

Daily Gazette.

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ADVERTISING RATES. For one square, first week, 25 cents; second week, 20 cents; third week, 15 cents; fourth week, 10 cents; per line thereafter, 5 cents.

THE GAZETTE will give \$1000 to the company, community or association which shall build the first free road from the city of Fort Worth to the Tarrant county line, in any direction.

ADDITIONAL DONATIONS. The following gentlemen desire to add to the fund provided for the extent of the amount opposite their names, respectively: J. E. Powell, \$100.00; C. W. Wilson, \$100.00; J. G. Wright, \$100.00; J. E. Chase, \$100.00; Robert M. Carter, \$100.00; Merchants' National Bank, \$100.00; W. H. Latta, \$100.00; A. G. Ellis, \$100.00.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The only traveling persons, male or female, at present authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE GAZETTE are J. E. Steadman, C. W. Wilson, W. J. Meadows and L. Calhoun. The public are cautioned not to pay money to any other person representing themselves as traveling agents of this paper, as all authority heretofore issued to any other person than those named is hereby revoked.

DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING COMPANY.

April 14, 1890.

The town is crowded.

The Texas Spring Palace opens at 2 p. m. to-day.

The Palace opens to-day as per announcement.

This is Fort Worth day at the Palace. Let Fort Worth open the grand creation in grand style.

Wheat with the Baptists, the Palace, the Sunday-school convention and the prohibitionists, Fort Worth is and will be busy.

The Baptists are welcome, and the editors will be welcome; and where an editor is also a Baptist, he will be doubly welcome.

Houston has again tightened the cords that bind it to the hearts of Texas editors. With such men as Cleveland, Johnston and Adair, and all the many others, to do the binding, it could not be otherwise.

According to a recent consular report, the parts of Europe cover the following areas: Germany, 34,896,000 acres; Russia, 494,228,600 acres; Austria-Hungary, 46,951,600 acres; Sweden, 49,000,000 acres; France, 22,240,000 acres; Spain, 19,709,000 acres; Italy, 9,884,570 acres; and England, 2,471,000 acres.

Labor organization is rapidly spreading. Even the grave-diggers of Paris felt obliged to have a union. They are officially employed by the city and num-

ber 125. Ten hours a day is their average labor and they are liable to be called up at any time of the night. They are beginning to organize for the purpose of doing less work and for six francs a day instead of five.

The sugar beet business is to have a thorough trial in Nebraska. A factory is building at Grand Island, with a capacity for handling 350 tons of beets daily, and fifty tons of sugar beet seed, enough to plant 10,000 acres, is being distributed among the farmers in the vicinity. It is estimated that they can make from \$25 to \$40 per acre in the beet cultivation.

GOVERNOR ADAMS and wife of Colorado, accompanied by Mr. McCarr and wife from Denver, arrived last evening and are stopping at the Pickwick. A committee consisting of Messrs. T. J. Hurley, H. W. Tallant, Robert McCarr and T. H. Burbridge, met them at the depot and escorted them to their hotel. Governor Adams will deliver the opening address at the Palace to-day.

EVERY citizen should be kind to the visitors. The town is crowded, and every stranger will understand the difficulty of caring for people as comfortably under such circumstances as could be done with fewer present. It is the spirit of hospitality that will attract the strangers' attention. Let it be plain that Fort Worth is trying to do all in its power, and much will be done to overcome the lack of simple accommodations.

SERIOUS efforts to establish silk culture in Mexico are being made, and recently Governor Marquez of Puebla has imported from China thousands of young mulberry trees, partly at his own expense, and has set out many of them on his estate, where he has a school of practical instruction in silk culture. A similar school has been established in the state of Mexico by Governor Villada, and a large quantity of silk worms have been imported from India.

THE papers are publishing the following extract from a letter written in 1763 by Rev. Samuel Seabury of Hempstead, L. I.: "The ticket No. 5866 in the Light-House and Public lottery of New York drew in my favor, by the blessing of God, £500 (of which I received £425, there being a deduction of 15 per cent.), for which I now recede to my posterity my thanks and praises to Almighty God, the giver of all good. Amen." Mr. Seabury was a good and pious man, according to the ideas of the day.

