

TRAIN ROBBERS.

One Shot and Killed and the Other Three Arrested.

A Battle With Officers, Followed by a Chase With a Locomotive.

An Organized Gang of Wreckers and Robbers in Alabama—Their Captors Will Get the Five Thousand Dollars Reward Offered by the Governor.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 12.—A desperate encounter occurred Monday near Falkwith, Morgan county, between four black train robbers and a posse of officers. Tom Wright, one of the robbers, was killed. Tom Head, Tom Randall and Henry Williams, the others, were arrested and put in jail. When freight train No. 73, on the Louisville and Nashville railroad reached White this morning four negroes attempted in broad daylight to break open a sealed freight car. When Conductor Martin and his brakemen interfered the negroes drew pistols and defied arrest. Just then the train pulled out. The trainmen jumped aboard, the robbers shooting at them. At Falkwith officers were notified, and a posse of officers and section men started in search of the robbers, who were met near town. The negroes refused to surrender, and drew pistols. A fight followed, both sides firing several shots. One of the robbers, Tom Wright, was killed. Tom Randall, another, was captured. The other two fled. Conductor Rudder, of a construction train, boarded his engine and pursued them, capturing Tom Head, after a desperate resistance, on Sand Mountain.

Henry Williams, the fourth man, was caught at Laocote. He made a confession in which he said the gang were the same ones who on the night of March 30 held up and robbed the Georgia Pacific mail train at Weems, seven miles east of here. He also said they were the parties who attempted to wreck and rob the Louisville and Nashville train near Boyle's recently, and shot at the flagman. They reside here, and are the most desperate characters. Their captors will get the \$5,000 reward offered by the governor for their arrest.

The Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, April 12.—A movement is on foot to assemble the house and senate in joint session as a committee of the whole, on Wednesday evening, to consider the election law problem and formulate a bill for immediate passage. The senate confirmed the appointment of Samuel A. Baxter, of Lima, as a trustee of the Toledo asylum for insane. A bill to facilitate the completion of the new buildings, now being constructed at the Ohio State university, was introduced by Mr. Lamson, of Ash-tabula. It authorizes the trustees to issue certificates of indebtedness in the sum of \$20,000 in anticipation of the collection of the Hysell law tax.

HOUSE.—Mr. Griffin introduced a bill to provide for the examination of stationary engineers. According to the bill the governor is to appoint a commission of three persons, who are to examine applicants for membership in a state board of stationary engineer examiners. From the applicants who pass the examination with a grade of eighty per cent, or more the governor is to appoint a commission of seven persons, who will receive \$1,000 a year each, and who will examine all stationary engineers. One provision of the bill is that no engineer on an inclined railway shall work continuously longer than six hours.

This Mild Spring Weather.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The weather bureau furnishes the following special bulletin to the press: The weather reports of Sunday and Monday morning show the occurrence of unusually cold weather for this season for nearly the entire country east of the Rocky mountains. The temperature throughout the region east of the Mississippi, except in New England, ranged from 10 to 15 degrees below the average for the season, and in New England from 5 to 8 degrees below. Freezing temperatures were reported from as far south as Central and Southwestern North Carolina, Central Tennessee and Illinois, Northern Missouri and Southern Nebraska.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—For Tennessee and Kentucky—Threatening, with occasional showers in Southwest Tennessee; slightly warmer in Western Tennessee, variable winds.

For West Virginia and Ohio—Generally fair, slightly warmer, except stationary temperature in West Virginia; variable winds.

For Indiana—Generally fair during the day; slightly warmer, variable winds.

The Huntington Indorsements.

DESBLEN, April 12.—Mr. Hord, Mr. John Huntington's son-in-law, who is now in this city in connection with the alleged forging of his father-in-law's indorsement to certain notes, had no advice from Cleveland, O., regarding the status of affairs there. He says that, no matter what comes, Mr. Huntington will not pay the forged notes.

Children See Blaine.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Messrs. Juan E. Makenna and Julio B. Espinosa, of Chili, had an interview with Secretary Blaine Monday, the character of which can not be ascertained. They were presented by Mr. George Asta Burago, secretary of the Chilean legation under a former regime.

Land for Settlers.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The president Monday issued a proclamation opening to settlement on April 15, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, the surplus lands of the Sisseton and Wahpeton reservation in the Dakotas. The lands to be opened aggregate 574,257 acres.

Fruit Damaged in Indiana.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., April 11.—The heavy frosts in this vicinity have proved very disastrous to interests of the peach growers especially, as they claim that the crop is entirely killed, and the damage to cherries, plums and other small fruit is almost as great.

