THE RICHMOND CLIMAX.

VOLUME 25. RICHMOND, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1898. NUMBER 2.

"Saved Her Life."

MRS. JOHN WALLET, of Jefferson, Wis., than whom none is more highly esteemed or widely known, writes. "In 1890 I had a severe attack of LaGrippe and at the end of four months, in spite of all physicians, friends and good nursing could do, my lungs heart and nervous system were so completely wrecked, my life was despaired of, my friends giving me up. I could only sleep by the use of opiates. My lungs and heart pained me terribly and my cough was most aggravating. I could not lie in one position but a short time and not on my left side at all. My husband brought me Dr. Miles' Nervine and Heart Cure and I began taking them. When I had taken a half bottle of each I was much better and continuing persistently I took about a dozen bottles and was completely restored to health to the surprise of all."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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R. W. MILLER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

RICHMOND, - - KENTUCKY.

Office in the Burnam Building, next door to Farmer's National Bank. feb3-1y

J. A. SULLIVAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

RICHMOND, - - KENTUCKY.

Office over Taylor's Hardware store, opposite Court House, on Main Street.

H. B. HOGG,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

RICHMOND, - - KENTUCKY.

Office No. 13 First St., up stairs. 31-30

J. C. & D. M. CHENAULT.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

RICHMOND, - - KENTUCKY.

Office on Second street, over Chenault's grocery.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. JOHN M. FOSTER,

RICHMOND, - - - KENTUCKY

Telephone at office and residence.

DR. H. R. GIBSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

RICHMOND, - - KENTUCKY.

Office in the Joe Collins building, 18 and 20 Second Street, over Waite's old drugstore.

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VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College.

Veterinary Dentistry and Sterility a Specialty. Office up stairs, over store recently occupied by Richmond Harness Co., East Main St., Richmond, Ky. apr15-1y

H. C. JASPER, M. D

Medicine and Surgery.

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Telephone at residence (the Carr place on Broadway.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

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Dr. Valentine H. Hobson

DENTIST,

OF LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office next door to Government Building, Richmond, Ky. Office hours—9 to 12-1 to 4. nov17-1y

Four nice rooms for rent. Call at Dental Office of Dr. Hobson, next door to postoffice.

DR. FRED SMITH,

DENTIST.

Office, over Collins' Grocery, same office lately occupied by Dr. W. W. Burgin. jan12-1y

HON. C. T. CALDWELL,

of Parkersburg, W. Va., Recommends Wrights Celery Capsules.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA.,

January 26, 1895.

THE WRIGHT MED. CO.,

Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen.—I have been using Wright's Celery Capsules since November, 1894, and find them to be as recommended. I first began taking them while at Hot Springs, Ark., under treatment for Sciatic Rheumatism, Liver and Stomach trouble. Constipation which I had been a long sufferer. I found the Celery Capsules gave me great relief from the beginning and have used them ever since. With pleasure, and unsolicited, I recommend them to any and all suffering with like afflictions or either of them. Very truly yours,

CHARLES T. CALDWELL.

Sold by T. S. Hagan, Druggist. Price 50c cents and $1.00 per box. Call at drug store and get free sample.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Nagasaki, Japan, says: "I have trustworthy information that Germany is determined to prevent a bombardment of Manila."

As a result of a strike in the mountain iron mines at Redding, Cal., 500 men are idle. Feeling runs high between the strikers and management and serious trouble is anticipated.

The Paris correspondent of the London Standard says: Critics here regard the occupation of Guantanamo harbor as a master stroke, and the fact that 3,000 Spanish allowed the landing as ominously significant.

Among the passengers who arrived at New York Sunday on La Bretagne from Havre were Mrs. Stewart L. Woodford and Miss Woodford, wife and daughter of Gen. Woodford, former ambassador to Madrid.

Senor Romero Giron, the Spanish minister of colonies, according to a special dispatch from Madrid, in the course of a recent interview expressed the opinion that nothing short of a miracle can save Manila.

