Kansas City Daily Journal.

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 268. FRIDAY. KANSAS CITY, MARCH 6, 1896. FRIDAY. PRICE TWO CENTS.

GIVEN A DEATH BLOW

DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE IGNORES THE GOO GOO MOVEMENT.

REBUKE TO "BEST CITIZENS."

BOSSES AND PLUGGERS DON'T WANT TO BE THEIR ALLIES.

Now Favor the Nomination of a Straight Ticket—George Holmes in the Race for the Mayoralty Nomination—Who Will Be the District Delegate?

The little Goo Goo movement, which was to have been nursed and fostered by the city Democracy, seems to be doomed to an early demise. The Democratic bosses who sought to infuse vitality into their scheme to use the "best citizens" to put some of their proteges into office in the guise of reformers upon an independent or so-called citizens' ticket, have failed to control the Democratic city committee. That organization met last night in the Coates' House club room and entirely ignored the Goo Goo project, notwithstanding the fact that several members of the committee had been urged by the bosses favorable to that project to do something that would encourage the Goo Goo leaders to take definite action toward putting up an independent ticket.

It is now said that the matter of fusing with the Goo Goos will be left to the Democratic city convention, which will be held on March 21, and that nothing will be done in the matter unless the Goo Goos hold a city convention and nominate a ticket in the meantime. If this is done, and there seems to be no indication that it will be, the Democratic city convention may indorse some of the Goo Goo nominees.

After discussing arrangements for the party's primaries, to be held on the night of March 20, and other matters, the following resolution, introduced by Committeeman W. F. Lyons, of the Ninth ward, was adopted:

"Whereas, It is the earnest desire of this committee that the harmony which is now so agreeably noticeable in our party should continue, and believing that it can be maintained only by a strict and manly conformance to the rules of right and common fairness, and being desirous of expressing our approval of such rule of right and fairness, and our disapproval of any and all other methods or practices, therefore, be it

"Resolved, By this committee, that where there shall be two or more lists of delegates from any one ward, made up of the same persons, or gotten up by the same persons or men in close alliance, or where the names on each list being the same persons, or when it appears that more than one delegation was petitioned for and placed on the official ballot for the purpose of getting a majority of the judges and clerks of said primary election in that ward, that each and all of said lists shall be considered as spurious and illegal, and the convention is requested by this resolution to recognize any of such delegates, and if there shall be a list of delegates from the ward not subject to these objections, that said list be recognized as the regular and proper delegates from the ward."

Committeeman Lyons is a member of the Shelley-Shannon faction of the city Democracy. He introduced the resolution after consultation with the Shannons and the other bosses of that faction. They claimed that they had information that the Brown-Fleminghes had determined to put up what are known as "stuffed" or "padded" delegates in the Ninth ward and other wards for the purpose of getting extra judges and clerks. The Brown-Fleming committeemen must have heard the same concerning the Shelley-Shannonites, for they voted for the resolution.

Chairman J. F. Mister, Secretary P. E. Dwyer and H. S. Julian were appointed a sub-committee to arrange for the temporary organization of the city convention. The committee then adjourned until next Wednesday evening, to meet in the same place.

TALK OF THE BOSSES.

They Now Favor a Straight Ticket—George Holmes in the Mayoralty Race—District Delegate Gossip.

While the Democratic city committee was in session in the Coates House club room last night a number of the bosses and pluggers of both factions of the party loitered in the large office room and the corridors of the hotel. They conversed in undertones concerning the various phases of the almost hopeless local Democratic situation and of their own aspirations.

Among other things discussed by these would-be office-seekers was the question of a mayoralty candidate for the party. It was the opinion of all but two or three of the bosses present that the party can hope for nothing from the proposed one-time ticket, and that the only thing to do is to nominate a straight ticket and make a straight party fight.

Incidental to this conversation it was said that Henry Hornsby, formerly a member of the board of public works, is willing to take the party nomination for mayor, and that the nomination will be between him and Mayor A. M. Mister, chairman of the city committee, if the city convention puts up a straight ticket.

Another matter of all-absorbing interest discussed outside of the committee room was the question of who will be the district delegate to the national convention? It was said that up to a few days ago it was practically agreed among the Shelley-Shannon goslings that Ralph J. Mershon should be named, but they have, it is now said, decided that he will not do. They claim that they discovered him attempting to form an alliance "on the side" with the Brown-Fleminghes, and thereby trying to "carry water upon both shoulders."

Now a few of the Shelley-Shannon bosses are talking of making ex-Mayor W. S. Cowherd the district delegate. They say that he is the man for the place because he is an orator and can talk for Kansas City and Missouri in the national convention. Secretary P. E. Dwyer, Wiley O. Cox's special representative upon the city committee, is engaged in booming the newly fledged editor of the Times for district delegate and he has secured some support among the goslings members of both the city and county committees. It is said by the friends of Wiley O. Cox that his intimate acquaintance with practical Democratic politics eminently qualifies him for membership in Missouri's delegation to the National Democratic convention.

