REGULAR ARMY

The Troops at Chickamauga Park Being Organized Into an Army Corps.

WILL BE TWO DIVISIONS OF CAVALRY

Two Divisions of Infantry of Four Regiments Each and Ten Batteries of Artillery.

Skirmish Drills by Many of the Cavalry and Infantry Regiments Indulged In in the Kelly Woods and Field Monday.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK, Ga., April 26.—Organization of the troops of the United States regular army at Chickamauga into an army corps has practicably been decided upon. No general order has been issued to this effect, nor will such an order be issued until such time as the various regiments of infantry and the artillery now on their way to the park are actually encamped here. The corps will be made up of two divisions of cavalry, of three regiments each; a general order for the formation of which was issued Saturday by Maj. Gen. Brooke, two divisions of infantry of four regiments each and ten batteries of artillery, to be formed into a regiment. It is quite probable that other regiments which have been telegraphed for, but which have not yet been heard from, will arrive here within the next day or two, possibly enough to form another disvision. As it stands now the cavalry division is as follows:

Col. A. K. Arnold, First cavalry, commanding. First Brigade—Composed of the First cavalry, Second cavalry and Tenth cavalry. Second Brigade—Col. S. S. Sumner, commanding, composed of the Third cavalry, Sixth cavalry and Ninth cavalry.

All the infantry regiments which will be embraced in the First brigade of infantry, are already on the ground and in camp. This brigade will be made up of the Seventh, Eighth, Twelfth and Twenty-fifth infantry regiments and will be placed in command of Col. Andrew Burt, of the Twenty-fifth (colored), a veteran of the civil war and the hero of many a hard fought Indian campaign. The Second Infantry brigade will be composed of the First, Second, Sixteenth and Twenty-fourth regiments. Of these, the Twenty-fourth (colored) and Second are the only ones actually on the ground, the latter arriving late Monday night. Both the First and Sixteent have been heard from, however, and will be here by Tuesday night. Col. J. C. Bates, of the Second infantry, will be given this command. Who the infantry division commander will be has not yet been decided upon. Of the ten batteries of artillery which it is known will rendezvous at Chickamauga, seven are actually here. The other three batteries it is expected will have arrived before another 24 hours elapses. The artillery will be placed in command of Col. Randolph, who is expected to arrive in a day or so. By Wednesday it is thought the formal order for the formation of the brigades and divisions will have been issued.

The troops in camp at Chickamauga were augmented Monday by the arrival of the Second regiment of infantry from Forts Keough, Harrison and Yates, 469 men and 22 officers, in command of Col. Hunt. This regiment did not arrive until after dark and in consequence spent Monday night in the cars in the railroad yards. They were moved out to the park Tuesday morning.

Troops A and F of the First cavalry, from Fort Huachuca, A. T., were switched to the park during the afternoon and were put in camp with the rest of that regiment in the Brook field, west of the Lafayette road. Battery B of the Fourth artillery, from Jackson barracks, Louisiana, 90 men, in command of Capt. Anderson, which arrived Sunday night, came out over the government road to the park and went into camp in McDonald field, near the north entrance of the park, where all the artillery is stationed. Capt. W. A. Glassford, chief signal officer of the Department of Colorado, brought in a party of 16 signal men Monday from Denver. With the party were Signal Sergeants William Bessell and J. B. McLaughlin. Sergeants Kenneday, Bradley, Griffin, Young, Lener and other members of the signal corps are also under orders to report. It is expected the signal detachment will embrace about 30 men by Tuesday. Nearly all the men are equipped with bicycles.

Skirmish drills by many of the cavalry and infantry regiments were indulged in Monday. The broken nature of the grounds in the park, the hills, densely covered with woods and in places filled with underbrush, the ravines and wide stretches of cleared spaces make them ideal for drilling and the men from now on will get plenty of it. One of the most interesting was a dismounted drill of cavalry advancing as skirmishers, leading their horses. This was done in the Kelly field and the woods along the west side of the Lafayette road. Around the base of Lytle Hill and up its southern slope, covered with trees and underbrush, there was skirmish drilling by infantry, firing and advancing.

