKWEAR.
Extra large shape; every one made from silk that is usually put in a 50c tie, worth double any other 25c tie sold in Kansas City.
25 Cts.

GLOVES.
Adler's American make Dogskin and undressed Kid Walking Gloves, all shades, usual price, $1.50. Challenge Price
95 Cts.

MACKINTOSHES.
100 Black and Blue Worsted Mackintoshes, with cape cut extra long, double texture, reinforced seams—a coat usually sold for $5 and $6.00. Challenge Price,
$3.85.

MACKINTOSHES.
Men's Blue Serge, Cashmere lined Mackintoshes, extra long, fine dress coats—always sold at $10. Challenge price
$6.50.

HOSIERY.
Gents' Fine Cotton Half-Hose, in tans, browns and Hermisdorf, guaranteed fast black, double heel and toe, worth 20c; Challenge sale price
10 Cts.

SHIRTS.
Gents' Fine Percale and English Madras Shirts, with collars attached, 20 designs to select from, worth up to $1.25. Challenge sale price
98 Cts.

RAILROAD FARES
refunded to all purchasers of $15 or more within 75 miles.

R. R. Fares REFUNDED To all purchasers of $15.00 or more within 75 miles.

New Palace

ONE PRICE TO ALL. 909-911 MAIN STREET, NEAR JUNCTION.

R. R. Fares REFUNDED To all purchasers of $15.00 or more within 75 miles.

VISITED HIS UNCLE.

W. H. Harvey, Author of "Coin's Financial School," at Independence—Talks on the Financial Question.

W. H. Harvey, of Chicago, the author of "Coin's Financial School" and recognized authority on financial questions, was the guest yesterday of his uncle, L. R. Smith, of Independence. Mr. Harvey is en route to Wichita, where he expects to address the state Bimetallic League on the money issue.

His visit to Independence was the signal for a number of Independence people who admire his works on finance and recognize him as one of the profound financial students of the country to call and talk with him personally about silver and its cause.

Mr. Harvey entertained his guests for over an hour, recalling the noted Hoar-Harvey debate in Chicago. The cause of silver and the great battle of patriotism of the masses against the selfish interests of the gold-bugs of Wall street was his theme. He held his callers that the cornerstone of the great political structure and the cause of silver was the cause of humanity, and the man who outwardly appeared calm and dispassionate soon had his callers so interested that the formal call was prolonged. His appearance and conversation did not betoken the politician, for Mr. Harvey's conversational powers are as forceful and convincing as the book "Coin," which has attained a world wide reputation.

His callers yesterday comprised many men who have dabbled in politics. He, however, refused to allow the conversation with his guests to fall into political channels, notwithstanding. He was regaled and informed that the cause of silver, as far as the local Democracy was concerned, was headed by politicians whose zeal was measured by the offices in sight. Mr. Harvey at once divined that there was a difference and factional disturbance among the Democracy of Jackson county, but he very cleverly evaded handing out a receipt which could be used to quiet the local politicians.

After the retirement of his callers, Mr. Harvey granted a short interview to a Journal reporter. He declined to talk about the political situation, or express himself as to the possible future action of political men or silver conventions. He spoke as if the cause of silver was above party. When asked as to his opinion on the best methods for furthering the interests of silver as a money, Mr. Harvey said:

"In my judgment, for the present our campaign should be an educational one. The report from Chicago of an intention on the part of the silver conference to establish a fourth party, or a strictly silver party, is erroneous. That impression got out by a resolution of that kind passed by the Memphis convention. Such a policy would be an injury, especially at the present time to our cause. To organize a distinctive silver party at this time would in effect be a notice served on the followers of the other three political parties that we intended to antagonize them all. This would close their ears to us.

"We must proceed on the theory that all the people are patriotic, or deserve to be, and that we can convert them. Once converted they will see the right thing to do. This will have the effect to dissolve their selfish views and arouse a patriotic and intelligent desire to promote the common good. If we win in this fight we must make the cornerstone of our political structure 'humanity.' We must get the people to understand that the way to get a man to serve his own self interest is to promote the interests of the republic. We must cultivate the brotherhood of man. This selfishness in individuals has combined to carry the principle of selfishness—class legislation—into the laws of the government."

