

# GRANT'S GRAVE

## Marked at Last By a Nations' Tribute.

### The Corner-Stone of the Grant Monument Laid.

Simply as the Noted General Might Have Wished—The Corner-Stone Box Made of Copper Filled With Interesting Relics to Be Buried With It.

New York, April 28.—The cornerstone of the nation's monument to Gen. Grant in Riverside park was laid Wednesday. The weather was all that could be desired, a cloudless sky and bright sunshine tempered by a moderate breeze blowing over the Hudson.

Long before the time fixed for the dedication, the immense grand stand erected in close proximity to where the monument will stand, and partly surrounding the corner-stone, began to fill with those privileged persons who had been invited and had tickets, and by noon it was computed that there were fully 8,000 to 9,000 persons on the stand.

This crowded stand, with the veterans of the G. A. R., in number about 3,000, formed in line around and about the resting place of their dead hero, with the charming scenery along the Hudson river and the Palisades in the distance, formed a picture of interest seldom surpassed.

Shortly after noon President Harrison and party, escorted by troop A, of the national guard of the state of New York, left the Fifth avenue hotel and proceeded to Riverside park. In the carriages were President Harrison, Mrs. Gen. Grant and members of her family, Secretary Foster, Secretary Rusk, Secretary Elkins, Postmaster-General Wanamaker, Private Secretary Halford and many other distinguished guests.

As the presidential party approached the tomb the United States band played "Hail to the Chief," while heads were uncovered, handkerchiefs waved and the immense throng shouted their huzzas.

As the carriage drew up in front of the tomb, the president stood, hat in hand, and bowed on all sides in answer to the magnificent greeting accorded him.

After a few moments' quiet Rev. Dr. John Hall offered a prayer.

The president of the Grant Monument association, Gen. Horace Porter, then delivered an address detailing in brief the doings of the association, which now numbers 2,500 members.

The event of the day was the next on the programme, namely, the laying of the corner-stone by President Harrison. After putting mortar around the stone with a gold trowel that Superintendent Brady had made for the occasion, the stone was lowered into position.

The corner-stone box, made of copper, was filled with the relics which will be buried in it. They were: Constitution of the United States, Declaration of Independence, Articles of Confederation, the Bible, "Memoirs of Gen. Grant," Memorial Day pamphlet, May 30 and 31, 1863, a copy of Mayor Grant's proclamation regarding the Grant monument and coins from the United States mint and various illustrated and daily papers.

President Harrison briefly addressed the assemblage, after which the band played a selection of national airs. Chauncey M. Depew followed in a splendid oration.

To Green Fields and Pastures New. GUTHRIE, O. T., April 28.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Severns came down from Ponca and states that within the last week twenty thousand Texas cattle have been unloaded at Ponca station. They were brought from Western Texas, where the drought has driven the cattlemen off, and will be turned loose on the Ponca and Osage reservations.

It states that fully 500 steers are lying dead at Ponca, having been tramped under in shipment. In fact, all the cattle were in such poor condition that when unloaded they could hardly stand up.

Attempted Murder and Suicide. AKRON, N. Y., April 28.—A suicide and attempted murder occurred on the main road near the county line. A farmer named Trent excited his step-daughter, Mrs. Schadd, about 16 years old, out of the barn and attacked her with a hammer, with which he fractured her skull. He then returned to the house, told his wife what he had done, took a razor, went into a shed and killed himself by cutting his throat. There is little hope of his victim's recovery. His act is attributed to jealousy.

An Architect's Entirely End. NEW YORK, April 28.—Thomas Olwell Speir, an architect, who has his office at No. 21 State street, city, accidentally shot and killed himself at his home in South Orange, N. J. Mr. Speir was a member of the class of '87 of Princeton college, and was a great favorite in college and at his home. He designed the new athletic building at Princeton college.

Horse Races Were His Weakness. NEW YORK, April 28.—Ferdinand C. Ewer, who for many years has occupied a responsible position in the Corbin Banking Co., which is controlled by Austin Corbin, is missing, and is said to be a defaulter of the funds of the company to the extent of at least \$12,000. A passion for betting on horse races is what drove him to his ruin.

A Deer Feat. EAST TAWAS, Mich., April 28.—Deer are so numerous in Plainfield that the total destruction of the young wheat crop by these quadrupeds is threatened. Game Warden Hampton has been notified that the inhabitants propose to shoot the critters to protect farmers' interests.