Coal for Our War Ships.

ISLAND OF ST. THOMAS, West Indies, April 26.—United States Consul Van Horn succeeded in purchasing Sunday 1,000 tons of coal for the use of the United States warships.

Tammany Hall Supports the President.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The executive committee of Tammany hall Monday adopted a resolution assuring the president of its loyal support, material, financial and moral.

MONDAY'S GAMES.

The Winners Were Cleveland and Chicago.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	1	0	0	2	4	0	3	0	1	11	10	5
Louisville	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	6

Batteries—Young and O'Connor; Dowling and Dexter. Umpires—Swartwood and Wood

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	4	7	3
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	7	10	1

Batteries—Hill and Peitz; Briggs and Donahue. Umpire—O'Donnell and O'Day.

NINE SPANISH VESSELS

Captured by the United States Naval Forces Since War Was Begun.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Since the war with Spain was begun the United States naval forces have established a strict blockade of Cuban ports and have captured nine Spanish vessels. The prizes are the steamers Buena Ventura, Pedro, Miguel Jover, Catalina and Saturnina, and the schooners Mathilde, Candidia and Antonio.

All these vessels have been or will be taken to Key West except the Saturnina, which was seized at Ship island. The Spanish steamers Panama, from New York, and Alphonse XII, from Spain, both bound for Cuba, are likely to be captured by American warships within a few days. Spain has made no seizures of American vessels, so far as known. From the beginning of the war, the only movement of the Spanish navy that has been reported is the departure of the torpedo boat destroyer Audaz, from Queenstown for Spain, her departure being compelled by the English neutrality proclamation. For the same reason the United States Asiatic squadron has begun to leave Hong Kong. The North Atlantic squadron is enforcing the blockade of Cuba and the Flying squadron remains in Hampton Roads, except the Minneapolis and Columbia, which have gone to sea on a mission known only to naval authorities. The cruisers San Francisco and New Orleans are at the Brooklyn navy yard and may sail Tuesday to join the Flying squadron. Every day adds several vessels to the auxiliary fleet. The battle ship Oregon and the gunboat Marietta are coming up along the east coast of South America, and will probably touch at Rio Janeiro in a few days. The dynamite cruiser Nietheroy, just purchased from Brazil, is still at Rio Janeiro. The newly purchased cruiser Topeka is at sea on the way from Portsmouth to New York, and the torpedo boat Somers is still at Portsmouth, but ready for sea. The steamer Paris, for whose safety no alarm is now felt, will arrive at New York before the middle of the week.

REGULAR TROOPS

To the Number of 4,000 Infantry and 1,000 Cavalry Will Invade Cuba.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Secretary Alger has decided upon the first movement of troops to Cuba. The force will consist of 5,000 regulars, made up of an infantry command of 4,000, and a detachment of 1,000 cavalry and artillery. The force will be sent to a point on the Cuban coast which can be strongly fortified. To this point supplies for the starving Cubans will be sent. Naval vessels will be assigned to cover the landing of the force, and two or three vessels will remain to protect them after they shall have established their camp. The cavalry and artillery will go from Chickamauga and the infantry from Tampa.

Bloody Tragedy in Lonoke, Ark.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 26.—A bloody tragedy in the Eagle-Booie feud was enacted at Lonoke at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon, in which the Booie faction was almost wiped out of existence. The Eagles caught the Booies at a disadvantage and poured a terrible volley of shots into them. W. K. Booie, the father, a prominent business man, and his two sons, Will and Charles Booie, were instantly killed. The Eagles came out of the engagement unhurt.

