

[The Editor of THE LEDGER is not responsible for the opinions expressed by Correspondents; but nothing reflecting upon the character or habits of any person will be admitted to these columns.]

Correspondents will please send letters so as to reach us not later than 5 o'clock a. m. Give facts in as few words as possible. We want news in this department, and not advertising notices or political arguments.

OUR AGENTS. The following are authorized Agents for THE PUBLIC LEDGER in their respective localities:

Moranburg—Matthew Hoffman. Helena—Robert B. Ford. Mineral—Frank W. Hawes. Sardis—B. G. Grigsby. Orangeburg—C. R. Ross. Springfield—C. C. Deegan. Staunton—Charles Wheeler. Vanceburg—Mrs. Jennie Stewart. Mt. Carmel—Kelly & Foxworthy. Augusta—Lester Tully. Peed—Joseph W. Williams. Subscribers will save the trouble of letter-writing by paying their subscriptions to the Agent at their place.

MORANBURG.

The family and friends of Pat Osborne have very little hopes of his recovery. Horace Lunderback is still in the trading ring. If you have anything to mix give him a call.

The colored folks for the present are holding their school in a tenant house belonging to C. H. Lloyd.

The farmers are still hauling coal from Broshear's station. Taking all into consideration it costs about three cents less on the bushel than it does in Maysville.

We heard a mighty good man say the other day that he intended to make things hot for a certain colored man who makes a practice of getting drunk and tramping up and down the pike preaching and swearing every breath he draws. Such things are a nuisance to the neighborhood and should be stopped at once.

SHANNON.

Mr. Johnson our groceryman was in town this week. Two of our young men took in the Manchester Fair.

Our town is on a boom. It has a new residence going up.

Miss Belle Arthur and her mother left for Portsmouth Thursday morning on a visit.

The public school at Arturiana opened Monday under the instruction of J. H. Kirkland.

Tobacco cutting is most over now and corn cutting and seeding will soon be the order of the day.

J. Wist Prather and Henry Cracraft took a fishing spree this week, but did not need any one to carry the fish for them.

Some of our young chaps attended the fete given at the schoolhouse near Moran's tollgate Saturday night and report good times.

Rev. Wightman was by the turn of the grand old Methodist Conference wheel rolled back to this place. We wish him more success than he had last year.

SARDIS.

Rev. Heber Witeman has been returned to this work for another year. Rev. G. N. Jolly will start next Tuesday morning to attend the Annual Conference at Louisville.

The fete given at Rosa Dell schoolhouse last Saturday night was a success. They took in about \$75. The expenses were light.

There is to be a supper here on the night of the 24th. The design of this fete is to raise money to buy seats for the schoolhouse. Everybody come.

Jim Osborne and Tom Allen got into a fight last Saturday night. Allen was cut over the eye. Osborne fired one shot at him. They were parted. Osborne was tried Tuesday and fined \$25 and imprisoned ten days.

Mrs. Annie Wilson died last Saturday and was buried here Sunday morning. She was very old, a true Methodist and a loyal Republican. She was well known by all who knew her. She departed this life in perfect peace.

FIRST APPELLATE DISTRICT.

Republican Convention Called to Meet at Ashland on September 22d.

To the Republicans of the First Appellate Court District: The new election law having rendered it necessary, the Republican Executive Committee of the First Appellate Court District of Kentucky hereby declares that a convention of the Republicans of said District, composed of the counties of Bath, Boyd, Carter, Bourbon, Bell, Breathitt, Cracker, Clark, Clay, Estill, Elliott, Floyd, Fleming, Greenup, Harlan, Johnson, Jackson, Knox, Knott, Laurel, Letcher, Leslie, Lee, Lewis, Lawrence, Madison, Mason, Montgomery, Morgan, Magoffin, Martin, Menifee, Nicholas, Owsley, Perry, Pike, Powell, Robertson, Rockcastle, Rowan and Wolfe will be held in the city of Ashland, Ky., on Thursday, September 22d, 1892, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals. The Chairman of the Republican Committee of each county in the District is hereby earnestly requested to call and hold a County Convention in due time to select delegates to said convention at the time and place aforesaid.