THE opinion just rendered concerning the power of a state to prohibit the liquor traffic by the United States supreme court will disturb the prohibitionists. The supreme court decides that the right to import implies the right to sell, and that the state has no power to prohibit the importer from selling the original packages. Such legislation, the court holds, would be an interference with interstate commerce, in violation of the Federal constitution. According to this ruling anyone in a prohibition state may not only import from another state beer in kegs, wine in bottles or whisky in flasks, but he may sell them in the original packages in spite of the prohibition law.

BRETHREN, WELCOME.

Never before in the history of any Texas town has been gathered within its bounds so large a body of church people as are in Fort Worth to-day. Delegates from every Southern state and almost every county, representing one of the largest, if not the largest, church denominations, are gathered here to devise plans for the furtherance and accomplishment of great ends. These representatives of the Baptist church are men of intelligence and far-sightedness. They have come to Fort Worth impressed with the idea of its centrality and the indomitable spirit of progress that animates its citizens, and they must recognize in its handsome churches and devoted pastors an evidence that this city is bound to be an evangelic and educational center. THE GAZETTE, in behalf of the citizens of this town, extends a cordial welcome to the visitors that have come in train loads from the North, South, East and West. In many instances they have left older sections where existing conditions may be more favorable for tendering a luxurious and lavish hospitality, but Fort Worth will not admit that in any section or city there could await them a more hearty and sincere welcome. We would ask that they remember this city numbers scarcely more than a decade of years; even yet within its bounds are the primitive houses of the villagers. Standing at the depot grounds, doubtless they saw the interlacing of tracks that tell of ways of travel in all directions, a network of wires overhead speak of the use of electricity in lighting and on the street railways, and as they ride over the ample thoroughfares, well graveled and drained, the conviction is forced upon the observer that this is a place of progress. Handsome homes, magnificent business structures, finished and in course of erection, tell of the faith of the residents in the stability of the town's prosperity, and when delegates enter the handsome church that redounds in praise both of the energy of the pastor and the liberality of the members, there would seem little room in their minds for doubt that Fort Worth has a future second to no city in the Southwest. Gentlemen, we bid you welcome; we court your scrutiny and ask when you return to your homes that you tell the people what you saw for yourselves; that this is a city of enterprise; that it is a city of churches and of homes; that the people are large-hearted and cultured; that

they believe in schools and all that tends to refinement and culture, and that they are cosmopolitan, no sectionalism mars social or business relations; that they are public spirited and all pull together, that here, in the future must center universities, colleges and factories; in a word, it is a city that holds out every inducement for capital and labor. The young man or one of small means has an opening here not to be found in older states. Here are no traditions to hamper; in homely phrase, "every tub stands on its own bottom," and there is plenty of the best and purest artesian water to keep it from falling to staves. THE GAZETTE has spoken of the many advantages this city possesses not in a spirit of self-laudation, but has made a partial memorandum for the stranger who might in the joys of brotherly re-union omit to note the facts pertaining to the city. The illness of Rev. J. Morgan Wells is a matter of deep regret to all; he is a representative man and at this juncture can ill be spared. With energy indomitable, and diligence scarce short of marvelous, he has done a noble work here and the handsome building in which you assemble is a monument to the qualities that have not only endeared him to his people, but to the community that has been equally benefited.

MAKE THE HOUR THE STANDARD.

The eight-hour movement has assumed formidable proportions in nearly all the large cities of the country, and the indications are that labor's demand that eight hours shall constitute a day's work, will be acquiesced in by employers in all those industries where it is possible to carry the new standard into effect. There are many employments, however, in which this is not possible. This fact, taken in connection with the peculiar character of the various avocations in which the day standard cannot be adopted, seems to make necessary the adoption generally of the hour as the true standard of compensation.

