

PEARY'S RELIEF.

The Expedition Will Be in Charge of Prof. Hellprin.

The Chicago Committee Has Chartered the Steamer Kite, Capt. Pike.

Cape York, Lieut. Peary's Headquarters, to Be Reached About July 23.—The Kite Will Sail From St. Johns, N. F., and Will Proceed Across Melville Bay.

CHICAGO, June 18.—The executive committee of the Chicago relief expedition has chartered the steamer Kite, with Capt. Pike and the remainder of the old officers. The expedition will be in command of Prof. Angelo Hellprin, who will take with him nine hearty young men, all of whom have volunteered. Nearly all the money necessary for the purposes of the expedition has been contributed and the balance will be devoted toward provisioning the vessel and laying in one year's supplies for the Peary party.

According to the present plans the Kite will sail from St. John, Newfoundland, along the eastern shore of the straits of Belle Isle, and thence along the Labrador coast, and across Greenland sea to Ivigtut, going thence to the port of Godshaven, on Brice's island. It is expected that the Kite will be able to cross Melville bay at the first breaking of ice at Cape York, and that Peary's headquarters will be reached about July 23.

Lieut. Peary's party of North Greenland explorers was landed by the Academy of Natural Sciences' West Greenland expedition on the east shore of McCormick's bay, in latitude 77 degrees and 45 minutes, on July 27, 1891. McCormick's bay is a branch of Murchison's sound and is about seven hundred miles from the pole. After unloading the stores and building a house for the party the Kite, with Capt. Pike in charge and the academy party on board, steamed away for home on July 30.

When Peary was landed he was carried off in a litter, as he had broken his leg several weeks before. He was given a sixteen months' supply of provisions, seven tons of coal, besides a good supply of kerosene and alcohol.

The situation of Lieut. Peary's party is this: As far as last winter was concerned they were as safe as regards fuel and food as though they were living in Canada. The danger that awaits them is the possibility of their being forced to remain at McCormick's bay for a second winter, in case no relief ship came to hand, or the possible disaster that might overtake them were they to attempt to make their way this summer along the coast.

Besides Lieut. Peary and his wife there are five other members of the party. The chief man is London Gibson, of Long Island, the ornithologist, J. M. Verhoef is the next man in importance on the expedition. The other members of the party are Dr. F. A. Cook, of Brooklyn; Astrup, a Norwegian, and Watt Henson a Philadelphia colored man.

ANTI-CLEVELAND SCHEME.

An Effort to Keep the Southern Delegates From Voting for the Ex-President on the First Ballot.

CHICAGO, June 18.—As yet but few of the southern delegates have arrived in Chicago. As at Minneapolis the men of the south hold the balance of power, and as a consequence present the most promising field for the labors of the president makers. It is said the anti-Cleveland men think if they can keep the southern delegates from Cleveland on the first ballot, or until the impossibility of his candidacy is made apparent, they can then beswing into line for some more available candidate, perhaps a western man. These anti-Cleveland men point out that probably the delegates from neither of the Carolinas will vote for the ex-president, and that he can not secure more than one-third the votes of Georgia, Alabama and Virginia. This process will so reduce Cleveland's votes from the south as to prevent his nomination, they say. Mr. Gorman, they say, will divide the votes of the southern delegates with Cleveland, and Senator Carlisle will secure not a few. On the round up the issue will be, according to the scheme of the anti-Cleveland men, between Gorman and a western man.

One Way of Dealing With Strikers.

BARCELONA, June 18.—Under the authority of the government Gen. Blanco is dealing with the utmost severity with the socialists and labor leaders in Barcelona. By his orders many have been arrested, manacled and taken aboard the men-of-war without a trial, on mere suspicion of inciting strikes. The strikers are becoming disheartened and are rapidly returning to work.

Sunday in Germany.

BERLIN, June 18.—The ministers of commerce, education and the interior have issued a circular to the Prussian press, instructing them in regard to the operation of the law regulating Sunday labor, the rules of exemption, etc. One curious paragraph orders the suspension of the sale of sweets, matches, etc., by automatic machines during the prohibited hours.

Young Bismarck's Marriage.

VIENNA, June 18.—The marriage of Count Herbert Bismarck and Countess Margarethe Hoyos will take place next Tuesday, at the Evangelical church in this city. Prince Bismarck will arrive here on Sunday for the purpose of attending the ceremony.

"Old-Fashioned" Leprosy.

NORTHFIELD, Ct., June 18.—Ed Alson, a Norwich hardware merchant of this city for twenty years, died with old-fashioned leprosy. The corpse was a most horrible sight, the flesh dropping off his body. The Alsons have all died in the month of June.