Two Villages Burned.

VIENNA, April 12.—Ten villages in Hungary have been burned. The spread of the flames was assisted by dry and windy weather. Large stores of corn and many head of cattle have been burned. Five persons were killed and thousands are homeless.

IS IT MONEY

That Keeps Young Mrs. Blaine Silent? Her Father Says It's Sickness.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Two days before Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., left Sioux Falls for this city she gave a statement to the press over her own signature in which she said that unless Secretary Blaine published the love letters her husband had written to her, within ten days, she would give them to the press herself. Five weeks have elapsed since Mrs. Blaine returned to New York, but the letters have not been published. A dispatch from Washington Monday intimated that Secretary Blaine had induced Mrs. Blaine not to publish the letters, and that there had possibly been a monetary consideration. Mrs. Blaine is stopping at the New York hotel with her parents, Col. and Mrs. Nevins. She declined to see the reporter, stating that she was too ill to talk, but said that her father would speak for her. Col. Nevins laughed at the idea of his daughter selling the letters she has promised to give to the press. "I suppose Secretary Blaine would be glad to get those letters, but he won't. My daughter has been sick since she returned and that is the reason they have not been published. Monday was the first time in five weeks that my daughter has left her room. In the course of a few days the letters will be given to the press in the same manner that Secretary Blaine gave out his letter, and we hope they will be as widely published."

DRUMMERS CAN BE TAXED.

The Supreme Court Settles the Question, at Least as to Non-Traveling Solicitors.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The U. S. supreme court gave a decision in the case of C. L. Ficklin against Shelby county, Tenn., brought here on appeal by Ficklin from a decision from state court. Ficklin had an office in Tennessee at which he took orders for goods. His business was entirely with firms outside the state, and differed from that of ordinary travelers, principally in that he did not travel about, but had an office where he exhibited samples. A law was passed imposing a license tax of \$50 on dealers in merchandise, and also a tax on their capital. Where there was no capital invested, as was the case with Ficklin, it was provided that 2 1/2 per cent. tax should be paid on all commissions received. Ficklin paid the license fee, and reported his sales during the year 1887, but refused to pay the commission tax on the ground that the business done was entirely for firms outside the state, and that the act was void as a regulation of interstate commerce. When he applied for a license in 1888 it was refused because of non-payment of the commission tax, and Ficklin sought by injunction proceedings to compel its issuance. In an opinion by Chief Justice Fuller the supreme court to-day held that the supreme court of Tennessee had properly decided against Ficklin.

BLAINE AND MULDOON.

The Statesman Not to Be Instructed in Physical Culture by the Wrestler.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—A story printed by the New York Sun, to the effect that Secretary Blaine had entered into an arrangement with William Muldoon, the wrestler, by which he is to receive instructions in physical culture, and giving in some detail an interview purporting to have been held with Mr. Blaine by Mr. Muldoon, was emphatically denied by Mr. Blaine Monday when a reporter asked him about it. Mr. Blaine is not acquainted with Mr. Muldoon, has never seen him in his life and has no engagement of any kind, name or nature with him.

Pool-Rooms Raided.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 12.—Every turf exchange in the city was raided simultaneously at 3:30 o'clock Monday afternoon, and the tail of the "tiger" was twisted so vigorously that the animal is in a fairer way to wear stripes than ever. The raid was most admirably planned and most brilliantly executed. Every place was closed up like a flash, and the owners, managers and employes taken into custody.

Democratic Convention Hall.

CHICAGO, April 12.—The first shovelful of earth was turned Monday in the work of erecting the Democratic National Convention hall on the lake front. According to contract the structure is to be completed before June 5.

Noted Attorney Dead.

TROY, N. Y., April 12.—Hon. J. K. Porter, senior counsel for the people in the trial of Garfield's assassin, Guiteau, and for the defense in the Beecher trial, died at 10 o'clock Monday.

Beat Out His Wife's Brains.

JACKSON, Miss., April 12.—With an iron poker James Scott, colored, of this city, beat out his wife's brains. After narrowly escaping a lynching, he was locked up.

Cincinnati 11, Indianapolis 2.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—The ball game between the Cincinnati and Indianapolis teams Monday resulted in the following score: Cincinnati 11, Indianapolis 2.

Died in a Chair.

RICHMOND, Ind., April 12.—Earl C. Glass, assistant city engineer of this city, was found sitting in a chair dead Monday. Heart disease is the supposed cause.

