

THE ARMY ROLLS

Of the South Carolina Patriots Who Fought the British Under

MARION, PICKENS AND SUMTER.

A Document that Should Be of Great Interest to the Descendants of the Gallant Men Led by Partisan Leaders.

The Columbia State from week to week publishes the names of the soldiers in the Revolutionary war, as they have been culled from the quantity of loose documents discovered by Secretary of State Gantt in the State house.

We publish these rolls from week to week as they appear in The State. The second installment follows:

Note—The names beginning with "B" will be held for publication.

Capt. Henry Caffey (or Coffey); lieutenant at Jacksonborough in '79; under Maj. Robert Crawford at Hanging Rock; commissary under Col. Davie; captain under Sumter.

Abner Cain. James Cain, sergeant; dead at close of Revolution.

Michael Cain, Capt. Wm. Baskin's company. James Cain, Capt. John Cowan's company.

John Cains, dead at the close of war. John Caine, given five years pay in lieu of half pay for life by State; under Capt. Wm. McCullough. Col. Neal; lieutenant.

Richard Cain. Patrick Cain. John Calcutt, (of Georgetown) Major.

Robert Calder, under Capt. John Cowan and Jas. Bouchillon. David Caldwell, Capt. Norwood; Pickens.

James Caldwell, sergeant, Col. Thomson's regiment. Capt. James Caldwell, Pickens' brigade; from April 12, 1781, to Dec. 6, 1782, in Capt. John Norwood's company; also service as lieutenant.

James Caldwell, dead at close of Revolution; "South Carolina Independent company." John Caldwell, third, South Carolina Continental regiment.

Dr. John Caldwell, physician attending militia. Joseph Caldwell, Waters' regiment. Joseph Caldwell, Col. Thomson's regiment.

William Caldwell, Col. Waters' regiment. John Calhoun, dead at close of Revolution; Pickens; Capt. Caldwell and John Calhoun's company.

Alex. Calhoun. Capt. John Calhoun, Col. Robert Anderson's regiment, Pickens' brigade.

Thomas Calhoun, Brandon's regiment. Hugh Calhoun. James Calvert, Capt. Joseph Calhoun's company.

Andrew Calver, clerk to commissioners of the navy board. Col. Cambray, "Lieutenant colonel on Continental and full colonel on militia."

Andrew and James Cameron. John Cameron, Capt. Martin's company, Sumter's brigade; lieutenant under Col. Winn.

Joseph Cameron, lieutenant, Col. Winn. John Cammock.

Andrew Campbell; in Georgia under Col. Neal; under Sumter and Henderson. Angus and Anoren Campbell.

Carter Campbell; in 1779 took 600 pounds powder "from on board Capt. Maitland in Georgia."

David and Duncan Campbell. George Campbell, sergeant, Capt. Ross, Col. Mydleton, Sumter.

Gilbert Campbell. Henry Campbell, Capt. John Cowan's company.

Isaac Campbell. James Campbell, Capt. John Irwin; "house burned by Tories;" also under Capt. John Wilson.

James Campbell, Capt. John Cowan. John Campbell, Col. Brandon. Patrick Campbell, Pickens.

Philip Campbell. Robert Miss Campbell, first lieutenant, Second Regiment Light Dragoons; Capt. Moore's company, Mydleton's regiment, Sumter's brigade; also assistant.

Robert Campbell, killed. Thomas Campbell, under Col. Thomas Neel in Georgia.

William Campbell; was at the battle of King's Mountain; also in Capt. Howe's company of Sumter's brigade.

Rich. Cane. John Canmore. George Cannon, Col. McDonald's regiment, Cannon, Col. Waters' regiment, Capt. McGaw's company.

Edward, Henry William, Robert, James, John, Isaac and Adam Cannon. William Cannon, "fifer;" South Carolina Continental line; trumpeter, Col. Hampton's regiment.

Charles Cany, Col. Wm. Richardson. James Cany, (brigadier?) Gen. Marion's brigade.

Josiah Cany, lieutenant. Philip Cany. Samuel Cany, Col. Richardson's company.

Zachariah Cany, assistant to State Commissary Thos. Wade; also under Capt. Chestnut.

Andrew Capello, Continental line. William Capers, lieutenant and captain; dead at close of Revolution.

John Cappard, Continental line. John Caps.

Larkin Carden, under Gen. Sumter and Henderson. Benj. Carey.

Francis Carlsie, private in Capt. Noble's company; lieutenant in Capt. B. Carithers' company, Pickens.