The Deadly Warm Wave.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 18.—The heat has been very intense here for the past twenty-four hours, and John Ford, an employe of the Galt house, is dead from sunstroke. Many others are prostrated.

ONTARIO ORE.

Canadian Capitalists About to Erect Smelting Works.

TORONTO, June 18.—Capitalists have in hand a project for the erection of blast furnaces near here for smelting Ontario ores, and they are urging the provincial government to grant financial aid to carry out the scheme without delay. It is proposed to erect furnaces with a capacity of smelting 100 to 150 tons of pig iron daily.

Capitalists inform the government that experts from the United States who have examined the Ontario iron ore say it is of a very superior quality, and point out the fact that it is remarkably low in its percentage of phosphorus, and will therefore yield high grades of iron and steel.

Regarding fuel the projectors of the scheme state that it can be laid down here cheaper than in Chicago. It is proposed to use coke.

W. Hamilton Merritt, a Canadian mining expert, states that the United States produces forty-five times as much pig iron per capita as Canada, and as individual consumption is about the same in both countries, the showing was not very complimentary to the dominion. Americans, he said, are obliged to import their best qualities from Spain and Cuba, while in Ontario there are deposits quite up to the standard of either Spanish or Cuban ore.

The government is asked to pay a bonus of \$2 per ton for all ore mined, and it is thought that as this will develop the iron mining industry of the country the request will be granted.

American capitalists own some important iron ore districts in Ontario.

ANOTHER ITALIAN LYNCHING.

Four Who Murdered a Mine Boss Strung Up Near Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 18.—Four Italians were lynched at the camp of Smith Bros. on the Monte Cristo railroad. The Italians had murdered the foreman of the camp. The place where the lynching occurred is forty miles from the nearest railroad station, on the line of the Everett & Monte Cristo road, now being built from Hartford, forty-seven miles north of Seattle, to the Monte Cristo mines. The only means of reaching the place is by rail, and the only information comes from men returning from camp. A special from Mt. Vernon says: Peter Bresslin arrived Thursday night with meager accounts of the murder and lynching. He said that on Monday last a gang of eight Italians, who were working under a Swede boss, became angered with him and at noon when they quit work caught him alone and three held him while the others hurled a crowbar completely through his body. Four escaped to the woods and four went back to camp. The other men heard of the murder and immediately started in search of the murderers. They found the four Italians and strung them up to a tree without any ceremony. The hanging was done quietly.

FORNIST WHITELAW.

The Priests Denouncing Him and Declaring They Will Beat Him as They Did Bialoe.

PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—The International Typographical union now in session here has not as a body delved into politics, but several of the members are prepared to make an assault on the candidacy of Whitelaw Reid for vice-president. O. A. Eller, of Dallas, Tex., will lead the fight, and he does not think that the fact that William J. Brennan, of the Big Six of New York, having been chosen foreman of the Tribune composing-room should settle the grievances. A Sioux City editor has written here saying that the printers in that city will vote against Reid, and, in fact, that the whole body of printers throughout Iowa would do likewise. Similar communications have been received. It is claimed by many printers that if Reid's name is not taken off the ticket the republicans will certainly be beaten in the November election.

Kansas Grain Crop.

WICHITA, Kan., June 18.—The wheat harvest is in full blast in Southern Kansas. In the southern part of Harper county cutting began as early as last Thursday. The quality of grain is excellent, the heads being long and well filled, and the berry plump and heavy. In the extreme western counties the crop is reported as simply magnificent. The reports from nearly all points indicate a larger yield than last year. Corn is looking well, but some counties say that rain will be needed soon.

Girls Kill a Blacksnake.

WARREN, Ind., June 18.—A panic was caused Thursday in the dressmaking establishment of the Werz Sisters, in this city. One of the young women employed at the place, Miss Bertha Eschback, upon going to a wash-stand in a rear room, saw a large blacksnake in the wash bowl and promptly fell over in a dead faint. The women, alarmed by the scream she had given, rallied and pursued the reptile to the stairway and there killed it.

A Seven-Year-Old Thief.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 18.—James Sheridan, 7 years old, was arrested here by Detective Decker for robbing the mail. He stole a letter containing a first Missouri mortgage bond for \$1,150 from the top of a mail-box, where it was placed by John C. Drew, living at No. 638 Madison avenue, who was sending it to New York to draw the July interest.

A Baby's Terrible Fall.

CINCINNATI, June 18.—The two-year-old child of Joseph McCool, corner Harrison street and Broadway, Friday morning fell from a window in the third story to the pavement. The child's skull was crushed like an egg shell, and the tender flesh mashed almost to a pulp.

Wants Electrical Fans.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 18.—Heater registered 96 degrees at the supper hour Thursday. In the house Friday McInerney, of Kenton, introduced a resolution directing the librarian to ascertain and report the cost of electrical fans. Public offices and library.

