

PERSONAL.

of Rhome is in the... of Cincinnati is at the... of Taylor is visiting... of Granbury is at the... in the city from the... of Cooper is stopping at... of Paris was at the Lin... Cleburne is stopping... of Galveston is on a... of Weatherford is... of Bowle was at the... Robinson of Vernon is a... a cattleman of Colo... and son of Granbury... of St. Louis is a... of Jefferson is regis... of Danville, Ky., is reg... the boss ranchman of... of Aurora was stopping... the leading merchant of... of Texarkana was... of Austin was at the... of Wichita Falls is... returned from an ex... through Texas... and N. B. Pearce of... and O. J. Jackson of... of Gall was stopping at... of Laredo stopped at... of Dallas registered at... of Buffalo put up at... of Kansas City is reg... of Marshall was reg... and Central yesterday... one of the pioneer... of the West, are in the... and T. J. Young... of Dawson, a most agreeable... of Hilliard, a leading... of Whitney and F. Montgomery... of Tom Green... of Colorado City, came in to... of Patterson and wife, Miss... of Dunman of Coleman, the... of Sojourner Truth.—Sojourner... of the Metropolitan... of New York between 1775 and... of the act of emancipation... of the colored people... of Lincoln, Garrison, Phillips... of the colored people... of the colored people... of the colored people...

IN CONGRESS.

Both Houses Organized Yesterday, and Ready for the Session's Work. Carlisle Elected Speaker—Ochiltree's Solitary Vote for an Outsider. Scenes in the Corridors and Galleries—An Immense Throng. SENATE. Washington, December 3.—The senate was called to order by President pro tem. Edmunds, and prayer offered. The president laid before the senate the credentials of the re-election of Beck to succeed himself, and the oath was administered to Beck, and to Bower, Cullom, Dolph, Frye, Hoar, McPherson, Manderson, Palmer, Pike, Plumb, Sabin, Salisbury and Wilson, the remainder taking the modified oath. The new senators are Pike, Kenna, Gibson, Colquitt, Wilson, Riddleberger, Sabin, Palmer, Cullom, Manderson, Dalph and Bowen. HOUSE. At 12 o'clock Clerk McPherson rapped the house to order, and proceeded to call the roll of representatives. When the state of Mississippi had been reached, the clerk said he wished to make a statement as to his failure to put upon the roll the name of any representative-elect from the Second district. The reason was that no paper that could be considered a certificate of election in the sense of the law had been presented to him. Chalmers had filed four exhibits in support of his claim, but neither individually nor collectively did the exhibits afford the clerk sufficient authority for enrollment. If the governor of Mississippi had issued a certificate of election to any one it had not been presented to the clerk. In regard to the first district of North Carolina, the clerk had not received the certificate of any successor to Poole, deceased. The roll declared 316 members. Nominations for speaker being in order, Geddes said: "I nominate for speaker of this house of the Forty-eighth congress, J. G. Carlisle of Kentucky, a man of acknowledged pre-eminent qualifications for the place." Cannon presented the name of Keifer of Ohio, and Lyman named Robinson of Massachusetts. Morrison, Tucker, Reed and Calkins were appointed tellers. The clerk proceeded to call the roll, with the result as follows: Carlisle 191; Keifer 112; Robinson 2 (James and Lyman); J. S. Wise of Virginia (York); Wadsworth of New York (Ochiltree); Lacey of Michigan 1 (White of Kentucky). The clerk declared Carlisle elected, and Randall and Keifer escorted the gentleman to the chair. Their entrance into the chamber was the signal for loud applause, and the oath of office was administered. Upon taking the chair, Carlisle, after thanking the representatives for the high honor conferred and pointing out the preservation of order more difficult than ever, asked for their co-operation and forbearance. He then said: "I am sure, gentlemen, all matters of legislation presented in this congress will receive from you such careful consideration as the magnitude, character and interest involved require, and your action upon them will be wise, conservative and patriotic. Sudden and radical changes of laws and regulations affecting the commercial and industrial interest of the people ought never to be made unless imperatively demanded by some public emergency, and in my opinion under existing circumstances such changes would not be favorably received by any considerable number of those who have given serious attention to the subject. (Applause.) Many reforms are undoubtedly necessary, and it may be your duty after careful examination of the subject in all its bearings to decide