Among the Brown-Fleminghes there is talk of making Joseph W. Mercer, of the Gentleman's district delegate. A number of others are said to be anxious to represent this district in the national convention, among them Police Commissioner Frank G. Johnson.

As to who will be the district delegate will depend upon whether the goslings or the free silver men of Kansas City and Jackson and Lafayette counties secure allegiance of their delegations to the Sedalia convention.

POPS WILL FUSE.

They So Decided at a Meeting Last Night—They Named no Favorites as to Parties.

An effort will be made by the Populists of this city to affiliate with any and all parties which have for their object—"reform." Presumably this means that they will combine with any organizations that are opposed to the Republican party this spring. However, their policy will be outlined by a committee of fifty-five, which was given the authority last night to act with all bodies which it deems good, take that care that Populist principles—whatever they may be—are preserved intact. This was decided at a meeting of the Populist Club at 805 Walnut street last night. A week ago the club named a central committee of five, consisting of John S. Crosby, D. R. Page, C. D. Whitehead, S. M. Ford and Ed G. Taylor. Last night this committee, which was to have named a city ticket, was increased by fifty selected by the club.

It is said that this move was due to the fact that the Populist party is so divided on the A. P. A. question it was thought best to increase the committee to such an extent that neither element would have the advantage. On the completion of the committee the question as to whether it would be best to put a straight Populist city ticket in the field was discussed for nearly two hours. Talks were made by John S. Crosby, L. N. Merrifield, Smith M. Ford, Timothy Murphy, H. W. Pulliam, Dr. Castleman and others. The motion that the committee be given the power to fuse was carried by a vote of 42 to 12. On the close of the regular meeting the committee of fifty-five met and organized. C. D. Whitehead, the president, and W. H. Snipe, the secretary of the club, were elected to corresponding offices on the committee. It will hold a meeting next Monday night at 805 Walnut street.

ACTIVITY IN THE TENTH WARD.

Nine of Twenty-six Delegates to the City Convention Chosen at a Meeting of Republican Clubs.

The three Republican clubs of the Tenth ward held a joint meeting last night at the hall of the Central Club near Twenty-fourth and Vine streets. The meeting was called to select twenty-six delegates to the city convention. Committees of three from each of the clubs had been previously appointed to select delegates, the entire number to be divided pro rata between the three clubs. These committees held a preliminary meeting yesterday afternoon, but did not complete their labors in time to report to the joint meeting last night. As a consequence only a partial delegation, consisting of nine members, was chosen by the Central Club last night. The committees from the other two clubs of the ward will meet this afternoon in the office of Frank L. Breyfogle 20, 21 and 22 Shelley building, and select the remaining seventeen delegates from the Tenth ward and this selection will be ratified at a joint meeting to be held to-morrow night in the hall of the South Side Club at Thirty-first and Holmes street.

Messrs. Alf Brant, C. A. Harris and C. J. Williams, from the Central Club, reported last night the following delegation of nine members and they were ratified by the clubs: J. T. Flynn, W. A. Bryson, I. N. Wagner, J. W. Denton, Henry Thomas, J. C. Morris, W. F. Alexander, El Eviar and Steve Wheeler. A campaign committee was appointed, consisting of Major Alf Brant, J. C. Morris, C. J. Williams, I. N. Wagner, Jacob Jacobson, Captain Wyatt, J. Crawford, M. Chandler, A. Shannon and Steve Wheeler.

Major Alf Brant was appointed to act with a committee of one from each of the other clubs to file the delegation from the ward. Speeches were made by J. D. Burrows, J. W. Hallman and A. B. Fox, candidates for the lower house; Councilman Kilgen and F. M. Shute, for the upper house; J. J. Green, for city treasurer; W. F. Henry, for police judge; Colonel A. A. Jones, Nelson Crews and Harry Hinde.

Colored Republicans of the Fourth Ward.

Justice Hawthorne's court room at Fourteenth and Main streets was crowded last night with the members of the Fourth Ward Colored Republican Club and other voters of the Fourth ward assembled to hear addresses upon campaign issues by a number of well known Republican orators and some of the candidates. The meeting was in the fullest sense an enthusiastic one. C. P. Blake, the president of the club, presided and J. W. Bailey officiated as secretary. Nelson C. Crews, the noted colored orator, opened the speaking with a speech in which men and issues were ably handled and he was followed by Colonel A. A. Jones, W. G. Mosby, Henry K. Pierce, P. W. Gifford, candidate for police judge; T. W. Logan, Councilman Craig and others. Most of the speakers and an enthusiastic majority of the members put themselves on record as favoring the candidacy of Judge Jones for mayor, C. E. Washburn for president of the upper house and J. J. Green for treasurer.

Republican Rally in the Eighth.