The hour standard is a simple one, and is as equitable as it is simple. It need not necessarily abolish the day standard, but it can supplement it. Let the rate of compensation per hour be fixed in the different trades and avocations, and the question of how many hours shall constitute a day's work will settle itself. The character of the employment will determine the number of hours to be worked. Carpenters, bricklayers, stone masons, painters and day laborers may adopt eight hours. In other trades and employments it may be neither desirable or possible to do so. If, however, the hour is made the standard, the time worked, be it eight, ten, or even twelve hours, will be paid for, and justice and equity done both employer and employe. So long, however, as the day is recognized as the standard, and one trade works ten hours, another works nine, and still another works eight, there will always be disputes, disagreements and strikes regarding not only the wages to be paid, but the time to be worked. The hour standard once generally adopted and recognized will remove the question of the number of hours that shall constitute a day's work from the field of controversy and tend to hasten the time when employer and employe will adjust all matters pertaining to their mutual interests in the spirit of justice, amity and good will.

PALACE ANNOUNCEMENT.

Information has been sent the Texas Spring Palace management that the railroads will again sell tickets for the Palace, on the 20th inst., at Mobile, Chattanooga, Montgomery, Louisville, Nashville, Cincinnati.

THE OPENING.

The Texas Spring Palace opens to-day at 2 p. m. The opening address will be delivered by Governor Adams of Colorado.

FOR YE EDITORS.

The Texas State Press Association the Guests of Fort Worth. At 9 o'clock this morning 100 members of the State press association will arrive by the Houston and Texas Central. Fort Worth, always mindful of what is due her guests, and in face of the fact that she is now entertaining several thousand people on this, the opening day of the Palace, will entertain the "penoil shovers" handsomely to-day. A Texas corporation owning the first type-setting machine ever seen south of St. Louis, have placed one of these wonderful machines on exhibition in the Palace, and it is to see this wonderful piece of mechanism in actual operation, setting up type for the Fort Worth Evening Mail, that these gentlemen have come from all over our broad state. Mr. Hurley has placed his electric street car line at the disposition of the committee, which will transport the guests to the Arlington.

THE MENU CARD reads as follows:

DEJUNER A LA PORCETTA, tendered the MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS STATE PRESS ASSOCIATION by the THOSE TYPE SETTING MACHINE COMPANY of Texas. President, Thomas J. Hurley. Vice-president, E. G. Senter. Treasurer, George L. Hurley. Secretary, John M. Connor. Directors: Thomas J. Hurley, W. L. Malone, George L. Hurley, E. Senter and Robert McCarr. Thomas J. Hurley will act as toast master, and the toasts will be as follows: "A twenty minutes' interview. Take the toasts, ye editors, it is yours." Mayor W. S. Pendleton. "A horn which touched not the flesh." Thomas J. Hurley. "Pine buns as a dietary remedy." W. M. Imboden. "Why Don't Get Married." Juan Hart. "The Mele of a Boom." Chas. H. Edwards. "Artesian Water as a Tonic." John H. Copeland. "The Value of the Moo's Teeth in Farming." W. A. Shaw. After the banquet they will be taken around the South Side on the electric cars, thence to the cyclorama, and thence to the opening exercises at the Spring Palace, when the association will each for himself, look on the wondrous scene, the like of which has never been seen in this country.

SPRING PALACE NOTES.



It is probable that the Rev. Dr. Hawthorne, of Georgia, will speak at the Spring Palace Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

It is earnestly desired that every member of the Chamber of Commerce should meet at the rooms in the Board of Trade building at 12 o'clock, promptly.

Rev. Manly S. Hard, pastor of the Centenary Methodist Episcopal church, Binghamton, N. Y., will deliver an address at the Texas Spring Palace Sunday evening during the sacred concert. Mr. Hard is an eminent divine and brilliant orator, and there should be a large concourse to listen to his remarks.

CONTINGENT FROM MARSHALL.

MARSHALL, TEX., May 9.—Rev. Dr. J. M. C. Breaker, Mr. T. J. Whaley and wife, Mrs. C. A. Jennings, Mrs. S. D. Rainey, Miss Belle Roquemore and Misses Lela Lancaster and Mary Sue Callaway, left for Fort Worth yesterday to attend the Southern Baptist convention and the Spring Palace.

BETTER LATE THAN NEVER.