how far they should extend, and in what manner they should be made. (Applause.) If there be any who fear that your action on this or any other subject will actually injure to any interest, or even afford reasonable cause for alarm, I am quite sure they will be agreeably disappointed. (Applause.) What the country has a right to expect is strict economy of administration in every department of the government, just and equal taxation for public purposes, a faithful observance of the limitations of the constitution, and scrupulous regard for the rights and interests of the great body of the people, in order that they be protected, for congress has the power to protect them against encroachments from every direction. Whatever can be done under the circumstances surrounding us to meet this expectation ought to be done, in my judgment. But, gentlemen, without detaining you further, I am ready to take the oath of office prescribed by the constitution and laws, and to proceed to a complete organization of the house." [Applause.] The iron-clad oath was administered by Kelley, the oldest member in continuous service, and Speaker Carlisle then called the house to order. The states were called, and representatives came forward and were qualified. When Kansas was reached, Peters, representative at large from that state, at the request of Springer, stated that the governor of Kansas had forwarded him a petition signed by himself and other state officers and a large number of citizens, protesting against the admission of Peters on the ground that under the constitution and laws of Kansas he is ineligible to hold office. He, however, withdrew the objection, and Peters took the oath. Converse, rising to a question of privilege said the clerk of the house this morning stated that had the cer-

CLEBURNE.

Death of Robert Haley—Other News Items. Special to the Gazette. Cleburne, December 3.—Robert Haley, who, as reported to the GAZETTE, was injured by the stroke on the skull, died last night. The operation of trepanning was performed, but afforded no relief. This morning a post mortem examination was held and showed the injury to have been of a very unusual nature. The surgeons found a mass of clotted blood six inches in diameter and nearly two inches thick which pressed the brain out of position. Three long sutures were discovered going down to the base of the brain, yet with all this the scalp was not broken, nor did it show in the least the place of the injury. The funeral took place this evening, and the remains were followed to the grave by an unusually large number of sorrowing friends. Martin, the man who killed Haley, was taken to Dallas via Fort Worth for security. State Engineer Britton on a special with J. H. Crowley and Bill Temple, passed south to-day. The death of Mrs. B. F. Clayton, the wife of one of the most prominent merchants of Cleburne, occurred this evening. Mrs. W. D. Lockett died last night of puerperal fever. She leaves six small children to the care of her bereaved husband. ST. LOUIS. The Boldest Exploit on Record—Entering a Bar-Room and Robbing Eleven Men. Special to the Gazette. St. Louis, December 3.—There has been great excitement in the western edge of this city for some days past over the exploits of three highwaymen. They have pounced down upon a half-dozen citizens who happened to be out on the street at night. They have met with resistance once or twice, but never failed to get all the money they were looking for, but entirely failed to find the thieves, who have been getting bolder every night. Late Saturday evening they capped the climax of devilry by going to a saloon on Florissant avenue and robbing it and all the inmates. There were ten men and the bar-keeper in the house. One robber kept guard outside, while the other two went in, drew their revolvers, and made the eleven men stand up in line. One of them covered the crowd, while the other searched their pockets. They got watches, jewelry and money to a small amount, and then robbed the bar, taking a box of good cigars and a couple of bottles of liquor, with all the money in the till. The neighborhood is not very thickly populated, but the proceeding was a very bold one. None of the men were any mask or made the slightest attempt at concealment. Evidently they were not at all afraid they would ever be caught, as they can be certainly identified. Base Ball vs. Lecturing. To the Gazette. The heretic Shaw gave two very interesting lectures at the opera house Sunday, the 2d inst. Both were well attended. The night audience numbered between four and five hundred persons. Monday's GAZETTE refers to the event thus: "Rev. J. D. Shaw lectured to a fair audience last night at the opera house." This is all it had to say