An imperial edict has been issued providing for the establishment of the University of Pekin on European methods. The dignitaries have been commanded to confer immediately for the carrying out of the scheme.

A dispatch to the New York World from Port Antonio, Jamaica, says: The United States auxiliary cruiser St. Louis was off Morant Point Friday. She reported that she had captured a Spanish merchantman just out of Kingston.

Rr. Adm. Sampson's acquisition of a base for coaling and supplies at Guantanamo is universally recognized as practically sealing the fate of Santiago, although it is believed that the Spanish troops will show a good fight before the city is captured.

The Capetown correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: War between the Transvaal and Swaziland may break out at any moment. The Swazi king has 20,000 warriors, well armed and drilled, and there is much anxiety in the Transvaal."

Reports are again rife that the queen regent wishes to shift the regency to the Infanta Isabella and to let her accept the American conditions. It is expected that Russia will protest against an open alliance of Adm. Dewey as a belligerent with Aguinaldo, the insurgent chief.

The Horr coal mines, including 6,000 acres of coal lands in the eastern part of Butte, Mont., have been sold to a New York syndicate for three quarters of a million dollars. It is the most extensive plant in the west. J. Howard Conrad owned four-fifths, for which he gets $900,000.

Assistant Secretary Melikejohn has directed the release of Jose Castellanos, confined at McPherson barracks, Ga. The man is a Spaniard and was arrested at Tampa, but there was no evidence against him at his examination to show that he was engaged in any actions prejudicial to the government.

The navy department has taken steps to begin the court-martial against Engineer G. White for neglect of duty in the construction of the big dry dock at Brooklyn, and has also taken measures to have suit brought by the department of justice against the sureties on the bond of the contractor who built the dock.

Private Geo. D. Coun, of Company C, 10th Pennsylvania volunteers, was accidentally wounded during target practice at the Presidio. He was marking at the butts when a bullet struck an iron rod sustaining the target, a fragment of which became detached and inflicted a painful but not necessarily fatal wound upon Coun's head.

The gunboat Peoria, formerly the pilotboat Philadelphia, sailed from the League Island navy yard, probably to join Adm. Sampson's fleet in Cuban waters, at 11:30 Sunday. It was expected that the gunboat Dorothea would accompany the Peoria south, but her departure was delayed by reason of the failure of sailing orders from Washington.

The Niger boundary dispute, in which English papers and politicians have seen a war cloud, is practically settled. A convention covering all disputes is ready for signature. France gets two commercial depots on the Lower Niger for outlets for French trade with Upper Dahomey, while Great Britain's gains consist of territory on the gold coast.

President of the Argentine Republic.

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, June 13.—Gen. Roca was Sunday elected president of the Argentine republic for a term of six years by the representatives of the 14 provinces.

Hair Hints

It is much easier to keep the hair when you have it than it is to restore it when it's lost. If your hair is "coming out" it needs instant attention. The use of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will promptly stop the hair from falling, and stimulate it to new growth.

"Some years ago my hair began to fall out and I became quite bald. I was advised to try

Ayer's Hair Vigor

and had used it but a short time when my hair ceased to fall out and a new and vigorous growth made its appearance. My hair is now abundant and strong.

THOS. DUNN,

Rockville, Wis.

THIRTEEN HOURS.

Fierce Battle Between Marines, Spanish Guerrilas and Regulars at Guanatanamo.

ENGAGEMENT ALMOST CONTINUOUS.

It Commenced at Three O'Clock Saturday Afternoon and Ended at Six O'Clock Sunday Morning.

Four of Our Men Killed and One Wounded—Advance Picket Unaccounted For—Spanish Loss Unknown, But It Was Probably Large.

ON BOARD THE DISPATCH BOAT DAUNTLESS, OFF GUANTANAMO, Sunday, June 12, via MOLE ST. NICHOLAS, Hayti, June 13.—Lieut. Col. R. W. Huntington's battalion marines, which landed from the transport Panther on Friday and encamped on the hill guarding the abandoned cable station at the entrance to the outer harbor of Guanatanamo, has been engaged in beating off a bush attack by Spanish guerillas and regulars since 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The fighting was almost continuous for 13 hours until 6 o'clock Sunday morning, when reinforcements were landed from the Marblehead.