Horse Intended for Blanco to Be Presented to Lee.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26.—At the auction sale of the mules and horses intended for the Spanish army in Cuba, which the government prevented from leaving, a handsome Kentucky horse intended for Blanco, was purchased by A. A. McGinniss, a wealthy manufacturer, who intends presenting him to Fitzhugh Lee, if the latter returns to Cuba as an American general.

The Regiment of Cowboys.

SANTA FE, N.M., April 26.—Gov. Otero Monday tendered the government a squadron of cavalry as a part of the regiment of cowboys to be commanded by Capt. Wood and Lieut. Col. Roosevelt. The offer was accepted. He also offers his own services and that of several hundred other volunteers.

Hampton Roads Blockaded.

ON BOARD THE FLAG SHIP BROOKLYN, OFF FORTRESS MONROE, April 26.—The entrance to Hampton Roads, the key to Washington, Norfolk, Baltimore, Richmond, Newport News and many other less important cities has been mined and a state of pacific blockade declared.

United States Gives Portugal Notice.

ST. VINCENT, Cape Verde Island, April 26.—The United States government has served notice on the Portuguese government that it must send the Spanish fleet from here at once or not allow it to depart during the war, as required by international law.

Fleet to Be Destroyed With Torpedoes.

KEY WEST, Fla., April 26.—Havana is preparing the blow at the blockading squadron. It is planned to fit out some of the little gunboats and seagoing tugs in the harbor as torpedo boats and attempt to destroy one or more of the American ships at night.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt Resigns.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Theodore Roosevelt has resigned as assistant secretary of the navy to take effect at the president's convenience after the commencement of active military operations.

War Revenue Bill Will Be Reported Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The war revenue bill will not be reported until Tuesday and is not expected to pass until late in the week.

WAR DECLARED

Against the Kingdom of Spain by the Congress of the United States,

ON RECOMMENDATION OF M'KINLEY

Secretary of State Sherman Resigns and Judge Day is Appointed in His Stead.

John B. Moore, of New York, Appointed Assistant Secretary—Army Reorganization Bill Passed by United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The president Monday sent a message to the congress recommending a declaration of war against Spain. The message recommends the adoption "of a joint resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain, and I urge speedy action thereon to the end that the definition of the international status of the United States as a belligerent power may be made known, and the assertion of all its rights and the maintenance of all its duties in the conduct of a public war may be assured."

The house in one hour and forty minutes after the foreign relations committee reported it passed the following bill:

A bill declaring that war exists between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain.

Be it enacted, etc.,

1. That war be and the same is hereby declared to exist, and that war has existed since the 21 day of April, A. D., 1898, including said day, between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain.

2. That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States and to call into the actual service of the United States the militia of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry this act into effect.

Another resignation from the cabinet occurred Monday, when the venerable secretary of state, Mr. John Sherman, handed his resignation of the premiership to the president. This takes effect at as early a day as may be convenient to the president, and with it Mr. Sherman retires from public life after a service of over 40 years, embracing the house of representatives, the United States senate, the secretaryship of the treasury and the secretaryship of state. The reason for the resignation is the condition of the secretary's health, which is now impaired as the result of years of devotion to the public service and the arduous labors of a lifetime, added to age, the venerable secretary being now within a few days of 75 years of age.

The secretary's resignation was tendered in a simple note tendering to the president the portfolio entrusted to him upon the inauguration of President McKinley and asking that it take effect from the close of Monday. The secretary was seen by a reporter before he went to the cabinet meeting, but declined to make any statement beyond saying to the reporter that he was carrying with him his resignation and that he might have something to say later in the day.

Judge Day has accepted the appointment of secretary of state, vice John Sherman, resigned, and John B. Moore, of New York, has been appointed to the office of assistant secretary of state, vacated by Judge Day.

An amendment has been adopted to the naval bill appropriating $8,850,000 to enable the secretary of the navy to enlist men for the navy during the existing war.

The naval appropriation bill has passed the senate.

Senator Hawley then called up the army reorganization bill and it was passed.