The Goodwin Divorce Suit Settled. NEW YORK, April 28.—The suit of Nellie K. Goodwin against Nat C. Goodwin for a limited divorce has been settled. The conditions were not made public. It is reported that Mrs. Goodwin offered to accept \$50,000 and release her husband from all future claim.

# A COWARDLY JURY.

## The Men Who Tried Ravachol Anathemized—Instead of the Guillotine the Friends Receive a Sentence Permitting Them to Live.

PARIS, April 28.—When the jury in the case of the anarchists who were on trial in the Seine Assize court returned at 3 o'clock Wednesday morning and rendered a verdict of guilty with extenuating circumstances against Ravachol and Simon, these two persons did not in any way show that they expected anything different.

After Judge Gues had sentenced them to penal servitude for life they shouted "Vive l'anarchie." Vive la revolution sociale."

The verdict occasioned much surprise, but it is the general consensus of opinion that the "extenuating circumstances" part of the verdict was due entirely to the fear of the jurors that if the prisoners were condemned to death they would fall victims to anarchist vengeance.

After the proceedings were ended and the condemned had been removed, the courtroom and the adjacent corridors in the palace of justice were scenes of great animation. Those who had attended the trial were joined by others, and the case was discussed in loud tones by everybody.

Some held that the jury had shown a woful lack of courage in returning the verdict they did, while others held that the explosion in M. Very's restaurant showed that the friends of the prisoners were fully capable of carrying into execution their threats to kill the jurymen if any of the prisoners were set to the guillotine, and that the former were therefore justified in returning a verdict that would prevent themselves from becoming objects of revenge for the anarchists.

The Journal des Debats, commenting upon the result of the trial, says Wednesday, that it is to be regretted that the jury failed to perform their duty in the same noble manner that the officials performed theirs.

The public generally condemn the verdict. No one doubts that the jury was terrorized, and the result is regarded as a triumph for the dynamiters.

# THOUGHT HIS TIME HAD COME.

## A Fatalistic Lascar Leaps Into a Glowing Furnace.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—The British steamer Angerton, which arrived from Sicily, brought for burial the body of a stoker, Mahr Bue, a Lascar, who had fallen a victim to his belief in fatalism. The dead man was one of twenty Lascars shipped at Calcutta several months ago, who rigidly observed their Mohammedan customs, eating only food cooked by one of their number and holding meetings in the hold. At one of these meetings it was decided that Mahr Bue's time had come, and the wretched stoker, watching his opportunity, fulfilled the destiny pronounced upon him by throwing himself into the ship's furnace. He was dragged out horribly burned, but refused all nourishment and died Monday.

After services in Hindustani by his fellow Lascars, the body was landed and interred.

# SHOT AT A CONSUL.

## A La Guayra Policeman Makes a Mistake That Arouses His Government.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Mail advices from La Guayra, Venezuela, April 20, say: Philip C. Hanna, U. S. consul to La Guayra, was fired upon by a policeman in the streets of La Guayra at 9:30 o'clock last Wednesday night. The bullet whizzed past unpleasantly close to the consul, but did not hit him. Mr. Hanna pounced upon the policeman, demanding to know what the shot meant. When the policeman saw that it was the American consul whom he had fired upon, he nearly fell in a fit. He was sadly frightened and begged for mercy. On the following day the American consulate was besieged by government officials anxious to apologize for the unfortunate affair. Hanna assured the officials that he looked upon the affair as a mistake on the part of the unfortunate policeman.

# COMPPELLING MEN TO VOTE.

## OTTAWA, Ont., April 27.—The bill to compel voters to exercise their franchise, introduced in the house of commons by Col. Amyot, was considered by a special committee. After a long discussion two clauses of the bill were agreed to: First, to make every man without a reasonable excuse vote under penalty of \$10; and second, that proof of a reasonable excuse shall rest with the defendant.

# KILLED IN A FIST FIGHT.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Ambrose Seelye, 24 years old, and David Ryan, 20 years, became engaged in a fist fight on the long dock at Erie basin, Brooklyn. They fought fifteen minutes, when Seelye was knocked out by Ryan. He lay motionless for some time, when an ambulance was summoned. The ambulance surgeon pronounced Seelye dead. Ryan was arrested.

# A BANK'S DOORS CLOSED.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 28.—The Commercial bank of St. Paul closed its doors at 11:20 Wednesday morning as a result of a run caused in part by the recent failure of the St. Paul German Fire Insurance. The leading man in the insurance company is Albert Scheffer, who is also president of the Commercial bank. A statement is expected soon.