The basis of representation from each county shall be one delegate for each one hundred and one delegate for each fraction over fifty votes cast for Benjamin Harrison in 1888.

Representation from each county in the District is urgently desired either by delegate or proxy. ED. DAUM, Chair, First Appellate Court District.

Diarrhea in Kentucky. "There has been a continuous tendency to bowel disease here this season," says G. W. Shively, druggist, Wickliffe, Ky., "and an unusual demand for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy. I have sold four bottles of it this morning. Some remarkable cures have been effected by it and in all cases it has proved successful." For sale by Power & Reynolds.

KENTUCKY WEATHER REPORT.

What We May Expect Between This Time and To-morrow Evening.

THE LEDGER'S WEATHER SIGNALS.

White streamer—FAIR; Blue—RAIN or SNOW; With Black ABOVE—TWO WARMER FROG. If Black's BENEATH—COLDER 'Twill be; Unless Black's shown—no change we'll see.

The above forecasts are made for a period of thirty-six hours, ending at 8 o'clock to-morrow evening.



AN ELECTION TIME BORE. He'll soon be round our brains to enrage, The man whose coming's unexpected; Who slips you on the back and says, Well, who do you think will be elected?

Personal Points

If you have friends visiting you, or if you are going away on a visit, please drop us a note to that effect.

John B. Poyntz, Jr., has returned to his home at Orlando, Fla.

Thomas Parry of Kansas City is visiting his mother near Washington.

Miss Hannah Fleming of Limestone street is visiting friends in Lexington.

Miss Ella D. Cooper has gone to Kansas City to make that place her future home.

Miss Anna Sparks of Terre Haute, Ind., is the guest of Mrs. John H. Wilson of East Third street.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh R. Bierbower returned yesterday from their trip to Colorado and the West.

Mrs. A. H. Dillon, with her daughters, Misses Alice and Julia, are visiting her sister, Mrs. H. H. Cox.

Misses Rella and Mattie Tolle have returned home from Union, where they attended a meeting of the Baptist Association.

Miss Gretche Lowentroun has returned to her home at Bloomington, Ill., after a visit to the Misses Anna and Sophia Traxel.

Miss Jennie Berry and sister, Minnie, of Lewisburg attended the Gardner entertainment at the Opera-house last night.

A Word For the Mothers-in-Law. New York Ledger.—An asylum for mothers-in-law is being built in Austria, by a wealthy Austrian woman, and provision has been made for five hundred occupants. This item will afford an opportunity for many a humorous paragraph, but there are many of true men and women in America, at least, who will gladly testify that there is ample space for mothers-in-law out of the asylum.

Who paid the son-in-law's debts, and started him in successful business, instead of letting him sink to the level of his dissipated companions? Who pays a generous half of the wife's expenses and supplements the scanty larrier from her own stores? Who takes all the children home when there is sickness in the family and never mentions her own disfigurement and self-sacrifices? Who is always ready in case of disaster and calamity, sickness, disappointment, or disgrace, to sustain and comfort, and who bears meekly the public reproach of her title, because of her few middlesome, scandal-loving, selfish mothers of married children? And who meekly endures the slights and the perhaps thoughtless but none the less unkind words of the family which quickly forgets benefits received and plans with more or less openness how to get rid of her presence? Some day, these five hundred Austrian mothers-in-law will be beyond the reach of sons' or daughters' care, and then, perhaps, the world will ring with praises of their generosity and self-denial. Why not close the asylum and give the testimonials now?

SAWFISH AND PILOTS.

Two Flimsy Curiosities That Always Accompany One of Larger Size.