A fine rally of the Eighth Ward Colored Republican Club No. 2, of which J. A. Lee is president and Dennie S. Thompson, secretary, was held last night at Rickett's hall at Tenth and Campbell with an attendance which fully tested the capacity of the hall. Many of the members of the No. 1 club were present at the meeting and it is probable that the two clubs will be amalgamated in the near future. At last night's meeting there were speeches by many well known Republicans and a number of the candidates and excellent music was furnished by a quartette. The first speech was made by Captain Wilbur F. Henry, candidate for the nomination for police judge and he was followed by Thomas Jones, J. C. Reynolds, Colonel C. M. Munson, T. Barker Jones, P. S. Brown, J. W. Morgan, G. R. Randall, Lewis Tompkins, W. C. Layton, J. W. Wheeler and Mynor H. Bass.

Local Political Miscellaney.

Tom Davis, keeper of the "Lucky Number" saloon, No. 1711 Grand avenue, has announced himself as a candidate for member of the lower house of the council from the Ninth ward.

J. Roy Smith is a candidate for city attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic city convention.

The First Ward Democratic Club will meet at No. 322 St. Louis avenue this evening. Speeches will be made by Peter H. Tiernan, president of the upper house of the council, and Frank M. Lowe.

Colored Central League Meeting.

The Colored Central League had a rousing meeting at the criminal court room last evening. Speeches were made by E. H. Horn, P. W. Gaither, Myron Lee, Theodore Vick, F. L. Lewis, T. F. Sublett, F. S. Sears, W. W. Morgan, Thomas W. Logan, Elmer Phipps, J. C. Reynolds and W. G. Mosby. It was unanimously decided to indorse the candidacy of Theodore Vick, Sr., for the upper house and that an appeal be made to the Republicans to support him at the convention.

Eighth Ward Republicans.

The Eighth Ward Republican Club, J. C. Reynolds, president, will meet tonight in the Turner hall. A report will be heard from the committee appointed to select delegates for the city convention. Several prominent speakers have promised to be present and music will be given by a colored quartette.

Third Ward Republicans Active.

At the meeting of the Third ward Republicans last evening at the Coates House the executive committee reported the ward had been polled and that prospects were the best. An open meeting of the club will be held March 11.

NEW BUSINESS BLOCK.

Prospects of Big Improvements at the Southwest Corner of Ninth and Wyandotte Streets.

A. W. Wright, of Alma, Mich., accompanied by Mrs. Wright, is registered at the Coates House. Mr. Wright is president of the Advance Thresher Company, of Battle Creek, Mich., and is also one of the largest lumber merchants and operators in that state. His visit to Kansas City is for the purpose of making an investigation of the property he owns here, and conferring with some local friends concerning contemplated improvements. Mr. Wright owns several lots on the southwest corner of Ninth and Wyandotte streets, on which it is his purpose shortly to erect modern business buildings. Mr. Wright is also owner of the Turner hall property on Twelfth street, and in addition has a long string of property in the city and in the country adjacent. He may decide to improve some of his other vacant property.

He made his investments here many years since and has never regretted his purchasing to his statements yesterday. "I have full faith in the future of the city," he said, "and have never for a moment feared a loss on any of my investments. Just as soon as the financial depression is lifted a little the city will get more advantage out of the improved condition than any other city in the land. There is such a wide field from which to draw trade and so large a population whose wants and necessities must be supplied, that there will always be plenty of trade here to make the business men good-natured. The reputation of the city is good up in our state."

With Mr. Wright is Vice President Bush, of the Advance Thresher Company, who is here to visit the local house the company maintains in the city to supply its large Southwestern and Western trade. He is also well pleased with the city and encouraged by the state of trade in the Kansas City territory. Mr. Bush has visited the city many times before, and has always counted it one of the interesting points in the trade supplied by the company.

Cycle Supply Company Files Papers.

The Midland Cycle and Supply Company filed articles of incorporation with the recorder of deeds yesterday. Its capital stock is $25,000, one-half of which is paid up. The incorporators are T. F. Willis, W. M. Young, Bixby Willis and A. H. Young. The business of the company will be dealing in bicycles, supplies and sporting goods.

MRS. MARCH ALIVE.

THE MISSING WOMAN FOUND IN THE HOUSE OF A FRIEND.

MYSTERIOUS CASE CLEARED UP.

SHE SAYS SHE HAD NO THOUGHT OF COMMITTING SUICIDE.

Walked the Streets in the Heart of the City Unrecognized—Alleges Cruelty on the Part of Her Husband—Says She Will Not Live With Him Again.

It has been some time since the police department and the detective force of the city have been actively interested in a case so puzzling as that of the disappearance of Mrs. Mary March, wife of Aaron March, who left her home over Phipps' grocery store at Independence avenue and Locust street last Sunday evening. Mrs. March, whose sons, Arthur and George Melvoitt, have given the police considerable trouble, was well known to the officers and many of the detectives because of her frequent appearance in the police and criminal courts in behalf of her erring boys, the younger of whom, George, was sentenced by Judge Wofford, February 6, to three years in the reform school at Boonville.