William Carless, sergeant major. Frederick Carr, Marion.

John Carne, apothecary at hospital. Lewis Carns, Col. Maham's regiment.

Robert Carns, from June 25, 1780 under Capt. Hugh White and Lieut. Dreher; lost gun at Sumter's defeat; lost horse in action at Broad River; in 1781 under Lieut. Robinson guard; in 1781 in Col. Kimball's regiment.

Abraham and Edmond Carr. Joseph Carr, Capt. Goodwin's company, Taylor's regiment.

John, Jr., and Robert Carr. William Carr, under Capt. Jacob Barnett and Thomson, and Lieut. Smith.

Wm. Carraway, corporal, Capt. Moore's independent company. Adam Carrick, Capt. Ross, Sumter. Mackay Carithers, Capt. R. Anderson's company, Pickens.

Robt. Carithers, captain, Pickens' brigade, service from 1779 to 1782 as private in the companies of Capt. Anthony Herd, John Calhoun and Wm. Freeman, probably succeeding the latter in the command.

Wm. Carithers, under Capt. Anderson and Carithers. Alexander Carruth, sergeant, Capt. Martin's company, Sumter's brigade. Adam and David Carson.

Wm. Carson (probably killed); widow, Elizabeth. Daniel Carroll, Col. Brandon. Edmond Carroll, driving cattle for Continental army; also in militia. Jacob Carroll.

John Carroll, probably killed at Sumter's defeat. Joseph Carroll, Col. Henry Hampton, Sumter.

Samuel, Thomas and Wm. Carrel. Adam Carson, Capt. John McGaw and Jos. Carson. David Carson, Capt. Jos. Carson, Pickens.

James Carson, lieutenant, Pickens; commanding company on duty Aug. 20, 1782. John Carson, Capt. Jos. Carson's company.

John Carson, Jr. Capt. Joseph Carson, Pickens' brigade; private from Aug. 17, 1781, to Nov. 15, 1781; then promoted to captain.

Samuel Carson, under Capt. Joseph Carlsie and Carithers, Pickens' brigade; also under Capt. Francis Carlsie. Thos. Carson, Capt. Jos. Carson. Wm. Carson, Capt. John and Wm. McGaw's company.

Walter Carson. Joseph Carswell, Capt. John McGaw. Geo. Carswell, sergeant; Capt. Jos. Calhoun and Wm. McGaw.

Churchwell Carter. Dudley Carter, lieutenant. James Carter, lieutenant; dead at close of Revolution.

John Carter, Marion; captain of the "American Scout Company;" Nov. 22, '82; had 70 men Nov. 24, '82. John Carter, Capt. Ross, Sumter. Matthew Carter.

Robt. Carter, Capt. McCowan. Robt. Carter, captain; dead at close of Revolution.

Robert William Carter. Randolph Carter. Samuel Carter, lieutenant. Thomas Carter. William Carter Continental line; sergeant major.

Joseph Cartledge. Edmund Cartledge, surgeon, Col. Samuel Hammond's regiment. Thomas Cary.

Joseph Cary, quartermaster, Col. H. Hampton's regiment. Wm. Cassettee (?).

Arion Casey, Roebuck's regiment. Abner Casey, Pickens. Christer, Casey, Roebuck's regiment.

John Casey. Levi Casey, captain and lieutenant colonel. Peter Casey.

William Casey, Capt. Mapp's company, Pickens. John Caskin, "artificer" to Colleton county regiment.

John Caskey, Capt. Adams' company. Samuel Caskey. Cannon, Willis and William Cason. Benj. John and Henry, Casels.

Jesse Cassity. Peter Cassity, Capt. Chestnut. Zachariah Cassity. Thomas Castiller.

William Castleberry, sergeant, Roebuck's regiment. John Caston, Littleton's Bastion. Aaron Cates, Waters' regiment.

John Catterton, private and captain. John Carter, captain of the "Ewhaw Scouts;" 1779.

Wm. Cater. Henry Cato, lieutenant. James Cato.

William Cato, probably Marion. John Catterton, captain. Abner, Catlet, George, John, Nathan, Richard, Sherard and Zachias Cauley.

William Causey. Benj. Cavil, Roebuck's regiment. Burrell Cooke, Capt. Ross' company, Sumter's brigade.

Cornelius Cook, Capt. Walker's company; probably killed at Sumter's surprise. Daniel Cooke.

Drury Cooke. Elnaham Cook. John Cooke, Pickens' brigade.