Yesterday morning some men were hauling a seine in the gulf, and when they were inside the second bar they noticed a large fish in the haul, says the Galveston News. In shallow water the fish was found to be a sawfish, and a large one at that. The seine was dragged to the beach and the fish secured. On its back were six pilot fish, which held on as if they were part of the prize. With difficulty they were detached and four of them saved. The sawfish measured 13 1/2 feet in length and 4 1/4 feet in breadth and weighed 650 pounds. The pilot fish were quite small. In deep water they swim before the sawfish on each side of the snout or saw, and on reaching shoal water they attach themselves to the back of the large fish by an oval sucker. This sucker resembles the sole of an old-fashioned rubber shoe, and the power of suction is such that it requires a strong pull to detach them. Their special use or duty has long remained a matter of dispute.

Places That Are Exempt From Cholera. BERLIN, Sept. 16.—The German papers, in discussing the cholera epidemic, note that places situated on mountains and not on river are detritus and practically cholera proof, and that the basins of the Rhine and Moselle also appear to enjoy absolute immunity from cholera. Some doctors attribute this fact to the wine grown there, which is believed to be effective against the germs of cholera and typhus and typhoid fevers.

Pittsburgh's Precautions. PITTSBURGH, Sept. 16.—Thursday the health authorities took steps toward the erection of an emergency hospital for the accommodation of cholera patients. The building, 30x70 feet, will be erected on the hillside overlooking the Pennsylvania tracks, near the West Pennsylvania hospital.

Granite Cutters Branch Out. CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 16.—The locked out granite cutters of this city have organized a company, leased a tract of land and will begin business immediately.

Fire and Accident Ins. W. R. Warder.

A LITTLE BABY

Was the Innocent Cause of the New York Cholera Cases.

Friesland Immigrant Passengers Fended Sweet Babe Minnie Levinger.

Their Embraces Were the Carresses of Death—Not a New Case—Jack Frost on Deck, and an End of the Epidemic Speedily Promised.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The morning opens bright and frosty and New York is thus enjoying just the kind of weather to prevent any spread of cholera. The few cases which have appeared here and which were concealed by the board of health have in no way alarmed the authorities or the citizens. People here have become educated up to the point of having little or no fear of the formerly much dreaded visitor.

The bulletin issued by the health department says that in 48 hours ending at 10 a. m. Thursday no new cases of cholera have been discovered or developed.

The Herald, Thursday morning, in its article in regard to the foothold at length obtained by the cholera in New York, says: "Three other cases have been reported as suspicious, but have not yet been approximately determined." The investigations of the Herald have revealed whence the cholera came, in at least one case, and suggest the source of the other contagions. It came through the port of New York.

Immigrant passengers on the steamer Friesland, which arrived here on August 20, seem to have brought the disease to little Minnie Levinger, who died on September 11. They are traced back to Antwerp, which they reached from other cities in Europe, doubtless infected with cholera.

When they reached quarantine there was illness reported on board, and after a few hours' detention and so-called fumigation they were permitted to proceed.

From the steamship pier the passengers scattered over the city, and in fact the entire country. Four young women who were among the immigrants went to 411 East Forty-sixth street, where little Minnie lived. It appears that, being greatly interested in the child, they spent several idle hours playing with it.

There is every reason to believe that the infection was in their clothing; that they innocently carried it about with them, escaping its dangers themselves, and that from their clothing the child got the disease which carried the little one off in twenty-four hours.

In the case of Callahan a plausible connection seems to be established between him and immigrants who, arriving in the city by transatlantic steamers, went south by the Mallory line, to whose pier Callahan was, by his business, frequently necessitated to go. He was a butcher.

In the other instances the relatives and physicians have not been able to suggest the precise method of the infection, but it seems not unlikely that it came about in some similar way.

