

# THE RICHMOND CLIMAX.

VOLUME XI.

RICHMOND, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1898.

NUMBER 32.

## From Extreme Nervousness.



That no one remedy can contain the elements necessary to cure all diseases, is a fact well known to everyone. Dr. Miles' System of Restorative Remedies consists of seven distinctively different preparations, each for its own purpose.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies Restore Health

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DENTAL SURGERY.

REMOVAL.

DR. VALENTINE H. ROBINSON, OF LOUISVILLE, KY.

Notice to Creditors!

LOUISVILLE HOTEL, LOUISVILLE, KY.

American and European Plans.

The Ladies' Restaurant is the finest in the city.

Every convenience for ladies spending the day in the city.

Gentlemen's Cafe on Office floor.

MUSIC:—Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday evening.

THOS. A. MULLIGAN, MANAGER.

## The Blow At Billy Patterson.

Who Struck Billy?—Light on a Historic Incident.

(From the Painesville News.)

During the halcyon days of the Democratic party in old York county, Pennsylvania, some time in the forties, when to get the nomination for the county office was the main thing to insure an election, the party leaders had much to do, and many consultations among themselves and with prominent men in several townships. Aspirants were many, all of whom had their friends.

Every effort was made to secure the delegates to the nomination convention by the several candidates. The county officers were a potent factor in making up the slate. To this end they held meetings in the several townships and in central localities to learn the views of the prominent men, and thus make up the delegations to the county convention and insure the nomination they had decided to have made. At this period the County Commissioners visited the townships to hold appeals in the matter of assessments for tax. These appeals afforded opportunities for consultation, and were used in preparing way for the nominations at the county convention.

At one of these appeals, held at the Blue Hill tavern in Chancetown township, the incident occurred which led to the oft-remembered question so frequent in political journals all over our State and nation, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" At least two of the County Commissioners were present, Peter Ahl, a very active and influential Democrat, and the venerable Billy Patterson, who was said to have been struck. Billy Patterson was also an active and influential Democrat. Peter Ahl was subsequently associate judge of the court.

Besides these Commissioners there were others present, among whom was an Irishman named John Maffet, who was a warm friend of Patterson. Maffet having left the room for a short time, it was proposed to have a little sport with him when he returned. When he came in Patterson complained of having been struck a violent blow. This aroused the Irishman, who determined to avenge the blow his friend had received by striking him in his eye. "Who struck Billy Patterson?" When it was hinted that Peter Ahl was the man who had done the striking, flourishing his shillelagh, which he always carried with him, Maffet approached Ahl, saying, "Dom you, did you strike Billy Patterson?" Ahl bowed off, denying the charge. Others interfering quieted the Irishman with the assurance that it was a joke, and all passed off without further demonstration. But that was not the end of it. Some one reported the matter, and the opposing party began to use that question in a way annoying to the Democrats, intimating that the Democratic leaders had been in a terrible fight among themselves, to their great injury, and so in the progress of time when there was a loss in the Democratic vote, or a partial victory and especially when the cause of this change was not fully understood, the Irishman's cry, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" became a sort of by-word all over the State and nation.

The facts as given above I got from the Hon. Adam Ebaugh, late of Stewartstown, York county, Mr. Ebaugh, who died last May at the age of 90, ex-State Senator and ex-Associate Judge of the court, informed me that he received the history from Billy Patterson during his lifetime. I was well acquainted with both the Commissioners, and Mr. Patterson during his last illness, and of his death at his funeral. I had several conversations with Mr. Ebaugh about the matter, and a few months before his death, at my request, he wrote me the history of the incident as given above.

GEORGE M. SLAYMAN.

York, Pa., December 24.

WALKER STILL MISSING.

Efforts are being made to locate Porter Walker, aged thirty, of Winchester. He left home with considerable money and arrived in Cincinnati November 20. He stopped one night at the Deunion House, and this was the last seen of him. Walker's only daughter died Christmas eve at Dalton, Ga., and his relatives are anxious to find him.—Lexington Leader.

Walker was the manager of the National Kitchen Cabinet Co., that canvassed this county the past summer, and whose sudden disappearance was chronicled some weeks ago.

