TUBERCULOSIS CURE.

DR. CYRUS EDSON MAKES THE CARBOLIC ACID REMEDY AVAILABLE.

SUCCESS WITH CONSUMPTIVES.

ONLY FOUR OF 217 TREATED SHOWED NO IMPROVEMENT.

Has Cured Every Case of Malaria and Grippe on Which It Was Tried—Dr. Edson Calls the Remedy Aseptoids—Its Virtue Depends Upon a New Salt.

New York, Feb. 6.—Dr. Cyrus Edson, who was at one time commissioner of health of the city and county of New York, and who has been for years one of the most active contributors to the leading medical journals in the United States—notably the Medical Record—the Lancet among the medical journals in the United States—under the editorship of Dr. Hamilton, "A Rational Treatment for Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Too Good With Some Notes on a New Germicide Solution." In this he claims that he has made a discovery which will be hailed with joy by the millions afflicted with the germ of consumption, and all who are interested in the subject of tuberculosis. The discovery was made while Professor Koch was in Berlin, and he claims that it is a germicide which will act as a cure in the bowels, and it causes many men to walk with vigorous. The disease is protean in character, there is scarcely a part of the body it may not invade, and it kills about one-third of all who die.

In order to understand Dr. Edson's discovery it is necessary to remember that Pasteur and Koch proved that germs are the cause of tuberculosis, and that the germs are killed by exposure to the air, in the dry state, in the open air, and in the direct rays of the sun. Koch proved that the germs are killed by a certain strength of carbolic acid, and Koch claimed that the germs could not be killed when they were in the bowels, and that the germs could not be killed when they were in the lungs, but he claimed that the germs could be killed when they were in the sputum, and that the germs could be killed when they were in the bowels, Koch claimed that the germs could be killed when they were in the sputum, and that the germs could be killed when they were in the bowels, and