John Cook, sergeant, Capt. Rumph's company, under Lieut. Col. W. R. Thomson and Gen. Henderson; also Col. Marshall's regiment.

Capt. John Cook, Col. Taylor's regiment, Henderson's brigade.

Nathaniel Cook, Capt. N. Martin's company, Sumter's brigade. Reuben Cook, Col. Ely Kershaw and John Marshall, continuing in the command of the latter during the year 1781.

Capt. Robert Cook, Marion's brigade. Reuben Cook, Jr. Reuben Cook.

Thomas Cook, Cols. Brandon's and Roebuck's regiments. Warmock P. Cooke, Capt. Hughes' company, Brandon's regiment.

Wilson Cook. William Cook, sergeant, Col. Brandon's regiment. William Cooksey.

John Cooley, Capt. Joseph Johnston's company. Conrad Coon, Col. Taylor's regiment.

Henry Coon, Jr., Capt. Jacob Folsom's company, under Lieut. Col. John Lindsay and Col. Waters. Henry Coon.

John Coon, Capt. John A. Summers' company. Lewis Coon, Col. Taylor's regiment. Uriah Coon.

Jacob Cooney. John Cooney. Ezekiel Cooper, Continental service. Edward Cooper.

Capt. Cooper (Jacob); also served as private in Capt. Geo. Neely's company, under Maj. Adair and Gen. Sumter. George Cooper, lieutenant.

George Cooper, lieutenant, with four British prisoners, taken by Col. Irwin (at Sumter) Aug. 16, 1781. William James Cooper, captured by British.

James Cooper, special quartermaster, appointed by Gov. Rutledge to have charge of stores, etc., at

Edisto; served also as private horseman and in foot service.

James Cooper, Capt. Adam's company. Lacey's regiment. James Cooper; dead at close of Revolution.

Joseph Cooper. John Cooper, Roebuck's regiment; lost horse at Sumter's defeat; was under Capt. Pagan, John Mills and Robert Cooper.

John Cooper, Capt. McBees' company, Roebuck's regiment; also Capt. Adams' company, Lacey's regiment; also prior to fall of Charleston under Capt. John James and Lieut. Samuel James; under Lieut. Wm. Dick and Col. McDonald, Cooper, 1779.

Peter Cooper. Richard Cooper, commissary to Marion's brigade. Capt. Robt. Cooper, under Col. Lacey.

Samuel Cooper, lieutenant, Maham's regiment. Stacy Cooper. Sylvester Cooper, quartermaster. William Cooper, Capt. Mapp and McBees' company, Roebuck's regiments.

William Cooper, lieutenant. William Cooper, Jr. William Cooper, Capt. Adam's company, Lacey's regiment.

William Cooper, Sr. John Copeland, Pickens' regiment. John Copeland, Bratton's regiment. Patrick Coppley; dead at close of Revolution; widow, Elizabeth.

Thomas Curam, engraver for making money. Brinkley Corbett. Daniel Corbett. James Corbett.

Arthur Corbin, wagon conductor for Greene's army. John Cork. Robt. Corkshaddon, Capt. John Cunningham's company of Col. Hill's regiment; also under Lieut. Thos. Henderson, Capt. Garrison and Col. Bratton.

James Cosby, Capt. Anderson. James Costello, Continental line. Robt. Cosby, wounded. Capt. Henry Cotter; was at Hanging Rock, under Maj. R. Crawford. Daniel Cottingham, lieutenant. Danl. Cottingham. Geo. Coutino.

Robert Couch. Robert Coughran, Pickens' Brigade; dead at close of Revolution. William Coughran, Pickens' brigade.

(TO BE CONTINUED.) R reminiscences of Gen. Gordon.

In August, 1865, the writer heard the late Gen. Gordon lecture upon "The Last Days of the Confederacy" at Coogan Grove, N. J. There were 20,000 people present in the vast auditorium, many of whom hardly knew whether to be friendly or hostile to the great leader.

I shall never forget the opening remarks. After the usual preliminaries of addressing an audience, he said, in an intensely attractive and thrilling way: "My countrymen!" With those words he captured his audience and held it spell-bound for two hours.

The lecturer made it of intense devotion to the cause for which he stood, plus his love for the whole united country, were lasting and deep. In the vast audience were many of the Blue and Grey, whose cheers and yells were abundant. The closing part of the speech I will never forget. Some one evidently had questioned the loyalty of the South to the flag. It was an incident that fired the gallant soldier-lecturer. Then, too, there might have been a little home-sickness upon his part for his native Southland, what she would do in case our country was attacked, satisfied the most skeptic. It was an occasion of a life time for many of us. Long before this incident the speaker had caught the inspiration of his vast audience, and it will always seem to me unpremeditated, seizing a large American flag, amid tumultuous cheering, interspersed with the old tiger yell of many a hard fought battlefield.