Four of our men were killed and one wounded. The advance pickets under Lieuts. Neville and Shaw are unaccounted for. Among the killed is Assistant Surgeon John Blair Gibbs, son of Maj. Gibbs, of the regular army, who fell in the Custer massacre. His home was at Richmond, Va., but he has been practicing in New York and he entered the service since the war begun. He was a very popular officer. The others killed are Serg. Charles H. Smith, of Smallwood; Private William Dunphy, of Gloucester, Mass., and Private James McColgan, of Stoneham, Mass.

Corporal Glass was accidentally wounded in the head.

The Spanish loss is unknown, but it was probably considerable. The splashes of blood found at daylight at the position the Spaniards occupied indicate fatalities, but their comrades carried off the killed and wounded.

The engagement began with desultory firing at the pickets 1,000 yards inland from the camp. Capt. Spicer's company was doing guard duty and was driven in, finally rallying on the camp and repulsing the enemy at 5 o'clock. The bodies of privates McColgan and Durphy were found, both shot in the head. The large cavities caused by the bullets, which inside a range of 500 yards have a rotary motion, indicate that the victims were killed at close range.

The bodies were stripped of shoes, hats and cartridge belts, and horribly mutilated with machetes.

When they were brought in the whole battalion formed three sides of a hollow square about the camp on the hill top. Below in the bay were the war ships at anchor. Inland from the hill camp is a deep ravine and beyond this are high hills. The adjacent country is heavy with a thicket growth. The sky was blanketed with clouds, and when the sun set a gale was blowing seaward. Night fell, thick and impenetrable.

The Spanish squads concealed in the chapparel cover had the advantage, the Americans on the ridge furnishing fine targets against the sky and the white tents. The Spaniards fought from cover till midnight, discoverable only by flashes at which the marines fired volleys. The repeaters sounded like crackers in a barrel.

The Marblehead launch, a Colt machine gun in her bow, pushed up the bay enfilading the Spaniards, and it is thought that some were killed. The marines trailed much blood to the water's edge and there lost it. Sharks are numerous in the vicinity.

The ships threw their search lights ashore, the powerful electric eyes sweeping the deep tropic foliage and disclosing occasionally skulking parties of Spaniards. It all resembled a transformation scene at the harbor.

Each discovery of the enemy was greeted by the cracks of carbine fire along the edge of the camp ridge or by the long roll of the launch's machine guns, searching the thickets with a leaden stream.

Shortly after midnight came the main attack. The Spaniards made a gallant charge up the southwest slope, but were met by repeated volleys from the main body and broke before they were one-third of the way up the hill, but they came so close that at points there was almost a hand to hand struggle. The officers used their revolvers. Three Spaniards got through the open formation to the edge of the camp. Col. Jose Campina, the Cuban guide, discharged his revolver, and they, turning and finding themselves without support, ran helter skelter down the reverse side of the hill. It was during this assault that Assistant Surgeon Gibbs was killed. He was shot in the head in front of his own tent, the farthest point of attack. He fell into the arms of Private Sullivan and both dropped. A second bullet threw dust in their faces. Surgeon Gibbs lived ten minutes, but did not regain consciousness.

The surgeons of the hospital corps then removed their quarters to the trenches about the old Spanish stockade north of the camp. The attacks were continued at intervals throughout the rest of the night, with firing from small squads in various directions.

Toward morning the fire slackened. Dawn is the favorite time for attack, and, as the east paled, the marines lying on their guns were aroused. Some were actually asleep, as they had no rest for 48 hours and tired nature could no longer stand the strain. But no attack came.