**BILIOUSNESS**

booses many a body and burdens many a mind. You can't enjoy the food you like because you are bilious. You take all sorts of precautions, and yet the bilious attack leaps on you like a tiger from ambush. You know the feeling! The blood seeming on fire with a dull heat; the boring pains in the eyes; the head seeming to open and shut; the horrible nausea. You know the irritability which precedes and the languor that follows the attack. It's miserable, isn't it? Why not cure the trouble? There's a pill that will cure biliousness. Dr. J. C. AYER'S PILLS are an acknowledged specific for this derangement.

A Swager, Texarkana, Tex., writes: "For fifteen years I have used Ayer's Pills, and find them very effective in bilious complaints. I have got to see the case where they have failed to cure."

Try AYER'S PILLS

IF YOU ARE BILIOUS DO NOT FAIL TO

THOS. A. MULLIGAN, MANAGER.

## Madison Man in Nicaragua.

HARRY HANGER SELECTED TO REPORT ON THE CANAL.

(New York Commercial Advertiser.)

Syndicate With \$100,000,000 Ready to Complete the Work if the Decision is Favorable.—Government Aid in the Enterprise Not Asked.

A party of fourteen men, prospecting engineers representing a number of capitalists who are interested in the construction of the Nicaragua Canal, sailed on the steamship Finance, the Panama Line on today. These men upon their arrival in Nicaragua will investigate as to the feasibility of undertaking the completion of the canal, and will submit a report to the men they represent, who, it is estimated, command at least \$100,000,000.

Edward F. Cragin and Lyman E. Cooley, the chief engineers of the Chicago Drainage Canal, lead the party, which includes H. P. Mason of Frankfort, Ky., J. N. Jackson of Shenandoah, H. B. Hanger of Richmond, Ky.; Frederick Davis of Chicago, W. O. Winston of Minneapolis, Horace E. Stevens of St. Paul, Frederick S. Washburn of Chicago, Arthur McMillen of Cincinnati, E. H. Hooker of New York, E. A. Little, of Boston, Prof. C. G. Wheeler, interpreter and geologist, of Chicago, and J. E. Molyneux of Brooklyn.

The contracting firms and corporations represented in the party are Mason, Hoge & Co. of Frankfort, Ky., and Chicago; E. D. Smith & Co. of Philadelphia; McArthur Bros. of Chicago; Christie & Low, of Chicago; the Chicago Dredging and Dock Company, Winston Bros. of Minneapolis; Washburn & Washburn of New York and Chicago; and McMillen & Co. of New York.

The members of the party will stop first at Panama for the purpose of making an examination of the Panama Canal. They will sail from Panama by Pacific Mail steamship to Corinto; then to Managua, where they will pay their respects to the President, and thence to Rivas, to examine the canal and the proposed route. The party will then cross the lake in a chartered steamer, and examine the eastern end of the route to Greytown, from which place they will visit San Jose, examining some railway construction en route.

In speaking of the canal, before sailing to-day, Mr. Cooley said: "The estimate of the cost of the construction now floating between \$75,000,000 and \$137,000,000. No one will bid with that wide range. The things to be considered at present are the climate, cost of labor, topography, soil and facilities for transportation. This work will involve a more extensive use of machinery than any that has ever before been undertaken. I think that the canal can be built upon a fair basis and made a paying venture. We will have all the help necessary in our investigation from the Government Commission, which is now on the ground."

Mr. Cragin said that the construction of the Chicago Drainage Canal within the original estimate of \$25,000,000, in spite of the prediction, by Government experts, that its cost would exceed \$80,000,000, had brought out new methods, which have revolutionized canal construction. "Now we have another plan," continued Mr. Cragin, "in the name of the capital behind us we have invited the chief contractors on the Chicago Drainage Canal, and others of equal standing, to visit Nicaragua and thoroughly examine the proposed work. Our party includes the largest and strongest group of contracting firms and companies ever gathered in consultation on work of this character. It represents dredging, rock and earth excavation, masonry and lock building, and the group of contractors are under no obligation to bid on the work. They have accepted the invitation to inspect and return without expense to themselves, and it is expected that they will have a delightful trip. If, after looking over the work, they make a bid that is satisfactory to the capitalists, the funds will be subscribed and the canal constructed, for this plan contemplates the construction of the entire canal by private capital without any aid from the Government. The Commission appointed by the Government is now in Nicaragua, and will carefully check all data, reserve where it is necessary and may not return until autumn. I may or may not change the plans of the company. The Chicago party will use the existing plans and data, and as they may be modified, for proposed canal, being satisfied with all the data at the disposal of the Commission, and, with the large body of skillful engineers, thorough and accurate work will be done."