"We lift aloft this proud banner of freedom and bid universal humanity to catch its inspiration."

The next time I heard Gen. Gordon was Brookville, Penn., during a county teachers' institute. The subject of his lecture was the same. During this evening Gordon spoke of one battle in which men were slain until the dead were several feet high. He said he believed more men were slain in this battle than any other battle during the war, according to the number of men buried. He then said: "I suppose there is no one here who is in this battle." Up arose a tall gentleman, Major MacMurray, and said: "General, I commanded the men you refer to." Both were oblivious to the hundreds present, as they talked as men can who fought one another fiercely. It was graphic in the extreme. The Major's comment afterwards was: "He (Gordon) was not only a fine fellow, but a brave man."

Let me close this narrative with an amusing incident of a Deacon of the church I was pastor of in Brookville, Pa. He drew a large pension from the government. It was generally conceded that the deacon's feelings were hurt more during the war than his body was injured. This good man approached his pastor and said: "I understand you have heard that rebel Gordon." Now, the deacon was always in the front seat in church, until I called upon him to pray. Ever after he was near the door when he was at church. So my reply was: "Deacon, I heard Gen. Gordon was the only man who heard Gen. Gordon and he is not satisfied let me know and I will refund your money." He went, and as usual occupied the front seat. Gen. Gordon spoke of some battles that were won by the Federals. Each incident increased the deacon's enthusiasm until the audience was amused at his actions. The lecturer then mentioned battles which were won by the Confederates. It was a case of quiet, more quiet, then grayward stillness. Gordon turned and slapping him frankly upon the shoulder said: "Shout, comrade! Why don't you shout?"

In both of these cases the gallant soldier made hosts of friends. His devotion to his comrades of the '60's and his country were uplifting to many. All eagerly listened, laughed, cried and cheered during his thrilling lecture—"The Last Days of the Confederacy."

Eight Hundred Killed. The Albanians who were besieging Shemshi Pasa, with 2,500 Turkish troops and the guns, was Thursday reported to be besieged by 20,000 Albanians at Bababosi, have been routed, losing 800 men killed and wounded. The Turkish losses are said to be heavy. Fine additional battalions of troops have been ordered to Verisovich.

SLOT MACHINES.

Except Those Where There is No Element of Chance.

ARE DEAD IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Franchise Tax Bill Passed. Several Other Bills Receive Their Third Reading in the Senate.

At the morning session of the senate Wednesday two bills of much importance were disposed of. The slot machine bill provides with certain amendments that no machines shall be either operated or kept on any one's premises. The exemptions made are as to machines in which the coin put in gets a certain and uniform return and in which there is no element of chance. The other bill is that to take the franchises of corporations, that is, on a basis of the amount of business done. Both of these bills were sent to the house.

As said, the slot machine bill was amended so as to exempt weighing, measuring, musical and vending machines and all machines which give for the coin a certain and uniform return and to which there is no element of chance. Thus it is seen that slot gas and electric meters, telephone booths, shoe lace, chewing gum machines, weighing machines and those of a like kind will not be shut out. The exemptions were made through amendments by Senators Hydrick and Sheppard. The bill also provides that none of the machines not exempted shall be kept on anyone's premises.

There was a very lengthy debate on the bill, some senators wishing to exempt the slot machines indicated, others wishing to kill the use of all and others taking the position that the bill was striking against the rights of the individual. The matter of Chief Boyle's raiding the machines in Charleston was closely linked with the debate.

The immigration bill with its amendments was received by the senate, which concurred in the amendments to the house.

The tax commission's house bill to require corporations to pay annual license fees and to report their statistics to the secretary of state came in for discussion, Senator Rysor wishing the reports to be made to the comptroller general. His amendment was adopted.

Senator Peurifoy opposed the one-half mill tax on the property values of corporations as he was convinced that it would keep out of the State foreign corporations and force some domestic ones to suspend business.

Senator Walker made an expected move when he proposed to kill the bill. He did not think that the State should enforce double taxation and that was what the bill amounted to. John Smith, the merchant, cannot be taxed but if his firm is the John Smith company he is subject to taxation unless protected by "limited liability" which Senator Walker's bill was really meant to do.

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