Three new 12-pound field guns, which could not be used during the night for fear of hitting our own men, shelled several squads of Spaniards after daylight. They dove into the bushes like prairie dogs into burrows as the shells broke over them in the gray dawn. As the correspondent talked with Maj. Cockrell, who was in charge of the outposts, word came of the finding of the body of Sergt. Smith. He was reported as having been killed at five o'clock on the previous day, but it appears that he had been seen alive at ten o'clock in the evening. When and how he was killed no one knows at this writing. Neither had the men been mustered nor had the outposts of Lieut. Neville and Shaw been relieved.

Lieut.-Col. Huntington and Maj. Cockrell gave high praise to the nerve and steadiness of officers and men, especially the young ones, as the engagement was a baptism of fire for a large majority. The men were in darkness and in a strange land, but they stood to their posts with courage and fortitude and there was no symptom of panic.

The marines, though very much exhausted, were eager for more fighting, promising to inflict heavy punishment. They complimented the daring of the Spaniards with characteristic camp profanity.

Sunday the amplest precautions were taken and as the Dauntless left reinforcements were landing from the Marblehead. A stormy time was expected.

Estimates vary as to the attacking force, some say 200 and the figures run as high as 1,000. Col. Campina, the Cuban guide, said the Spaniards were mostly irregulars, but the reports of the discharge of Mauser rifles would indicate that they were regulars, as most of the guerillas carry Remingtons. The Cuban guerillas, as a rule, have more dash and courage than the regulars.

The new campaign uniforms prove satisfactory and are almost invisible at a distance of 200 yards. The Lee guns caused several accidents in drawing cartridges. Corporal Glass shattered his hand.

Despite the loss of the men, which is keenly regretted, the marines rejoice that they have been engaged in their first fight on Cuban soil. They sailed from New York the day war was declared and expected to land within a week at Havana. Since then, until landed on the shore of Guantanamo bay, they had been cooped up on the Panther and they had begun to fear that the troops would beat them after all.

In controlling the outer harbor of Guantanamo, where Lieut.-Col. Huntington's battalion of marines landed on Friday, Rr. Adm. Sampson secures possession of the Cuban terminus of the French cable to Hayti. The apparatus in the office at the harbor mouth was wrecked by a shell but the cable steamer Adria has instruments and operators aboard and direct communication with Washington will soon be established. The distance overland to Santiago around the bay is about sixty miles and the roads have been rendered impassable by the Cubans under Pedro Perez. The first division of the Cuban army claims to have 4,000 men, but these figures are probably over estimated. The Cubans believe that there are about 3,500 soldiers in the vicinity of Caimanera, which lies at the entrance to the inner harbor. Gauntanamo City is inland about 15 miles. The two harbors are connected by a narrow channel. It is the outer harbor which Adm. Sampson now holds with the Marblehead, the Yosemite and the Vixen, and with a battalion of marines on the crest of a blunt topped eminence commanding the entrance on the western side. In the inner harbor are two small Spanish gunboats and at Caimanera there is a battery.

An expedition of three steam launches, officered by Lieut. Norman, Ensign Eustis, son of Mr. James D. Eustis, former United States ambassador to France, and Cadet G. Van Orden, under the general command of Lieut. Anderson, of the cruiser Marblehead, Saturday night, dragged for mines, but found none. Lieut. Anderson, who distinguished himself at Cienfuegos, pulled a dingy within 50 yards of the fort without being discovered. He found the fort to consist of masonry with three guns mounted seaward.

Judging from the panic in which the Spaniards fled from the village at Fisherman's Point, they will scatter at the first approach. They left at Fisherman's Point three antiquated Howitzers, several cases of ammunition, shell and canister, some Mauser rifles and a regimental flag of the Infantoria Del Principe No. 3.

Every precaution has been taken to guard the men from disease. All huts in the locality have been razed, large casks of Spanish wine have been smashed, two wells have been boarded up and all the drinking water used is supplied from the fleet. The marines are well equipped for the campaign. The camp will probably be named Camp McCalla, after the commander of the Marblehead, who is indefatigable and has not removed his clothing since the bombardment.