about two intellectual entertainments on the Lord's day, but a match game of base ball on the same day, between the Dallas Brown Stockings and the Fort Worth Nationals at the race track, witnessed by a like number of people, was given a solid column of details. Also that the Nationals were to go to Dallas for another frolic next Sunday. The paucity of the platform reference and the publicity of the gymnastic mention may prejudice the aesthetes of the GAZETTE. Or it may symbolize its discrimination as to the persistency of odium theologianum. Well knowing peradventure that a proxy account of muscular Sabbath-breaking would excite amongst religionists little content, whereas a generous attention to a demonstration for mental liberty, for the overthrow of broad thinking, would arouse in the same class the worst passions of the human heart! I have no word of disapproval for any healthful athletic exercise; nor have I any respect for days. I am only pointing to this circumstance as one of the many glaring inconsistencies of an emotional faith. During the "dark age," and on a par with this, the schedule of fees for Romish indulgences to keep a soul out of purgatory taxed ten shillings and six pence for sacrifice, but only seven shillings and six pence for killing a layman. PRESIDENTS. Office of the Fort Worth & Denver City Railway Company. Ft. Worth, Tex., Nov. 1, 1883. The regular annual meeting of the directors, and also the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Fort Worth & Denver City Railway company will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Fort Worth, on the second Tuesday in December, 1883, for the election of a board of directors and such other business as may properly come before it. By order of the board of directors. W. A. ROSS, Secretary. Announcement to the Public. The Cafe, corner Third and Houston, will be open all night in future, where all in want of a good supper can satisfy the inward man. Horseshoeing. Mr. George Eitelman, who has been established here four years, has associated with him Prof. S. Bowles in above business. The professor has taken a full course of lectures on the foot and mouth of the horse, at the Veterinary college, Toronto, Canada. He has for the past four years been engaged in all kinds of track shoeing and treating all kinds of diseased feet. Charges reasonable; work guaranteed, or money refunded. Have your lame horses examined at corner Sixth and Main streets. Two wealthy Newport widows are suing William Brophy for breach of promise. DISTRICT COURT. Apportionment of the Civil Jury Docket for the Thirtieth Week of the September Term, 1883, and Resolutions. At a bar meeting held in the district court room this day, it was agreed as follows: First, That the non-jury docket be not called any more this term, unless cases be taken up by consent of parties. Second, That the criminal docket be taken on the first day of December, 1883, and continued until the end of the term, or until said docket is disposed of, etc. MONDAY, DEC. 10, 1883. No. 284, Chas. Morin vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 285, Damaz Morin vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 286, Edball, VanZandt & Co. vs. B. D. Burdick. 287, Tidball, VanZandt & Co. vs. Carver Gin Co. 288, T. M. Westbrook vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 289, A. S. Nicholson vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. TUESDAY, DEC. 11, 1883. 287, T. M. Westbrook vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 288, A. G. Riddleman vs. C. H. Riddleman. 289, Lewis Redeker vs. Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad. 290, John W. Redeker vs. Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad. WEDNESDAY, DEC. 12, 1883. 274, E. L. White vs. L. N. Brunwig & Co. 275, E. L. White et al. vs. L. N. Brunwig & Co. 287, S. B. Hamilton and wife vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. THURSDAY, DEC. 13, 1883. 285, Harrison Machine Co. vs. J. G. Heizer et al. 281, G. L. Tally & Co. vs. Wilson & Morrison. FRIDAY, DEC. 14, 1883. 278, J. W. Mitchell & wife vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 282, A. E. Cookson vs. A. G. Walker et al. 273, B. M. Johnson vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. SATURDAY, DEC. 15, 1883. 285, M. Half & Bro. vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 286, Jane Davis et al. vs. M. G. Ellis et al. 289, C. T. Herring vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 281, Schneider & Davis vs. B. Boaz & Co. 282, Schneider & Davis vs. Boaz & Co. 283, Schneider & Davis vs. B. Boaz et al. 277, Scout Miller vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, this Dec. 3, 1883. J. M. HANSTREED, Clerk District Court.

FOREIGN.

