

WAR CLOUDS.

Turkey is Anxious for an English Alliance but Fears the Gladstone Ministry.

The British Marching into Afghanistan from the South and the Russians from the North.

England Regards Komaroff's Explanation as Inadequate—War Only a Matter of Time.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN.

Turkey Anxious for an English Alliance.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 13.—The Afghan news has greatly excited all classes. Two days ago war was looked upon as certain, and the idea prevailed among the natives and foreigners that Russia might be expected to make a dash for the Bosphorus and at any moment the British fleet might appear in the Dardanelles. Nothing is as much talked about as the prospects of an Anglo-Turkish alliance. The sultan hesitates to adopt any positively compromising attitude, being unwilling fearlessly to trust England without some proof of the reality of the British friendship before incurring the enmity of Russia. The press agents consequently received instructions to spread the idea in foreign journals that Turkey will preserve neutrality in case of war. Nevertheless the Associated Press correspondent is assured from a strong quarter that Turkey will join England should war occur, being compelled to do so by force of circumstances.

Gen. Komaroff's id not being followed by the present opinion among foreign diplomats is that matters may be arranged for the present with the usual Gladstone timidity, but all think that the struggle can only be deferred. The Turkish feeling generally is in favor of an alliance with England. The Turkish army and navy are longing for war. Indeed, the Turkish officers and men of either service are burning to repay Russia for the sufferings produced by the last struggle. The Circassian officers are particularly excited at the prospect of another campaign on the Armenian frontier, and there is talk about the capture of Baku, at which place Russia is very busy.

A shipmaster just arrived from there reports the continual arrival of military stores and the construction of new redoubts.

Speaking generally, the average Turkish idea is that, without an alliance with England, they are lost, yet so rudely shaken has their faith been in England on account of the Egyptian business that they cannot bring themselves to credit the British government with any good intentions on their behalf.

The America Purchased by England.
NEW YORK, April 13.—An employee of the National line of steamships states that the English government has bought the America outright, paying \$2,500,000 for her.

The Chances of Peace Decreasing.
LONDON, April 13.—The Russian explanation of the battle does not seem to increase the feeling that there will be no war. On the contrary, the general opinion upon the streets seem to be that the action of Russia since that battle, has largely decreased the chances of a peaceful settlement of the difficulties.

Conflicting Reports of the Penjdeh Affair.
LONDON, April 13.—Premier Gladstone in the house of commons this afternoon stated that the government upon the receipt from Russia of Gen. Komaroff's explanation of the Penjdeh incident had telegraphed to Sir Peter Lumsden for information as to the correctness of the Russian commander's justification of his conduct in attacking the Afghans. Premier Gladstone also announced that the government had received a full report of the communications which had passed between Earl Dufferin, the British viceroy of India, and Abdurrahman Khan, the ruler of Afghanistan, in the council recently had between them at Rawul-Pindie. The communications, the premier added, were entirely satisfactory. Explaining the delay of the government in reaching a final decision with Russia, Mr. Gladstone said that the reports of the Russian officers who took part in the Penjdeh battle and those of the English officers who witnessed the engagement differ so materially in substance that the government felt obliged to make an independent inquiry. This was proceeding now and the government was doing everything in its power towards ascertaining the facts.

Sir Peter Asked for the Facts.
LONDON, April 13.—Instructions have been telegraphed to Sir Peter Lumsden to transmit to London as quickly as possible his report and that of Capt. Yates of the conflict on the Kushk river.

At the various military and naval stations preparations for war continue to be vigorously pursued.

Russia Refuses to Yield an Inch.
The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from Berlin which states that Russia refuses to yield an inch of the territory she has occupied on the Afghan frontier, and that the czar intends to express his approval of Gen. Komaroff's action by appointing him commander-in-chief in Turkestan.

Komaroff Further Explains.
ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—The Official Messenger to-day publishes a further communication from Gen. Komaroff regarding the recent battle between the Russians and Afghans on the Kushk river. He asserts in this telegram that the menacing attitude of the Afghans in advancing so closely to his lines and occupying several available positions together with the refusal of the Afghan commander to pay any attention to his protests, made

him expect that the Afghans contemplated a night attack on his lines.

Russia's Armaments Busy.
The imperial armaments at Kronstadt and elsewhere are being worked to their utmost capacity, preparing field and siege artillery, small arms and ammunition for immediate service.