Sunday morning the British steamer Newfoundland, of Montreal, with a general cargo from Halifax, steamed into the harbor. Her commander was greatly surprised at the presence of the Americans, but he retained enough composure to dip his flag three times and then started to put about. A shot across the bows from the Marblehead stopped him and the vessel was boarded, her papers showing that she was bound for Jamaica. The captain explained that he had put in to see if he could get a return cargo of sugar. He was informed that he could not and was then allowed to proceed.

GEN. WILLIAM R. SHAFTER.
(In Command of the Army Expedition to Santiago de Cuba.)

OUR NATIONAL GAME.

The Winners in Sunday's Games Were: Louisville, St. Louis and Pittsburgh.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9—R.	H.	E.
Louisville	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	*—5	8	4
Cincinnati	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—4	7	1

Batteries—Cunningham and Powers; Breitenstein and Wood. Umpires—Swartwood and Wood.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5—R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0—1	4	0
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	3	0—3	5	0

Batteries—Powell and Criger; Gardner and Schriver. Umpires—Snyder and Connolly. Game called on account of rain.

Innings:	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9—R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2	10	1
St. Louis	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0—4	11	1

Batteries—Callahan and Donohue; Taylor and Sugden. Umpires—Emslie and Curry.

MANILA IS OURS.

News of the Capture of the City by Adm. Dewey and Gen. Aguinaldo Reported by Ambassador Hay.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—"Hongkong advices say Manila has surrendered."

This dispatch was received at Sunday midnight from Ambassador Hay, at London.

That was the whole story, but it is taken for granted at the navy department that Ambassador Hay received his news from official sources in London, and that it is correct. The news was at once carried over to the white house, and caused intense delight. Direct news from Adm. Dewey had been expected Sunday night, as it was known he sent a dispatch boat to Hong Kong, and it was presumed that by this time Dewey and Aguinaldo between them must have forced the city to surrender.

No one here doubts the news, briefness of the dispatch from Ambassador Hay being taken as an evidence of its reliability, and the navy department was congratulating itself Sunday night in the belief that Dewey has capped the climax of his great victory by hauling down the Spanish flag and running up the stars and stripes without waiting for the slow-moving army, just as Sampson landed at Guantanamo while the army was fleeing from ghost ships at Tampa.

The Pope and the Queen.

LONDON, June 13.—The Rome correspondent of the Standard says: "Owing to the serious news from the Philippines the pope wired the queen regent of Spain, placing his services at her disposal if she considered that the time had arrived for the intervention of the powers in favor of Spain. The queen regent in reply telegraphed her thanks, saying that, at the opportune moment she would feel the pope's offer to be very precious."

Gen. Blanco Wants Supplies.

LONDON, June 13.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard telegraphing says: Gen. Blanco, having again telegraphed that in case the blockade becomes stricter it will be urgent to send war stores, as his supply is running short, the government has taken steps to dispatch abundant supplies by fast vessels from Spanish and foreign ports. The more important supplies from Spain will be strongly convoyed and will be sent immediately.

No Truth in the Report.

LONDON, June 13.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says: "There is not a particle of truth in the rumors that Spain has appealed to Emperor Francis Joseph to mediate, or that a European congress is contemplated to discuss the ultimate status of the Philippines."

SIERRA LEONE.

One Thousand Persons Reported Killed in the Recent Uprising in That District—Missionaries Murdered.

LIVERPOOL, June 13.—Steamers which have arrived here from Sierra Leone report that a thousand persons were killed in the recent uprising in that district. Six hundred and twenty inhabitants of Freetown, most of them traders, are known to have been massacred, and other colonists were carried into the bush and met a worse fate. "war boys" and undoubtedly met a worse fate. Three hundred friendly natives were killed, and beside the wives of mission-aries, six colored missionaries of the United Brethren of Christ were murdered at Manohoargru. The English missionaries are at the mercy of the war boys, but have not been molested.

Recruiting.

BARBOURVILLE, Ky., June 13.—Lieut. C. A. Tinsley, of Troop A, Kentucky cavalry, and Private Ed Dudman came on from Cumberland Gap to enlist 25 men to fill the troop which was gotten up here. Lieut. Tinsley reports the boys are all satisfied and have received uniforms.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

Adm. Sampson Tells of the Heroism of Lieut. Hobson and His Men.

