

# The Madisonian.

We Stand for the Purity of Home, the Supremacy of Law and the Relief of a Tax-burdened People.

VOLUME II.

RICHMOND, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1914.

No. 39.

## KY. FARMERS INSTITUTE DATES

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE ANNOUNCES ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMING MEETINGS.

## IS DIVIDED INTO DISTRICTS

Will Be Known as Eastern, Western and Central Divisions—Institute Lecturers.

Western Newspaper Union News Service, Frankfort, Ky.—J. W. Newman, Commissioner of Agriculture, announced that for holding the county farmers' institutes the state has been divided into three divisions to be known as the eastern, western and central divisions.

The institute lecturers for the eastern division will be W. H. Clayton, director; J. T. Adair on poultry, Miss Mary Sweeney, domestic science. For the western division J. E. Hite, director; J. H. Carmody on fruit, M. O. Hughes on live stock and soils, Miss Nancy Blair Barr on domestic science and W. R. Anderson on soils. C. L. Clayton will be director of the central forces; R. A. Ogg will lecture on soils, Mrs. R. A. Ogg on domestic science, H. W. Rickey on poultry and M. S. Douglas on live stock.

In the central division institutes will be held at Scottsville October 5 and 6, Fountain Run October 7 and 8, Tompkinsville October 9 and 11, Burkesville October 12 and 13, Edmonson October 14 and 15, Glasgow October 16 and 17, Munfordville October 19 and 20, Elizabethtown October 20 and 21, Vine Grove October 22 and 23 and Hodgenville October 23 and 24. Western division: La Center, October 5 and 6; Barlow, 7 and 8; Bardwell, 9 and 10; Milburn, 12 and 13; Clinton, 13 and 14; Fulton, 15 and 16; Wingo, 16 and 17; Mayfield, 19 and 20; Lone Oak, 20 and 21; Murray, 22 and 23; Benton, 23 and 24.

Eastern division: Williamsburg, October 5 and 6; Barbersville, 7 and 8; Pineville, 9 and 10; Pine Mountain, 12 and 13; London, 14 and 15; Manchester, 16 and 17; Oneida, 19 and 20; Buckhorn, 21 and 22; Lost Creek, 23 and 24.

## FIND CIVIL WAR SHELLS

Many Gather at Office of the Mayor of Nicholasville To See Relics.

Nicholasville, Ky.—While using the steam derrick in excavating Main street the automatic shovel dug out three ten-inch shells which weighed 85 pounds each. They are relics of the civil war, and many people gathered in Mayor Steele's office to examine the curiosities. They were dug out near the public well, near the site of headquarters for the federal army in Kentucky. All the supplies were shipped here, this being the terminal of the railroad, and the supplies were handled from Nicholasville as far south as Knoxville, Tenn.

## LOUISVILLE MAN IS ELECTED

Dr. John J. Moren Is Honored at Meeting Held at Newport.

Newport, Ky.—Because of the serious illness of the president-elect, Dr. J. W. Ellis, of Masonville, Ky., the councilors of the convention of the Kentucky Medical association elected Dr. John J. Moren, of Louisville, to serve his term as president for the ensuing year. Dr. M. Griffith, of Owensboro, Ky., read Dr. Ellis' address.

## TELEPHONE CABLE AS TARGET

Henderson, Ky.—Citizens too free with pistols and shotguns put a number of Henderson telephones out of business. They shot into cables, the rain fell and the cables leaked. Many dead phones on the South Side were the result. The telephone company says that damage to the extent of \$1,500 has been done to cables.

## GETS \$10,000 FOR A JUDGMENT

Maysville, Ky.—John B. Shaw, former baggage master on the C. & O. railway between here and Cincinnati, was given judgment against the company for \$10,000. Shaw was struck while switching cars at night last fall. He fell under cars and had one leg cut off and was otherwise badly crippled. He sued for \$50,000.

## STRIKE GAS IN WHITLEY COUNTY

Whitesburg, Ky.—While boring for water on the lot of Kelley Fields, in Bentley addition of this city, a rich flow of natural gas was struck less than 20 feet from the surface and the drillers were forced to abandon drilling.