Decapitated by a Train.

FOREST, Miss., April 12.—C. M. Hunter, book agent, laid his head on a railroad track, near here, and was decapitated by a passing train.

A Murderer's Sentence.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 12.—John Mortimer was sentenced to two and a half years and fined \$500 for killing Charles Reynolds.

Philadelphia Athletic Game.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.—The game here Monday resulted as follows: Athletics 3, Philadelphia 2.

THE FLOOD.

All Farms in the Tombigbee Valley Abandoned.

The Destruction of Life and Property is Frightful.

Houses and Other Debris Floating Down the River—Negroes Will Not Work at Rescue Unless Well Paid—Details Are Very Hard to Obtain.

COLUMBUS, Miss., April 12.—The recent heavy rains have swollen all streams in this section of the country to a point never before known, and as a result the destruction of life and property is frightful. All farms along the Tombigbee river valley have been abandoned, houses of all kinds washed away, all fencing is gone, and cattle and mules by hundreds have been drowned. Many floating houses have passed down the river. Every available craft here has been day and night relieving the sufferers, carrying out food and bringing in the destitute people. On one small mound there were forty people, and as many more cattle and mules. On another there were seventy people and cattle by the hundreds. The negroes on all the low lands have lost everything on earth they had, and there are hundreds of them here being fed by the city. The white people have been unable to get a negro to do any kind of work towards rescuing other negroes without payment in advance.

Twelve negroes have been drowned within three miles of this city. At points on the river below here the loss of life is very large. The railroads have abandoned all trains westward, and there are many washouts. Their trestles are swept away, and all the roads have large forces repairing damages. It will be a week before trains will be running. There has been no communication up to Monday with the outside world since last Wednesday. The waters have been receding, but are again rising. One rescuing party was upset and three negro boys drowned three miles above town. All the others climbed trees and were found. Another rescuing party was upset, and spent twenty-three hours in the trees.

CLEVELAND'S LETTER.

He Has Misgivings as to His Strength, and if Necessary, Is Willing to Be Side-Tracked.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 12.—The following letter from Grover Cleveland was received Monday by a prominent democrat in the city:

LAKEWOOD, N. J., April 8, 1892. Jas. H. Bebb, Chattanooga, Tenn.:

My Dear Sir:—I desire to thank you for the report of the meeting at Chattanooga which you so kindly sent me, and for the friendly word you spoke of me on that occasion. I am exceedingly anxious to have our party do exactly the right thing at the Chicago convention, and I hope that the delegates will be guided by judgment and actuated by true democratic spirit and the single desire to succeed on principle. I should not be frank if I did not say to you that I often fear I do not deserve all the kind things such friends as you say of me, and I have frequent misgivings as to the wisdom of again putting me in nomination. I therefore am anxious that sentiment and too unmeasured personal devotion should be checked when the delegates to the convention reach the period of deliberation. In any event, there will be no disappointment for me in the result. Yours very truly,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Rough on Gay Married Men.

COLUMBUS, O., April 12.—One of the most remarkable bills of the session was introduced by Mr. Taylor, of Guernsey county. The intent of the bill is to make matters uncomfortable for gay married men who like to shine around young girls. The bill provides as follows: Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Ohio, that any person, being a married man in the state of Ohio, who shall fraudulently pretend to be a single man, and make proposals of marriage to any girl or unmarried woman, or repeatedly call on or keep company with such females, upon such false pretense that he is eligible to matrimony, shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and, upon conviction, be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, and imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one year nor more than three years.

Body Snatchers Come to Grief.

ELYRIA, O., April 12.—Two men named Stevel and Maple were arrested on a charge of body snatching. Of late five bodies have been lifted from the poor house cemetery, and when the parties left town with ropes and tackle and a box they were watched by Sheriff Ensign. They secured the body of a man named Clark, who died before Christmas, crowded it into a box, and on their arrival here were taken in charge. The stiff was for a well-known young medical student in Cleveland.

Col. John W. Glenn Dead.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—News was received here Monday of the death in a New York hospital of Col. John W. Glenn, a noted architect and civil engineer, a gallant ex-confederate soldier and a gentleman of high social standing in New Orleans, where he lived for a long time. He was born in Urbana, O., fifty-five years ago.

Hotel and Business Block.

BELDING, Mich., April 12.—Flames were discovered issuing from the Hotel Brierley soon after midnight, and destroyed the whole brick block, consisting of the hotel and five business places. The total loss is \$29,000; insurance about half that amount.

