OFFICIAL

Correspondence Between the Emp ror and President

WASHINGTON, JULY 24.—The state department is again in a waiting attitude regarding China. It has frankly, promptly and fully answered the Chinese emperor, appeal for meddiation and the correspondence given publicity today makes it appear that the next move is for the Chinese government. It is to accept or reject our terms at once, and in either case the answer must convey tidings of the state of affairs in Pekin and the welfare of the legationers. The belief is not concealed here that the chances for successful mediation are slight. Mediation cannot be forced upon a part yto a cause, it must be aceptable to all parties.

If the United States is to mediate in China's interest she must first secure the assent of all of the powers who have suffered in life or property at Pekin. The difficulties in the way of such an undertaking are likely to be many and serious, in view of the exhibition of feeling in Europe. But it is said that the United States will cheerfully undertake the task provided its conditions are met. If it does not succeed in inducing the European powers to be lenient in their treatment of the government of China United States government will not be drawn into further hostilities after we have taken care of our own affairs, but we will withdraw, taking care, however, to let it be understood that this government will not alow its proper interests in China to be injured by the actiol of any of the powers that may choose to remain obdurate.

At least one of the greatest powers is under strong suspicion here of acting cold bloodedly and without regard to sentiment or anything more than the most material of considerations. It is believed here that this power is quietly taking measures to drop out of the league at Tien Tsin and conduct a campaign on its own acount at Treceimillerutcom-a its own account against Pekin, and it is even suspected that this power is already moving troops toward the Chinese capital.

One fact regarded as new beyond need of further demonstration in view of the Chinese appeal is that the Chinese officials at the coast ports are actually in communication with whatever remains of the imperial government at Pekin, and the text of Kwang Sus appeal appears to establish the fact that the Chinese government itself is sanctioning the resistance to the international advance upon Pekin.

The sate department and the Chinese legation substantially agree in the estimate of six to eight days as the time necessary to get a reply to the president's answer to the appeal of the Chinese government. According to the best information here, urgent messages are being transmitted between Pekin and Shanghai by the "flying express" mentioned in Consul Fowler's cablegram a few days ago. This, according to the Chinese, is a relay system of mounted messengers similar to the old pony service across the plains, and is used when the wire communication is interrupted. The relay riders make about 100 miles a day. It is 400 miles from Shanghai to Pekin, and this seems to agree very well with the speed maade in forwarding and returning the Conger message.

Assuming from Shengs dispatch that a movement was on foot on the 18th to get the foreign ministers started from Pekin to Tien Tsin under escort of imperial troops, the state department would not be surprised to get definite news of them from headquarters of the allied forces in a short time. The distance from Tien Tsin to kePinls lotowerTsu from Tien Tsin to Pekin is seventy-five miles and at this season the trip is usually made by road from Pekin to Tong Chou, a point on the Pei Ho rwe ve miles below the capital and the remainder of the way by boat. This trip now would take four days, supposing the escort o fimperial forces met with no resistence from the Bunpents. If the movement from Pekin was made within two days after Shengs information was received, it would be possible that the legationers and their escorts are now in touch with the headquarters of the allies always supposing that nothing serious happened to the party on the road.

WASHINNGTON, JULY 24.—The following correspondence between the president of the United States and the emperor of China was made public by the state department today:

Translation of a cablegram received by Minister Wu, on July 20, 1900, from the taotai of Shanghai, dated July 18, 1900.

"Have received a cablegram from Governor Yuan (of Shan Tung) dated 23d day of this month (July 18th), who, having received from the privy council (at Pekin) a dispatch embodying an imperial letter to the president of the United States, has instructed me to transmit it to your excellency. The imperial message is respectfully transmitted as follows:

"The Emperor of China. To His Excellency, the President of the United States.

"Greeting: China has long maintained friendly relations with the United States and is deeply conscious that the object of the United States is international commerce. Neither country entertains the least suspicion or distrust toward the other. Recent outbreaks of mutual antipathy between the people and Christian missions caused the foreign powers to view with suspicion the position of the people and prejudicial to the missions, with the result that the Taku forts were attacked and captured. Consequently, there has been clashing of forces with calamitous consequences. The situation has become more and more serious and critical. We have just received a telegraphic memorial from our envoy, Wu Tang Fang and it is highly gratifying to us to learn that the Unted States government having in view the friendly relations between the two countries, has taken a deep interest in the present situation. Now China, driven by the irresistable course of events, has unfortunately incurred well nigh universal indignation. For settling the difficulty China places special reliance in the United States. We address this message to your excellency in all sincerety and candidness with the hope that your excellency will devise measures and take the initiative in bringing about a concert of powers for the restoration of order and peace. The favor of a kind reply is earnestly requested, and awaited with the greatest anxiety.