## FAIR BOYS WIN PRIZE HONORS

Lexington, Ky.—Wayland Rhoads R. F. D. No. 8, of Lexington, and Ben Mahoney, R. F. D. No. 3, Lexington, won honors at the annual student stock judging contest at the State Fair. About thirty students of the College of Agriculture of State University competed. Two hundred dollars and a silver cup were offered. Rhoads won first place in the corn judging contest and a prize of \$10, and third place in the Freshman students draft and light horse contest.

## PEACE MEET WILL SETTLE CARRANZA-VILLA TROUBLES

Conference Between Mexican Leaders Will be Held at Torreon in Ten Days.

## SITUATION IN MEXICO GRAVE

Provisional President Admits Gravity of Conditions but Declares His Readiness for Any Emergency—Demands Impossible.

Laredo, Tex., Sept. 28.—Rushing back to Washington as a result of the break between General Villa and General Carranza, John R. Silliman, special representative of the United States at Mexico City, arrived here from the Mexican capital and left immediately for the East.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 28.—A peace conference to settle the differences between Provisional President Venustiano Carranza of Mexico and Gen. Francisco Villa will probably be held at Torreon within ten days, according to Samuel Balden, personal representative of Carranza in San Antonio. Mr. Balden declared that he had received a telegram from Carranza in Mexico City, saying that the selection of a commission of constitutionalist generals to mediate the differences between General Carranza and General Villa has been virtually completed. The personnel of the commission may be announced today.

By LEWIS T. MATSON.

## Mexican Battle Is Resumed.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 28.—Fighting between Carranza and Villistas in the first conflict of the new revolution in Mexico was resumed near Santa Cruz, Sonora, according to a dispatch received from Douglas, Ariz. The battle began at Santa Barbara, but the Carranzista troops led by Gen. Benjamin Hill, were driven eastward from there to Santa Cruz, where they took refuge from the hot pursuit of the Villistas.

About one hundred men were killed on both sides in the fighting, but the Carranzista troops were the heavier losers, they having been taken by surprise.

Santa Barbara is close to the American line and United States cavalrymen commanded by Major Byram are guarding the frontier to prevent any of the combat crossing the border.

Carranzista reinforcements are being sent from Naco east of Santa Cruz to aid General Hill's troops, who are outnumbered by the Villistas.

## Situation in Mexico Grave.

Mexico City, Sept. 28.—Don Venustiano Carranza admitted that the situation in Mexico is grave, but declared that he was ready for any emergency growing out of the revolt troops about this city are being assembled to be sent north. They will concentrate at Aguas Calientes to oppose any attempt by Villa to march on the capital.

In a statement explaining his position, General Carranza asserts that Villa made demands impossible of fulfillment. "If anarchy results and blood is spilled," says the statement, "the blame will be on the head of Villa. He demanded that impossible changes be made in the call that was issued for a conference of constitutionalist leaders, to meet in the capital on October 1.

## Demands Made by Villa.

Villa's demands were: "1.—That the conference give a pledge to re-establish national and state governments within thirty days after the conferees adjourned. "2.—That no present army officer should be eligible as a candidate for any elective office. "3.—That the federal state legislature be convened immediately. "4.—That the electoral college be selected for the choosing of a permanent president."

After reviewing the difficulties in the way of granting the demands, the statement continues: "1.—That the conference give a pledge to re-establish national and state governments within thirty days after the conferees adjourned. "2.—That no present army officer should be eligible as a candidate for any elective office. "3.—That the federal state legislature be convened immediately. "4.—That the electoral college be selected for the choosing of a permanent president."

The railway lines between Aguas Calientes and Torreon have been cut by the Carranza constitutionalists. This action was not a hostile move, but only a precaution necessary in view of the preparations for war made by Villa, General Carranza explained.

There is great uneasiness here and many persons who had returned after General Carranza's troops occupied the city are preparing to leave. A special train will be made up to carry these timid ones to the coast. It will go over the Vera Cruz lines, although it is reported here that there is a gap in that railroad several miles long.

## German Patrol Driven Off.

Cape Town, South Africa, Sept. 28.—A German patrol raided Walfish bay on the southwest coast Friday and attempted to dynamite the jetty there, but did no damage before it was driven out.

French Gunboat Takes African Port. Bordeaux, Sept. 28.—The admiralty announces that a French gunboat has captured Cecobach, in German Cameroon, Africa.