OSSIFICATION

Slowly But Surely Appears in a Young Girl,

Working Its Way Through All of Her Muscular System.

For a Number of Years This Change Has Been Going On—A Case That Mystifies the Physicians—Peculiar Condition of the Victim.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 17.—The fact has just become public that the doctors of this city have been closely studying the case of a young girl whose muscles are gradually becoming ossified. Dr. A. Morgan Vance, whose patient the girl is, declares it is a genuine case of what is technically termed myositis ossificans, a disease so rare and so little understood as to cause and treatment that very little has ever been written of it in medical books. In fact it has not received more than a mere definition. The case was brought to the attention of the medical society at its last meeting. In speaking of the case Friday Dr. Vance dilated on the extreme rarity of such cases and the utter inability of physicians thus far to arrest the progress of the disease. From observation of the few cases known to the world, it has been found that all the muscles gradually harden into bone, save those immediately concerned in digestion and respiration. The organs of sight and speech are also exempt from the general ossification. The process is very slow and irregular, and the patient may live for years, gradually growing more helpless and eventually dying of exhaustion and confinement. The reporter was reluctantly granted an interview with the invalid by her mother. The family are very quiet, unassuming German people, living at No. 914 East Market street. The father, Mr. John F. Schamback, a blacksmith, and his daughter, Miss Emma, a girl of seventeen years, are the afflicted ones. She is rather a tall, slight-built person with blue eyes and brown hair. But for her disease she would be a very pretty girl. Her head is drawn to one side by the hardening of the muscles in the side of the neck, and just under the chin, near the "Adam's apple," is a long projection as hard and sharp as a nail to the touch. The muscles of the back are so hardened that she can not bend over, and those about the chest are also ossified. In the right arm both biceps and triceps are affected, and the muscles of the right thigh are immovable. Her right arm she keeps in one position altogether, and her left she has but partial control over. The hardening of the muscles of the thigh renders it impossible for her to bend her left limb. The muscles of the face are gradually suffering and are beginning to stand out prominently, as do those of the neck. The hardening of the facial muscles limit to some extent the motion of the jaws, but notwithstanding this fact, her appetite is good, and she eats as heartily and with as much relish as an entirely healthy person.

Miss Schamback's mother stated the girl had been subject to acute muscular pains since she was about 7 years old. The mother believes that the disease has been working on the girl during these ten years. The first symptoms which alarmed the family and suggested the necessity of medical attention occurred six months ago, when in pumping a bucket of water Miss Schamback was seized with excruciating pains in the right arm and, strange to say, she now feels no pain, and save for the inconvenience of rising and being unable to move freely, never complains. Nothing can be done to arrest the progress of the disease, and the unhappy girl is slowly but surely becoming an almost solid mass of bone.

Meeting of Anti-Home Rulers.

BELFAST, June 18.—The great Ulster convention, to consider the negative side of the home rule question, was held in this city Friday. Work was generally suspended, shops and business houses being decorated with flags and bunting, and many mottoes, expressive of the Ulsterites' determination never to submit to the rule of an Irish parliament. The convention was held in an enormous pavilion, erected for the purpose, at the intersection of College park and Rugby road, and the building was crowded to its utmost capacity with delegates and enthusiastic opponents of home rule. About 10,000 delegates were present. Resolutions were adopted against a parliament in Ireland, and declaring their determination to remain as an integral part of the United Kingdom.

The Printers.

PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—At Friday's session of the International Typographical union it was decided to memorialize congress and the World's Columbian exposition managers to keep the exposition open on Sundays. Chicago was selected as the next place of meeting, with St. Paul a very close second.

Palmer's Son Against Him.

CHICAGO, June 18.—Louis J. Palmer, an attorney, of Rock Springs, Wyo., walked into Hill headquarters Friday, and was introduced as a son of Senator Palmer, of Illinois. He declared himself for Hill.

Gold Shipments.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Gold coin to the amount of \$500,000 has been ordered at the sub-treasury for shipment Saturday. Total ordered Friday, \$3,250,000. Total ordered this week, \$6,600,000.

The Alliance's New President.

HURON, S. D., June 18.—G. L. Loucks, of this city, vice president of the National alliance, has gone to Washington to take charge of the affairs of the organization.

Folding Bed Company Assigns.

GOSHEN, Ind., June 18.—Indiana Folding Bed Co. made an assignment Friday to H. R. Whitman. The affairs are in a badly tangled shape, and it is difficult to obtain a statement.

DUELS.

Forty-Eight to Be Fought—Imprisoned Students Will Have Reparation From the Papers When Liberated.

