



EVENING BULLETIN.



"HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY."

VOLUME 2.

MAYSVILLE, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 6, 1883.

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SCROFULA

and all scrofulous diseases, Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Blotches, Ringworm, Tumors, Carbuncles, Boils, and Eruptions of the Skin, are the direct result of an impure state of the blood.

To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.

"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me. Yours respectfully, MRS. ANN O'BRIAN." 148 Sullivan St., New York, June 24, 1882.

All persons interested are invited to call on Mrs. O'Brian; also upon the Rev. Z. P. Wilds of 78 East 54th Street, New York City, who will take pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, not only in the cure of this lady, but in his own case and many others within his knowledge.

The well-known writer on the Boston Herald, B. W. Ball, of Rochester, N.H., writes, June 7, 1882:

"Having suffered severely for some years with Eczema, and having failed to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which has effected a complete cure. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, Catarrh, General Debility, and all diseases arising from an impoverished or corrupted condition of the blood, and a weakened vitality.

It is incomparably the cheapest blood medicine, on account of its concentrated strength, and great power over disease.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; price \$1, six bottles for \$5.

PAUL D. ANDERSON,
DENTIST.

No. 21 Market St., newly opp. Central Hotel,
Office Open at all Hours. **MAYSVILLE, KY**
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FULTON & DAVIS,

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OHIO VALLEY MILLS
FAMILY FLOUR,

Corn, Shorts and Shipstuff.

Flour for sale by all grocers in the city.

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T. LOWRY,

—DEALER IN—

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CROCERIES,

Teas, Tobacco, Cigars, Queensware, Wooden ware, Glassware, Notions, &c. Highest price paid for Country Produce. Goods delivered to any part of the city.

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P. S. MYERS,

—Dealer in—

Groceries, Hats and Caps

Boots and Shoes, Queensware and Hardware. Highest cash price paid for Grain and Country Produce. jyl5d **MT. OLIVET**

NEW DOMESTIC PATTERNS

—AT—

Hunt & Doyle's.

F. H. TRAXEL,

Baker and Confectioner

FRESH OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

The only manufacturer of PURE STICK CANDY in the city. Orders for weddings and parties promptly attended to. my5dly

CHANGE OF LOCATION.

WINDHORST & BLUM,

Have removed their Merchant Tailoring Establishment from Cooper's building to G. H. White's new store, No. 31, Second street, where they will be pleased to have the public call and see them. Prices low and work the best. aug2dly **WINDHORST & BLUM.**

NOTICE.

A CAR-LOAD of the celebrated

WEBSTER WAGONS

just received. Call and get one for less money than you ever bought a Wagon. aug2dly **MYALL & RILEY.**

FRESH OYSTERS

PINE APPLE HAMS,

Home-made Yeast Cakes.

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GEORGE HEISER.

WATCHES

—CHANGED TO—

Stem WINDERS.

J. BALLENGER at Albert's China Store adjoining Pearce, Wallingford & Co.'s Bank. apl46md

J. C. Kackley & Co.

—Dealers in—

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats Caps and Clothing.

Goods always what they are recommended to be. Main Street, Germantown, Ky.

FOR SALE.

HAVING determined to go west I now offer for sale my entire stock of

China, Glass and Queensware,

with the good will of the house and all information in my possession regarding the business. I have a new and well selected stock, in first rate condition and bought at low figures. Any parties wishing to enter into a good, safe paying business, now have an opportunity seldom offered.

The Fall and Holiday trade is now just on us, and an early buyer will get all the benefit therefrom. In the meantime I shall sell goods at retail and wholesale at almost cost. on-24w **G. A. McCARTHY.**

The Terrestrial "Dry Zones."

The theory of the dry zones of the globe propounded by Prof. Guyot before the National Academy of Sciences is of great importance in modern climatology. These zones extend, though with very marked gaps, around the earth between the twenty-eighth and thirtieth parallels, in both hemispheres. According to Prof. Guyot, the cause of these dry areas near the tropics is to be found in the fact that in them the prevalence of descending currents is very decided, and the dry upper trade winds, blowing from tropical to extra tropical latitudes, we know, are constantly taking up much of the moisture in these zones. Meteorological observations show that these dry zones are occupied generally the year round by vast anti-cyclones of atmosphere under high barometric pressure. As, by mechanical law, in every anti-cyclone there must be descending air currents in the central portions (just as ascending currents must always exist in the centre of a cyclone) the rainlessness in these zones is intelligible. For with every descent of a mass of air five thousand feet its capacity to absorb and sustain invisible water vapor and hence to dissipate the rain clouds is doubled, and the dry upper trade has, in its passage from the Equator to the "dry zone," three or four times as much descent.