## SUFFRAGISTS WHO HAVE INVADDED THE WESTERN STATES



Left to right are: Miss Rose Winslow, Miss Lucy Burns, Miss Doris Stevens, Miss Ruth Noyes, Miss McCue, Miss Jane Pincus and Mrs. Jessie Hardy Stubbs. These women are the "war squad" of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage who have left Washington to work in the equal suffrage states. They will appeal to their voting sisters to withhold their support from the Democrats, because of the attitude of the present administration toward equal suffrage. Misses Winslow and Burns are to establish headquarters in San Francisco, Misses Stevens and Noyes in Denver, Miss McCue in Seattle, Miss Pincus in Phoenix, Arizona, and Mrs. Stubbs in Portland, Oregon.

## FRENCH SHIPS SHELL PORT

Austrian Town of Lissa, in Dalmatia, Bombed—Allies Land Troops.

London, Sept. 28.—A Central News dispatch from Rome says that the Austrian seaport of Lissa, in Dalmatia, was bombarded by a French fleet on September 19. Later troops landed from the French warships and went into garrison. British and French flags were hoisted over the semaphore station at Lissa.

Paris, Sept. 28.—A dispatch to the Italian newspaper Messagero, forwarded to Paris by the Rome correspondent of the Havas agency, says that the allied forces have landed in Dalmatia after bombarding the fortified harbor of Lissa. The British and French flags were then hoisted to provoke the Austrian fleet to come out and engage the allied fleet in battle.

## FIGHTING NEAR ANTWERP

Belgians Rout 2,000 Germans—Many Killed and Large Number Captured.

London, Sept. 28.—Heavy fighting is proceeding at different points to the south of Antwerp, says a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Reuter Telegram company. At one place, the name of which was deleted by the Belgian censor, a German force of 2,000 men was routed, many being killed, wounded or taken prisoners. Never before have the Belgians, the dispatch adds, taken so many prisoners in a single battle.

## Mine Sinks English Ship.

Trebzon, Asia Minor, via London, Sept. 28.—Twenty-two persons lost their lives by drowning as a result of the sinking of the British steamer Bepin Kling near Cape Kurell. The ship carried passengers and crew to the number of 120. Ninety-eight were saved by a Russian steamer. It is surmised this accident was due to a mine.

## HEADS STATE BANKERS

Kentucky Bankers' Association Hold Session at Lexington.

Lexington, Ky.—The Kentucky Bankers' association adjourned after an animated session in which the association refused to join its protest to that of the American Bankers' association, against the clause in the Underwood bill for an emergency tax upon the capital and surplus of banks. The association elected J. Will Stoll, Sr., president of the First and City National bank, of this city, president of the Kentucky Bankers' association. The meeting of the members of the American Bankers' association was also held, and C. E. Hoge, of Frankfort, was named member of the executive committee to serve for three years succeeding John W. Downing, of Georgetown.

## DRY SEASON IS AT HAND

Somerset Again To Try Experiment in Prohibition.

Somerset, Ky.—Saturday night the remaining saloons in Somerset closed. The last license expired at that time Somerset has been "wet" for four years, when saloons were voted in after being out three years. A meeting was called by the mayor, J. L. Waddle, at the court house, to make plans to see that the prohibition law is enforced. Speeches were made by leading citizens and all promised to get behind the police to help them enforce the law. Another meeting will be held, when the committee appointed will report and an organization will be effected.

## MEETING HELD AT OAKLAND

Bowling Green, Ky.—The Warren County Baptist association met in the Baptist church at Oakland, ten miles north of this city. The Rev. William M. Stallings, of Smith's Grove, was re-elected moderator; O. J. Coie, of this city, secretary, and W. F. Cole, of Greenwood, treasurer. Mrs. L. B. Porter was elected superintendent to succeed Mrs. B. F. Proctor, resigned.

## FURIOUS FIGHTING

GERMANS ATTEMPT TO BREAK THE ALLIED LINE—BOTH CLAIM SUCCESS.

Russians Invade Hungary, Taking Artillery, Stores and Many Prisoners.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. London.—Along almost two-thirds of the great battle line across North-eastern France the armies of the allies and Germany fought fiercely, at some points with the bayonet, statements from both sides are worded with the optimism which has characterized all these official pronouncements. It was agreed that the allies had continued their advance.