It has been authoritatively stated that nine steamships bearing 5,000 immigrants are en route to this city. Agents Brown and Schwab of the Cunard and North German Lloyd lines respectively, in a statement published Wednesday, say the steamer passengers now on their way to America were booked before the day of the president's proclamation and they could not be turned back without violating a contract.

Irrigation Working Wonders.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The census bureau has issued a bulletin upon the general subject of irrigation in the western states. It is shown that of the 124,808 farms enumerated in the arid region in June, 1890, 52,584 or 42.13 per cent. contained land on which crops were raised in 1889 by the artificial application of water, the entire area of land irrigated being 3,564,416 acres, 20.72 per cent. of the total area of the 52,584 irrigated farms, 9.66 per cent. of the total area of the whole number of farms enumerated and about one-half of one per cent. of the total land area of the arid region.

Escaped From Fire Island.

BABYLON, L. I., Sept. 16.—Babylon was excited at midnight by stories to the effect that cabin passengers, of the Normannia, had escaped from Fire Island. Conductor Freeze, of the Long Island railroad, came to the Watson house late Wednesday night and said he had had a passenger from Babylon for New York, who had paid his fare in German gold. The passenger was accompanied by several women, and the party was nervous. Later, a boatman said to some persons whom he met that he had earned \$130 since dinner by bringing a party of persons from Fire Island that had come from the Cepheus.

Predicted His Death.

MUNCIE, Ind., Sept. 16.—J. S. Petty, of Muncie, died at Martinsville, where he was receiving medical treatment. He was a Spiritualist, well known throughout the state. Last Sunday a lady friend, who is a medium, informed Mrs. Petty that her husband would die the first day that it rained. Wednesday morning when Mrs. Petty awoke and found it raining hard she started to go to her husband, but did not arrive there in time to see him alive.

Three Killed in a Collision.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Sept. 16.—A head-end collision occurred two miles from here on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad Thursday morning between two freight trains. Engineers Ashton and Hows and Fireman Sinebaugh were killed instantly. An emigrant was also killed. Fireman Tuscung escaped death by jumping, but was badly injured. Several other persons were injured, but not seriously.

DISMAL OUTLOOK.

The Plague Gets a Fresh Hold on the Continent.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The general cholera outlook is not so favorable. According to the cables, all the world except England seems to be catching the plague. The authorities here are growing more careful. Six Belgians from Antwerp got ashore at Dover, where the authorities are very lax. They were caught at Canterbury and quarantined.

On the continent the plague seems to be getting a fresh grip. There are several cases at Stettin. The River Oder is strongly infected, as vessels from Hamburg are allowed to discharge their water ballast into it, and the Oder is used for drinking purposes. There are several fresh cases at Antwerp.

The situation at Havre and St. Petersburg has improved. The Hamburg authorities have voted another million marks to fight the cholera.

Following the lead of the English press, German newspapers are loud in their complaints of the treatment of ocean passengers at New York. The National Zeitung stigmatizes the scenes at Fire Island as unworthy of a civilized country.

The Berliner Tagblatt, while protesting against "the barbarous conduct of the yankee mob," recognizes that the authorities are showing a full appreciation of their duties. At the same time it hopes this lesson will not be lost upon Germany, and that the promised reform of sanitary administration at home will include closer sanitary inspection of transatlantic steamers before sailing, so as to deprive Americans of all reasonable pretext for restrictive measures.

THE PRESIDENT

Will Stop All Immigration, if Necessary in View of the Cholera Scourge.

LOON LAKE, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Soon after receiving the opinion of Attorney-General Miller concerning the power of the executive in taking measures to prevent the introduction of cholera into this country, the president wired Secretary Foster that the attorney-general had notified him that he had the authority to restrict immigration even to the point of absolute stoppage. The president told the secretary that if the steamship companies persisted in sending to this country immigrants from foreign ports, he would deem that they had sufficient notice in the premises and would take action to restrict them accordingly. He asked the secretary whether he deemed it necessary to issue any further orders on the subject. Thursday evening an answer was received by the president from Secretary Foster. The secretary says the steamship companies are complying willingly with the wishes of the general government. He gives it as his belief that the companies are acting in good faith, and thinks that there will be no necessity for the issuance of any further or additional orders.