THE SINKING OF THE SHIP MERRIMAC.

Sampson Consulted Lieut. Hobson as to the Best Method of Blocking the Santiago Harbor.

The Plan of Sinking the Vessel Was Agreed Upon Later—The American Admiral Considers the Deed One of the Bravest Since Cushing's.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The navy department Saturday posted the following bulletin giving a detailed official report from Adm. Sampson upon the heroism of Lieut. Hobson and his men in sinking the Merrimac in the Santiago channel:

"UNITED STATES FLAGSHIP NEW YORK, OFF SANTIAGO, June 3, 1898.—Permit me to call your special attention to Assistant Naval Constructor Hobson. As stated in a special telegram, before coming here I decided to make the harbor entrance secure against the possibility of egress by Spanish ships by obstructing the narrow part of the entrance by sinking a collier at that point. Upon calling upon Mr. Hobson for his professional opinion as to a sure method of sinking the ship he manifested the most lively interest in the problem. After several days' consideration he presented a solution which he considered would insure the immediate sinking of the ship when she reached the desired point in the channel. This plan we prepared for execution when we reached Santiago. The plan contemplated a crew of only seven men and Mr. Hobson, who begged that it might be intrusted to him. The anchor chains were arranged on deck for both the anchors, forward and aft, the plan including the anchoring of the ship almost automatically.

As soon as I reached Santiago and I had the collier to work upon and the details were completed, and diligently prosecuted hoping to complete them in one day as the moon and tide served best the first night after our arrival. Notwithstanding every effort the hour of 4 o'clock in the morning arrived, and the preparation was scarcely completed. After a careful inspection of the final preparations I was forced to relinquish the plan for that morning as dawn was breaking. Mr. Hobson begged to try it at all hazards.

This morning proved more propitious, as a prompt start could be made. Nothing could have been more gallantly executed. We waited impatiently after the firing by the Spaniards had ceased. When they did not re-appear from the harbor at 6 o'clock I feared that they had all perished. A steam launch, which had been sent in charge of Naval Cadet Powell to rescue the men, appeared at this time coming out under a persistent fire of the batteries, but brought none of the crew. A careful inspection of the harbor from this ship showed that the vessel Merrimac had been sunk in the channel.

This afternoon the chief of staff of Adm. Cervera came out under a flag of truce with a letter from the admiral extolling the bravery of the crew in an unusual matter.

I can not myself too earnestly express my appreciation of the conduct of Mr. Hobson and his gallant crew. I venture to say that a more brave and daring thing has not been done since Cushing blew up the Albermarle.

Referring to the inspiring letter which you addressed to the officers at the beginning of the war I am sure you will offer a suitable professional reward to Mr. Hobson and his companions.

I must add that Commander J. M. Miller relinquished his command with the very greatest reluctance believing he would retain his command under all circumstances. He was, however, finally convinced that the attempt of another person to carry out the multitude of details which had been in preparation by Mr. Hobson might endanger its proper execution. I therefore took the liberty to relieve him for this reason only. There were hundreds of volunteers who were anxious to participate; there were 150 from the Iowa, nearly as many from this ship, and large numbers from all the other ships, officers and men alike.

(Signed) "W. T. SAMPSON."

MARKET REPORT.

CINCINNATI, June 13.

FLOUR—Spring fancy, $3.90@4.05; family, $4.80@4.10; spring patents, $4.50@4.70; winter patent, $3.90@4.05; fancy, $4.60@4.80; family, $4.25@4.50; extra, $3.75@4.10; low grade, $3.00@3.25; rye, northwesters, $4.40@4.50; do city, $3.90@4.00.

WHEAT—Sales: No. 2 red at $1.10.

CORN—Sales: No. 2 mixed, track, 37½c; yellow car, track, 38c.

OATS—Sales: No. 2 mixed, track, 27½c.