TERRELL, TEX., May 9.—The people are sadly disappointed that we are not at the Spring Palace in good style, but there has been so much rain within the last thirty days that there has been no possible chance to get up an exhibit; and then there are the results of the storm to be overcome, which no one expected to be in the state of difficulty. We may get there yet before the last and great day, though tardy and slightly crippled.

ALTAR AND TOMB.

The Gazette's Daily Compilation of Texas Marriages and Deaths. MARRIAGES. Mr. Shelly Tarlington and Miss Lela Lay, Hallettsville, May 7. Mr. E. E. Murrell and Miss Minnie M. Dawson, Weatherford, April 28. Mr. Lacey W. Johns and Miss Mary E. McCormick, San Antonio, May 7. Mr. H. H. Miller and Miss Lillie Dollins, Welborn, April 25. Hon. Henry A. Finch and Miss Fannie Shippe, McKinney, May 4. Mr. Frank Page and Miss Joe Duff, near Wichita Falls, May 4.

DEATHS.

Mr. Dan Hitch, near Hope, May 1. Mr. Robert Pugh, near Georgetown, May 1. Mr. H. Livingston, Groesbeck, May 1. Mr. J. M. H. Coston, near Dallas, May 1. Mr. Hampton Couch, near Italy, May 1. Mrs. Sarah Thompson, near Winsboro, May 2.

PADLOCK TO GIBBS.

Yours in THE GAZETTE of this date has received my careful consideration, and with due respect to your greater experience and superior ability in matters political, I am forced to the conclusion that you have not answered the position assumed by myself that you would criticize every candidate for office who assumes to be a Republican, and who is a supporter of a railroad. You say you "still insist that in sound business and political principles, the Republican should be the one to be voted for, unless he is with the people for a railroad." You say you "do not believe that the 'people are for a commission'." I do not believe that the question stripped of its political bias, and presented to the public as it should be, fairly and honestly, that the masses would vote for "high" and "commission." I believe that there are other and more vital questions to be considered by the people than the office-seekers. Men like yourself, gifted beyond the average, and who are so conscientious in their views, should advise yourself on the side of right, and endeavor to correct the errors of the people. You say you "may vote intelligently, and not endeavor to blind them by prejudice, railroads are not above or greater than the law. They should be subservient to the law, but they should not be misrepresented and vilified merely because they are creatures of the law, brought into existence by you and I and other legislators." That the office-seekers who they stand on the question of good dirt roads, better roads, and the like, should be considered as such, and that it is the only question to be considered at the ensuing election. With a hiding faith that your good judgment will lead you to allow us all a chance at the polls, whether we favor "Hope and a padlock" or not, am still your friend, B. B. PADDOCK.

GIBBS AT GARLAND.

ROANOK, TEX., May 5, 1890. To the Gazette, Fort Worth, Tex. We have never seen more frosts clothed in plainer English and spread upon one page than Barney Gibbs gave us through THE GAZETTE yesterday. Every man in Texas ought to read his speech. We need 50,000 or 100,000 copies of THE GAZETTE containing Hogz's speech at Rusk and Gibbs' at Garland scattered throughout the state. Won't THE GAZETTE get out the extra edition. I am sure they would be taken. A. H. BILLES.

DOUBLE VALUE.

A Bank Bill that Created a Sensation at the Treasury Department. Baltimore Sun. There was received at the treasury department a day or two ago one of the most peculiar bank notes ever seen among the millions upon millions of currency notes printed by the government. It was a \$20 note or a \$10 note, just according to which side was up, for by some remarkable mistake the one side was printed with the figures and devices of a \$20 bill, while the other had all the figures and devices of a \$10.

THE GAZETTE DID IT.

Mitchell County's Sheriff Arrests a Supposed Murderer from a Printed Description. Special to the Gazette. PUTNAM, TEX., May 9.—We have the pleasure of reporting that the supposed murderer of Bud Platt, James A. Ferguson, was captured at Colorado City, Tex., to-day, the description of him which appeared in THE GAZETTE of yesterday, the 8th, being instrumental in his capture. There is scarcely a doubt but what Mitchell county's sheriff has the right man, having solemnly laid THE GAZETTE aside after reading the description of the man wanted until he had him in custody. Mr. Ben Williams and Mr. David Heslop, who were well acquainted with Ferguson, went to Colorado City on to-day's train to identify the arrested man.