How the Penjdeh Conflict Arose.
A rumor is current that the recent conflict between the Russians and Afghans arose in the following way:

The officers stationed at the Afghan outpost invited some Russian officers on the other side to breakfast. The Russians were unable to accept the invitation, but they sent an invitation to the English officers. The latter accepted, and stayed in the Russian camp till late at night, and then asked for an escort. General Komaroff disguised some of his officers as privates to accompany the escort with the object of obtaining news of the Afghan forces. When the escort arrived at the Afghan camp one of the Russians was observed taking notes in his pocket-book. The Afghans tried to take away the book. A struggle ensued and a shot was fired, from which side is not known. The Russians hurried back to their camp and the Russian troops were called to arms and advanced against the Afghans the next morning.

Movement of the Channel Fleet.
KINGSTOWN, IRELAND, April 13.—The British men-of-war, Neptune and Sultan, have gone to Portsmouth to receive equipments. The other vessels of the channel fleet have gone to Queenstown.

Marching into Afghanistan.
BOMBAY, April 13.—The troops are moving toward Quetta as rapidly as the transport facilities will allow. The Second and Fourth army corps have been ordered to be placed on a war footing.

Abdurrahman Worked by Dufferin.
RAWUL-PINDIE, April 13.—There was not a single hitch in the whole course of the negotiations between the ameer and the viceroy of India. The ameer has great belief in the natural defensive strength of Afghanistan to repel Russia. He believes that the Komaroff incident will set the whole country against the Russians. The peaceful aspect of affairs at Cabool is a convincing proof of the stability of the ameer's rule. Before his departure Sunday the ameer was invited by Viceroy Dufferin with the grand cross of the star of India. In addressing the officers present at the ceremony he expressed a confident hope of the continual friendship between Afghanistan and India. The ameer, also said, that while Afghanistan would welcome British and Indian help, the Afghans would be able to repel Russia.

Russia Advancing From the North.
LONDON, April 13.—Advices from Tiraspol state that news has been received there that the Russians are advancing in the direction of Penjdeh. The London papers comment upon this telegram as showing the value of Russian assurances. They say there is no reason why the Russians should not soon be under the wall of Herat. One noticeable point of Gen. Komaroff's statement is that the English encouraged the Afghans. "It is against us," says the Telegraph, "that the Russian advance is now directed."

Chief of the Staff of the Russian Army.
ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—It is reported that Lieut.-Gen. M. Obrutcheff, chief of the general staff of the imperial army, is about to proceed to Merv to assume command of all the military operations in Turkestan and Afghanistan. Gen. Obrutcheff is known as the conqueror of Munkhtar Pasha, whom he defeated at Aladja Dagh after a pitched battle lasting two days in October, 1877.

Watching Herat.
LONDON, April 13.—Sir Peter Lumsden has occupied a strong position at Terraput. He is believed now to be able to prevent the Russians from attempting a coupe-de-main in the direction of Herat.

The government has ordered the transformation of the steamship Oregon into a man-of-war instead of a troop ship, as first intended.

Komaroff's Explanation Inadequate.
Gen. Komaroff's explanation is regarded as inadequate in official circles. Earl Granville, the British foreign minister, immediately after adjournment of to-day's cabinet, had interviews with Fehmi Pasha, the special envoy from Turkey, and Count Karoly, the Austrian ambassador.

The French ministers at London, St. Petersburg, Berlin and Vienna, have been ordered to remain at their posts during the Afghan crisis.

The Russian Hero.
ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—Gen. Komaroff is already called the conqueror of the Afghans. Every one is elated at his success, and considers the affair a reverse for England.

In Parliament.
LONDON, April 13.—Mr. Gladstone stated in the house of commons this evening that Gen. Komaroff's report of the recent battle between the Russians and Afghans had been telegraphed to Sir Peter Lumsden, but no reply has yet been received from the British commissioner.

"Russia had," the premier added, "failed to answer the material points of England's communication sent on the day of the receipt of the news of the battle."

The Earl of Salisbury, leader of the conservative peers, in the house of lords, this evening asked the government if they had learned of the report that there was another engagement between the Russians and Afghans yesterday, and if the government knew whether the report was true or not.

Earl Granville, foreign minister, answered that they had nothing to add to the official statements made by Mr. Gladstone in the house of commons.