HOGS—Select shippers, $4.60@4.65; select butchers, $4.25@4.40; fair to good packers, $4.00@4.25; fair to good light, $3.60@3.85; common and roughs, $3.15@3.75.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4.15@4.60; good to choice butchers, $4.10@4.40; fair to medium butchers, $3.60@4.00; common, $2.50@3.00.

SHEEP—Extra, $3.80@4.00; good to choice, $3.50@3.75; common to fair, $2.75@3.25; yearlings, $4.00@4.80; stock sheep, $2.00@3.25.

SPRING LAMBS—Extra, $4.00@5.50; good to choice, $3.50@4.00; common to fair, $2.00@3.00.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, $6.50@7.00; extra, $8.00; common and large, $3.00@4.50.

WHEAT—July, 86c; Sept., 87c; Dec., 89½c; December corn, 40c.

CORN—June, 37½c; July, 38c; Sept., 38½c.

OATS—June, 25c; July, 26c; Sept., 26½@26¾c.

KENTUCKY NEWS.

The Latest News From All Parts of the Commonwealth.

Insane on His Bridal Trip.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 13.—H. Lanity, 30 years old, was arrested here Sunday night, charged with lunacy. Lanity is from St. Louis, where he is employed in a railroad office. He was married a few days ago and came here on his bridal trip. While walking past the cathedral Sunday he fell on his knees and began to pray. He demanded that his wife do likewise. She refused and he assaulted her. It took eight men to arrest him. Lanity owes his insanity to excessive cigarette smoking. Mrs. Lanity is heart-broken. She says that Lanity smoked on an average of 30 cigarettes a day.

Sentenced to Death.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 13.—The jury in the trial of George A. Portwood for the murder of Richard Purkins, after being out 19 hours, brought in a verdict of guilty, and fixed the punishment at death. An appeal will be taken at once. Portwood on May 14 shot and killed Richard Purkins, a paralytic saloon keeper, because Purkins had, a year or so ago, had him arrested for disorderly conduct. Insanity was the prisoner's plea.

Col. Gaither Home on Leave.

HARRODSBURG, Ky., June 13.—Col. E. H. Gaither, of the Second Kentucky; Col. Bills, of the Second Nebraska, and Lieut. Morton Gaither arrived here Sunday morning from Chickamauga. Col. Gaither is confined to his bed Sunday with dysentery, but expects to return to Chickamauga Wednesday, his leave of absence expiring that day. Lieut. Gaither will open a recruiting office here Monday.

Dr. John A. Larrabee Dead.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 13.—Dr. John A. Larrabee, one of Louisville's best known physicians and prominently known in his profession all over the country, died at his home in this city Sunday of Bright's disease, aged 58 years. Dr. Larrabee was a native of Maine, was a man of wide popularity. He contributed largely to medical journals and was the author of many treatises upon diseases of children.

Sent to the Penitentiary.

NICHOLASVILLE, Ky., June 13.—During the circuit court week just closed, 12 persons were sent to the penitentiary on charges of burglary, housebreaking, horse stealing and shooting and wounding. John Overstreet, who shot Sheriff Logan Young two years ago and was captured only last week, was one of the number; he received a five-year sentence.

Soldiers' Aid Society.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 13.—The Soldiers' Aid society, an organization formed by leading Blue Grass women, began a street canvass for members Monday. The membership fee is only ten cents, and all the money will be used to buy clothing for the Kentucky troops. Everybody is eligible. The ladies expect to raise over $2,000.

Leonatus is Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 13.—The 16-year-old brown stallion Leonatus died Friday night at Runnymede farm in Bourbon county. Leonatus was a wonderful race horse in his 3-year-old form, and has been at the head of Clay & Woodford's establishment for several years.

Kentucky Man Drowned in the Hudson.

TROY, N. Y., June 13.—Edward Adams Hermany, of Louisville, Ky., a junior at the Rensselaer Polytechnic institute, was drowned in the Hudson Saturday while bathing. The body was recovered. Hermany's father is chief engineer of the Louisville waterworks.