IRELAND. CARDINAL M'CARTHY'S PASTORAL. Dublin, December 3.—A pastoral of Cardinal M'Carty strongly denounces secret societies, which he says seem to possess a fatal charm for Irishmen, ending generally with a "hangman's rope or the infamy of an infidel." "GOD SAVE IRELAND." Mexico, December 3.—A mob last evening attacked the theater in which evangelical services were being held, and attempted to burn the building. The mob took possession of the town, broke the windows of the Protestant church and of nearly all houses occupied by Protestants; the dresses of the ladies who attended service at the church and theater were torn off and gentlemen accompanying them stoned. Several were injured severely. The mob paraded the streets several hours, singing, "God save Ireland." A PRIEST STONED. Dublin, December 3.—Father M'Carty was stoned while passing through the Orange quarter at Newry. ANOTHER INFORMER. Dublin, December 3.—A prominent inviolable undergoing penal servitude offers to give important testimony against fourteen men, whose trial begins to-day for the murder of Mrs. Smythe near Collinstown in April, 1882. THE O'DONNELL VERDICT. London, December 3.—All the newspapers endorse the O'Donnell verdict. MEXICO. RAILWAY EXTENSION. Mexico, December 3.—The Mexican National railway is opened to the public to San Miguel, extending 254 miles from here. SPAIN. AN INSURRECTIONARY PLOT. Barcelona, December 3.—An insurrectionary plot was discovered in the garrison here. Five officers were sent to Madrid. The officers of the Leridga garrison sleep in the barracks, owing to rumors of a demonstration upon the French frontier. ENGLAND. WAREHOUSES BURNED. Liverpool, December 3.—Several warehouses here, in which were stored large quantities of cotton, hemp and sugar, burned to-day. Damage, £50,000. O'DONNELL'S DAY OF DEATH. London, December 2.—O'Donnell will be hanged on the 17th of December. MANITOBA. REDUCTION OF WAGES. Winnipeg, December 3.—A general reduction has been made in the wages of the Canada Pacific. The boiler-makers struck and refused to return under the new tariff. This seriously affects the company, as cold weather necessitates frequent repairs to engines, and it is thought probable a compromise will be made. THE HOMESTEAD BELT. Winnipeg, December 3.—Satisfaction is expressed here at the conciliatory measures adopted by the dominion government in opening the mule belt and other reservations to homesteadings. Disinterested Advice to a Young Lady. (Cincinnati Enquirer.) Mary Anderson, it is said, will attempt to play Lady Macbeth in London. Better come home first, Mary, and try it on an audience in the oil regions. DISTRICT COURT. Apportionment of the Civil Jury Docket for the Thirtieth Week of the September Term, 1883, and Resolutions. At a bar meeting held in the district court room this day, it was agreed as follows: First, That the non-jury docket be not called any more this term, unless cases be taken up by consent of parties. Second, That the criminal docket be taken on the first day of December, 1883, and continued until the end of the term, or until said docket is disposed of, etc. MONDAY, DEC. 10, 1883. No. 284, Chas. Morin vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 285, Damaz Morin vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 286, Edball, VanZandt & Co. vs. B. D. Burdick. 287, Tidball, VanZandt & Co. vs. Carver Gin Co. 288, T. M. Westbrook vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 289, A. S. Nicholson vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. TUESDAY, DEC. 11, 1883. 