Mrs. March is nervously constituted, has had a vast deal of domestic trouble to annoy her, and since her disappearance it was said by neighbors that she had several times suggested self-destruction as the best way to rid herself of her troubles. These circumstances, with the fact that the woman was well known to the officers, but could not be located by them, made it seem very probable that she had in some way put an end to her life. Indeed, this solution of the case appealed with such force that for several days past it has seemed almost conclusive on the part of those in charge of the investigation.

It was learned yesterday, however, by a reporter of the Journal, that Mrs. March was alive and that she was staying with a friend; that she had been on the street several times, and that she had not for a single moment contemplated suicide. Later Mrs. March was seen by the reporter. She immediately acknowledged her identity, gave some interesting reasons for her disappearance and a full account of her doings since Sunday evening. She had been on the street when seen by the reporter and was dressed in a brown skirt, a dark blue sack, a neat bonnet and was neatly veiled.

When asked why she had left home, Mrs. March said:

"I did not intend to stay away when I left the house, but I had sufficient reason to have gone away with that intention. My home has been a hell on earth. We have had many quarrels with my husband and he has frequently abused me. I have some marks of his abuse on my body now. Some of the papers said I left home because I quarreled with my son, Arthur McDevitt. That is not so. I did quarrel with Arthur that Sunday because he had been out all night and would not give an account of himself, and as I have had so much trouble with him I had a right to know what he was doing. He did abuse me roughly, but if my husband had been kind to me I would not have left home on account of my son's treatment."

To Mrs. March was then told a long and detailed account of her husband's alleged cruelty, relating many circumstances that would, if true, certainly justify her conduct. She told a straightforward story, covering the week succeeding her disappearance, how she had taken her husband to task and how he had abused her in return.

"Saturday night," she continued, "I asked him for money to get provisions and to buy myself a pair of shoes, as I did not have a decent pair of shoes to my name. He told me that he had allowed his money to go somewhere and had nothing to give me. We quarreled Saturday night, and Sunday he was so ugly that I hardly dared to put my head outside of the kitchen.

"Sunday Mrs. Mary Bowman, of 815 Locust street, came to the house, and as she understood my troubles she asked me to come to her house for awhile. I went, but did not intend to stay. But while I was there my nerves gave out and I had to have a doctor and I stayed all night. When I left there I did not go home, but went to the house of a friend, who has been very good to me and whose name I do not want published, and she has taken care of me ever since.

"While on the street I passed Captain Brannan and three or four policemen and detectives who became, too, but one of them encouraged me, even though I did not wear a veil.

"One of the papers said I left a 6-months-old child. My youngest child will be 7 years old on May 7. I have had care of my children. I have told my husband that if we cannot get along together that we ought to separate and that if he would get a divorce or go away I would take care of the children. I was willing to contribute something to help me. I have slaved for my family and few women have had as much trouble as I.

"But I don't look like a woman who would kill herself, do I? No, sir. I am Irish and my religion is Catholic. Irish Catholics do not kill themselves.

"I have toiled for my children and have had no pleasure. I have never been in a theater in Kansas City, although I have lived here six years. My two sons by my first husband are 19 and 17 years old. My other children are 10, 9, 7, 6 and 3 years old. I am not one of the easy-going young children grow up as the older ones did, and that is why my husband and I have quarreled, for he does not seem to care."

"What will you do, Mrs. March?"

"I do not know until I hear from some of my friends. I shall ask for the things I possess and I want to take care of my children; but I do not think I could ever live with my husband again."

MAUD CLIFFORD ARRAIGNED.

Louis Frank's Slayer Took a Change of Venue and Was Charged With Murder in the Second Degree.

Maud Clifford was arraigned in Justice Spitz' court yesterday for the murder of Louis Frank. At the request of the justice a change of venue was taken and the case was sent to Justice Hawthorne.

An immediate hearing was given and the defendant was held to the grand jury in the sum of $2,500 to answer the charge of murder in the second degree, the minimum penalty for which is ten years in the penitentiary.

The Clifford woman was not put upon the stand and the evidence given by the other witnesses all went to show that she did not know that Frank was in the Elite saloon with another woman at the time she entered. The testimony showed that the meeting between Frank and the jealous Clifford woman was accidental; that the latter had gone to the corner of Ninth and May streets to get a hack and that she and her companion went to the Elite saloon at Ninth and Broadway to get a glass of beer while the barkman from whom she had engaged a hack delivered another "fare;" that while they were in the saloon Frank, who was there with another woman, ran past the Clifford woman, who opened fire on him. For what purpose the woman had hired a hack at that time was not known by any of the witnesses, and unless the Clifford woman goes upon the stand and tells it will never be known. Justice Hawthorne said yesterday that if it had been proven that she heard that Frank was with another woman and hired the hack to hunt him up, she would have been held to answer the charge of murder in the first degree.

AN IMPORTANT CAPTURE.

Railroad Police Arrest Sam Parker for Stealing Journal Brasses From Cars.