The Troops in Clay County.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 13.—Gov. Bradley received a dispatch from Assistant Adjt. Gen. Forester at 11 o'clock Saturday stating that everything is quiet at Manchester, Clay county, where troops are preserving order during the Howard-Baker feud trials.

Lunatic Hangs Himself.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 13.—Rev. J. B. Richardson, aged 40, from Powell county, committed suicide in the Eastern Kentucky lunatic asylum by hanging with a towel. He had been an inmate of the suicidal ward since last October.

Panic in Church.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 13.—The ceiling in St. Peter's Catholic church fell while 6 o'clock mass was being celebrated Sunday morning, slightly injuring several persons and causing a panic.

Eight Thousand Americans Reported Landed.

CAPE HAYTIEN, June 13.—Eight thousand Americans, according to a private dispatch from Port au Prince, have landed near Santiago de Cuba. The United States auxiliary cruiser arrived at Mole St. Nicholas Sunday.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The report that 8,000 American troops landed near Santiago can not be confirmed and it is believed here that our troops have not yet reached those waters.

Frankfort & Cincinnati Railway.

(In Effect May 1, 1898

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

EAST BOUND.

	a.m.	p.m.
Lve Frankfort	8 30	3 00
" Elkhorn	8 42	3 20
" Switzer	8 51	3 33
" Stamping Ground	7 02	3 48
" Duvalls	7 08	3 56
" Georgetown	7 20	4 06
Lve Georgetown	8 00	4 15
Arr Newtown	8 12	4 42
" Centreville	8 22	4 52
" Elizabeth	8 28	4 58
" Paris	8 40	5 10

WEST BOUND.

	a.m.	p.m.
Lve Paris	9 20	5 30
Arr Elizabeth	9 32	5 42
" Centreville	9 38	5 48
" Newtown	9 48	5 58
" Georgetown	10 00	6 08
Lve Georgetown	10 40	6 20
Arr Duvalls	10 56	6 41
" Stamping Ground	11 10	6 45
" Switzer	11 25	6 59
" Elkhorn	11 35	7 06
" Frankfort	11 50	7 20

C. D. BERCAW, Gen'l Pass. Agent

GEO. B. HARPER, Gen'l Supt.

Frankfort, Kentucky.

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Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Whenever there is more than one way of doing a thing, the other fellow invariably does the wrong way.—Ex.

FORCES REMOVED

NOT TO HAVANA BUT TO JOE'S CORNER.

Biggerstaff & Oldham

Wish to notify their friends and patrons that they have moved to the MAMMOTH STORE ROOM, Corner Second and Irvine Streets, recently occupied by Joe, and cordially invite every one to call and inspect their newest and latest importations in everything in the Furniture Line

=Such As=

FOLDING BEDS—Mantel, Upright, Combinations and Iron—something new.

BUFFETS—The only thing of the kind ever ever exhibited in Richmond.

CHINA CLOSETS—Six different varieties including Bent Glass, Mirror Backs, &c.

SIDEBOARDS—Any style desired.

EXTENSION TABLES—From $350 to $40.

CENTER TABLES—75c to $8.00 in Ash, Oak, Hungarian Ash, Bird's-Eye Maple and Mahogany.

VERNIS MARTIN—These are exact reproductions of the tables used at Bradley-Martin ball and made and painted by hand—See Them.

CHAMBER SUITS—In Mahogany, Hungarian Ash, Bird's-Eye Maple, Oak and Ash.

ROCKERS—From 60c to $15.00.

DINERS—At $3.00 to $15.00 per set.

MORRIS CHAIRS—$4.75 to $18.00.

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NIGHT TELEPHONE 67.

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The only paper in Madison county which supports all the Democratic nominees, from President to Constable.

SUBSCRIPTION, $1.25 in Advance.

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It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c. Sold at Perry & Thomas' Drug Store, Successors to W. G. White.

Steam has been found very efficacious in extinguishing fires on ships loaded with cotton.

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It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten millions trial bottles of this great medicine and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all disease of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on Perry & Thomas Druggist, Successors to W. G. White and get a trial bottle free, regular size 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

The tomb of