CITY OF MEXICO, Mex., June 18.—The students who have been imprisoned for participating in the late riots at the City of Mexico, which were directed against the authorities in behalf of the entire election movement, have sent cards to the editors of Mexico, Granico, El Partido, Liberal, El Universal and La Patria, stating that they would demand reparation for the attacks made against them by said papers just as soon as they regained their liberty. The students are very much incensed at the ridicule and contumely which has been heaped upon them by the administration journals, and it is feared that many personal encounters will follow upon their release, as the dueling code is tacitly recognized in Mexico as affording the only means of settling any difference involving the honor of individuals. The students names are T. Antonio Rivero, G. Huelgas, Y. Compos, Quirido Moheno, Francisco T. Mascareñas, Louis B. Cardena, Pedro Salazar, Victor M. Becerril, Romulo Quintana, Antonio Romero, Gustavo Garcia, Alejandro Luque and A. Olguin Galindo—twelve in all. As the four challenges are signed by all, the total number of duels to come off, as things are now, would be forty-eight.

A PORCH FALLS.

Four Women Go Down With It, and Three Probably Fatally Injured.

CHICAGO, June 18.—By the falling of a porch in the rear of 414 State street Friday afternoon, four women were injured, three of them so seriously that they may die. The women injured were: Mollie Homan, twenty-five years old, very badly cut about the head and injured internally; May Johnson, twenty-six years old, badly hurt about the head and injured internally; Mary Coligan, twenty-four years old, badly cut on legs and feet; Mary McLaughlin, twenty years old, badly bruised. The injuries of the three first mentioned are of a very serious nature, and are likely to prove fatal.

MOUNT VESUVIUS.

A Beautiful Sight as the Result of the Eruption.

NAPLES, June 18.—The volcanic energy of Mount Vesuvius shows no sign of abatement. A most magnificent sight is presented in Atrio del Cavallo, the valley between the two summits—Monte Somma and Vesuvius proper. Here the lava ejected has formed an immense bridge across the valley, and it is constantly gaining fresh accretions. The lava glows with a white heat, and at night the bridge is magnificently beautiful. A new eruptive mouth has opened on Mount Somma. The center of the principal crater shows increased activity, and huge masses of lava are frequently ejected.

Gray and Gray.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 18.—A movement is on foot among Delawareans going to Chicago to establish Gray headquarters at the Palmer house for the purpose of looking after the interests of Delaware's senator in the contingency of a failure to nominate Cleveland. A stock of "Gray and Gray" badges, indicative of a Delaware and Indiana ticket, will be taken along for use in this contingency. The Delaware delegates, headed by ex-Secretary Bayard leave for Chicago Saturday. Senator Gray will follow on the Pennsylvania limited express.

After That Red Apple.

CHICAGO, June 18.—The various presidential candidates, dark horses and possibilities discussed Friday night, were Cleveland, Hill and Flower, of New York; Boies, of Iowa; Palmer, of Illinois; Gray, of Indiana; Gorman, of Maryland; Carlisle, of Kentucky; Morrison, of Illinois; Campbell, of Ohio; Russell, of Massachusetts, and Pattison, of Pennsylvania. Cleveland, Hill, Boies, Gray, and probably Palmer or Gorman, will all have a following on the first ballot, but the others figure entirely as dark horses and compromise candidates.

Cruel Murder Avenge.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 18.—At 10 o'clock Friday morning Joe Wallace, the murderer of Henry Cota, a peddler, was hanged near Jasper, Marion county. He fell eight feet. His neck was broken. The execution was witnessed by 10,000 people. Wallace had not touched food for three days, and was very weak. The gallows was erected fifteen miles from the jail, and in a valley surrounded by high hills, on which the spectators stood.

Peddler Fatally Assaulted and Robbed.

Bristol, Tenn., June 18.—As a young lady named Miss Baker was going through the desolate flat woods about ten miles from here, in the mountains, she discovered on the roadside blood and hair. The next day a peddler came crawling into the town of St. Paul. He was almost dead from loss of blood, having been shot in several places and clubbed about the head. He only lived long enough to describe the men who had attacked him to secure his money.

Five Children Drowned.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 18.—Five children, ranging from 12 to 14 years of age, were drowned in the Ohio river at Neville Island, twelve miles below this city. It appears that the children drove a buggy into the river to wash. In some manner the buggy was overturned and the children thrown into the river. The two boys made heroic efforts to save their companions, but they were unequal of the task.

Candidates for Second Place.

PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—National committeeman Harry, when asked as to possibilities for second place, replied: "Gen. A. E. Stevenson, of Illinois; ex-Gov. Isaac P. Gray, of Indiana; ex-Gov. James Campbell, of Ohio, and Gov. Boies, of Iowa, are among the names which are prominently mentioned; but it is too early to make a prediction as to who will be selected."

Wheat—Weak.

PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—Wheat—Weak. 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