The senate went into secret session Monday on receiving the house declaration of war bill. Mr. Davis moved to take up the house war bill and then to amend the house bill by adding a few words which the senate committee had agreed upon. The effect of the amendment, if adopted, will be to compel the house again to act on it.

Senators Morgan and Turpie agreed to the report of the house war declaration by the foreign relations committee, but they reserve the right to amend in the senate. The want a recognition of the belligerent rights of the Cubans.

The senate has agreed to the house war bill. Amendments of the foreign relations committee were dropped.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The house committee on naval affairs has agreed to report favorably to the house the administration resolution creating an auxiliary naval reserve force. The measure vests the number of volunteers so called out in the discretion of the president.

The war declaration was transmitted to the house for Speaker Reed's signature at 4:25 p. m.

The president signed declaration of war bill at 6:18 and it is now a law.

The Cuban belligerency amendment failed to pass the senate by a vote of 24 to 38.

Preparing for an Invasion of Cuba.

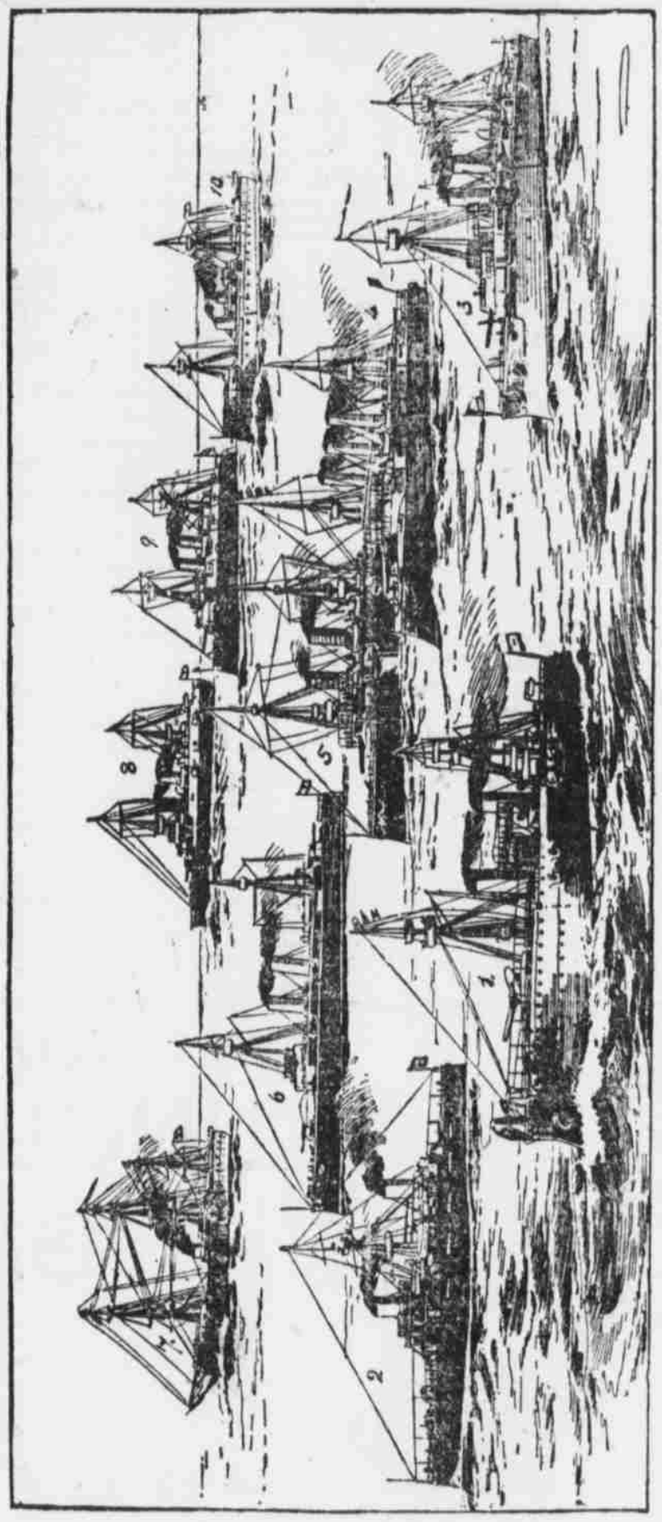
JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 26.—Government officials here have made arrangements looking to an invasion of Cuba. Twenty of the leading Cuban physicians have been engaged to go to Cuba with the army from this city and 20 young men who speak English will accompany them as interpreters. These arrangements were made Monday.