# DEMON DEEMING.

MELBOURNE, April 28.—Mr. Lyle, counsel for the murderer Deeming, Wednesday made another application for a further postponement of the trial. The judge said he felt that his responsibility was one of life and death, and that he would defer his decision on the application until to-day in order to hear medical evidence.

# THE CARDIFF GIANT WHIPPED.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 28.—Patsy Cardiff, of Minneapolis, and Billy Keogh, of Nevada, fought to a finish before the Pastime club, for a purse of \$800. Keogh won the fight in thirteen rounds.

# HOUSE ABSENTS.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—There is a large hole in the ranks of members in the house, on account of the numerous state conventions being held in various states.

# CONVENTION.

## Preliminary Meeting of the Ohio Republicans.

### Gov. McKinley Unanimously Chosen Permanent Chairman.

For the Delegates-at-Large Mr. Foraker Suggests McKinley, Foraker, Gibson and Bushnell—The Opposition, Sherman, Foraker, Foster.

CLEVELAND, O., April 28.—The delegates, as they entered Music hall on Vincent street, where the convention was held, were agreeably surprised by the sight that met their eyes. The large hall, capable of seating 3,000 people, was a bower of beauty.

The stage was as gorgeous as a tropical forest. At the rear was an enormous rosette, with concentric zones of red, white and blue, the whole surrounded by a cluster of flags. Hung beneath this were the portraits of President Harrison, Senator Sherman, ex-Gov. Foraker and Gov. McKinley. Sloping down from the big pipe organ were tiers of seats, and over the middle aisle, facing the audience, was a triple arch, flanked by groups of huge lilies and young plants.

In the first gallery, directly opposite the stage, was the Excelsior band, of Cleveland, which furnished music during the interim of waiting for the delegates to gather. Among the selectees rendered was "Boom-ta-ra," which brought out a round applause.

At 3 o'clock Judge L. W. King, chairman of the outgoing state central committee, rapped the convention to order and introduced Rev. C. S. Pomeroy, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Cleveland, who opened the proceedings with a prayer of considerable length. He spoke of the great blessings that had been showered on the American nation, how Providence had led it in mercy and loving kindness through paths of prosperity and, when the nation wandered from the path of right, had forgiven the transgression.

Judge L. W. King, in introducing the temporary chairman, made an eloquent and elegant speech, which was frequently and enthusiastically applauded. It was the better for being entirely extemporaneous.

After his remarks Judge King introduced Charles P. Griffin, of Toledo, the temporary chairman of the convention. Mr. Griffin, who is the intellectual giant of the general assembly, was enthusiastically applauded, and addressed the assemblage.

During the course of Mr. Griffin's speech he was again and again applauded. The references to McKinley and Foraker were made the occasion of perfect ovations, and all the names of the republican leaders were signals for outbursts of enthusiasm. After the speech announcement was made of the vice presidents, assistant secretaries and committees selected at the district meetings, and H. Clay Drinkie, of Fairfield county, and Calvin W. Reynolds, of Lawrence county, were called forward to act as assistant secretaries in the work of the temporary organization.

The agreeable announcement was made that the Cleveland Base Ball club had extended an invitation to all the delegates to attend the game in the afternoon, and the convention was in a hurry to get away. The reading of the numerous names was consuming a great deal of time, and Harry M. Daugherty, member of the legislature from Fayette county, made a hit by moving that the reading be suspended and the convention referred to the evening papers for further particulars. When two things were to be done, and there was time for but one, he said, the more important matter should be attended to, and the baseball game was unquestionably the more important. This raised a laugh, and his motion prevailed. He then moved that the convention adjourn to 10 a. m. to-day, and, almost before the chair announced that the motion was carried, the hall had been cleared. The delegates repaired to the Hollenden, where cars were waiting to take them to the ball grounds.

The liveliest of the committee meetings Wednesday evening was that upon rules and order of business, and for the first time it was made clearly apparent that there was an attempt to set things up in somebody's interest. The committee met in one of the parlors of the Hollenden, and organized by electing M. L. Case, of Wood county, chairman; A. L. Roudamour, of Gallia, secretary; James R. Garfield, Robert Carey and W. H. Slade were appointed a sub-committee to draft and submit a report to be made to the convention Thursday morning, and this is their product:

# 1. This convention shall be governed by the parliamentary rules ordinarily governing like conventions.

# 2. The order of business shall be as follows: Reports of committee on permanent organization, credentials, rules and order of business and resolutions. Nomination of candidates in the following order:

# Secretary of state, judge of supreme court, long term, judge of supreme court, short term, clerk of supreme court, member of board of public works, four delegates to the national republican convention, two presidential electors.