Mr. Cragin and Mr. Cooley entertained Henry E. Howland, Warner Miller, Smith M. Wood, H. L. Hotchkiss and S. Smith at dinner in the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night. Warner Miller is greatly interested in the proposed journey to the party and expressed his hearty approval of the plans which Mr. Cragin has in view.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bile" is a good Alternative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys. Purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at Perry & Thomas' Drug Store, Successors to W. G. White. 51 cents per bottle.

LITERARY NOTES.

A NEW "GIBSON GIRL."

A new "Gibson girl," drawn by the famous society artist, C. D. Gibson, will make her debut in print as the cover design for the February Ladies' Home Journal. The new "girl" is the artist's own little daughter, who, at one year of age, will be shown as drawn by her clever father. The legend under the picture is "My Valentine."

## Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

1900.

(J. M. Richardson, Glasgow Times.)

The announcement that seven Republican United States Senators will, during the present session of Congress, repudiate the administration's gold standard policy and declare for the free coinage of silver is significant merely as a warning to those who refuse to be warned. There are none so blind as those who will not see. Upon the financial issue, the Republican ship of state is already among the breakers; it will soon be upon the rocks.

THE CURRENCY PROBLEM WILL BE FORCED TO THE FRONT IN 1900, JUST AS IN 1896.

There will be neither straddle nor compromise of principle, and the politician who sits on the fence will assuredly be ditched. He who is not for the people in the great battle, whose sharpshooters and skirmish-lines are even now engaging, is beyond doubt against them.

Party lines will be broken and rearranged, and party-ties sundered. Old issues will be forgotten. New leaders will spring up. With the Republicans will be found Carlisle, Cleveland, Lindley, Hill and the handful of gold-bug worshipping who declare themselves the elect, 'em tho' not a mother's son of them could be elected corner. To the Democrats, Wolcott, and Stewart, and Teller, and Chandler, possibly even Tom Reed himself, and an innumerable host of honest Republican voters will come. There will be a gruesome rattling of dry bones, and down the valley of dead hopes and bitter disappointments will sweep the fracturing waters of the river of truth. On the one side will be gathered corporations, trusts, monopolies, greed, lust of power, arrogance, the pride of wealth, the hopelessness of poverty ground in the dust before the money-power, the cowardice of labor dependent upon capital for its living, the baseness of intelligence that has bartered its birthright for gold. On the other side will stand—the people. It will be a battle-royal, a fight to the finish, a contest in which there can be no middle ground. The liberties of a nation will be fought for, and the issue will be one of life or death.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION OF 1900 WILL BE A CONTEST OF NATIONAL PRINCIPLES, NO LESS FAR-REACHING IN ITS RESULTS THAN THAT INVOLVED IN THE REVOLUTIONARY OR CIVIL WARS. IT WILL DECIDE WHETHER THE PEOPLE SHALL BE FREEDMEN IN THE IMAGE OF GOD, OR LAY IN THE HANDS OF THE POTTER—THE DEVIL HIMSELF BEING THE POTTER.

All this, and much more, we shall see in 1900. The lines of battle are forming for a great contest. For, be the result what it may, the destiny of these United States hangs upon the Presidential election of 1900.

Consumption Positively Cured.

Mr. R. B. Groves, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It doesn't fail. Trial bottle free at Perry & Thomas' Drug Store, Successors to W. G. White.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Judge Shackelford Miller has decided that a man cannot be imprisoned for cost unless he is made a party of the punishment, and then the prisoner can relieve himself by delivering up his estate for the benefit of his creditors. This is an important ruling, because it effects every one arrested in Frankfort and committed to the workhouse to satisfy both fine and cost at the rate of one dollar per day. The fine in a case of drunkenness is only one dollar, while the costs in that case are about five dollars additional. The city does not pay cost unless they are collected from the persons convicted. If the opinion of Judge Miller is upheld it will be necessary to abolish all imprisonment for costs, and make the offices of Prosecuting Attorney and Marshal worthless in Frankfort.—Frankfort Argus.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

The Jesamine Journal says it looks as though now that the R. N. I. & B. road will not at distant day be one of the greatest trunk lines in the country, and will soon plough its way into the great coal fields for which it has so long been directed.

The Paris Reporter is authority for the statement that it cost only about half as much to put crushed rock on the pikes in Bourbon under the new system as it did when pikes were trowled.

## NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Primrose crepe de chine is favored for bridesmaids' gowns.

Transparent evening fabrics are frequently draped over peplid silk.

Self-colored tulle silks have small patterns. They are reasonable in price.

Mail wool waists subserve useful purposes. They come in a variety of pretty forms and combinations.

There seems no let up to the Russian craze.

Capes and cape-wraps are preferred to coats by many women. They offer greater possibilities of adornment and are much dressier.

Roman stripes and fancy plaids characterize the newest tulle silks.

House bodices for evening wear are frequently cut low and rounding in the neck.

Small patterned Marie Antoinette brocades come in bewitching color blends and are trimmed with Persian band gimps which repeat the colors of the material.

A plain waist may be rendered very dressy by the addition of plaited tulle ruffles forming shoulder epaulettes, horizontal trimmings across the front, sleeve and neck finishings.

Children should be clad in fine, all-wool undergarments during the winter season. Mixtures are not advisable.

A charming coat shown by Best & Co. for a merry miss of eight is of soft cashmere in white and in various colors, trimmed with fur. The front is plain, the back has two box plaits and the epaulettes are cut with the front and back seams very ingeniously.

Gowns from eight to sixteen may wear the graceful two piece suit, consisting of five gored skirt and Russian blouse.

The fashionable skirt is a trifle longer than its predecessor.

Frequently evening gowns are shirred their entire width, especially when made of transparent material.

The plain coat sleeve is not far from us. Creecant-shaped puffs adorn the shoulders of some street coats.

Velvet is the preferred material for capes, wraps and jackets this season; though smooth-faced cloths are well liked, also.

The favorite trimmings for outer garments are hat braids, fancy gimpes and bands of fur.

Small buttons sometimes ornament the upper part of the skirt in rows.

Billiard cloth is in pleasingly brisk request for jackets.

Gowns of plain silk or woolen are in high favor this winter.

Soft and smooth-faced cloths admit of elaborate garnitures.

Skirts are plain, plaited, flounced, shirred, slashed, ruffled or decorated with panels of contrasting material, according to fancy. EVELYN CARLE.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES INDIGESTION.

GREAT RE-UNION OF CONFEDERATES.

By the order of Gen. John B. Gordon, Commander of the United Confederate Veterans, Adjutant General, George Moorhead, has issued a general order fixing July 21, 22, 23, 24, 1898, as the dates for the next Annual reunion to be held at Atlanta, Ga. These dates were suggested by the people of Atlanta, and are eminently appropriate as they are the anniversaries of the battles of Peach Tree Creek, Manassas and Atlanta respectively. The Association of Confederate Veterans now consists of 1,070 camps and applications have been made for the organization of 150 more.

When Bro. Barnes was corresponding for this paper, several years ago, he said with pardonable egotism, after a considerable lapse, that he was "really hungry for a Barnes letter himself." Whether the public joins in the feeling or not, we have got hungry ourselves for an Interior Journal all the week and say right now we couldn't be hired to run an hebdomadal publication.—Stanford Journal.

Sure enough we missed the Interior Journal last Tuesday and are glad it resumed its semi-weekly visits. It is well hebdomadal it would be abominable to have to go a whole week without it.

[DELAYED.]

CORRESPONDENCE.

COTTONBURG.

Hurrah for the Democrats of old Millon precinct. They are on the increase. The gold bugs will get no property from the party and McKinley's administration; even the old darkey protests against it.

Mr. Henderson Wheeler of this place has been honored by John W. Yerkes, by an assignment to W. S. Hume & Co. distillery of Silver Creek, Ky. As day watch Mr. Wheeler will move his family to Pat Grady's place at Kirksville.

Mr. Nathaniel Cotton Jr., who no Republican in Kirksville predicted had the courage to tackle, has about completed his new house. Mr. Cotton has entered upon the duties of his office and will meet out justice to all.

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## CLOTHING AT OLD PRICES.

We have just received the largest line of

Clothing, Overcoats, Underwear and Hats

IN RICHMOND, which we bought early before the tariff was put on woollens and can give our customers the benefit of 30 per cent. on every article needed.

Measures Taken for Suits and Overcoats Made to Order.

Fit Guaranteed at from \$10.00 up

UNDERWEAR AND HATS AT PRICES NEVER OFFERED BEFORE AT.....

J. B. STUFFER'S

&lt;