Mr. Harvey then turned his attention to the control of the gold-bugs of the East, in Atlantic states. He said:

"In my judgment the fight must be made west of the Allegheny mountains and south of the Potomac river. The causes that have produced the conditions that now exist in this country have lowered the general level of character east of the Allegheny mountains to such an extent that, in my judgment, it will be impossible for the principles we represent to win in that part of the country. The gaunt specter of greed has crossed the Allegheny range and is coming westward. We must meet it with the principle represented by the goddess of justice and humanity, and drive it backward."

Mr. Harvey viewed the flower parade yesterday afternoon and left for Wichita on a night train.

Young Girl Missing.

South McAlester, I. T., Oct. 1.—(Special.) A young 16-year-old daughter of J. C. Brown, of this place, disappeared from her home yesterday and has not been seen since. It is feared that she has met with foul play.

TO DISFRANCHISE THE NEGRO

Suffrage Committee of the South Carolina Constitutional Convention Has Devised a Good Scheme for the Purpose.

Columbia, S. C., Oct. 1.—The report of the suffrage committee of the constitutional convention was at last made to-night. It provides for the registration of qualified voters. The qualifications of electors given in the following section are regarded as practically disqualifying the majority of the negroes, on account of the educational and property requirements. The person applying for registration must be able to read and write any section of this constitution, or must show that he owns and pays taxes on $300 worth of property in this state; provided that at the first registration under this constitution and prior to January 1, 1898, all male persons of voting age who can read a clause in the constitution or understand and explain it when read to them by the registration officer shall be eligible to register and become electors. A separate record of every illiterate person thus registered, sworn by the registration officer, shall be filed—one copy with the clerk of court and one in the office of the secretary of state on or before January, 1898, and such person shall remain during his lifetime a qualified elector, unless convicted of some disqualifying crime. The certificate of the clerk of court or the secretary of state shall be sufficient evidence to establish the right of said class of citizens to register and to the franchise.

English Opinions.

London, Oct. 1.—The Times and Chronicle this morning give leading places in their foreign columns to cable dispatches regarding the South Carolina constitutional convention. The Chronicle, in a leader upon the subject, says:

"A very serious problem has suddenly leaped to the front in the troubled politics of the United States. The silver question may completely overshadow the currency and the tariff issue in the presidential election fighting."

A WONDERFUL SLEEPER.

Peter Crawford, of Cleveland, O., Has Been Dozing for Eight Months.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 1.—Peter Crawford, 22 years old, a former mail messenger of New York, has been asleep, with the exception of a few hours, for the last seven or eight months. His case is the most remarkable one that has ever come under the observation of Cleveland doctors. Nearly every doctor in the city and a few from many other cities have viewed what bids fair to be the most remarkable case of catalepsy ever known. A little over a year ago Mr. Crawford was thrown from a mail wagon in New York, sustaining injuries to his spine. Every effort to awaken the man has proved futile.

NOMINATION PAPERS FILED.

More Than 25,000 Republicans Petition in Favor of Chief Justice Martin.

Topeka, Kas., Oct. 1.—(Special.) Secretary Bristow, of the Republican state central committee, to-day filed with the secretary of state the nomination papers in the interest of Chief Justice Martin. The papers contained the names of more than 25,000 Kansas Republicans, gathered from every county in the state.

Ex-Policeman Conway Hurt.

Michael Conway, an ex-policeman, got in the way of the parade while it was passing the corner of Eighth and Walnut streets, last night, and was pushed aside by one of the men in charge of float No. 12. He fell and struck the back of his head on the asphalt curb, cutting a gash about four inches long. The fall knocked him senseless and he was picked up and carried into ex-Alderman Andy Foley's saloon. The police ambulance was summoned and he was taken to Central police station, where it was found that his injuries were not dangerous. Conway was a member of the force until the reorganization, when he was dropped from the rolls. He is engaged in the saloon business at Eighth and Bank streets with ex-Policeman O'Malley. There were no arrests.

New Money Order Offices.

Washington, Oct. 1.—(Special.) Domestic money order offices were to-day established as follows: Bancroft, Gabbs, Mo.; Tyro, Kas.; Grove and Marietta, I. T., and North Enid and Roche Falls, O. T.