England Is Whiling.

PARIS, April 12.—The "Memorial Diplomatique" affects that the English government has changed its opinion and is now ready to co-operate with other powers in a conference to concert international action against anarchists.

LAKE WAR SHIPS.

Senator McMillan Points Out the Needs of Protection There.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Senator James E. McMillan, of Michigan, is at the Holland house. He said he had come from Washington on private matters and would remain only for a day or two. Senator McMillan said he was deeply interested in the question of placing war vessels on the great lakes as a protection to their commerce against possible invasion. A resolution calling for information as to treaty rights on this subject, which he had introduced in the senate, he proposed to call up at an early date and whatever he could do in the way of arousing the senate to the needs in this direction he would do. "Under the treaty of 1819," the senator said, "it is held that only one armed vessel may be kept upon the great lakes. This is not enough. The conditions are entirely changed since that treaty went into effect, and what was just and adequate then is by no means adequate now. There were then very slight interests to protect and the temptation to invasion of these waters in case of trouble between this nation and Great Britain was as nothing compared with the present. If there was war now the British vessels could pass through the Welland canal and reach the great cities on Lakes Erie, Ontario and Michigan, and we should be powerless to stop them. The treaty of 1819 has been abrogated once by Secretary Seward—but it seems to be considered in effect again with all its original provisions. The resolution I introduced asks for information from the state department as to whether all the provisions of that treaty are in effect precisely as they were when the treaty was ratified." "How large a fleet would be adequate to protect the lakes?" Senator McMillan was asked. "There should be four first-class gunboats," he answered.

IT COSTS TOO MUCH.

The Proposed Increase of Fourth-Class Postmasters' Salaries.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—At the post office department a report has just been completed upon the bill recently introduced in congress to provide in a measure for the equalization of postmasters' salaries, particularly of the smaller offices. Its particular provision was fixing \$25 as the lowest limit of any salary for any postmaster. The bill is being watched with the deepest interest by the great army of fourth-class postmasters. From the general tenor of the report made by the post office department it does not appear that the officials favor the measure. The report states it would cost \$2,300,000 per annum to carry out the provisions of the bill, and that sum must be added in case the bill became a law, with the post office appropriation bill for the next fiscal year. It shows that at present 47,000 postmasters receive an annual compensation of less than \$200, and 2,900 get less even than \$100. One United States postmaster in North Carolina broke the record for the past year by getting the salary of 88 cents.

TO RAISE PRICES.

The Principal Object of a Suspension of Oil Operations.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 12.—A number of the leading oil producers in the southwest are taking action looking to a general suspension of the drilling operations for a period of six months from about May 1. Many of the largest operating individuals, firms and companies with headquarters in Birley have already signed the agreement, which is so drawn that it must be signed by all producing companies or it is to be null and void. The idea meets with general favor among the operators, who bind themselves to build no rigs nor start any wells to drilling before the 15th of October except under specified circumstances. The idea is to curtail production and, in the natural course of things, to raise prices.

THE DRUM MAJOR'S WHISKERS.

To Pluck Them Costs a Private Four Months in Jail.

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 12.—While Private Clifford, of the cavalry detachment mentioned at West Point, and Drum Major Anthony, of the Military Academy band, were out on a lark recently, they engaged in an altercation. Clifford pulled out a handful of the drum major's luxuriant blonde whiskers. Anthony soon afterward preferred charges against the cavalry man, who was arrested, tried by court martial at the post, found guilty of conduct unbecoming a soldier, and sentenced to four months' imprisonment at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

The Promised Land.

GUTHRIE, O. T., April 12.—As the time for the opening of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe country approaches the crowd of settlers preparing to enter increases. The arrival of every train deposits a host of newcomers. This place is about thirty miles from the line of the new country, but on account of its being easy of access and affording superior accommodations to the small border towns, it is made an outfitting point for a larger number of the intending settlers. Large numbers of negroes are among the intending settlers. P. McCabe, colored, ex-auditor of Kansas, is here engaged in procuring the emigration of his people to this territory.

A Bogus Lottery Swindle.

CHICAGO, April 12.—Fred Bonfills and an accomplice have been arrested, charged with swindling, their scheme being to establish agencies for the sale of bogus lottery tickets. In their room were found 30,000 tickets for a drawing to take place May 10.

Sealed Three.

PITTSBURGH, April 12.—The separator in the rod department of Oliver's Seventh street mill blew up Monday morning, seriously maiming three workmen, Jas. Rodgers, Michael Ross and Dennis Donovan. Their injuries are not fatal.