The French claimed "marked progress." The German announcement from Berlin, though insisting that the advance had been repulsed, nevertheless referred to it as an advance. Elsewhere along the battle front neither side appears to have achieved any notable success.

The continued forward movement of the Russian troops in Galicia; the appearance of German aircraft dropping bombs over various places in Belgium, and again in Paris and Warsaw, and the movement of vast bodies of German troops into Russia by way of East Prussia, were chiefly significant in a summary of the events in both theaters of war.

## Russians Invade Hungary.

London.—Pursuing their success, the Russians have pushed over the Carpathian Range and captured Ussok (Hungary), near the source of the River Ugh, with guns, artillery, stores and prisoners," says the Petrograd correspondent of the Morning Post. "Thence the Russians have descended into the plains of Hungary."

An official message from Budapest, says a Rome dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co., states that last week the Russians repeatedly attempted to enter Hungary through the passes and defiles of the Carpathians, but in every instance they have been repulsed.

## MEXICAN REVOLT TO BE PUSHED

Chihuahua City, Mexico.—Immediate resignation of Gen. Venustiano Carranza as first chief of the Constitutionalists is the only basis on which Gen. Francisco Villa will agree to settlement of difference between himself and Carranza. This was his reply to messages from officials in Mexico City, who protested against his attitude toward Carranza. Villa declared he never would accept Carranza as head of the republic.

## HAS A GOOD ATTENDANCE

Versailles, Ky.—Margaret college opened its 17th annual session under most favorable conditions. Addresses were made by Bishop L. W. Burten, Dean Massie, Miss Laura Clay, of Lexington; President James M. Maxon, Rev. O. O. Green and County School Superintendent M. B. Elmer. The enrollment of students is large. Every room in the boarding department is occupied.

## BIG EDUCATIONAL MEETING

Carlisle, Ky.—A big educational meeting was held at East Union, this county, September 26, and the principal address was delivered by Miss Lida E. Gardner, county superintendent of schools. The meeting was held in the interest of a new or better school at that place.

## FIND WHITE PLAGUE VICTIMS.

Harrodsburg, Ky.—Miss Marian Williamson, employed by the Kentucky Tuberculosis Commission, has closed a month's investigation of tubercular conditions in Mercer, under the auspices of the Women's Club. She has only partly covered the county in her house-to-house visitation and instruction and has found sixty victims of the white plague and says that 150 would be in the interest of a new or better school at that place.

## KAISER WILLIAM ABSOLVED

BY ANDREW CARNEGIE

Asserts Ruler Was on Yacht When His Ministers Caused Trouble for Nation.

New York, Sept. 28.—Andrew Carnegie absolved Emperor William of responsibility for the European war on his arrival here from England on board the Mauritania.

"I know the kaiser well," said Mr. Carnegie. "He is the most sorrowful man in Europe today. The emperor went to sea for a vacation. He was on his yacht when he heard of the trouble. He got into communication with Berlin. He was called back with all speed. When he got there the mischief was done.

"His ministers are responsible for the entire affair. The German emperor has done more for developing Germany than any other ruler of his time. He has made schools, he has pensioned the working classes, and he has helped the laboring men. Kaiser Wilhelm came into power and found Germany, under Bismarck, an uncivilized community.

"Things have taken such a turn that I believe Sir Edward Grey said exactly the right thing when he made the statement: "We are not fighting the German people, but German militarism." "German militarism overrules the great men of Germany. The great men of Germany are not members of the court, but are scientists, philosophers, and the real leaders of German progress.

"The rulers of the world gather around them men who feel that they also have a tenure of office, and form these military cliques, such as was formed in Germany, and they took such action as instigating this war during the absence of the kaiser himself.

"Now that the war is on, I am delighted to find that England has as great and able a statesman as Sir Edward Grey. He is a man who will lead them in the right way; he is a man who does not say things without meaning them. There is no greater statesman in the world today."

## RUSS ARE BEFORE CRACOW

Czar's Advance Guards Are at Austrian Stronghold—Invaders Occupy Almost All of Galicia.

London, Sept. 28.—A Central News dispatch from Petrograd of this date says: "The Russian advance guards already are before the Austrian fortress of Cracow."