# 3. Nominating speeches shall be limited to ten minutes.

# 4. Seconding speeches shall be limited to five minutes.

# 5. A majority of all votes cast in the convention shall be necessary to a nomination.

# The committee on permanent organization met and organized, and the following officers were selected: Permanent chairman, Gov. Wm. McKinley, jr., by acclamation; secretary, John R. Molloy, clerk of the Ohio house of representatives. On motion it was agreed that the committee elect an assistant secretary for each congressional district. These gentlemen were proposed and elected by acclamation in a bunch: First district, Alex. C. Cain was selected

as chief sergeant-at-arms, together with nine assistants.

There is a split on delegates-at-large. Gov. Foraker and his friends, after making, as they claim, every concession within reason, refused further concession, and announced as their candidate for delegates-at-large Gov. McKinley, ex-Gov. Foraker, Gen. W. H. Gibson and Gen. Asa S. Bushnell. The opposition have named Senator Sherman, ex-Gov. Foraker, Gov. McKinley and ex-Gov. Foster, and it is probable two tickets will be presented to the convention to-day.

# A Remarkable Suicide.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 28.—The most remarkable and deliberate suicide ever known in Allegheny county occurred early Wednesday morning at the little hamlet of Boston, near Elizabeth. John Gilkey, aged 54, the superintendent of the upper division of the Pittsburgh, McKeesport and Younggheny railroad while ill in bed, cut his left hand almost off and bled to death, while two men neighbors, sat by his bedside and watched. They did not know that anything was wrong until his ashy color and cold forehead showed them that he was dead. They did not then suspect suicide, until the covers were turned down and the bed found saturated with blood. His life-blood had simply ebbed away while they sat and watched.

# Wednesday's Games.

The scores of Wednesday's ball games resulted as follows:

# LEAGUE.

Philadelphia	15	New York	4
New York	0	Philadelphia	1
Brooklyn	4	Louisville	6
Baltimore	1	Pittsburgh	4
Cleveland	5	Boston	8
Chicago	1	Washington	0
Boston	2	Washington	0
Washington	2	Washington	0

# WESTERN ASSOCIATION.

Kansas City.....11; Minneapolis.....8; Toledo.....3; Indianapolis.....6; Milwaukee.....14; Columbus.....4; St. Paul.....4; Omaha.....3.

# The Weather.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—For Tennessee and Kentucky—Generally fair, followed by light showers in extreme west; much colder Friday morning; south winds.

For West Virginia and Ohio—Fair, except showers on the lakes, colder Friday morning, south gales, becoming west.

For Indiana—Fair south; showers north; much colder Friday morning; south gales, becoming northwest.

# SPECIAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The following is issued by the weather department:

A very severe cold wave for the season will occur in North and South Dakota, northern Nebraska, Minnesota, northern Iowa, Wisconsin and upper Michigan, a temperature of twenty-two degrees, being reported from St. Vincent, with a velocity of forty-six miles from the northwest, and twenty-four from Fort Buford, with a velocity of thirty miles from the west.

# Snow-Storm in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 28.—The worst storm of the season set in here Wednesday afternoon, and is now at its height. The snow is twelve inches deep in the western part of the province, and the wind is blowing a perfect gale. Over one hundred telegraph poles have been prostrated on the Canadian Pacific between here and Brandon, and trains are delayed. It is feared there will be a loss of life.

# Tammany Gives \$5,000.

NEW YORK, April 28.—At a special meeting of the sachems of the Tammany society at Tammany hall, a donation to the Grant monument fund was considered. After the special meeting an executive session was held, and upon motion of Richard Croker, \$5,000 of the society's funds were donated to the Grant monument fund.

# Child Drowned in a Wash-Boiler.

BUCKEYS, O., April 28.—While its mother's back was turned Wednesday morning, the two-year-old daughter of Sam Coulter and wife fell into a boiler-full of wash-water and was drowned. Mrs. Coulter had just stepped out to hang up some clothes, and was back in a few minutes. All efforts at resuscitation were useless.

# Hon. Patrick Held for Trial.

LONDON, April 28.—Hon. Patrick Greville-Nugent, brother of Lord Greville, who is charged with having assaulted Miss Price in a compartment of a train running from London to Brighton, on the night of April 18, was again arraigned Wednesday, and was committed for trial.

