

DR. WILBUR R. CRAFTS DELIVERS LECTURE

Effort Was Masterpiece And Was Heard With Great Interest By Those Present.

Dr. Wilbur R. Crafts, Superintendent of the International Reform Bureau, delivered an able lecture on "Battles Won and Battles On In State and Nation," at the First Presbyterian church on Tuesday. Only a small crowd was present, for the address, which was one of the ablest ever delivered in this city.

Dr. Crafts bears an international reputation as a reform worker, and his address along this line was heard with great interest.

Thoroughly informed as he is with reference to all national legislation especially that bearing on moral issues, his resume of what had been accomplished in the fight against gambling, impurity, Sabbath breaking and intemperance, was an inspiration and an assurance of ultimate victory.

He called attention to the fact that Kentucky is one of eight states that still permits race track gambling. There is only one state and the District of Columbia that have Sunday laws.

The fight against impurity as a national issue must be mainly against the divorce evil. There would be no advantage in a uniform divorce law unless it be on the high plane of the New York law which recognizes only one rightful cause for divorce.

The great temperance fight for the nation is the Sheppard-Keenyon bill now pending in Congress which prohibits the shipment of liquor into dry states or territory for unlawful purposes.

By banners, flags of a score of different nations stretched across the front of the church, he showed how many nations are united in the fight against opium and alcohol, as to its shipment to the uncivilized peoples of the world.

He warned the temperance people especially of the awful blunder they make in putting wet men in office to enforce dry legislation and that laws passed meant not the winning but the beginning of the fight. In closing he urged all voters to send cards to Congressmen, importuning them to take an active interest in the passage of the bill before Congress.

PREPARATIONS FOR "THE CITY BEAUTIFUL"

Confederate Veterans to Hold Reunion in Macon in May to Be Royally Entertained.

When the Confederate Veterans gather in Macon for their annual encampment to renew once more the vows of friendship given each other in the dark days of the war between the states, the city will be a garden of flowers. Every color of the rainbow will meet the eyes of the heroes of Dixieland.

When the plans of the "City Beautiful" committee are executed Macon will be clothed in a dress of lovely blossoms. Her parks, walks, driveways, lawns and plazas will be one mass of changing hues. Even back yards will be turned into gardens.

Resolved to carry out some new and novel ideas, the "City Beautiful" committee is preparing special designs to use where most appropriate. Flowers, flowers, flowers, Macon will be just one beautiful bouquet when the committee has finished its work.

The basement of one of the largest buildings in the city has been rented and seed will be stored there until planted. Mr. Cecil Morgan, chairman of the "City Beautiful" committee has written to every mem-

ber of Congress representing a Southern district asking that seed be sent here as soon as possible. Thousands of packages of seed— from which will spring every flower blooming in May—should be in the hands of the committee in the next three weeks.

Enthusied by the fact that they have been asked to help boost the Re-Union, the school children of Macon have agreed to assist in beautifying the city. Seed will be delivered to the several school houses and distributed among the pupils, just as soon as it reaches here.

The "City Beautiful" scheme is but one of the many plans the Re-Union Committee is considering.

MYRIADS OF FISH SEEN BY JUDGE BENTON

Winchester's Other Noted Fishermen Are Made to Look Like Thirty Cents by Marvelous Story.

Since Judge Benton returned from Barboursville Wednesday afternoon, where he had been acting as Special Judge, he has been regaling Oscar Johnson, Jim Furniture Winn, Squire Hunter, Henry Bush and other fishing cronies with a remarkable fish story.

The Cumberland river runs through Barboursville and the heavy rains lasting from Sunday at noon till Monday night had made a big tide in the river, and by noon Tuesday the river was a sure enough stream and was very muddy.

The town branch empties into the river, and at noon Tuesday as Judge Benton went to the depot to send an important telegram to Judge Evans—what it was about we don't know—possibly it related to the new jail—he saw that the river had backed up the clear water of the town branch, and he imagined that this bayou must be full of fish that had come into this clear water to escape the mud of the river.

Fishing tackle was procured at the hotel to give this water a try-out. On the first cast the bait was taken not simply with a nibble, but with a lunge, and something that was sure heavy had taken it, but when an effort was made to draw in the victim escaped.

While rebaiting the hook Judge Benton happened to look intently into the water, and found it just teeming with fish, all sorts of fish, big fish, little fish, medium sized fish, pike, bass, new lights, bream, cats, kittens and every conceivable fish: some of them as large as a half grown boy.