NEW HAVEN EXCITED.

Two Very Suspicious Cases of Sickness Discovered in That City.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 16.—The city is in a flurry of excitement over what seems to be a case of cholera. Shortly before 7 o'clock Thursday morning John Henry, a janitor of the Sheldon avenue school, found an Italian writhing in terrible agony in a field on the outskirts of the city. The police at once were notified and the hospital ambulance called.

When that vehicle arrived, the Italian, evidently a laborer, was exhibiting all the symptoms of the disease. He was taken immediately to the hospital, and is isolated from the other patients. The Italian has proved to be Romeo Rooney, and is a farm laborer. Thursday afternoon, his brother, Natalie, residing with him on Hudson street, was stricken with the same symptoms. He was also taken to the hospital and isolated. That part of the city in which the street is located is on low, marshy ground, and is one of the most unhealthy sections of the city. The health officers and the hospital authorities maintain a rigid silence in regard to the cause.

A Deformed Convict.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 16.—A sadder or more unusual deformity than that of John S. Sloan, a federal prisoner who arrived from Alabama Thursday, has seldom been seen at the penitentiary. Sloan walks on "all fours," as though he were an animal. On each limb is fastened a crutch, giving him the appearance of being on top of a small trestle. He is 37 years old, and has been in that condition ever since he was 7. Paralysis caused it. Sloan's crime was passing counterfeit money.

Barred Out of Cuba.

HAVANA, Sept. 16.—The board of health of this city met Thursday and resolved to declare all vessels arriving from New York since the 11 inst. unclean, and all arriving from other U. S. ports since the date suspicious; to observe a strict quarantine against the United States, and not to admit to the port any vessels on which suspicious deaths have occurred on the voyage unless it is fully proven that such deaths were not due to cholera.

Indiana Will Fight Cholera.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 16.—The railroad officials are co-operating with the medical authorities in an effort to keep cholera out of Indiana. Mayor Sullivan has issued an order that all trains coming from New York shall be stopped at the Belt crossing and thoroughly examined before being allowed to proceed to the union station.

Money to Move the Cotton Crop.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The demand for money to move the cotton crop is beginning to make itself felt here, and within the last twenty-four hours the treasury department has authorized the issue of half a million dollars in small notes at New Orleans in return for gold deposited at the New York sub-treasury.

Mrs. Harrison Better.

LOON LAKE HOUSE, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Mrs. Harrison passed a restless night, but she was better, if anything, Thursday. There has been no further accumulation of the watery matter in the lung cavity. Dr. Gardner reports that the progress of the disease has been temporarily arrested.

WHO WILL PAY THE BILL?

New York and the Government Will Make the Hamburg Company Come to Time for Quarantine Expenses—Detained Passengers Will Suffer for Damages.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—A million dollars or more will be required to foot bills for care of the detained passengers before the cholera scare is over and the United States and state of New York will be responsible for the effort which it is understood will soon be made by the general government in the U. S. court, district of New York, to compel the Hamburg-American Packet Co. to shoulder them if successful.

The attorney general's official at Washington is reported to be examining the law on the subject, with a view of speedily testing the right of the Hamburg company to compel this government to spend such a sum of money in caring for persons it has transported from a post-inflicted port to the port of New York, which was free from contagious diseases until the Hamburg company introduced the cholera.

The steamship company took no step involving a dollar of expense for the care of its patrons now under the ban of quarantine regulations and the national and the New York state governments were forced to provide all the means necessary as a matter of public safety.

Just what the complaint of the U. S. government will demand is not, of course, known, but it is possible that the steamship company's property and its right to enter United States ports will be involved in the issue.