EVERY first-class dealer sells Opera Puff Cigarettes. Will not stick to the lips. (4)

BURIED ALIVE.

Continued from First page.

Firemen and all available ambulances were summoned. The Roosevelt hospital ambulances were the first on hand and carried away nine of the wounded men. Four hook and ladder companies set to work to remove the debris. A large gang of workmen was pressed into service and in fifteen minutes the labor of rescue was well under way. Night had set in before the efforts were relaxed.

Nearly two hours later groans came from a man caught in an upright position between many crossing timbers and held fast. He was extricated with difficulty. Then the digging was resumed under strong calcium lights.

At midnight seventeen persons, several of them very seriously wounded, had been taken from the ruins and six others are missing.

GEN GRANT.

A Quiet Day, Without Material Change.

THE MORNING BULLETIN.
NEW YORK, April 13.—At 8:45 this morning the following bulletin was issued:

"Gen. Grant slept in his chair from midnight until 6:30 a.m. He was disturbed occasionally by attacks of coughing with expectation. He seemed expressing himself as feeling quite comfortable. He has just taken his nourishment without pain and is resting quietly. His pulse is 72, his temperature normal."

THE PATIENT WEAKER.

Senator Chaffee left the house at 9:15 a.m. He stated that the disease was spreading. The senator was with Gen. Grant an hour. He experienced some pain this morning attending the taking of his food. The cancer in his throat is spreading. The general seemed weaker than yesterday and during the hour of the senator's call the patient coughed only once, and then the expectation of mucus was accomplished without difficulty. So long as the general was nourished, the senator thought, he would survive until death resulted from the gradual course of the cancerous disease.

ANOTHER STRIKE.

The Missouri Car and Foundry Men Quit Work.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 13.—A large number of the employees of the Missouri Car & Foundry company at St. Louis, held a meeting to-night and appointed a committee to wait on the superintendent of the works and lay their grievances before him. Their wages have been cut from five to twenty-five per cent, and most of them have quit work.

They say they will not resume work until their wages are restored, but the prospect is that the company will not accede to their demands, and a formal strike will be the result.

GAINESVILLE.

The Gun Club's Saturday Shoot.

GAINESVILLE, TEX., April 12.—The match shoot between the members of the gun club yesterday resulted as follows:
First match—Both barrels, 5 birds at eighteen yards rise; \$12 entrance. First money, 40 per cent; second money, 40 per cent. Stuart, 4; Brown, 3; Parkerson, 3; Dustin, 0; Poland, 1; Chambers, 0; Cottraux, 0; Sprague, 4; Tyler, 3.
Second match—Holding gun anywhere except to the shoulder; eighteen yards rise, twenty yards boundary, one barrel, five birds each; entrance, fifty cents. First money, 60 per cent; second money, 40 per cent. Cottraux, 3; Stuart, 3; Poland, 4; Brown, 6; Dustin, 2; Sprague, 1; Chambers, 2; Parkerson, 2; Tyler, 2.

THE ISTHMUS TROUBLE.

The Transit is Open and the Situation Unchanged.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Admiral Jonett telegraphed to Secretary Whitney to-day from Colon as follows:

"The situation on the isthmus is unchanged. Trains run across regularly, without molestation."

It is a general opinion among the officers on duty at the navy department that the marines, who were recently sent from New York, will leave Aspinwall on their return home within two weeks.

The officers apprehend no further difficulty, and say it is useless to keep up so large a force on the isthmus, unless the rebels show signs of continuing their devastations. Should the marines return, Admiral Jonett will still have a force of about six hundred men to protect American interests.

AUSTIN.

Strong Indications That the Governor Will Veto the Land Bill.

AUSTIN, TEX., April 13.—The land bill does not become a law until twenty days after the adjournment of the legislature without the governor's signature. The indications are daily growing stronger that it will be vetoed. Telegrams and letters are pouring in inquiring about its disposition, and the demand seems to be universal that the governor shall veto it. Land Commissioner Walsh has prepared a protest against almost every feature of the bill, which he will present to Gov. Ireland as a private citizen.

Chartered: THE GAZETTE company of Fort Worth, Capital stock \$50,000.

Under the new penalitary law three commissioners are to be appointed in place of the old board,

which consisted of two commissioners and the governor. These officers have not yet been designated.