There were enough fish floundering in that bayou to supply Prewitt Harris for a year, and they were larger than the ones he gets from Reelfoot Lake. Jim Poynter and Cliff Owens never caught as many fish on one of their best days at Muddy Creek. The catfish were larger and more plentiful than the ones that Malcolm Royce and Uncle Bill Harris catch at the reservoir by moonlight. There were more fish there than Jim Winn and Doctor Stubblefield ever saw or dreamed of in Alabama.

The fish stories and pictures that Henry Phillips and Dwight Pendleton bring home from Florida look like thirty cents when compared with that mass of squirming monsters, big and little, in that town branch of Barboursville last Tuesday.

The second bait that was thrown in was grabbed as soon as it hit the water and a bream as large as a ginger snap was successfully landed. This scared all the other fish away.

This is a true account of what Judge Benton did, and the vision that he saw in a dream Tuesday night.

Aluminum Wall Paper. Very thin sheets of the metal aluminum are now used for wall covering in place of paper.

M'GIBBEN PURCHASES RED BIRD'S DAUGHTER

New York Dealer Gets Classy Saddle From Matlack & Shropshire, of Winchester.

The New York dealer W. A. McGibbon, who has been in Kentucky for some days past in quest of some high-class three-gaited saddle horses, added another select one to his list Wednesday when he bought a 15.1 chestnut mare from the widely-known Winchester dealers, Matlack & Shropshire.

Mr. McGibbon says she is one of the best he has ever handled. The mare is a daughter of Red Bird and is a Southern Kentucky bred mare, having been purchased by Mr. Shropshire at Lebanon from Dr. Cleveland some weeks ago.

FUNERAL OF MRS. ANN REBECCA HALL

Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Ann Rebecca Hall, who died Tuesday at her home on Winn avenue, were held at the M. E. Church, South, on Thursday, February 1, at 2 o'clock and were conducted by Rev. O. J. Chandler. The burial took place in the Winchester cemetery.

The following were the pallbearers: Messrs. D. W. Owen, S. C. Boone, W. P. Winn, T. C. Robinson, W. H. Garner and Jas. F. Winn.

Mrs. Hall was much loved by a large number of friends and relatives. The bereaved loved ones, a true and tender sympathy is extended.

DIRECT PRIMARY LAW PASSED AT FRANKFORT

Presidential Preference Clause is Stricken Out Because of News of Supporters of Taft.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 1.—The Thompson Direct Primary Law passed the House and the Eaton Direct Primary Law passed the Senate Wednesday. The former passed by the vote of ayes 87, nays 0, while the latter received a vote of ayes 37, nays 0. As soon as the Thompson bill goes to the Senate and the Eaton Bill goes to the House, a joint conference committee appointed to draft a bill that will be acceptable to both branches of the General Assembly and the direct primary bill will be passed. The Presidential preference clause was stricken from the Thompson Bill before the passage.

The passage of the measures was attended by many stirring incidents, as there was a determined opposition on the part of a number of Senators to the bills in the House and the Senate principally because, it is presumed, they thought that a delay of the passage of the bills would aid in passing other desired measures.

Opposed By The Cities. The most determined opposition came from the Senators and Representatives living in the large cities, with Senator Huffaker in the Senate as the leader. Every amendment offered by the opposition in the Senate was voted down, however, and the Eaton Bill came out of the parliamentary battle unscathed, while the Thompson Bill was only stripped of the sections providing for the selection of delegates to the National Convention, and the expression of presidential preferences in the primaries. The Eaton bill contained no such provisions.

The opposition used every means possible to delay passage or recommit the bill in the Senate, but when it was finally put on its passage the opponents of the bill voted for it.

There were determined efforts both in the Senate and House to except local officers in counties having cities of the first-class from the bill. Personalities came near being included in by the Senators from Jefferson county, but they were avoided and the passage of the bill was effected without personal bitterness.

Senator Thomas said it was not a question of blocking legislation; that if legislation was being blocked, it was known who was blocking it. He said it was a question of doing what the people sent the members here to do. He said there should be no more delays and he wanted the principle put into a law. He added that Senator Salmon had hit the nail on the head in saying that the time had come when the poor man should have his rights.

Motion to Recommit Lost. The motion to recommit the bill was lost—ayes 8, nays 26.

Those voting yea—L. W. Arnett, Bagby, Bosworth, Dowling, Helm, Hubble, Huffaker, Ryan.

Nays—B. M. Arnett, Bale, Beard, Berkshire, Bertman, Biggerstaff, Brown (Cattlet not voting), Chipman, Cobern, Eaton, Frost, Glenn, Graham, Hogg, Holman, Marshall, Mathers, Moody, Newcomb, Pritchard, Salmon, Saunders, Scott, Thomas, (Trichenor and Tunis not voting), Welch.

Yeas 8; nays, 26.