Flags for Schools.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 26.—Gov. Black Monday signed the bill compelling all public school districts in the state to supply all public schools with flags, which must be displayed during school hours on or near the schoolhouses.

Supreme Court Takes a Recess.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Chief Justice Fuller Monday gave notice that the United States Supreme court would be suspended for the term on Friday, May 6.



SPAIN'S MEN-OF-WAR AVAILABLE FOR USE IN AMERICAN WATERS.

1—Battle ship "Pelayo." 2—Armored cruiser "Cristobal Colon." 3—Armored cruiser "Vizcaya." 4—Armored cruiser "Carlos V." 5—Armored cruiser "Cardinal Cisneros." 6—Armored cruiser "Almirante Oquedo." 7—"Numancia." 8—"Princess de Asturias." 9—"Infanta Maria Theresa." 10—"Viscaya."

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith entered upon his new duties Monday.

The dynamite cruiser Vesuvius sailed from New York at 4:30 p. m., Monday. Her destination is not known.

A Red Cross society, 150 strong, has been formed at Berkley, Cal. Its numbers all tender their services to the government.

Gov. Hastings, of Pennsylvania, Monday night ordered the entire national guard of the state to mobilize at Mt. Gretna on Thursday.

The New York Evening Post's London correspondent cables Monday that he has information that the plague has broken out in Calcutta.

The British admiral commanding at Queenstown ordered the Spanish torpedo boat Audaz to leave that port before 6 o'clock Monday morning.

The Irish women of San Francisco have organized a society to equip a corps of their sex as auxiliaries to the Irish regiments of volunteers now forming.

Charles Mallory stated Monday that the Mallory line service to Galveston and to Key West would be suspended for the present owing to the war with Spain.

The Official Gazette Monday published a proclamation enjoining upon all Italian subjects strict neutrality during the war between the United States and Spain.

Gov. Walcott has issued a statement setting forth that Massachusetts militia must be used to guard that state's coast line. Volunteers to president's call must be volunteers in fact.

Letters of marque are not to be issued by the Spanish government at present, but it is believed here that they soon will be, says the Madrid correspondent of the New York Herald.

John B. Moore, professor of international law of Columbia university, New York, and formerly second assistant secretary of state, has been chosen to succeed Judge Day as assistant secretary of state.

At the naval recruiting office in San Francisco there is an average of 40 applicants per day, of which amount 25 per cent are chosen. There is an urgent demand for machinists, seamen and ordinary seamen.

Senor Mariscal, the minister of foreign affairs, has declared in the course of an interview that Mexico will maintain the strictest neutrality in the Hispano-American war, but that the government has decided to make its own decision.

It has just been discovered that the cruiser Charleston was injured by the recent earthquake. Its condensing tubes were injured and it may be necessary to get new ones from the east. The cruiser can not be put in readiness as soon as had been expected.

It is announced semi-officially that Germany, following the course in the China-Japan and the Turko-Greek wars, will not issue a declaration of neutrality, the idea being to preserve her freedom of action, and "to be in a position to interfere if she considers it necessary."

The Hamburg-American line steamer Moravia, which arrived at New York Monday morning from Hamburg, is detained at quarantine owing to a case of smallpox among her steerage passengers. The passengers will be vaccinated and the steamer disinfected before proceeding to her dock.