# Colorado Republicans.

DENVER, Col., April 28.—The Republican state convention was called to order at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning by Senator Eli M. Ashley. Six hundred and twenty-six delegates answered the roll call. A Harrison delegation will be sent to Minneapolis.

# Easy For Deacon.

CANNES, April 28.—The indictment against Edward Parker Deacon for the fatal shooting of M. Abeille, the alleged lover of his wife has been changed to the less serious charge of manslaughter, thus removing the accusation of premeditation.

# Barn and Live Stock Burned.

XENIA, O., April 28.—The barn of John Camden's place near New Jasper was burned to the ground with all the contents, including three horses and two cows. Loss about \$4,000, with \$1,900 insurance in the Ohio Farmers' Co.

# Nebraska Republicans.

KEARNEY, Neb., April 28.—The republican state convention is in session here. The delegates to Minneapolis will be unanimous in their support of the renomination of President Harrison.

# More Free-Trade Bills.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The democratic majority of the house ways and means committee has practically decided to report two more "tariff reform" bills, placing lumber and Mexican silver-lead ore free of duty.

# Davyrier Suicides.

PARIS, April 28.—Henry Davyrier, the French traveler and geographer, committed suicide at Severs.

# CONDENSED NEWS

## Gathered From Different Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

The treasury department Wednesday purchased 228,000 ounces of silver at \$0.8730@0.8745.

At Springfield, O., Burglars, after two hours' work, cracked Saconist Ed. Sullivan's safe and got the disgustingly small sum of \$1.50.

A railway accident occurred at Bathurst, N. S. W., by which a passenger train was wrecked. Nine persons were killed and twelve injured.

Samuel Lave, an extensive cattle shipper, was shot and killed by his brother-in-law, John Withers, in a dispute over a fence, near Fort Scott, Kan.

Near Neelsville, Mo., Edward Noland and Jas. Wilkeson fell from a logging railroad car. The former was cut to pieces and killed and the latter fatally injured.

At Marshall, Ill., the jury in the trial of Ed Roseberry for killing J. M. Gooch at Casey on Thanksgiving evening, 1890, returned a verdict of acquittal Wednesday, after being out only ten minutes.

Senator Voorhees starts Thursday afternoon for South Carolina, whither he goes for a change of climate and a rest from congressional duties. The senator's health has not been the best of late.

A basket picnic, or barbecue on a small scale, has been announced to be held at the home of Nathaniel Straughn, English, Ind., on the 8th day of May, 1892, to celebrate the 100th anniversary of his birth.

The fortifications appropriation bill was practically agreed upon by the fortification sub-committee of the house committee on appropriations. A cut amounting to more than thirty-five per cent. has been made from the bill of last year.

An inquiry has been opened at Potsdam into the charge against two corporals of the kaiser's body guard, named Schramm and Hamann, of having maltreated a recruit named Koerber, causing him to lose his speech and hearing.

A dispatch received by a news agency in London from Rio Janeiro states that the Brazilian government has ordered its consuls abroad to refuse to dispatch vessels for Matto Grosso, which state has declared its independence of the Brazilian republic.

The house of commons Wednesday rejected by 175 to 153 a bill extending the franchise to unmarried women. The smallness of the majority against the motion caused surprise, as many had expected that it would be rejected by a vote of two to one.

The places of striking bakers at Detroit have been filled by men imported from the East. A number of the smaller firms have consented to change the hours of work demanded by their employees, but the others stand firm in their refusal to do so.

Harry Rogers, a Catholic clergyman, on the public street, at Eureka, Cal., with a horsewhip. The trouble grew out of assertions reflecting on the honesty of Rogers' wife, made from the altar, some time ago. Rogers was not arrested.

# THE MARKETS.

## CINCINNATI, April 28.

WHEAT—Winter patent 4.45@4.75; fancy 4.40@4.65; family, 3.25@3.75; extra, 2.90@3.15; low grade, 2.10@2.25; spring patent, 4.45@4.55; spring family, 4.10@4.35; spring family, 3.75@3.90; Rye flour, 4.50@4.70; Buckwheat flour, 2.00@2.25 per 100 lbs.

WHEAT—The market was firm with a good demand. Sellers held good No. 2 red at 92 1/2¢. But buyers were slow to pay more than 92¢. No. 3 red quoted at 89 1/2¢.

CORN—The market continues firm with a steady consumptive demand. No. 2 white shelled, held at 45¢; No. 3 yellow at 44¢; No. 2 mixed at 43 1/2¢. Ear was saleable at 42 1/2¢ for prime to choice samples.