Adding detailed information to this announcement, a Petrograd dispatch reaching London by way of the Messenger at Rome says: "All of Galicia, except Przemyel and Cracow, has been cleared of Austrian troops, and the Russians are massed for west of Tarnow. Russian cavalry has penetrated to every part of Galicia, meeting practically no resistance."

Another Petrograd dispatch announces that the Germans are retreating from East Prussia for the purpose of strengthening the Posen defenses.

Petrograd, Russia, Sept. 23 (via London).—Russian troops have occupied the fortified Austrian position of Jaroslau according to official announcement made here. The Russian flag is now flying over the town.

## AN AGED KENTUCKIAN IS DEAD

Shiloh, Ky.—Allen Davis, a farmer of near this place, is dead of infirmities incident to his advanced age, 84 years. Mr. Davis was a son of John K. Davis, and was a descendant of some of the first settlers of this part of the state.

## ANOTHER COMPANY ORGANIZED

Paducah, Ky.—The Paducah Warehouse Co. has been organized for the purpose of storing cotton, wheat and tobacco. The company expects to store considerable cotton which is shipped here from points on the Tennessee river.

## GERMANS DEFEAT ALLIES ON LEFT; LOSE ON THE RIGHT

Teutons Gain Advantage Northwest of Noyon.

## VIOLENT FIGHTING OCCURS

Kaiser's Troops Place Huge Siege Guns Before Verdun and Plan to Destroy Forts—Berlin Says Armies Hold Positions.

Paris, Sept. 28.—The following official statement was issued by the official press bureau: "On our left wing, in the region to the northwest of Noyon, our first lines, having come into collision with superior forces of the enemy, were obliged to yield a little ground. Reinforced by fresh troops, these detachments have vigorously resumed the offensive. The conflict in this region is taking on a character of especial violence.

"At the center there is nothing new. On our right wing, before the attacks of our troops coming out from Nancy and Toul, the enemy has been obliged to give way in the southern part of the Woivre district, and is falling back towards Le Rupt-de-Mad. The action continues on the heights of the Meuse. The German forces have been able to penetrate to the vicinity of St. Mihiel, but they were not able to cross the Meuse."

To Shell Verdun With Huge Guns. Berlin, Sept. 26 (by wireless via London).—An official statement given out says:

"The siege guns have been taken from Metz to bombard Verdun. The French are striving to prevent the arrival of these guns, but they are steadily approaching nearer. The reduction of Verdun cannot be averted when they reach a position where they can be operated with full effect. Our smaller guns continue their bombardment of the Verdun-Toul line with good effect.

"The field engagements in France during the 24 hours ended at midnight have been minor affairs without any important developments. We hold our positions, there being no appreciable change in the lines.

"The situation in Belgium and the eastern war theater is unchanged. Two Battles in Progress. Paris, Sept. 26.—Two separate engagements of grand magnitude are raging upon the great French battle front, with fighting centering upon the German right flank, from Roisel, to the Aisne, and around the forts at Verdun at the eastern end of the line.

In the center, around Reims, the situation remains practically unchanged, with a desultory artillery duel in progress.

Fresh British troops have been landed in France and are being rushed to the firing line to support the exhausted soldiers who have been under fire continuously for more than a month.

It is understood that the British reinforcements are being placed along the Oise and Aisne to support both the left flank and the center of the allies. The thirteenth day of this special conflict found the French troops still pressing vigorously against the army of General von Kluck in their efforts to encircle the German right and crush it or force it back.

## British Claim Gains.

London, Sept. 25.—The official press bureau issued a statement from Sir John French's headquarters giving details of the present battle of the Aisne and the Oise.

The battle, the message states, may last for several days yet, as the operations have assumed the character of a siege and these tactics necessarily will preclude the possibility of any immediate definite result.

"The enemy is still maintaining himself along the whole front. In order to do so he is throwing into the fight detachments composed of units from the different formations of the active army, the reserve and the landwehr. "Our progress, although slow on account of the strength of the enemy's defensive position, has been continuous.

"The present battle may well last for some days more before a decision is reached, since it now approximates somewhat siege warfare.

## Germans Are Repulsed.

Terrific attacks by the Germans northeast of Verdun, in the Woivre region, and in the direction of Maully and Domprete were repeatedly repulsed, both sides losing heavily. In the south of this region the enemy holds a line from Ribecourt to Litroville, intersecting Selcheprey, and is defending it stubbornly. The Germans evacuated Nomeny and Arracourt, in the Lorraine and Vosges region; and in the vicinity of Domestre, where they are securely entrenched, their activities have been suspended for the moment.