About \$50,000 is due this month from lessees of the school lands.

The interest on county bonds held by the school fund was due April 10, but few counties have yet made returns.

Superintendent Baker has received application for normal schools in the Second, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-ninth senatorial districts, and for colored normals in the First, Second and Third congressional districts.

Comptroller Swain left for Paris yesterday to attend the meeting of the Knights Templars and the rest of the department chiefs follow on Saturday.

LAREDO.

A Society Lady Leaves Town Sans Ceremonies—Wool Coming In.

LAREDO, TEX., April 13.—A well known society young lady started for church last Sunday morning, but failed to return at the usual time. A search was instituted, which failed to discover her whereabouts in the city. Telegrams were then sent in all directions. This evening a dispatch was received from San Antonio notifying her parents of her presence there.

Fernando Mendez, one of a gang of noted sheep stealers, was brought in from Encinal county to-day.

Brasile Arrendondo and three others are being examined here to-day. They are the parties who made the attack on Justo Canna's ranch, mention of which was made in THE GAZETTE at the time.

Wool is coming in rapidly now. A small lot was sold here to-day at 11 1/2 cents medium quality; 13 1/2 cents rules for all over medium.

LONGVIEW.

A Hotel Runner to Sue the Texas and Pacific.

LONGVIEW, TEX., April 13.—For some time past Mr. Pearl, one of the proprietors of the Whitworth house, and its runner, has been going to Hallville and returning on No. 1, distributing his hotel dodgers and selling Whitworth meal tickets, all of which is in opposition to the company's eating-house, at the junction, where trains stop for meals. Mr. Pearl claims to have secured legal advice before beginning this, and says he has kept legally posted at every step he has taken. Conductors Clark and Kellogg, it is reported, have let him work the car he first entered, locking the door so he could go no further. Conductor Hart has not refused him admittance to any part of the train. Yesterday Kellogg had a set-to with Pearl, and in the melee Pearl had his finger broken. Nothing daunted he went to Hallville this morning to work No. 1 again to-day. He will sue the Texas & Pacific Railway company for damages.

R. V. W. B. Allen is holding a protracted meeting at the Cumberland Presbyterian church here. The meetings are well attended and are being made more attractive by the excellent singing of the choir from Marshall, which sang there during the late meetings of the evangelist, Pearson.

PARIS.

Preparing for the Meeting of the Knights-Templars.

PARIS, TEX., April 13.—Rev. Mr. Harris of Hope, Ark., filled the pulpit of the Baptist church yesterday.

Mr. J. D. Northam is off to the Palo Pinto county for a week or two. The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a concert Wednesday evening.

The Knights-Templars will form a procession at their hall Wednesday morning at 9 a.m., and proceed to the opera-house, where an address of welcome will be delivered by Sir S. B. Maxey; responded to by R. E. grand commander. The grand ball and banquet of the Knights-Templars will be given Friday at Harrison's new building.

The grand jury has returned about thirty indictments. They continue their labors this week.

The editorial convention of this senatorial district was in session to-day. Mr. F. Somerindyke, the operator of the Western Union at this place, has resigned. He intends to make the City of Mexico his future home. Mr. J. C. Langley will take his place.

Mr. Chas. Basano, of the firm of Basano Bros., is quite sick. Much anxiety is felt by his many friends.

Mr. Ellis, of the News Boy, will put in steam power to run his job and power presses. The News Boy is to be rechristened and hereafter known as the Paris News, a seven-column paper.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen's condition is unchanged. He is still weak and unconscious.

There was an earthquake yesterday in Andalusia, Spain. Several houses fell but nobody was injured.

John Barke, a negro who outraged an aged white lady near Iuka, Miss., Thursday, was captured and lynched Sunday morning.

Three days quarantine has been ordered at Marseilles against arrivals from Spain, on account of the suspected prevalence of cholera at Spanish ports.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The president made the following appointments to-day:

To be consuls—Charles T. Russell of Connecticut, at Liverpool, Eng.; A. Haller Gross of Pennsylvania, at Athens, Greece; William W. Lang, of Texas, at Hamburg, Germany.

Henri Vignard of Louisiana, first secretary of legation at Paris; Augustus Joy of New York, second secretary.

The consuls named above were nominated during the special session of the senate, but their nominations were not acted upon.