Liquors for Kansas.
Shipped daily in secure packages by GEORGE EYSSELL, Druggist, Opposite waiting room, Union depot.

JUDGE CROZIER DEAD.

Had Been Chief Justice of the Kansas Supreme Court and United States Senator—A Kansas Pioneer.

Leavenworth, Kas., Oct. 2.—(Special.) Judge Robert Crozier died at 1 o'clock this morning of fever, after an illness of three days. He came to Kansas at an early day and was a banker. For a time he studied law and soon rose to prominence. During his career he was associate and chief justice of the Kansas supreme court, was United States senator by appointment and was judge of this district for sixteen years. He leaves a son, a captain in the army, and a daughter, the wife of Congressman Reyburn, of Philadelphia.

TROPHIES FROM THE NORTH.

Professor Dyche, of Kansas University, Secures a Large Number of Valuable Specimens in the Arctic Regions.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Professor L. L. Dyche, of the Kansas university, who represented the museum of natural history in the Greenland scientific expedition last summer, and Mart Henson, the servant and associate of Lieutenant Peary, the Arctic explorer, arrived as passengers on the steamer Silvia from Halifax to-day. Professor Dyche will remain for two weeks in New York, mounting specimens and curiosities for the museum of natural history, and will then report for duty at the Kansas university at Lawrence. Henson has in his charge Arctic specimens and trophies, including a number of dogs, which will be taken to the Central park zoo for temporary care. Professor Dyche secured two meteorites, one weighing 3,000 and the other 800 pounds. He says he left behind one weighing forty tons. In addition, he has secured about 400 skins of fur bearing animals, twenty walrus hides, a monster whale and several thousand birds and eggs.

The specimens will be divided between the museum of natural history, Central park and the Kansas university.

The professor declared that the last expedition was a failure, but says he would like to take part in another, and believes that it is possible to reach the pole.

Henson said that he had been instructed by Lieutenant Peary not to talk for publication.

DEAD NEAR LEE'S SUMMIT.

A Suicide, Supposed to Be Richard Barton, of St. Joseph.

The dead body of an elderly man, evidently a suicide, with a dark gray mustache and iron gray hair, was found about three miles from Lee's Summit yesterday. There was nothing on the body to identify it, except a card in one of the pockets which instructed the finder of the body to send send a photograph of it to 1515 North Third street, St. Joseph, Mo., for any information that might be wanted. The Journal correspondent at St. Joseph found that about a week ago Richard Barton, who lived at that number, had started to Kansas City in search of work. His wife received a letter from him yesterday, stating that he was going to Lee's Summit to go to work for a farmer. It is believed that the dead man was Barton. He was about 51 years of age and weighed 120 pounds. Up to 1 o'clock this morning the coroner had not been notified of the finding of the body.

Antonio Maxime Mora is at present sojourning in New York, where his son is an elevated railroad employe. He is now 87 years old, and it is twenty years since he was deprived of his sugar plantations in Cuba and was reduced from affluence to poverty. He is now about to receive from Spain $1,500,000, of which his attorneys get one-half.

J. L. Power, who has been nominated for secretary of state in Mississippi, says he owes his success to his daughter, Miss Katherine Markham Power. In the midst of his canvass he became seriously ill. Miss Power conducted his campaign from that time on, visited all the delegates, made appeals by voice and letter, and had her efforts crowned with success. Miss Power is editor of Kate Power's Review.

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Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your druggist or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

RACES
Exposition Park
TO-DAY!
BICYCLE RACES immediately after Parade. A. E. ASHBROOK, Sec'y.

PEOPLE WE HEAR ABOUT.

The czar of Russia is a devourer of modern fiction and reads with facility novels in English, German and French, as well as in Russian.

The king of the Belgians makes only one appearance at public worship in the course of the year. This is on the day which commemorates his accession to the throne.

Mr. A. J. Balfour is seldom seen in the lobby of the house of commons and towards strangers adopts a certain reserve of manner which breaks down entirely upon intimate acquaintance.

The Marquess of Lorne, although the husband of the Princess Louise, is, in the sight of the law, a commoner, and in state and official papers he is invariably described as J. Campbell, commonly called the Marquess of Lorne.

Artists, it is said, are short lived, because they are so irregular in their habits; but