

KENTUCKY IRISH AMERICAN.

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LOUISVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, OCT. 29, 1898.

THE FASHODA MATTER.

There may and there may not be war between England and France over the Fashoda. The newspaper reports are all via English sources, and this, coupled with the eagerness of the newspapers to cater to the popular craving for the exciting and sensational by exaggerating the truth, magnifying rumors and discussing mere surmises, makes the situation appear really worse than it is. The fact is, England does not want war; she never does, at least single-handed. France, like the other powers of Europe, armed and prepared as they have been for years for the inevitable general war which must come sooner or later, wants war and does not. The Fashoda question, really a small issue at first, has, owing to the latest claims of England, assumed an international importance that may provoke a general conflict. General and widespread war has resulted from smaller and less significant issues.

When, several years ago, England started southward from Egypt, and France from the west coast eastward, to penetrate Africa, establishing posts of occupation, it was evident that they must meet some day and then come a crash for supremacy, just as happened at Fashoda. The claims of either to sovereignty over any part of the country are equally void as a matter of right; their claims are based solely on conquest, the question at issue being only one of prior possession, or rather, in the Fashoda matter, a prior notice of claim and intent to take possession.

France has quietly but rapidly pushed her advance, being only heard of when surprising England by occupying some position unexpectedly. Only a few months ago she occupied five posts in the "neutral zone" west of the Nile. England protested, utterly oblivious of the fact that she, too, was violating neutrality by establishing military posts in this same territory. Her demand that France withdraw was refused; France's proposition that both withdraw their troops and each be allowed to trade in the "neutral zone" was declined by England, the final result being a joint occupation—being unable to oust the other from "neutral" territory, they seem to have tacitly agreed to divide it up.

England continues her course down the Nile, and France toward the Nile. The English defeat the Dervishes and capture Khartoum, capital of the Soudan, at the junction of the Nile rivers, just as the French take possession of Fashoda, on the Nile, several hundred miles farther south. England's demand for the withdrawal of the French was refused. England based her demand on her right over the entire Soudan as part of Egypt, the claim to which she had previously announced and in the conquest of which she is and has for years been engaged. France's reply seems to have refuted England's first ground by proving priority of notice and beginning of conquest of the section in dispute by several years; that the Fashoda country is not within the area of the Egyptian Soudan, previously claimed by England, then enters a claim to the right to hold a post on the banks of the Nile and to use that stream and its tributaries, the natural waterway of the continent, as a highway for international traffic and commerce.

England, in reply, asserts her claim beyond any heretofore announced, though generally believed

to be her ultimate purpose—to the Nile, its tributaries and watershed. A glance at the map of Africa reveals that England now claims the heart of Africa from Cairo to the Cape of Good Hope, about all the continent worth having, and that she includes in her claim the possession, actual or claimed, of others besides France—Italy, Germany, Portugal, Holland, and the independent States of South Africa. But aside from these, her declaration to seize and control, to the exclusion of all other commercial nations, the natural waterway of Africa—the Nile, its tributaries and watershed—is not likely to be tolerated by France or any of the other nations of the world. If England persists in and attempts to enforce this claim, the issue becomes of international importance, not alone with France.

This advanced position of England, however, may have the effect of deferring and preventing war, and finally bringing about a better understanding and definite settlement of the whole African question along a line to open up the Dark Continent to the enterprise and commerce of the world, even at the sacrifice of both England and France. One thing is certain, however, England's claim will not be conceded, although for the present a truce apparently recognizing it may be arranged to avoid a conflict.

IRELAND ROBBED.

Under the caption, "That Financial Grievance," Mr. James Sweetman contributes a trenchant article to the New Ireland Review for October. In able and convincing terms the writer sets forth the case for Ireland against the predominant nation euphemistically termed "partner" in a financial "arrangement" which would not be borne by any people but under the coercion of armed might alone. In the initial paragraph Mr. Sweetman lays down a truth which, commonplace and self-evident as it appears, a number of Irish Unionists decline to accept. He says: "All citizens are benefited by the prosperity of their fellow-citizens, and hurt by their want of prosperity. We can not live apart, even if we wished. Our lives act on the lives of our neighbors, and are acted on by their lives. As an instance, wages are lower in Ireland than in England, because in proportion to the number of laborers there are fewer men with capital to need their labor. Besides this material injury from capital which we all suffer, there is no stronger proof that we are a conquered country than the fact that we are paying England a tribute of some three millions a year. For my part I think we should rise up from this position of slavery, and that all Irishmen should unite in a joint demand that this tribute should cease." The writer then proceeds to deal with the subject under three heads—viz., our grievances; how to obtain their redress; what form that redress should take. After dealing exhaustively with the report of the Royal Commission—the report of English experts, whose sense of justice compelled them to give a verdict against their own country and in favor of Ireland—Mr. Sweetman turns to the problem: How are we to obtain the redress of our grievances? He quotes Mr. Standish O'Grady in his book, "All Ireland." "Combine Ireland and everything follows; fail to combine Ireland, and in London, in the Imperial Parliament, and in England generally, we awaken no other emotion than that of

good-natured contempt." So says Mr. O'Grady, and the truth of his statement has been proved repeatedly in the history of our unhappy relations with the so-called partner. It is supported alike by experience and common sense. As Mr. Sweetman proceeds to point out, we have to a great degree the remedy in our own hands. "England is ruled by party. The Tory and the Liberal party in the House of Commons each wants to be in power. They have very little in principle to divide them. They must both be democratic to gain the votes of their constituents. In the long run the Irish one hundred members, counting two hundred on a division, will find a time in which one or the other English party will bid for their support." This is the lesson we should follow; but, as Mr. Sweetman points out, it is popular opinion which must be aroused to overcome the inertia of our representatives. At once the stolid indifference and contempt of the English House of Commons is faced by a united Irish representation, backed by the full volume of Irish popular opinion, the just claims of Ireland can no longer be scoffed at and ignored.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

In the selection of School Trustees partisanship lines should be obliterated and only educated men, those capable of advancing the educational interests of the community, elected to that responsible position. Such a man is Dr. John A. Galvin, candidate for School Trustee in the Eighth and Ninth wards. He is a gentleman of education and refinement, and with the board composed of such men there need be no fear on the part of parents of erratic and radical changes in the course of study and consequent unnecessary outlay of money. He stands for the public schools and a first-class education.