Columbus Pittsburgh.

COLUMBUS, O., April 12.—Columbus had a surprise in store for the Pittsburgh leaguers Monday, by the following score: Columbus 7, Pittsburgh 5.

NINE DROWNED.

A Distressing Casualty in the Harbor at Boston.

A Sailboat Containing Ten Lads and Their Instructor Capsizes.

One by One the Brave Boys Drop Off the Uprighted Boat—Those Remaining Utter a Prayer for Their Drowning Companions Until Two Are Left.

BOSTON, April 12.—An instructor and ten boys connected with the farm school were capsized in a sail boat and the instructor and eight of the boys drowned. The victims were: A. F. Nordberg, instructor; Frank F. Hitchcock, Homer F. Thatcher, Geo. F. Ellis, Thomas Phillips, Win. W. Curran, Charles H. Graves, Harry E. Loud, Adelbert H. Packard. The rescued were: Geo. W. Clements and Charles L. Limb. The instructor had been to the city during the day to attend church and the ten constituting a regular crew of the school, left the island at 6:30 to sail to City Point.

As a precaution, however, in view of the breeze, the crew took a single sail boat instead of a double sail craft in which the trip is often made. The trip to the point was made and soon after 7 p. m. the boat started on the return trip. At a point supposed to be between Spectre island and Thompson's island, the boat was struck by a squall and immediately capsized. The eleven occupants were thrown into the ice-cold water, but being accustomed to strict discipline and the exercise of heroism in the school, they all secured positions where they could cling to the overturned craft, and then began a long wait for rescue which to most of them was never to come.

According to the testimony of the two survivors, they encouraged each other by words of cheer, occasionally shouting in the hope that they might be heard by some one on shore. A line tug was seen in the distance, and they shouted with all their remaining strength, but could not attract attention. The night was cold and shores and wharves were abandoned. When the time for the boat to return to the island had passed the superintendent of the school, Charles Bradley, went to the beach to scan the waters toward City Point to see if his boys were approaching.

There was a fire on a neighboring island, and he got in the range of the fire light in the hope that it would aid his vision, but he saw nothing. The survivors say they saw his form patrolling the beach, and felt sure that rescue would come, but it did not. Finally the chill of the water and the exertion necessary to keep their heads above the surface overcame the unfortunates, and one by one they were compelled to release their hold.

The instructor was the first to go. Each offered a prayer or a word of farewell to the others as he gave up his hold on life. Some of them endured the unequal contest for nearly four hours, and it was quite late in the evening, about 11 o'clock, when the boat with the two survivors still clinging to it, but exhausted, drifted ashore. They were immediately cared for, and are rapidly recovering from the effects of their exposure.

Superintendent Bradley came to the city this morning, notified the police, undertakers and the officers of the Boston Farms school of the disaster, and engaged a diver to search for the bodies of the lost.

This is the only drowning accident that has happened to the school since 1842.

Lake Navigation Resumed.

CLEVELAND, O., April 12.—Reports from upper lake ports indicate the complete opening of lake navigation within a week. Already 351,000 bushels of wheat and 651,000 of corn have been taken down from Toledo to Erie and Buffalo. Passenger steamers are now running from this port to Mackinac. The Chicago grain fleet began to come down Sunday. It consists this year of 100 vessels.

Great-Grandmother Suing for Divorce.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 12.—Mrs. Sarah Ann Shoemaker, aged seventy-five, is suing for a divorce from her husband, who is eighty, and a prominent minister of Romney. She charges cruelty and neglect, and it is said that another woman has infatuated her husband. Mr. and Mrs. Shoemaker have lived together for fifty years, and are great grandmothers.

Deputy Williams' Murderers.

OSARK, Mo., April 12.—Deputy Sheriff Caldwell has arrived here with Madison Day, Geo. L. Taylor, Jas. Stewart and F. Isaacs in custody. The prisoners have all been bound over without bail to await the action of the grand jury, being charged with complicity in the lynching of wife-murderer Bright and the murder of Deputy Sheriff Williams.

The Spring Meeting at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 12.—Horsemen from all parts of the country have been attracted here by the spring meeting of the Memphis Jockey club, which opened Monday and will continue until the 28th. There will be nine principal stakes, and the meeting gives promise of being the most successful in the history of the club.