When it was seen that the bill could not be recommitted then the fight was made to get through the amendments that would destroy the usefulness of the bill, but this plan was defeated as each amendment was voted down except those offered by Senator Eaton providing that school trustees be not nominated under this law. The bill then passed 37 to 0.

Interests Combine For Bill. The big surprise of the session Wednesday was the combination of all the interests to put across the bill devised by the Prison Commission. The administration forces were shattered by three Senators being absent. Senator Durham is ill at his rooms in the hotel here. Senator Thomas, with his characteristic thoughtfulness, had passed a resolution offering sympathy for Senator Durham. Senator Biggerstaff is ill also, and Senator Helm had not arrived.

As suddenly as if the Capitol had been hit by a bolt of lightning, the scope of the interests was attempted and several Senators became a party to it innocently.

Prison Bill Called. Senator Graham moved that the rules be suspended, and called for Senate bill 42, the Graham prison bill, and put it on its passage. The bill provides for the election of prison commissioners from the railroad districts.

Senator Thomas said that he thought that snap judgment was being taken and the purpose of the bill was to thwart the wishes of the people of the state, and that it was the idea of the Prison Commission.

Senator L. W. Arnett made a point of order that Senator Dowling was not talking to the subject. President McDermott held that he was and Senator Dowling continued with his speech, saying he had no favorite for prison commissioner, and while talking the hour for the special order arrived and the filibuster was finished.

Bank Bill Recommended. The Banking Committee reported favorably bill 58, to provide a system of state bank examinations, and creating the office of Banking Commissioner.

House bill 134, by Emanuel Meyer, to prohibit white slave traffic, was reported favorably and advanced.

The Fish and Game Committee reported favorably bill 61 to create a State Board of Forestry. The Mahin bill, 104, to prevent foreign shows during country fair week in any county was next in order. It was passed.

REMARKABLE POWER OF NIAGARA FALLS

Not One Person in Hundreds Begins to Understand The Tremendous Conservation of Natural Resources.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The average man is apt to speak very glibly of so many hundred thousand horsepower harnessed at Niagara Falls, but it is doubtful if one person in a hundred begins to understand the tremendous conservation of natural resources effected at the Falls without interfering with the grandeur of the spectacle.

The 372,800 horsepower now developed at the Falls is the equivalent of 16,776,000 man-power working an eight hour day, or more than the combined strength of all able-bodied men in the United States.

Under the American-Canadian Treaty, promulgated by the two nations to guard the scenic beauty of the Falls for all time, only 56,000 cubic feet of water per second, out of a total flow of 240,000 cubic feet, may be diverted from the Niagara River for power purposes. But even with this restriction, when the treaty goes into effect the force conserved by falling water will be the equivalent of 35,559,000 men working the average eight-hour day.

Stupendous although this saving is, it is as nothing compared to the full strength of the Falls. The volume of water that will be permitted to run, so as to perpetuate the beauty of the Falls, is estimated to represent 118,680,000 eight-hour man power or about 18,000,000 more man power than there are men, women and children in the United States and all its possessions.

WILL SPEAK ON BEHALF OF KENTUCKY

Fred Mulctier, of Bowling Green, Will Deliver Address Before Southern Commercial Congress.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Dr. Fred Mulctier, of Bowling Green, Kentucky, will attend the Knapp Memorial Exercises at Nashville during the progress of the Southern Commercial Congress, April 8 to 10. He will speak on behalf of Kentucky and express the sentiment of its best men as to the great blessings conferred upon the agriculture of the state by the demonstration farm work and boys' corn club work initiated by Dr. Knapp.

Dr. Walter H. Page, editor of "World's Work" will be the chairman during the memorial exercises. The exercises will be preceded by a parade of boys through the streets of Nashville. During the exercises, one man from each state and one man from each state affected by Dr. Knapp's work will outline the marvelous influences exerted by this man who worked for the South to the last day of his life.

COMMITTEE IN SEVENTH MAY RESCIND ITS ACTION

Chairman Meager Calls Meeting at Frankfort Because of Protests Against The Cantrill Primary.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 1.—So vigorous have been the protests of the Democrats of the Seventh Congressional District against the snap primary of Congressman J. Campbell Cantrill that the primary may be called off. Following is the call issued Wednesday by M. J. Meager, of this city, chairman of the committee:

"Owing to the protests made by

the Democrats of Fayette, Bourbon and Woodford counties, in mass meeting assembled, and to the dissatisfaction manifested by Democrats generally throughout the Seventh Congressional District against the call made by the Committee for the primary fixed for March 16th, next, to nominate a Democratic candidate for Congress, you are requested and hereby notified to be present at a meeting of the Democratic District Committee for the Seventh Congressional District to pass upon the advisability of rescinding the call for the primary set for March 16, 1912, and for such other business as may come before the Committee.