The Hamburg Co. furnished the sole means of bringing the plague to the United States ports, and it is the only company which persisted in transporting pest-breeding immigrants from infected ports after its vessel had introduced the disease into the port of New York.

It is reported that the steamship company has already anticipated legal complication and has provided against it by employing competent lawyers to defend it.

The company is very wealthy and wields great influence both in Germany and this country. It is further represented that the company will have the support of other trans-Atlantic steamship corporations in the fight to come, as the issue involved concerns all of them. The Hamburg company will have other suits to fight besides those contemplated by the United States government. These will be brought by the cabin passengers of the steamship Normannia, and will ask damages aggregating several hundred thousand dollars.

THE DALTON'S CAPTURED.

Train Robbers Who Outrivalled the James—\$20,000 Earned by the Their Captors.

PARIS, Tex., Sept. 16.—A dispatch from Deming, N. M., states that Deputy Marshal Sam Williams, of Paris, has captured Bob Dalton, Grant Dalton, Amy Dalton, Sam Wings and "Three-Fingered Jack," of the Dalton gang of train robbers. In the fight between the marshal's posse and the robbers two of the latter were killed and five captured. Three of the gang are yet at liberty.

It is supposed that the gang intended to rob the Southern Pacific while on their way to the Mexican border. Marshal Williams bears evidence of the fight, several fingers of his right hand being shot off. Shortly after the last raid by the outlaws, which occurred at Adair, Indian Territory, July 14, Williams started in pursuit of the desperadoes. He followed them out of the territory into Kansas, thence to Colorado and New Mexico, where the capture was made.

The Dalton gang is wanted in the Indian Territory, Kansas, New Mexico and California to answer the charge of train robbery. The rewards offered by the officials of the railroads and by the express companies robbed in Kansas aggregate \$22,000.

A German Seeks France.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.—Dr. Guttman, in the Medizinische Wochenschrift, denounces the policy of concealing cholera, as practiced in France, where, he says, it is pretended that the prevailing epidemic was introduced from Hamburg, though it is notorious that the disease has existed in Paris since April. The same policy, he continues, is pursued at Havre, where cholera existed for weeks before it broke out in Hamburg. The fancy names which French authorities give the disease, says Dr. Guttman, are mere quibbles.

Indiana Will Fight Cholera.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 16.—The railroad officials are co-operating with the medical authorities in an effort to keep cholera out of Indiana. Mayor Sullivan has issued an order that all trains coming from New York shall be stopped at the Belt crossing and thoroughly examined before being allowed to proceed to the union station.

Money to Move the Cotton Crop.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The demand for money to move the cotton crop is beginning to make itself felt here, and within the last twenty-four hours the treasury department has authorized the issue of half a million dollars in small notes at New Orleans in return for gold deposited at the New York sub-treasury.

Mrs. Harrison Better.

LOON LAKE HOUSE, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Mrs. Harrison passed a restless night, but she was better, if anything, Thursday. There has been no further accumulation of the watery matter in the lung cavity. Dr. Gardner reports that the progress of the disease has been temporarily arrested.

The Vermont Election.

RUTLAND, Vt., Sept. 16.—Returns of the recent election have now been received from the entire state. Fuller, republican, for governor, has 31,190; Smalley, democrat, 19,526; Allen, prohibition, 1,650. Fuller's plurality is 19,664 and majority 18,014.

Iowa Soldiers' Home Com. a. dant.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Sept. 16.—Col. J. H. Kealey, of Sioux City, was elected commandant of the Iowa soldiers' home by commissioners to succeed Milo Smith, resigned.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

The report of further Russian seizures around Behring sea has been confirmed. It is semi-officially stated that the Canadian government will not reimpose the export duty on saw logs.

Capt. R. B. Brown, Fourth infantry, U. S. A., is dead, at Wallace, Ida., of pneumonia. He leaves a wife.

The prohibition state convention at Sioux Falls, S. D., nominated A. B. Alexander, of Collington county, for governor.