OATS—The market was dull and weak. Some lots were on hand limited at rates above that current and were not pressed for sale. No. 2 white was quotable at 32 1/2¢, according to quality, and No. 2 mixed at 31 1/2¢.

RYE—The market continued dull and nominal, good cash No. 2 being held at 81¢. No trading reported.

CATTLE—Shippers: good to choice, 41.00@4.25; common to fair, 3.00@3.50; oxen, good to choice, 33.25@3.75; common to fair, 23.25@3.00; select butchers, 33.00@4.25; fair to medium, 31.00@3.15; common, 22.00@2.75.

HOGS—Select heavy and prime butcher, 41.50@4.60; fair to good packing, 34.25@4.45; common and rough, 32.00@3.15; fair to good but, 34.25@3.50; fat pigs, 35.75@4.25; common, 28.00@32.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep—Clipped, 41.25@4.35; unshorn, 35.25@3.60; wethers, 40.25; lambs, 35.50@3.70; extra, 37.25@3.75; spring lambs, 35.50@3.80.

## NEW YORK, April 28.

WHEAT—Declined 1/2¢@3/4¢ on realization moderately active; April, 93 1/2¢; May, 91 1/2¢.

RYE—Western, 80¢@82¢.

CORN—Mixed, 45¢@46¢ up, quiet; No. 2, 40 1/2¢; steamer mixed, 48 1/2¢@49 1/2¢.

OATS—Dull and firmer; western, 34 1/2¢@35 1/2¢; April, 34 1/2¢; May, 34 1/2¢; fair to good but, 34.25@3.50; fat pigs, 35.75@4.25; common, 28.00@32.50; fresh cows, 23.00@24.00; 14 cars shipped to New York.

HOGS—Market fair; all grades, 47.00@49.00; one car shipped to New York.

SHEEP—Market very dull; prime, 50.00@52.25; fair to good, 44.50@47.75; common to fair, 44.00@45.25; lambs, 50.00@52.50; veal calves very dull, 33.50@34.

## BALTIMORE, April 28.

WHEAT—Firm; No. 2 red spot, 41.00@1.00; April, 92 1/2¢; steamer No. 2 red, 89 1/2¢.

# SOCIETY'S FREAKS.

## One of the Latest Is Photographing the Feet.

Fashionable Women Have Their Comely Pedals Either Cast in Plaster, Bronze or Marble or Give the Camera a Shot at Them.

In this age of freaks and fads nothing is very surprising. A radical departure from that to which all are accustomed, of course, draws forth comment for the time being, but the talk is short lived, and few days roll around before society is discussing the merits of another innovation. What an endless amount of gossip, says the Detroit Free Press, was caused by the adoption of the decollete dresses not many years ago. How the cartoonists strove to outdo each other in their caricatures, and how the paragraphists labored to produce funnier jokes about the prevailing styles than their rivals. Yet this is all over, and today a high-necked dress is indeed rare at a grand ball. So with all things, the young man and his lumberbund, particularly. But they appear to have come to stay until the people who foster these departures tire of them and look for something new.

These changes, or progress, as they are termed, are not alone confined to dress. All the arts must step up in their turns and accept with good grace changes which would make the old masters seek oblivion in some convenient cave. Among the most noticeable fads of this season are two which have given the photographer and designer in plaster of paris quite a revenue. In some clime a lady with a pretty foot, which she could not display to a sufficient degree to satisfy her vanity, owing to the social restrictions which compel both rich and poor to wear shoes, conceived the idea of having a cast taken, and a likeness made in bronze. Like wildfire did the craze spread until it has pervaded the civilized world. In some cities which never assume the initiative in such departures, the establishment of this custom was slower than in the metropolises of both worlds, but it came at last, and now the sculptor, or whatever you may call the artistic plasterer, is reaping a harvest. Detroit belongs to this latter class, and some members of its population have the malady badly.

The method was learned at a studio where the work is performed. Coyle does the maiden acquaint the master with the object of her visit, and a time is set for the casting. She returns on the appointed day, and releasing her foot from the prison of silk and leather which protects it from earthly substances on which the natives trampled in bygone years, she places it in the position told. A shiver creeps up her spinal column as the plaster is applied, and when the foot has been completely covered as high as the ankle the cast is taken off and allowed to dry for a week. Then it is slightly moistened and the liquid plaster is poured in the mold, from which it is taken as soon as sufficiently dried, and then the final drying and smoothing off takes place. At the end of a week there is an exact counterpart of the foot in plaster of paris.