287, T. M. Westbrook vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 288, A. G. Riddleman vs. C. H. Riddleman. 289, Lewis Redeker vs. Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad. 290, John W. Redeker vs. Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad. WEDNESDAY, DEC. 12, 1883. 274, E. L. White vs. L. N. Brunwig & Co. 275, E. L. White et al. vs. L. N. Brunwig & Co. 287, S. B. Hamilton and wife vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. THURSDAY, DEC. 13, 1883. 285, Harrison Machine Co. vs. J. G. Heizer et al. 281, G. L. Tally & Co. vs. Wilson & Morrison. FRIDAY, DEC. 14, 1883. 278, J. W. Mitchell & wife vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 282, A. E. Cookson vs. A. G. Walker et al. 273, B. M. Johnson vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. SATURDAY, DEC. 15, 1883. 285, M. Half & Bro. vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 286, Jane Davis et al. vs. M. G. Ellis et al. 289, C. T. Herring vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. 281, Schneider & Davis vs. B. Boaz & Co. 282, Schneider & Davis vs. Boaz & Co. 283, Schneider & Davis vs. B. Boaz et al. 277, Scout Miller vs. Texas & Pacific railroad. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, this Dec. 3, 1883. J. M. HANSTREED, Clerk District Court.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York, December 3.—Money easy at 2 1/2%. Prime mercantile paper 30/64. Starting exchange, unchangeable bills, firm at 45 1/2%. Consols, 107 1/2-108. Three per cent. bonds—107 1/2. Railway securities firm; Northwestern debentures active and higher, 97 1/2-100; market for stocks and advanced prices in the early part of the day, however, a weaker tone set in and lower figures prevailed during the remainder of the day. The closing prices ranged from 107 1/2 to 108 1/2. There were rallies at intervals, extending at one time from 107 1/2, but the market left irregularly at lower figures. The day as compared with Saturday's close, prices were down 1/2 to 3/4; Northwestern preferred was exceptionally strong, rising to 107 1/2-108. STOCKS. Denver & Rio Grande..... 24 Houston & Texas Central..... 22 Kansas & Texas..... 21 Missouri Pacific..... 20 Texas & Pacific..... 20 New Orleans. MONEY. NEW ORLEANS, December 3.—Slight on New York at post, starting 11.14 at 100/100. NEW ORLEANS. December 3.—COTTON.—Spot closed quiet and unchanged. Sales 1,000. Closing quotations: Ordinary..... 8 11-16 Good ordinary..... 9 1-16 Low middling..... 9 3-16 Middling..... 9 5-16 Good middling..... 10 3-16 Middling Fair..... 10 11-16 Futures closed quiet. Sales 24,000. Closing quotations: December..... 10 15-16 January..... 10 10-16 February..... 10 10-16 March..... 10 10-16 April..... 10 10-16 May..... 10 10-16 June..... 10 10-16 July..... 10 10-16 August..... 10 10-16 September..... 10 10-16 GALVESTON, December 3.—COTTON.—Spot closed quiet and unchanged. Sales 1,000. Receipts, net, 8,500; gross 9,512; exports, foreign 1,000; cont'd 1,300; coastwise 1,811. Stock 102,000. Closing quotations: Ordinary..... 8 3-16 Good ordinary..... 8 5-16 Low middling..... 8 7-16 Middling..... 8 9-16 Good middling..... 9 3-16 Middling Fair..... 9 10-16 Futures closed barely steady. Sales, 1,000. Closing quotations: December..... 10 10-16 January..... 10 10-16 February..... 10 10-16 March..... 10 10-16 April..... 10 10-16 May..... 10 10-16 June..... 10 10-16 July..... 10 10-16 August..... 10 10-16 September..... 10 10-16 NEW YORK, December 3.—COTTON.—Spot closed quiet and unchanged. Sales 25. Ordinary..... 8 1/2 Good Ordinary..... 