Another Dinner for Held.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The Lotus club, of which Whitelaw Reid was president for fourteen years, will entertain him at dinner on Saturday evening, the 30th inst. It is expected that the occasion will be one of the most interesting in the history of the club.

The Rival Swimmers.

BALTIMORE, April 12.—Robert P. Magee, America's champion swimmer, will accept "Gus," Sanderson's challenge to swim one to ten miles for stakes of \$300 to \$1,000 and the championship.

Gen. Sweeney Dead.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Brig. Gen. Thos. W. Sweeney, U. S. A., retired, died at his late residence, 110 Franklin street, Astoria, at 11 o'clock Sunday night.

CONDENSED NEWS

Battered From Different Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

Wabash and White rivers are flooding the low lands in Southern Indiana.

A heavy frost greatly damaged the peaches and cherries in the vicinity of Maysville, Ky.

Twelve men were pulled in a poker joint at Richmond, Ind., their fine aggregating \$240.

The treasury department Monday purchased 300,000 ounces of silver at 50.5725 to 40.8730.

Rubenstein, the great Russo-Jewish pianist and composer, is coming to America again this spring.

Eight cases of smallpox have been reported at the bureau of vital statistics, New York, since Saturday.

Representative Pattison, of Ohio, Monday introduced a bill for the relief of telegraph operators during the war.

George Humphrey tried to kill the sanitary officers in New York who removed his little son to the smallpox pest-house.

Governor McKinley Monday afternoon reappointed Prof. Edward Orton as state geologist, the new term commencing April 23.

Three cotton fires within sixteen hours leads to the belief that incendiaries abound at Rome, Ga. The loss will exceed \$20,000, covered by insurance.

Monday morning the livery stable of Robt. Taylor, at Greenup, Ky., was destroyed. All the stock was got out. Three adjoining buildings burned. Loss, \$1,500; insured in London, Liverpool and Globe for \$600.

"George" Wilkes, the king of forgers, counterfeiters, burglars and confidence men, is lying at Bellevue hospital, New York, between life and death. He was for twenty years the leader in the boldest schemes of robbery throughout the world.

At Reading, Pa., Mary A. Bellis, sixteen years old, has lived on nothing but milk for ten months, drinking three pints a day. She declines to touch other food and her strange resolve is said to be her disappointment in love. Her fluid diet agrees with her and she has not wasted away.

At a meeting Monday of the Congregational ministers of Boston and vicinity, a resolution was adopted expressing most emphatic condemnation of the Chinese exclusion act, and requesting the senators from Massachusetts to use every endeavor to lawfully prevent its adoption by the U. S. senate.

Assistant Secretary Nettleton resumed his official duties at the treasury department Monday, after a brief absence from the city. His attention having been called by a reporter of the Associated Press to the published reports that he was soon to resign his position, he said that the report was without foundation.

Five pistol shots were discharged in the back room of the house No. 705 North Thirteenth street, St. Louis, Monday morning. When the room was entered, shortly after Howard Echols, a malatto, was found dead on the floor with two bullet holes in his body, and Jennie Harris, also colored, was lying on the bed, having been shot three times.

THE MARKET.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—FLOUR—Winter patent \$4.53 1/2; fancy \$4.00; 2 1/2; family, 3.25; 2 1/2; extra, \$2.90; 2 1/2; low grade, \$2.52 1/2; spring patent, \$4.50; 4 1/2; spring fancy, \$4.10; 2 1/2; spring family, \$3.75; 2 1/2; 1 1/2; Rye flour, \$4.50; 2 1/2; Buckwheat flour, \$2.00; 2 1/2; per 100 lbs.

WHEAT—Market was firm and the inquiry for No. 2 red at 85c, some sellers hold for 84c; No. 3 red quoted at 82 1/2c.

CORN—No. 2 white nominal and would probably have brought 45c from some one wanting it; No. 2 mixed was held at 43 1/2c; ear was firm at 42 1/2c for prime to choice samples.

OATS—The market was firm, receipts being light and the demand good. No. 2 white held at 35c, and No. 2 mixed at 34 1/2c.

RYE—Market dull. Cash No. 2 held at 96c, with buyers at 85c. Sales of 5 1/2 bu No. 2, spot, track, at 85c.

CATTLE—Common, 22.00; 2 1/2; fair to medium, 22.75; 3 1/2; good to choice, 23.50; 1 1/2; fat to food shippers, 25.00; 1 1/2; Prime steers, 10 1/2; 1 1/2; higher.

HOGS—Select, heavy and prime butchers \$4.65; 2 1/2; fair to good packing, \$4.2