On a high bluff near Heim's brewery Captain J. M. Junkins and John DeLong, of the railroad police, last night arrested a man named Sam Parker, who is known as a "jackscrew" man and who has been giving the railroad companies more or less trouble because of his decided propensity for journal brasses.

When he was arrested, Parker was seated near a little furnace quietly watching a batch of journal bearings he had just stolen, as they became heated and permitted him to remove the brass from them. It is charged that Parker has for weeks been stealing journal brasses by means of jackscrews, with which he pressed the car tights and removed the wheel bearings. It is said that he has stolen far less than so in the past three weeks and by that means ruined a number of cars, which had to be sent into the shops for repairs. In some cases cars from which Parker had taken the bearings were switched into trains and accidents averted only by chance. The Chicago & Alton and Missouri Pacific railways have been the greatest sufferers during the past three weeks and careful trainmen always removed the cars with ruined trucks at Blue Springs or Pleasant Hill and they were returned to the city. Officers Junkins and DeLong have been hunting Parker for three weeks and their capture is quite an important one.

A GOLDBUG APPEAL.

New York Chamber of Commerce Urges the Public to Uphold the Gold Standard.

New York, March 5.—The regular monthly meeting of the chamber of commerce was held to-day. After the usual routine business had been transacted, Henry Hentz, chairman of the special committee on sound financial legislation, read the following appeal, which was adopted without a dissenting vote: "To the commercial bodies and business men of the United States: The chamber of commerce of the state of New York believes the time has come for a movement on the part of the commercial bodies and all men, whether engaged in farming, manufacturing, or in trade, who are interested in the commercial prosperity of the United States, to remove from political agitation the question of the permanence of the standard of value, upon which all of the business of this country is transacted. It invites co-operation to this end, and in an effort to create a strong public opinion in behalf of an unequivocal declaration by the political conventions of both of the great parties in favor of the maintenance of our existing standard, and of the elimination of all doubtful expressions in respect to the reopening of the mints of the United States to the free coinage of silver.

"The time is past, if it ever existed, for any halting or doubtful phraseology to express the meaning of political parties upon this important subject.

"We must have no platforms that can be interpreted to mean one thing in one part of the land, and another thing in another part of the land. It is most important to every business man, producer and wage earner to put a stop to the enormous cost of the government to all of our people, resulting from the continuance of the agitation in favor of the free coinage of silver, which stands in the way of a revival of confidence and national business prosperity.

"Therefore, we ask all citizens to unite in a vigorous effort to urge the selection of delegates to the political conventions of both parties who will advocate clear and strong platforms affirmative in favor of the maintenance of the present gold standard of value. The time is short, and action ought, therefore, to be all the more prompt."

ANOTHER COREAN COUP D' ETAT.

King Has Eight of His Cabinet Ministers Beheaded and Their Corpses Dragged Around the Streets.

San Francisco, March 5.—The steamer China arrived to-day from Yokohama, bringing news of another coup d' etat on an extensive scale at Seoul, Corea. On February 10 a detachment of Russian marines, numbering 127, arrived in Seoul from Jinsen. The Corean king and the crown prince went into the Russian legation and formed a new government, dismissing all the cabinet ministers, namely, Premier Kim Hong Tsuh and seven other cabinet ministers, known as pro-Japanese statesmen. Were beheaded and their corpses dragged around the streets. A decree said it have been signed by the king in the Russian legation, ordering that the heads of five of the murdered ministers be fixed on sticks and exposed.

All telegraph wires from Seoul were then cut and only meager news of the coup was obtainable. It was said that 300 Japanese, 500 Russian marines, 200 Russian and French men-of-war in Jinsen landed detachments of marines, who immediately left for Seoul.

The king is said to have been induced to take this step through a desire to avenge the murder of the queen last October. All the members of the new ministry are said to be connected with the Min family, of which the murdered queen was a member. The Tokio papers attribute the king's actions to the influence of the Russian minister. The Russian embassy, where the king continues to reside, is guarded by 200 Russian marines.

THE "CHRISTIAN CRUSADE."

Ballington Booth Has Named His New Salvation Army Movement and Begun Active Operations.

New York, March 5.—The "Christian Crusade" is the name suggested by Ballington Booth for the new evangelical movement which the former commander of the Salvation Army has pledged himself to lead. The nucleus of the proposed "crusade" is the little band of Long Islanders, the Sea Cliff corps, who deserted in a body, following their officer, Captain Minnie, and on Tuesday sent a telegram to the Booths at Stamford, Conn., asking the privilege of an independent religious body, and inviting their former leader to assume command. Ballington Booth at once telephoned an acceptance, sent a former Salvationist to Sea Cliff to take the churches, and straightway the career of the infant organization began with the hiring of a hall, the one selected being the former barracks of the defunct Salvation Army, Sea Cliff corps. It is said that Ballington Booth will at once establish a paper in opposition to the famous War Cry, and that it will be "undenominational" in all evangelical matters, not limiting itself to the discussion of parody army affairs, but dealing with all cognate subjects.

HOLMES TO DIE MAY 7.