RANDALL & CHAMBERS

—QUOTE—

Light Weight Woolen Stripes, 25 cents.
Light Weight Woolen Plaids, 20 cents.
Exquisite Patterns in Figured Challies, 20 cents.
Changeable Lattice Brocade, 20 cents.
Changeable Checked Poplins, 15 cents.
All Wool Nun's Veiling in a variety of Shades, 25 cents.

FIGURES NEVER PREVARICATE

And to name them is a most convincing argument and in this case they will serve to show the unapproachable bargains at

Randall & Chambers Co.

We still have a good assortment of Straw Mattings which we are selling at less than New York cost and a number of nice remnants in carpets at half value to close out.

FIFTY DOZEN

Misses' Cardinal and Pink Ingrain and Lisle Hose in all sizes, very suitable for the

ALADDIN ENTERTAINMENT.

RANDALL & CHAMBERS CO.

TO NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS

WE HAVE FOR DISPOSAL A QUANTITY OF

Printer's Ink

IN KEGS OF 50 POUNDS FOR SLOW PRESSES. ALSO A FEW BARRELS OF

MORRILL'S SUPERB INK

ALL AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

GEO. B. LOVING,

FORT WORTH - - TEXAS

HONEY GROVE.

Sunday Among the Churches.

HONEY GROVE, TEX., April 13.—We had a heavy rain and hail storm late Saturday afternoon, which is followed by cool weather.

A children's mission exercise took the place of the regular morning service in the Baptist church yesterday.

The exercises consisted in songs, responsive readings and the reading of essays by the Misses Fannie Thompson, Olivia Brigrance and Nina Rutherford. A collection was taken for Sunday-school missions amounting to \$7.60. The occasion was a very pleasant one.

Rev. Mr. Skinner of Paris preached yesterday morning and evening in the Presbyterian church.

There was a communion service at the Cumberland Presbyterian church at 11 o'clock, besides the regular Sunday services.

At 3:30 p.m. an undenominational prayer-meeting for young men was organized in the Methodist church. Young men of the Methodist, Baptist and Cumberland Presbyterian churches went into the organization. The association will meet next Sunday at the same hour in the Cumberland Presbyterian church.

The addition of a vestry room to the Episcopal church is another item in the line of improvements. The work was commenced this morning.

W. A. Murrell of Columbia, Ky., brother of Mrs. J. P. Gilmer and Mrs. Dr. Dally, is sojourning among us. He is accompanied by his son.

Saved by Cleveland's Clemency.

FORT SMITH, ARK., April 13.—The death sentence of William Nickson, who was to have been hanged here next Friday for the murder of William Lester in the Indian Territory, has been commuted by the president to life imprisonment at the house of correction at Detroit, Michigan.

Strengthening the Knights of Labor.

PITTSBURG, PA., April 13.—T. V. Powderly, grand master-workman of the Knights of Labor, arrived here to-day and will remain here some time. His mission is to awaken an increased interest among the various trades represented in the organization, and with

this end in view he will hold several meetings of the different assemblies. He also proposes to attempt a thorough organization of the farmers' workers in Alleghany county, and seven thousand of whom are employed in different branches of industry in the West. The result is looked forward to with great interest by the members of the order.

GILMER.

GILMER, TEX., April 13.—Col. Bl. Barcroft and Hon. J. T. Miller returned yesterday from Hot Springs, Ark., where they have been spending the winter.

A slight frost visited this portion of the country last night killing several garden vegetables and fruit.

Ready to Retire.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Justice Andrew Wylie of the United States supreme court of the District of Columbia has notified the president that he desires to be placed upon a retired list. Justice Wylie is seventy-one years of age.

The Wabash Bondholders.

LONDON, April 13.—The bondholders of Wabash bonds at a meeting to-day appointed another committee, to act under the European Bondholders' association, to inquire into and report upon the condition of the Wabash company's affairs. At the meeting several speakers denounced the management of the company as an egregious swindle.

A Reception to Sherman.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, April 13.—The legislature tendered an informal reception to Senator Sherman this afternoon, at which he made a brief speech acknowledging the compliment. It was a Democratic body.

The board of trade tendered him a reception this evening, when he spoke at some length, saying that the country would have to go through some struggle to make a silver dollar equal in value to a gold dollar. He did to resume specie payment.