8 3/4 Low Middling..... 8 1/4 Middling..... 8 1/2 Good Middling..... 8 3/4 Middling Fair..... 8 1/2 Futures closed quiet. Sales, 6,000. December..... 10 5/8 January..... 10 5/8 February..... 10 5/8 March..... 10 5/8 April..... 10 5/8 May..... 10 5/8 June..... 10 5/8 July..... 10 5/8 August..... 10 5/8 September..... 10 5/8 LIVERPOOL. LIVERPOOL, December 3.—Cotton.—Spot closed dull, easier and unchanged. Middling ordinary..... 5 1/2-6 Orleans..... 6 1/2-6 Sales 10,000; American 7,500. For export and speculation 1,000. Imports 13,000; American 8,500. Futures closed in buyer's favor, partly one point lower. ST. LOUIS. PRODUCE. ST. LOUIS, December 3.—FLOUR.—Weak, but not lower. WHEAT—Lower; closed firm; No. 3 red 1 1/2-1 3/4; cash 1 1/2-1 3/4; December 1 1/2-1 3/4; 1883-84 1 1/2-1 3/4; closing at latter figure. CORN—Active and higher; 6 1/2-6 3/4; cash 6 1/2-6 3/4; February 6 1/2-6 3/4; May 6 1/2-6 3/4; OATS—Cash and lower; options higher; 2 1/2-2 3/4; cash 2 1/2-2 3/4; December 2 1/2-2 3/4; 1883-84 2 1/2-2 3/4; closing at latter figure. PROVISIONS. WHEAT—Steady at 1 1/4. COEN MEAL—Firm at 2 1/2. MEAT. PORK—Lower; old mess 13 1/2; new lard sold 13 1/2. BEEF MEAT—Easy; carlots lower; shoulders 9 1/2-10; long clear 6 1/2-7; short ribs 6 1/2-7; short clear 6 1/2-7; according to age. LARD—Quiet at 8 1/2-8 3/4. LIVE STOCK. CATTLE—Receipts 1,100; market active and firm; exports 6,000; heavy shipping 3 1/2-4; light 3 1/2-4; butchers 4 1/2-5; stockers and feeders 4 1/2-5; Texas steers 4 1/2-5; calves 3 1/2-4. HOGS—Receipts 1,100; market steady; common to medium 2 1/2-3; fat to good 2 1/2-3; prime to fancy 3 1/2-4. PROVISIONS. NEW YORK, November 30.—FLOUR—Quiet. WHEAT—Spot options opened 1/2-1/2 lower; received 1 1/2-1 3/4 then easier again; No. 3 red 1 1/2-1 3/4; No. 2 red 1 1/2-1 3/4. CORN—Steady; 1 1/2-1 3/4; better; options opened 1 1/2-1 3/4; received 1 1/2-1 3/4; closing weak at 1 1/2-1 3/4. COFFEES—Options 35 points lower. NEW ORLEANS. PRODUCE. NEW ORLEANS, December 3.—COEN —Fair demand; white higher 7 1/2; yellow 8 1/2. OATS—Higher and easier, 30/64. PROVISIONS. FLOUR—Quiet and steady; family 4 1/2-4 3/4; high grades 4 1/2-4 3/4. MEAL—Easier at 2 1/2-2 3/4. PORK—Steady with fair demand at 13 1/2. LARD—Steady; tierce refined 8 1/2; keg 8 1/2. BEEF MEAT—Good demand; shoulders 9 1/2-10; long clear 6 1/2-7; short ribs 6 1/2-7; short clear 6 1/2-7; according to age. HAMS—Choice sugar-cured steady at 16. WHISKY—Steady; Western rectified 1 1/2-1 3/4. COFFEES—Steady with fair demand; common to prime 10/64. SUGAR—Firm, unchanged; common to good common 4 1/2-5; fair to fully fair 5 1/2-6; prime to choice 5 1/2-6; yellow clarified 6 1/2-7; white clarified 7 1/2-8. MOLASSES—Dull and lower; centrifugal 18 1/2-20; common 20-22; fair 22-24; prime to choice 24-26. RICE—Steady, good demand; ordinary 10 to choice 14-16. HAMS—Fair demand and strong at 16. COTTON SEED OIL—Prime crude, 34; summer yellow 4. PRODUCE. HAY—Choice in fair demand at 17 1/2-18. KANSAS CITY PRODUCE. KANSAS CITY, December 1.—WHEAT—Weak; cash 8 1/2-8 3/4; January 8 1/2-8 3/4; February 8 1/2-8 3/4; March 8 1/2-8 3/4; April 8 1/2-8 3/4; May 8 1/2-8 3/4; June 8 1/2-8 3/4; July 8 1/2-8 3/4; August 8 1/2-8 3/4; September 8 1/2-8 3/4. CORN—Lower and weaker; cash 2 1/2-2 3/4; December 2 1/2-2 3/4; 1883-84 2 1/2-2 3/4; closing at latter figure. OATS—Nominal; high 7 at 2 1/2. LIVE STOCK. KANSAS CITY, December 1.—CATTLE—Receipts 700; market weaker and shade lower; native 1 1/2-1 3/4; Colorado half breeds steady 1 1/2-1 3/4.

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