Business Change at Winsboro.

WINSBORO, TEX., May 9.—W. E. Webb sold his entire stock of groceries to L. Ferguson to-day.

Lewisville.

LEWISVILLE, TEX., May 8.—The good people of Lewisville spent yesterday evening in another church supper. It was one of those enjoyable events that occur only occasionally. This time it was under the auspices of the Ladies' aid society of the Methodist church, and was held in their elegant new church, which is about finished. The receipts

way to intense alarm at the palpable evidence of some glaring oversight somewhere. The bureau is considered a marvel of perfect surveillance and continual check and counter check on every little detail. This mistake having occurred in one note must have occurred in more. All bank notes are printed in blocks of four on one sheet and 250 sheets in one bundle, so that there are always a thousand notes worked off at one printing. The thought occurred to him that possibly the banks might be flooded with these hybrids, which would mean disgrace and ridicule on his administration. A particularly aggravating feature was the fact that Mr. Graves, Gen. Meredith's immediate predecessor, had been in the treasury when the mistake was reported and had learned all about it. The investigation was prosecuted with vigor, and yesterday Gen. Meredith found the cause of the trouble. It seems that the four notes printed on a sheet are not all of one denomination. There are always three of one kind and the fourth of another; thus, in this case, three tens and a twenty. It was an easy task to learn just when this bundle had been printed, and by which plate printers. They were examined and it was developed that one sheet of four notes, after having been printed on one side, had fallen off the bundle to the floor. The assistant who picked it up, by some unfortunate oversight, turned the sheet upside down when she placed it in the bundle.

The rest is easily understood. This sheet was printed on the second side with a 20-face on the reverse of a ten and one of the three 10-faces on the reverse of the one 20 of the steel. Hence, there were two "10-20s" in the lot. Thus the mistake was corrected. But no good explanation was offered, or can be offered, why these two bills, passing through a score of hands, each one of whom is supposed to examine every bill most carefully, should not have been discovered. Every person in the bureau who handles a note is held responsible in the strictest way, and it is almost incredible that none of these people should have discovered the mistake. In the department of issues are not less than six counters, whose business it has been for years to count the notes before issuing them to the banks. They are considered the most expert counters in the world, and yet all six of these wonderful experts allowed such a bill to pass through their hands. No trace has yet been found of second hybrid, so that it must be wandering around the country. The treasury department is anxiously waiting to hear from it. The two notes will be kept in the treasurer's office as rare curiosities.

McDonald at Daingerfield.

DAINGERFIELD, TEX., May 8.—Hon. H. D. McDonald of Paris, candidate for governor, addressed a large audience in the courthouse at this place yesterday. He expressed himself as against the railroad commission bill and explained his reasons very plainly.

A CONFESSION.

Katie Johnson Tells How Old Man Shumate Was Murdered in Cold Blood. Correspondence of the Gazette. EMORY, TEX., May 8.—The Hon. J. W. Jennings, justice of the peace of precinct No. 4, of this county, has been holding a preliminary trial in the case of Henry Johnson and his wife, Katie Johnson, who stand charged with the crime of murdering W. M. Shumate, an account of which was published in THE GAZETTE a few days ago. The evidence develops that defendants were living on deceased's farm with the deceased; that on the 28th ult. defendants left the premises taking with them two wagons and five head of horses and mules and all the household and kitchen furniture, all the property of the deceased, and on Wednesday search was made of the premises and at a distance of perhaps half a mile from the dwelling the lifeless body of W. M. Shumate was found, the head terribly crushed and in an advanced state of decomposition. There was evidence tending to show that the body had been conveyed there on a horse. The defendant, Henry, made his voluntary statement of course denying the killing or any knowledge thereof, but the circumstances against the defendant were strong and conclusive, and defendant, Henry Johnson, had remained to jail without bail. Then was called the case of Katie Johnson, wife of former defendant. Upon the court informing her that she had a right to make a statement, and giving her due caution, she made a statement amounting to the extreme; that while the old man sat doing by the fire, her husband, struck deceased on the top of the head with a hatchet, sinking same to the handle in the deceased's head. The old man spat some time motionless. He never spoke or moved, but fell to the floor and was taken off by the husband after having received repeated blows with an ax. A more brutal outrage has not been committed in this county.