Governor Hastings Signs the Death Warrant of the Multi-Murderer.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 5.—The date for the execution of H. H. Holmes, the convicted multi-murderer, was fixed by Governor Hastings today. He names Thursday, May 7, as the day. The decision of the supreme court affirming the judgment of the lower court was received at the executive department this afternoon and was immediately laid before the governor by Secretary Stone. The governor thought Holmes should have at least sixty days in which to prepare for death, and selected the time accordingly. The death warrant was at once prepared and forwarded to Sheriff Clement, at Philadelphia.

PREPARING FOR A BIG BATTLE.

President Zelaya Confident of Final Success in Crushing the Rebellion.

Managua, Nic., March 5, via Galveston.—The United States steamship Alert arrived at Corinto to-day and will protect American interests here. The troops which Honduras has supplied to President Zelaya will join the government forces in a few days, when another onslaught on the Leon rebels is expected. Preparations are now in progress for a big battle near la Paz, and President Zelaya is confident of final success in crushing the rebellion.

Martial Law in Honduras.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras, March 5, via Galveston.—The government has declared the departments of Tegucigalpa, Paz, Valle, Choluteca, Paraiso, Olancho and Colon under martial law. This step has been taken as a result of the revolution of the Leonists against the government of President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, and a possibility of trouble here.

Great Conflagration in a German Village.

Amsterdam, March 5.—A terrible conflagration has been in progress during the last twenty-four hours at Asperen, South Holland. Several churches, the postoffice and fifty buildings have already been destroyed.

J. J. Frey's Mother Dead.

Topeka, Kas., March 5.—(Special.) J. J. Frey, general manager of the Santa Fe, to-day received a telegram announcing the death of his mother at Seymour, Ind. He left at once for that place.

RIOTING CONTINUES.

ITALIAN CITIES STILL IN WILD DISORDER, WITH MOBS IN CONTROL.

THE CRISPI MINISTRY RESIGNS

WILL REMAIN IN OFFICE UNTIL A NEW MINISTRY IS FORMED.

Turbulent Scenes in the House of Parliament—Officers Compelled to Clear the Galleries—Rain Finally Disperses a Mob That the Police Could Not Move.

Rome, March 5.—The excitement throughout Italy, caused by the defeat of General Baratieri at Adowa on Sunday last by the Abyssinians, with the loss of from 4,000 to 6,000 men killed and wounded, according to generally credited reports, shows little sign of abatement. It is true, however, that the disturbances caused by the news of the great disaster and the consequent display of indignation against the government have been greatly increased by the calling out of the army reserves of the class of 1873, which calls 8,000 additional men into active service. The great majority of these reserves are married men whose families will thus be deprived of their chief or only support for an indefinite period. Thus at Milan and other places, serious rioting has occurred when the reservists were preparing to obey orders, and in many cases they have been prevented by force. Women and children lead the agitation to prevent the reservists from leaving their homes. Railroad cars have been demolished, rails torn up and telegraph wires cut and the police have been beaten and stoned into helplessness. The troops have been called out in Turin and Milan and have freely used sabers and men and women, frenzied with wrath, have thrown themselves on the naked steel of the troops. Large numbers of arrests have been made. The troops have been ordered without delay to barracks or occupying the streets, and night has been turned into day by torchlight processions, imagination meetings, riotous demonstrations and public speeches in front of many of the government buildings.

Rioting in All the Cities.

This is a summary of what has occurred in a greater or lesser degree at Milan, Florence, Turin, Como, Terrara, Bellinzo, Lodi, Verona, Parma, Bergamo, Naples, Brescia, Venice, Ferrara, Palermo, Leghorn and Catania and almost any other town particularly.

The agitation has been spread to the country districts and from all sides come accounts of the burning of municipal records, of bitter denunciation and loud cries for vengeance upon those who have been responsible for the terrible reverse to the Italian arms.

It is true that General Baratieri had committed suicide, turns out to be incorrect, but it would seem as if that would have been the best thing he could do under the circumstances. It is certainly right there was a sharp skirmish only three miles beyond the suburbs of Jessa Tel Monte, a little settlement to which Hawana Tesse retreated and completely made regular traps. There was no "official" report of the affair given out.

CANNON MURDER TRIAL.

Charles Rankin Swears That Cannon Was Murdered by George Stevens in an Independence Residence.

Independence, Kas., March 5.—(Special.) The famous Cannon murder case was begun in the district court yesterday. There was over a supposed attempting and the trial will last over a week. Dennison attorney is said to have a great deal of [illegible] in his case.

Nearly five years ago Cannon was found dead in a room near here. George Stevens, Lillie Wright and Charles Rankin were arrested a couple of months afterward on a charge of having murdered Cannon. Rankin was tried separately, Stevens to be tried last.

Charles Rankin, in exchange for the principal witness for the state, revealed a tale of a conspiracy to murder Cannon. Cannon was lured by a woman to Stevens' house, and Stevens and Wright then shot him in the back of the head. Wright, it was said, hacked the corpse with a hatchet, and then the murder was covered up by the Stevens family.