The permanent zones of high barometer, which coincide with the limits of the "dry zones," as indicated by Professor Guyot, are due to the effect of the earth's rotation on its axis and the consequent centrifugal forces acting on the grand atmospheric currents. If we could imagine the atmospheric ocean composed of layers equally dense throughout, its surface would be still uneven under the sway of these forces. M. Peslin, the eminent French engineer, has clearly shown that owing to these forces the very "surface of the sea, even in an ocean as open as the Atlantic, is not rigorously horizontal," and "that over very extended regions it presents inclinations that can amount to many seconds, and a level differing from the mean sea level by several metres." Fortunately for the United States the continuity of the "dry zone" is broken on our Gulf coasts, especially in summer, by the arrest of the surface trade winds by the Mexican mountain range and the consequent diversion of the vapor laden, fertilizing winds northward over the Mississippi Valley, whence they spread over the whole country east of the Rocky Mountains. But on the North Atlantic the existence of the dry region, overhung by no cloud canopy serving to screen the waters from the sun's rays, is made conspicuous by the extraordinary fact that in September the average temperature of the ocean surface between the twenty-eighth and thirtieth parallels is considerably higher than that of the surface waters on the Equator itself. The determination of the mean limits in different seasons of these arid zones of high air pressure on the oceans would be a great practical boon to navigators; for, since cyclones can not develop or be supported in these regions of calm dry air, they offer to ocean steamships, independent of the winds, the most stormless tracks across the deep.—N. Y. Herald.

—Some boys stole a barrel of kerosene the other day from the front door of a grocery, placed it in the middle of Water street, New York, bored a hole in the top, inserted a lighted fuse and fled. A loud explosion ensued. Edward Hanley, who was passing by, was fearfully burned. Many windows were shattered, and the whole street for a while was a sheet of flames, and the buildings were in danger.

HUMOROUS.

—"What are you always thinking about, Ida?" "I'm always thinking about nothing, auntie. I never think about anything unless I happen to think of something to think about."

—It now appears from the statement of two of the best surgeons of this country that tight lacing is not injurious to a woman's health. It is the cud of gum she chews on which warps her out of shape.—Detroit Free Press.

—A young lady wrote to the Philadelphia News inquiring: "How can I avoid being addressed if I walk out at night without a protector?" The experienced editor of that paper tartly replied: "Wear an old shawl and carry a clothes-basket."

—"No, I don't mind being called a mastodon and a dodo," said an Illinois Judge; "but when that female said I was a 'two legged relic of a remote, barbaric period,' I was compelled to fine her for contempt of court.—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

—No, we are pretty well satisfied that there is no companion to the language of flowers known as the language of food. If there was such a book, it would contain something like this: Hash—innocence; boarding-house steak—tender thoughts; sausage—kiyi; beans—culchach; fish-balls—forget-me-not; etc.—Puck.

—A "society" item in a Philadelphia exchange says: "Miss Hattie Wood has made several conquests during the gala week." We didn't suppose Miss Hattie Wood act that way. And now that she sees her conduct reported in the papers she will probably wish she hadn't. Mr. Edward Fitzsimythe, who parts his hair in the center, flirted with forty-seven girls during gala week—which is considerably more than a gal a week—but the "society" editor failed to get hold of this important piece of intelligence.—Norristown Herald.

—Mr. Isaac and Mr. Blumenthal kept rival clothing stores on the B wery, within a few doors of each other. Mr. Isaacs was always to be found with his head out of the door, soliciting custom from the verda t passer-by. Mr. Blumenthal objected to this shoddy manner of doing business, having found that the watchful Isaac had captured several of his customers; and one day he went up to Isaacs and said: "Look here, Mr. Isaacs, vy don't you keep your ugly face inside? You might better get a jackass to stand by de door. He would be a big improvement." "Vy," said Isaacs, "I did try dot vonce, and all de people as dey pas-by say to him: 'Good day, Mr. Blumenthal; I see you've moved.'"—The Judge.

—"I see that your son is out of the penitentiary," said a man to an acquaintance. "Yes; we proved that insanity was the cause of his killing the fellow, and they turned him out on probation." "How's that?" "They said they'd let him stay out a day or two, and if he acted like a crazy man they'd let him stay out permanently. Well, he acted like he was insane, and I reckon he'll stay out." "How did he act like he was insane?" "By killing another man."—Arkansaw Traveller.

—A minister was called in to see a man who was very ill. After finishing his visit, as he was leaving the house, he said to the man's wife: "My good woman, do you not go to any church at all?" "Oh, yes, sir; we gang to the Barony Kirk." "Then why in the world did you send for me? Why didn't you send for Dr. Macleod?" "Na, na, sir; 'deed no. We wadna risk him. De ye no ken it's a dangerous case o' typhus?"