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amounted to the handsome sum of \$17.50. The occasion was one of much social enjoyment, which was continued to a late hour. Rev. J. B. Cole, pastor of the Baptist church here, and his wife left to-day for Fort Worth to attend the Baptist convention. Mrs. Cole will visit her mother, who lives at Crafton, in Wise county. Col. W. B. Young and his daughter, Mrs. M. H. Milliken, went to Fort Worth to-day to attend the Spring Palace. Lewisville will be very well represented at the Spring Palace.

TEXARKANA.

Three More Trains of Baptist Delegates en Route—Traffic and Travel Resumed. Twelve Companies Infantry. Special to the Gazette.

TEXARKANA, TEX., May 9.—Three trains laden with delegates to the Baptist convention now in session at Fort Worth, arrived here to-day over the Cotton Belt road, and departed at intervals by the same route this evening. The delegates are mostly from Alabama and Tennessee, and have been water-bound at Camden and other points East for several days. They will no doubt reach Fort Worth for breakfast to-morrow. While the party was here THE GAZETTE reporter expressed the hope to one of the tourists that the old-time objections entertained by members of his section in the old states against the Western country on account of the reported scarcity of water in the region would hereafter be partially removed to which the witty divine replied that there was no doubt plenty of water fell here now, but the Western people were not famous in history for using it as a beverage.

Six companies, twelve carloads, of the Nineteenth United States infantry, en route from San Antonio to Detroit, Mich., spent the evening here. The detachment is in charge of Col. C. H. Smith. While here the band regaled our people with some splendid music, which was among the best played, and it was responded to with a regular old rebel yell.

LI. CONGRESS.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, May 9.—The annual pension appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment offered yesterday by Mr. Sherman, increasing the number of pension agents (salary, \$4000) from eighteen to twenty. It was agreed to—yeas, 25; nays, 19—a party vote, except that Mr. Payne voted aye, and Messrs. Allison, Ingalls, Plumb and Teller voted no. The bill having been reported back from the committee of the whole to the senate, the question of the amount came up again for action, and after an interesting debate the amendment was agreed to and the bill passed.

The military academy appropriation bill was then taken up and passed. Consideration of the army appropriation bill was then taken up. Among the amendments reported from the committee on appropriations and agreed to by the senate was a paragraph appropriating \$1,000,000 for buildings at military posts for libraries, gymnasiums, amusements, and other purposes. Mr. Hale, in connection with it, moved an amendment providing that no alcoholic beverages or wine shall be sold or supplied to enlisted men in any such building at any military post. Mr. Frye said that the recent decision of the supreme court had rendered this provision very greatly, and had a tendency to destroy the prohibitory law if it did not actually destroy it. If the United States opened the door by that decision to violations of prohibitory law, and then in addition to that, authorized liquor to be sold on its premises, the state of Maine might just as well give up prohibition law and let it go. Mr. Cockrell moved to amend the amendment by striking out beer and wine. The vote on the motion was—yeas, 12; nays, 18; no quorum voting.

The senate then adjourned till to-morrow, leaving Mr. Hale's amendment to the army bill and Mr. Cockrell's amendment to the amendment pending.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Mr. Hill of Illinois called up the bill granting a pension of \$1200 a year to Delis T. Farnell, daughter of Admiral Charles Stewart, with an amendment reducing the pension to \$50 a month. Mr. Cummings of New York, in opposing the amendment, said the proposed pension was to be granted to Mrs. Farnell, not because she was the mother of Charles Stewart Farnell, but because she was the daughter of Admiral Stewart, whose brilliant services in his country he portrayed at length. Mr. Hill said that the committee on invalid pensions had carefully considered all the facts in the case, and had concluded that \$50 a month was a proper pension to grant. The amendment was agreed to, thirty-five to twenty-six, and the bill was amended and passed.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill. Debate was participated in by Messrs. Fitch of New York, McMillan of Tennessee, Crisp of Georgia and Wheeler of Alabama in opposition, and Messrs. Gear of Iowa, Cannon of Illinois, Walker of Massachusetts and Payne of New York in favor of the bill, after which the committee rose and the house took a recess until 8 o'clock.