In their advance on Southern the French captured 7,000 prisoners, among whom were Lieutenant von Heberstein, son of the noted German ambassador, and Lieutenant von Jagow, son of Berlin's chief of police.

British Steamer Is Sunk. Colombo, Sept. 22.—A German warship is reported to have sunk the British steamer Diploma near Ceylon and to have captured another vessel.

## ORPHANS BRIGADE OF CONFEDERACY

VETERANS RECOUNT BATTLES OF MURFREESBORO AND CHICKAMAUGA.

## REUNION AT ELIZABETHTOWN

Orphans' Brigade Originally Known as the First Kentucky Brigade—Heavy Loss at Shiloh.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Elizabethtown, Ky.—The reunion of the Orphans' Brigade of the Southern Confederacy was held in this city. About 100 confederate veterans were in attendance.

The Orphans' Brigade was originally known as the First Kentucky Brigade, and was organized by the consolidation of the Fourth and Ninth Kentucky Regiments and Byrne Battery, with a regiment and a battalion of Alabama troops. The brigade was recognized as the best drilled and the most courageous of all brigades in the southern army. Gen. Johnson once said that there was "no better infantry in the world" than the First Kentucky Brigade; it can not be beat." The brigade fought in three of the most bloody and important battles in the south. It was severely cut up at Shiloh. It also covered the retreat from Corinth and prevented a rout of the southern army.

## MORE MONEY FOR THEIR MILK.

Declare Prices Are Not Commensurate With Cost.

Shelbyville, Ky.—A largely attended meeting of the dairymen of Shelby county was held at the court house to discuss market conditions. The dairymen were united in the opinion that the prices they are receiving for their product are not commensurate with the advance in prices for feed and everything else they are compelled to buy. It was therefore agreed that each dairymen should present the matter to his dealer and give him to understand that the dairymen will be forced to discontinue the business unless better terms can be arranged.

## THREE CARS OF WAR HORSES.

Kentucky Dealer Ships Animals for Use of British Army.

Shelbyville, Ky.—Howard Harbison shipped the third carload of cavalry horses he has purchased on orders from the British government. After inspection the horses will be sent to Canada and from there they will be shipped to the scene of war for use by the English troops.

## COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Shepherdsville, Ky.—The Bullitt County Teachers' institute was in session here, with Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, of Morehead, instructor. After the need of "moonlight schools" had been presented by Mrs. Stewart, 53 teachers pledged themselves to aid in the organization of such schools in Bullitt county. Mrs. Charles P. Weaver, of Louisville, spoke in behalf of woman's suffrage.

## MAN KILLED BY STREET CAR.

Ashtand, Ky.—A man 60 years old, believed to be Columbus Sears, of Borderland, W. Va., was killed by a street car on the Ohio Valley railway. He is said to have formerly resided in Perry county, Kentucky.

## KENTUCKY BREVITIES

Mayfield, Ky.—Mrs. Mary Ann Turner, widow of John Turner, was fatally injured in a runaway while en route to Mayfield in a buggy with two small children.

Smith's Grove, Ky.—John White Cook, 13-year-old son of Dr. John F. Cook, fell from a trapeze at school breaking his arm and otherwise injuring himself.

Harrodsburg, Ky.—Miss Ora Adams county superintendent of schools, and the Mercer county teachers have completed plans for a school fair to be held here November 5.

Whitesburg, Ky.—The large general store of Greer Bros. was burned near Myra, east of here, on the Pike county border, entailing a loss of \$5,000, partly covered by insurance.

Carlisle, Ky.—The demand for houses in Carlisle is greater than the supply, notwithstanding the fact that there have been more residences built here in the last few months than in years.

Somerset, Ky.—Somerset is probably the first town in Kentucky to have a woman policeman. The city council gave Miss Lena Hamm a position on a three months' experiment. She is known as Policeman No. 5. The woman of Somerset asked that she be appointed.

Georgetown, Ky.—Stanley Weiss, who has for the past year been the day clerk at the Wellington hotel, has received notice that his grandfather died, leaving him an estate valued at \$35,450 in real estate.