Gov. Francis has commuted to imprisonment for life the sentence of Bud Blunt who was to have been hanged at Pineville, Mo., September 16.

It is now believed that Mrs. Pierson poisoned her two children, who died at Upper Quarantine, on the Wyoming, and then committed suicide.

The cholera quarantine decree, applicable to all Mexican ports, and signed by M. Romero Rubio, secretary of state, has been made public.

Wm. Donald, white, and Washington Mosely, colored, settled an old quarrel with corn knives near Milan, Tenn. Donald was fatally and Mosely seriously wounded.

John P. Johnson, of Minneapolis, made a quarter over the kite track at Independence, Ia., Thursday, in 0:37-2-5. He goes for all bicycle records during the next week.

Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson, democratic candidate for vice president, addressed a large audience at Asheville, N. C., Thursday. The burden of the speech was the so-called force bill.

Acting Secretary Chamber has ordered the payment of \$200,000 authorized by congress as an indemnity to the Sioux Indians for 5,000 ponies taken by the government some years ago during one of the Indian outbreaks in the north west.

At Hornellsville, N. Y., John Pratt, a soldier of the late war, shot his wife and immediately afterward shot himself in the head. The wife will die. Pratt was locked up. The trouble arose out of Mrs. Pratt's refusing to give him money for liquor.

The advisory board issued a statement Thursday morning, in which it asserts that the developments during the present week have proven exceedingly favorable to the union side at Homestead, Pa., and that the firm is almost blocked, so far as the operation of the plant is concerned.

The port of Panama is closed against all steamers arriving from Europe, and fear is expressed that steamers plying between Colon and New York may bring contagion there. The royal mail steamer Atrato, after her arrival at Colon, proceeded down the coast. When off Savannah she was fired on three times as a warning to keep off.

The Indian bureau, Thursday, received the following telegram from Union Agent Bennett, at South McAllister, Indian territory, September 15: "As per conference agreement of Wednesday, thirteen were surrendered Thursday. Armed bodies are disbanding, and there is every prospect of a termination of hostilities."

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16. FLOUR—Winter patent, \$3.00@3.25; fancy, \$3.20@3.50; family, \$2.50@2.75; extra, \$2.10@2.25; low grade, \$1.60@1.90; spring patent, \$4.25@4.50; spring fancy, \$3.00@3.25; spring family, \$2.00@2.25. Eye flour, \$3.00@3.25.

WHEAT—The general market is weak. Sample lots equal to No. 2 winter red are offered at 70c at the river in sacks. Sales of No. 2 red, spot, track, at 72c; No. 3 red, spot, track, at 67c; sample white at landing, at 67c.

OATS—The market is steady in the main, with ample supplies and a fair demand. Sales of No. 2 mixed spot, track, at 37c; No. 3 white spot, track, at 34c; No. 2 mixed spot, track at 33c.

CORN—Sales of mixed ear, spot, track, at 53c; No. 2 white, spot, track, at 53c; No. 2 mixed, spot, track, at 51c.

RYE—There is merely a nominal market, with No. 2 quotable at 60c and No. 3 at 55c@57c.

CATTLE—Shippers: Good to choice, \$4.25@4.50; common to fair, \$3.00@4.00; Oxen: Good to choice, \$3.25@4.00; common to fair, \$2.00@3.00; select butcher, \$3.00; fair to good, \$2.00@2.85; common, \$2.00@2.75. Hogs: Good to choice heavy, \$3.00@3.50; good to choice light, \$2.75@3.25; common to fair, \$1.50@2.50.

HOGS—Select heavy and prime butchers, \$3.25@3.50; fair to good packing, \$3.00@3.50; common and rough, \$1.00@4.00; fair to good light, \$3.00@3.25; fat pigs, \$1.50@2.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep—Weathers and yearlings, \$4.25@4.75; extra, \$5.00