Capt. Sigsbee Challenged.

TORONTO, Ont., April 26.—Lieut. Carrenza, of the suite of Senor Polo y Bernabe was seen Monday relative to the report that he had challenged Capt. Sigsbee of the Maine to fight a duel. The lieutenant corroborated the story. He said he had sent his challenge on the 20th and if he does not hear from Capt. Sigsbee by the 28th he will brand him as a coward. Should Capt. Sigsbee refuse, the lieutenant will then challenge Consul General Lee.

Miguel Jobes' Owner Protest.

BARCELONA, April 26.—The owner of the Spanish steamer Miguel Jobes, one of the ships seized by the American squadron, has protested against its seizure to Senor Gullom, her minister, on the ground that the capture was made before hostilities begun.

No News From the Paris.

LONDON, April 26.—Lloyds has received no news of the American liner Paris up to six o'clock Tuesday morning.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, April 25.

FLOUR—Spring fancy, $4.90@5.15; spring family, $4.55@4.75; spring patent, $4.50@4.90; winter patent, $5.00@5.25; fancy, $4.50@4.90; family, $4.00@4.30; extra, $3.70@3.90; low grade, $3.25@3.55; rye, northwestern, $3.15@3.25; do city, $3.15@3.25.

WHEAT—Sales: No. 2 red, track, $1.06.

CORN—Sales: yellow car, track, 40c; No. 2 white, track, 35c; No. 2 mixed, track, 35c.

OATS—Sales: Sample mixed, track, 29½c; No 2 mixed, track, 30c; 1 car do, 30½c; No. 3 mixed, track, 29½c.

HOGS—Select shippers', $3.85@3.90; select butchers', $3.85@3.90; fair to good packers', $3.75@3.85; fair to good light, $3.55@3.85; common and roughs, $3.10@3.70.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers', $4.25@4.75; good to choice butchers', $4.25@4.65; fair to medium butchers', $3.50@4.15; common, $2.75@3.40.

SHEEP—Extras clipped, $4.00; good to choice, $3.50@3.90; common to fair, $2.75@3.40.

LAMBS—Extras, clipped, $5.00; good to choice, $4.50@4.90; common to fair, $4.00@4.50.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, $5.75@6.50; extra, $6.75; common and large, $3.75@5.50.

CHICAGO, April 25.

WHEAT—May, $1.19¾; July, 92½c; September, 83½c; December, 82½c.

CORN—April, 33½c; May, 33¼@33⅜c; July, 34⅛c; September, 35½c.

OATS—April, 28¼c; May, 28¼c; July, 25¼@25⅜c; September, 23⅝c.

BARLEY—Cash No. 3, 43@48c.

RYE—Cash, 50⅝c; May, 50½c.

PITTSBURGH, April 25.

CATTLE—Extra, $5.15@5.20; prime, $5.05@5.10; common, $3.90@4.25.

HOGS—Prime medium, $4.00@4.10; best Yorkers, $4.00@4.05; light Yorkers, $3.95@4.00; pigs as to quality, $3.70@3.90; heavy hogs, $4.00@4.10; good roughs, $3.25@3.50; common to fair roughs, $2.50@3.00.

SHEEP—Choice clipped, $4.20@4.25; common, $3.15@3.65; choice clipped lambs, $4.65@4.75; common to good, $4.00@5.00; spring lambs, $5.00@6.70.

VEAL CALVES—$5.00@5.50.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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MILTON JOHNSON.

Attorney at Law.

Court Street, - - - - - MAYSVILLE, KY.

Prompt attention to collections and a legal matters.

Bids Wanted.

Turnpike Commissioners will receive sealed bids for the repairs of the turnpikes of the county on the FIRST SATURDAY IN MAY, 1898. Parties bidding on three miles or over must file bond with bid.

7 tuthsaid JOHN E. WELLS, Secretary.