Williamson County's Fair.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE. TAYLOR, TEX., May 9.—There was four thousand people at the fair to-day. The exhibits of stock and horses were conceded by experts to be the best of the state. The trotting race was won by C. H. Booth in three straight heats. Time, 3:05. The running and pacing was won by parties from Belton. The steer roping was won by Messill of Round Rock. Time, 1:25.

Bismarck and a French Journalist.

LONDON, May 9.—The Times publishes a dispatch saying that Prince Bismarck has received Responzo, the French journalist, with whom he had a lengthy conversation. The dispatch adds it is probable in consequence of the interview that M. Responzo will write a sensational account of Prince Bismarck's dismissal from the chancellorship.

BUILDING AND REALTY.

There are Things of Interest to the Religious-Minded Here.

Something About the Fine Church Structures in Fort Worth and What they Indicate. A Painter to House-Builders.

FINE CHURCHES.

The Visiting Churchmen Observe Fort Worth's Tabernacles. Several of the visiting Baptists have been heard to express themselves as surprised at the number and character of Fort Worth's fine church buildings, and of the public spirit as well as religious disposition evinced by the people in these structures. It is true that no city in Texas nor neighboring states can show up so well in this regard. During the past few months there have been completed or put under way a half dozen of the fine churches as can be seen in any city of the country. The First Baptist church, in which the Baptist convention is holding its sessions, is one of these; the Cumberland Presbyterian, only two blocks distant, is another; the Fourth street Methodist another, the First Presbyterian is another, the Lamar street Methodist is another, and in addition to these, the Episcopal congregation is about to start work on a \$75,000 structure, and work on the beautiful Roman Catholic cathedral is going on at a lively rate. These things indicate an spirit of progress in a religious as well as industrial matter, and tell the story of financial ability among the members of the congregations. Fort Worth is the Texas City of Churches.

More Cars.

The Main street railway people promise to be using their electric system within a day or two. Yesterday four more new cars for that line arrived in the city, and were taken to the stables in North Fort Worth. The work of arranging the machinery at the power house progresses finely. The new cars are equal to those which preceded them, in point of beauty and convenience.

A Straight Tip.

If all signs in Texas do not fail, we long there will locate in this city one of the finest retail dry goods houses in Texas, one of the best milliners and a first-class physician. People are realizing the advantages of this city as a place of business and its certain prospects for future greatness. The retail house spoken of would have been located here before now, only that it could find no storehouse in which to do business.

An Outside Opinion.

A letter was received at THE GAZETTE office yesterday from which the following extract is taken: "Fort Worth stands a fair chance of 'unbooming' herself if you people do not build more houses. You don't know how many eyes are on Fort Worth just now. The people will begin to think your boomers in Fort Worth are nothing but simply boomers."

The Board of Trade.

The members of the board of trade will meet at their rooms at 12 o'clock to-day instead of 1 o'clock, as previously announced. This is in order to be ready to fall on the Palace at 1 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, so as to make a full corps of 100.

A crowd of delegates riding up the street yesterday wanted to know how many more houses were to be added to that splendid building being erected by Mr. Hurley, corner Seventh and Main streets. A gentleman said it beat anything he had seen in the South.

Recent Transfers.

W. W. Pennington et al. to D. T. Bomar, lot 8 and part of lot 6, Hillside addition, \$200.00. James D. Farmer et al. to George T. M. Jackson, lots 1-4 inclusive, White's subdivision, block 6, Evans so addition, \$3,000.00. E. N. Hudgins, et al., to F. K. Groover, lot on Church street, Grapevine, \$100.00. Martin Casey, et al. to George R. Pruitt, lot 3, block 9, Texas and Pacific addition, \$600.00. Frank W. Ball to Annie Berg, lot 1, block 23, Chambers' addition, \$100.00. Robert Rowe to Mary A. Gregory, lot 3, block 8, Moody & Evans' sub-division, \$500.0