Rankin said that Wright was told that he was to get $1,000 for his share in the affair.

A CUBAN COMMISSION.

Said to Be Feasible That President Cleveland Will Undertake an Official Investigation.

New York, March 5.—A special to the World from Washington says: It is probable that President Cleveland will send a military commission to Cuba to report on the condition of affairs there. The idea is said to have taken shape in the minds of some of the President's advisers, and it is said that Adjutant General Corbin, Major Marion P. Maus, commanding the Department of the Platte, and Major Joseph P. Sanger, of the Engineer corps, have been talked of as the persons who would be selected for the duty. It is said that the President has had this matter under consideration for some time, and that he would be glad to have some law enacted which would give him the power to dispatch a military force to Cuba if it should be necessary to protect American citizens and property in the island.

The idea of a military commission is said to have received favorable consideration at the hands of Secretary Lamont, who is said to be in favor of the proposed action. It is said that Secretary Lamont has expressed the opinion that the President would be justified in the step, and that the President is said to be in sympathy with the idea. It is said that the President will wait for the report of the Cuban committee of the House of Representatives before taking any action in the matter, and that the report of the committee will be made in a few days. It is said that the President is not in favor of recognition of the Cuban insurgents, but that he is in favor of a military commission to report upon the condition of affairs in Cuba.

HAVANA'S GATES.

Generals Gomez and Maceo Achieve Another of Their Remarkable Successes—General Weyler Outwitted.

Havana, March 5.—Nobody has paid much attention to reports from the field as to operations lately. Washington and Madrid have been the sole centers of interest. Yet, within a few days, Gomez and Maceo have achieved another of their successes, in the face of strong opposing columns, which have made the world wonder how it was done.

General Weyler, apparently believing he had driven them to their strongholds in the everglades of Cienaga de Zapata, has been hurrying thousands of troops into Santa Clara, Sancti Spiritus and Puerto Principe, for remaining the enemy in at that point. But Gomez and Maceo, having left in the everglades hospitals all their wounded, strengthened their forces and marched through Santa Clara, Puerto Principe and San Diego, and then while the Spanish battalions were en route to catch them, they unexpectedly turned west again, slipping past all obstructions with ease, and reached Havana.

Now Gomez is in the heart of Matanzas and Maceo is once more almost in the gates of the capital. Trains have been fired on just beyond the city on Sunday, and Maceo's cavalry rode right there was a sharp skirmish only three miles beyond the suburbs of Jesus Tel Monte, a little settlement to which Hawana Tesse retreated and completely made regular traps. There was no "official" report of the affair given out.

CANNON MURDER TRIAL.

Charles Rankin Swears That Cannon Was Murdered by George Stevens in an Independence Residence.

Independence, Kas., March 5.—(Special.) The famous Cannon murder case was begun in the district court yesterday. There was over a supposed attempting and the trial will last over a week. Dennison attorney is said to have a great deal of [illegible] in his case.

Nearly five years ago Cannon was found dead in a room near here. George Stevens, Lillie Wright and Charles Rankin were arrested a couple of months afterward on a charge of having murdered Cannon. Rankin was tried separately, Stevens to be tried last.

Charles Rankin, in exchange for the principal witness for the state, revealed a tale of a conspiracy to murder Cannon. Cannon was lured by a woman to Stevens' house, and Stevens and Wright then shot him in the back of the head. Wright, it was said, hacked the corpse with a hatchet, and then the murder was covered up by the Stevens family.

Rankin said that Wright was told that he was to get $1,000 for his share in the affair.

JURY CALLS IT SELF-DEFENSE.

Stillwater, O. T., Woman Clared of the Charge of Murdering Her Stepdaughter.

Guthrie, O. T., March 5.—(Special.) In the district court today Mrs. Annie Lade, of Stillwater, was acquitted of the charge of murder for shooting her stepdaughter, Mrs. Emma McHenry, at Topeka, Kas., at Stillwater, last July. At the time of the shooting Mrs. McHenry was in the act of throwing her husband, who was her father, out of the house. The husband was shot and killed, and she shot in self-defense.

CHARGED WITH ASSASSINATION

Five Well Known Citizens Arrested for the Murder of William Wyancoke, Near Guthrie.

Guthrie, O. T., March 5.—(Special.) David H. Mitchell, Al Mitchell, J. H. Hope, Charles Hope and Bert Lewis were all arrested today on indictments returned by the grand jury last night charging them with murdering William Wyancoke, the former who was assassinated in his home and a month ago. Mitchell, Hope and Lewis had a meeting with Wyancoke, but the latter was the sum of money, but the others went to jail. All are well known citizens and the arrest caused a big sensation.

CONTEMPT IN OKLAHOMA.

Judge Dale Declares the New Law Concerning It Unconstitutional.