"The Committee will meet at the Capital Hotel in Frankfort, Ky., on Monday, February 5, 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m."

It was reported here Wednesday night that Congressman Cantrill has paid his entrance fee to the chairman of the primary sub-committee, Robert H. Anderson, of Scott county, and that he claims that because of that fact the District Committee has no right to rescind its call for the primary of March 16th.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 1.—After having sent representatives to call upon Dr. W. P. Roberts at his home at Greendale Wednesday night and having received from him a flat refusal to call a meeting of the Fayette Democratic Committee, of which he is chairman to meet in the office of the Fayette county judge next Saturday morning for the purpose of considering the vote cast by Dr. Roberts as the member from Fayette county of the Seventh District Congressional Committee, for the holding of a Congressional primary on March 16, next, nine of the seventeen members of the Fayette County Democratic Committee, constituting a quorum thereof, and acting in accordance with the party law issued a call over the head of the chairman for a meeting Saturday morning at 11 o'clock. The committee has the right, under the Democratic party law, to remove Dr. Roberts from the chairmanship and probably will do so.

P. H. DAVIS BUYS STOCK OF R. FRANK

Will Retail it at Present Stand.—Sale Starts February 7.

Mr. P. H. Davis, of Mt. Sterling, purchased Thursday the stock of R. Frank, bankrupt. The price paid was two-thirds of the appraised value.

He will retail the stock commencing Wednesday, January 7. Mr. Harris Friedman will manage the sale.

DR. J. M. KASH LAID TO REST

Services Conducted at Home of Mr. Floyd Day, Followed by Burial in Winchester Cemetery.

Funeral services over the remains of Dr. J. M. Kash were conducted at 10 o'clock on Thursday morning, at the residence of Mr. Floyd Day, by Eld. J. H. MacNeill. The burial took place in the Winchester cemetery.

Dr. Kash, whose home was in Jackson, died Tuesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock of Bright's disease. He was the father of Mrs. Floyd Day, of this city.

The large number of sorrowing friends who attended the funeral and the beautiful floral designs attested in a small measure, the great love and esteem in which he was held.

DIVISIONS WHICH FURNISHED GRADUATES

It Should Be The Effort of Every Teacher to Prepare Pupils For This Examination.

The four educational divisions of the county furnished pupils for the graduate examination as follows:

Division No. 1—10 pupils
Division No. 4—9 pupils
Division No. 2—8 pupils
Division No. 3—1 pupil.

It should be the effort of every teacher to prepare pupils for this examination.

All the time, however, should not be devoted to the advanced class. There are smaller pupils that must not be neglected for examinations. It could be so arranged that there would be a graduating class every year in every school in Clark county.

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

For Month of January, 1912, Are Shown by Records And Gauge Kept by Mr. Marquis Bean.

The record kept by Mr. Marquis Bean shows the temperature for the month of January, as follows:

Temperature
January 7—6 degrees below zero.
January 8—20 degrees above zero.
January 9—5 degrees above zero.
January 10—7 degrees above zero.
January 11—23 degrees above zero.
January 13—10 degrees below zero.

January 14—down to zero.
January 15—13 above zero.
January 16—11 above zero.
January 17—28 above zero.
January 18—45 above zero.
January 19—17 above zero.
January 20—15 above zero.
January 21—14 1-2 above zero.
January 22—32 above zero.
January 23—35 above zero.
January 24—31 above zero.
January 25—21 1-2 above zero.
January 26—29 above zero.
January 27—31 above zero.
January 28—27 1-2 above zero.
January 29—46 above zero.
January 30—24 above zero.
January 31—20 above zero.

Rainfall
January 6 snow melted50
January 12, snow melted1.00
January 18, rain60
January 28-29, snow and rain.75
Total2.85

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY THE LYRIC.

A Day at West Point Military Academy. (Edison.)
Revolution in a Bachelor Club. (Lubin.)
Long Road. (Biograph.)
Vanity Fair. Big three reel feature, tomorrow afternoon and night, (Friday). This is the finest picture we have had to date.
Mr. Watson will sing, "Always Me."

NOTICE—Patterson & Finnell's "Specials" on page two. 2-1-11

FOR RENT—Rooms over McCord & Phillips store. Apply to store. (2 1-3t)

LOST OR STRAYED—A Duroc Jersey sow, weight 175 pounds, from the farm of D. T. Matlack, 2 miles from Winchester on Ruckerville pike. Any information as to her whereabouts will be rewarded by W. J. Ragland, East Town phone 230 3 rings. 2-1-3t