"Kwangshu, 26th year, 6th Moon, 23d day, July 19, 1900.

"It is therefore my duty to transmit the above with the request that your excellency, in respectful obedience of imperial wishes, will deliver the same to its high destination and favor me with a reply.

(Signed.) "YU LIEN YUEN,
("Taotai of Shanghai.")

"Kwonghsu, 26th year, 6th moon, 23 day July 19, 1900."

This cablegram was at once communicated to the president at Canton, Ohio, and the following is the reply:

"The president of the United States.
"To the Emperor of China:

"Greeting: I have received your majesty's message of the 19th of July and and am glad to know that your majesty recognizes the fact that the government and people of the United States desire of China nothing but what is just and equitable. The purpose for which we landed troops in China was the rescure of our legation from grave danger, and the protection of the lives and property of Americans who were sojourning in the enjoyment of rights guaranteed them by treaty and b yinternational law. The same purpose are upblicly declared by all the powers which have landed military forces in your majesty's empire.

"I am to infer from your majesty's letter that the malefactors who have disturbed the peace of China, who have murdered the minister of Germany and a member of the Japanese legation, and who now hold beseiged in Pekin those foreign diplomatists, who will survive have not only not received any favor or encouragement from your majesty, but are actually in rebllion against the imperial authority. If this be the case, I must solemnly urge upon your majesty's government:

"1. To give public assurace whether the foreign ministers are alive, and, if so, in what condition.

"2. To put the diplomatic representatives of the powers in immediate and free communication with their respective governments and to remove all danger to their lives and liberty.

"3. To place the imeperial authorities of China in communication with the relief expeditions so that co-operation may be secured between them for the liberation of the legations, the protection of foreigners and the restoration of order.

"If these are accomplished it is the belief of this government that no obstacles will be found to exist on the part of the powers to an amicable settlement of all the questions arising out of the recent troubles and the friendly good offices of this government will, with the assent of othes powers, be cheerfully placed at your majesty's disposal, for that purpose.

"WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

"July 23, 1900.

"By the President:

"JOHN HAY,
"Secretary of State."

TEXT OF BOXER POSTERS.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Rev. Dr. Fox, of the American Bible Society received a translation of one of the inflammatory posters used by the Boxers. This was forwarded by the Rev. John R. Hykes of Shanghai who received it from Rev. Charles Gammon at Tien Tsin. It is a smample of many varieties of which 200,000 copies were distributed in Tin Tsin city on June 4. Only the prompt arrival of foreign troops prevented a second Tien Tsin massacre. It is as follows:

"Sacred edict.

"Issued by the lord of wealth and happiness.

"The Catholic and protestant religious being insolent to the Gods and extinguishing sanctity, rendering no obedience to Buddhism and enraging both heaven and earth, the rain clouds now lo longer visit us; but 8,000 spirit soldiers will descend from heaven and sweep the empire clear of foreigners. Then wll gentle showers once more watr our lands, and when the tread of soldiers and the clash of steel are heard heralding woes to all of our people, then the Buddhists patriotic league of Boxers will be able to protect the empire and bring peace to all its people.

"Hasten the nto spread the doctrine far and wide; for, if you gain one adherent to the faith your own person will be absoved from future misfortunes. If you gain five adherents to the faith your whole family will be absolved from all evils; and if you gain ten adherents to the faith your whole village will be safe from all calamity. If you gain no adherents you will be decaptitated, for until all the foreigners are exterminated, the rain will never visit us.

"Those who have drunk water from wells poisoned by foreigners should at once make use of the following divine prescription, the ingredients of which are to be swallowed, when the poisoned patients will recover; 'dried back plums, half an ounce; solanum, delcamaral, half an ounce; encomia, half an ounce.'"

A letter was received by Dr. A. Woodruff Hasey from John M. Swan, M. D., dated Canton, July 18. He says that the province of Kwing Tung, of which Canton is the capital, has been ripe for rebellion for a year past. Only the vigorous measures of Li Hung Chang in suppressing piracy and robbery had preserved order. At the moment of writing Dr. Swan says the bodies of eight men were exposed on public places within ten minutes walk of his house. Dr. Swan also said that large quantities of arms and ammunition had been imported at Canton during the past year.