Guthrie, O. T., March 5.—(Special.) Last winter the legislature passed an act providing that in all cases of indirect contempt of court the person charged with contempt could demand a change of judge and a trial by jury. The first case to come up under this act was that of R. S. Dale, who is charged with contempt for refusing to obey a restraining order keeping him off of a claim he was contesting, and which he had appealed to concerning court. Judge Dale decided he refused to grant Beeves a hearing before another judge, or a trial by jury, and declared the act of the legislature unconstitutional and void, declaring that the legislature had no authority to limit the powers of the judges.

Marysville Counterfeiters Sentenced.

St. Joseph, March 5.—(Special.) James Dragoo was sentenced to three years in the civil penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth to-day by Judge Philips, of the United States court, for counterfeiting. Dragoo was leader of a gang captured at Maryville, Mo. William Anderson was sentenced to eighteen months at the same place, and James White goes to jail for two months for the same offense.

NOW AT VALENCIA.

ANOTHER U. S. CONSULATE IN SPAIN STONED BY A MOB.

POLICE CHARGE THE RIOTERS.

UNIVERSITY CLOSING WAS AN UNAVAILING PEACE MEASURE.

No Official News of the Attack Received in Washington—Undoubtedly Will Have the Effect of Hastening Action on the Cuban Resolutions Monday.

Valencia, March 5.—The disorders which were prevalent here when the news was first received of the action of the United States senate on the Cuban question broke out afresh today, and there were renewed demonstrations of hostility toward the United States. The mob made its way to the United States consulate, which was stoned and the windows smashed by the infuriated populace.

The university here had been closed under orders from the government, as it was feared the students' meetings would be a hotbed for breeding disorders. But this measure proved unavailing, and the police have been kept busy dispersing students' gatherings, mostly all day.

Several attempts were made by disorderly parades to make their way to the United States consulate, but they were frustrated, as the authorities had received special orders to be on the lookout for any demonstration against the property of the United States. Special protection was afforded the building in which the office of the consul is located, with a view to the same end. The mob gathered before the building before the police were aware of what was occurring, and stones began to fly from the crowd, with the result that windows were broken. The crowd was checked on by vigorous charges made by the police from neighboring houses. The police lost no time in clearing the rioters, and the mob was speedily dispersed.

There was no violence indulged in in other parts of the city, the demonstrations being confined to denunciation of the action of the United States government and attempts to make speeches. The orators were not allowed to proceed far before the police drove away their hearers and warned the speakers to desist. A number of arrests were made as a result of the clashes of the orders issued for preserving the peace.

Washington, March 5.—The late hour at which the reports of disorders today in Valencia were received made it impossible to obtain the official information that had been received here in regard to the trouble. The attack will, no doubt, create renewed indignation in congressional circles, and may have the effect of hastening action on the Cuban resolutions when the committee reports them to the senate on Monday. In this, as in the case of the attack on the consulate at Barcelona last Sunday, the Spanish government, it is quite likely, will promptly express to the United States its regret for the occurrence and make a complete disavowal of it. The Spanish minister has not received any advices concerning this latest disturbance.

KING OF SPAIN BURNED IN EFFIGY.

Princeton Students Engage in an Anti-Spanish Demonstration.

Princeton, N. J., March 5.—The undergraduates of Princeton assembled tonight in effigy the king of Spain in a demonstration in which several hundred took part. The king of Spain was dragged through the main street and later was seen to burn in the center of the campus.

Louisville, Col., March 5.—Some most enthusiastic meetings were held here today in the interest of the Bureau of the American Bank of the Spanish-speaking people. Hundreds quickly assembled in front of the Republican headquarters. There was some difficulty in getting a place of meeting, but finally one was secured in the park and six kegs found lodging were placed in the open air. Congressman Cockran was laid upon it. With a rapid chew the wood was soaked and "Columbia" the flag of Spain was supposed to adorn.

ORDER RESTORED IN MADRID.

Police Have Succeeded in Dispersing the Rioters Colleges Guarded.

Madrid, March 5.—Notwithstanding groups of students, armed with clubs, took part in a riotous meeting in Buen Retiro park today, strong forces of police dispersed them. The police are guarding the district near the veterinary college and the medical college.

The authorities have succeeded in dispersing the students, and all is now quiet. It is said that the students disturbances have affected the government very slightly, officials on Saturday were at their posts as usual.

The government has resolved to stop every demonstration.

SPAIN EXPECTS SUPPORT.

Belief Prevails That Eng and France Will Sustain Spain.

Barcelona, March 5.—The universities here, at Valencia and at Granada are closed, in order to prevent the students from making demonstrations against the United States. The excitement, however, has considerably abated, and there is a belief prevailing that Great Britain and France will support Spain against the United States.

MILLIONAIRE TOOTLE MARRIED.

Young St. Joseph Capitalist Weds a Divorced Woman at Manitou, Col.

Manitou, Col., March 5.—J. J. Tootle, of St. Joseph, Mo., and Mrs. E. P. Robinson, of St. Louis, were married at 5 o'clock this evening in the Cliff house parlor, by the Rev.