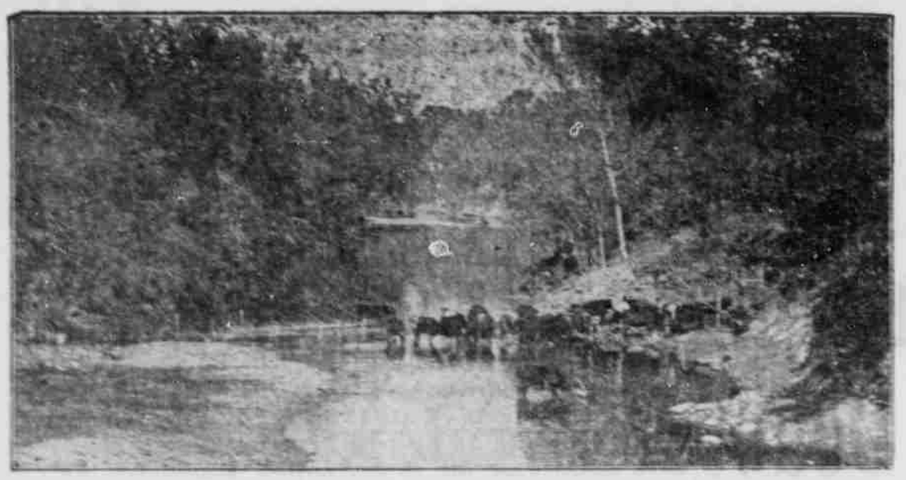
Christian Church, Oklahoma City

Was it a Miracle?

"The marvellous cure of Mrs. Rena J. Stout of consumption has created intense excitement in Cammack, Ind.," writes Marion Stuart, a leading druggist of Muncie, Ind. She only weighed 90 pounds when her doctor in Yorktown said she must soon die. Then she began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and gained 37 pounds in weight and was completely cured." It has cured thousands of hopeless cases, and is positively guaranteed to cure all throat, chest and lung diseases. 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at C. R. Renfro's drug store.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 24.—Zach Phelps, of this city, has sent a letter to George Foster Peabody, chairman of the national committee of the democratic party, which will meet in Indianapolis tomorrow, tendering his resignation as a member of the committee. Mr. Phelps intimates that he will vote the regular democratc ticket on account of the situation in Kentucky, brought about by the killing of Goebel.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are famous little pills for liver and bowel trouble. Never gripe.



Scene on the Cottonwood

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No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, costs you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes. Every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

SEATTLE, JULY 24.—Nome now has a railroad four miles long, running across the Tundra, called the "Wild Goose." Millionaire Lane is the principal owner. Freight is $30 a ton.

First M. E. Church, Oklahoma City

Prize Eating Contest.

"They had an eating contest the other night at Pin Hook schoolhouse."

"Who won?"

"Ben Splutters—he ate nine head of cabbage."

"Didn't it make him sick?"

"No. He just took a spoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. That prevents Stomach Trouble of any kind, they say."

At F. R. Lillie & Co.

FOREIGNERS HAVE TAKEN REFUGE IN A BOMB PROOF BUILDING.

(Copyright 1900, the Associated Press.)

TIEN TSIN, 6 p. m. Sunday, July 15 via. Che Foo, July 17 and Shanghai, July 24—Chinese from the walled city report that the foreigners in Pekin are living, having taken shelter in a bomo proof building. About 7,000 Chinese were engaged in the battle here July 11. More are coming from Pekin.

General Nieh was imprisoned because he opposed making war on the foreigners, but afterwards was released an condition that he fight them. To this he acceded with lukewarmness. After the battle he committed suicide.

A large part of the walled city was burned last night, and today the Chinese held a perfect orgie, plundering, smashing houses, and fighting like demons over stores of silks, furs and jewelry. Hundreds of dead Chinamen along the walls or women and children kiled by shrappel are lying among the smoking ruins.

It is reported that some correspondents have in their dispatches asserted that Gen. Dorward thinks Col. Liscum blundered in taking the Ninth regiment to the right instead of to the left, and that the feeling is strained between the Americans and the British. The fact is that the greatest harmony and cooperation exists Gen. Dorward has asked the names of the Americans to report them for gallantry.

The doctors decided to amputate Lieutenant Leonard's arm. All of the wounded are doing well.

An Epidemic of Diarrhoea.

Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Cocoanut Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy. He he has also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they have ever used. For sale by C. R. Renfro.

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