FRANK A. LENZ.

The office of Magistrate in this city is an important one, and it is a duty our citizens owe to the cause of justice and good government to vote for the best men offering for election it is necessary to elect a Magistrate in the Fifth district, comprising the First, Second and Third wards. For this position Mr. Frank A. Lenz, the well known lawyer, is a candidate, and as he possesses in a high degree the necessary qualifications and will prove an honest and just official, we commend him to the voters of the Fifth magisterial district. He is head and shoulders above his two competitors.

Mr. Labouchere, in a recent issue of London Truth, says: "Official residences in Ireland do seem to be popular with the holders of high office in the country who are not Irish. The Chief Secretary's Lodge in the Phoenix Park—an imposing looking building with spacious lawns and gardens, overlooking the wide-stretching 'Fifteen Acres,' with Dublin mountains in the background—has not been inhabited all this year. Mr. Gerald Balfour has been very little in Ireland lately, unlike the Under Secretary, Sir David Harrel, who is rarely absent from his residence in the Phoenix Park. Would it be quite acceptable to the Scotch people to have an Irish Chief Secretary managing their affairs, living chiefly in Ireland and always out of Scotland? Perhaps, under such circumstances, they, too, might develop an extra dose of original sin."

There are five aspirants for Congress from this district. Hon. Oscar Turner will represent us in Washington.

Every reader of this paper should feel it a duty to go to the polls and cast his vote on November 8.

Michael Lawler has done great work for the success of the Democratic ticket.

With Oscar Turner in Congress the entire people will be represented.



Mrs. John J. Shann, of Siebersville, is a guest of Miss Mayme Taylor, of this city.

Miss Anna Mullen has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in Bullitt county.

Mr. James C. McLaughlin has been spending the past week at West Baden Springs.

Mrs. Minnie O'Bryan, of Owensboro, has been visiting friends in this city the past week.

Mrs. W. F. Murphy entertained the Short Story Club at her home in Parkland last night.

Mr. Ollie Borders, of Springfield, Ky., was the guest of Mr. James McKiernan during the past week.

Mr. Charles P. Dehler has returned from Cincinnati, where he went to attend the Hoy-Lowery nuptials.

The many friends of Mrs. John Breen will regret to learn that she is ill. Her speedy recovery is hoped for.

Mr. P. G. Nugent is home after a pleasant visit to St. Louis, where he attended the ball of the Veiled Prophets.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Mulligan are back from Chicago, where they were the guests of the latter's sister, Mrs. Rooney.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Shaughnessy, of St. Louis, were in the city for a few days, visiting their aunt, Mrs. Tierney, in Portland.

Mr. Jerry O'Leary, of Eighteenth and High, who has been very ill for the past month, is reported on the road to recovery.

Miss Carrie Higgins entertained a number of friends at an elegant luncheon Monday evening. Covers were laid for sixteen.

Miss Katie Sheehy, of 1134 West Oak street, is visiting relatives in Chicago, where she will remain until after the holidays.

Mr. Edward J. Dalton is receiving congratulations from his many friends upon his appointment to the police force. He will make a good officer.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Schnell, who were married recently, are now residing at 650 Magnolia street, where they are at home to their numerous friends.

Mr. William A. Bannon, of West Walnut street, is rejoicing over the arrival of an heir at his home. The boy arrived Thursday, and his mother is doing well.

A delightful birthday party was tendered Miss Ida Duffy Monday evening in honor of her fifteenth birthday at her home, 1728 Baird street. Many friends were present.

Martin Glenn's many friends will be pleased to learn that he has recovered from a serious illness and is able to resume his position with the Louisville & Nashville Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Fitzgerald and Miss Edith and Carrie Fitzgerald will spend the winter at the Galt House, having rented their Third-avenue home to Mr. and Mrs. Saunders Jones.

Mrs. B. V. Berry, her daughter, Mrs. Clell Crawford, and grandchildren, Rudelle and Henry Crawford, have returned to their homes at Nolin, Ky., after a very pleasant visit to Mrs. James McKiernan.

Miss Mayme Brennan is considered a mascot by her friends. At a fair some time ago she won a \$5 gold piece in a hat-drawing lottery. Dave Burke has christened her the luckiest girl in town.

Miss Rose Reilly, of 1468 High avenue, has returned to the city after a three-months' visit to her mother and relatives in Westmeath, Ireland. Miss Reilly greatly enjoyed her trip across the ocean.

Pat Donnelly, connected with the city street department work, will be united in marriage on Thanksgiving day to Miss Mary E. Corcoran, one of the most highly respected young ladies of the West End.

Mrs. Mamie Meehan Grady, of Hannibal, Mo., is spending a few weeks as the guest of her mother, Mrs. Mary Meehan, on East Broadway. Mrs. Grady was formerly Principal of the Preston-street school.

Miss Lily W. Lindon is receiving the congratulations of her friends. She captured first prize for graceful riding in a wheel contest recently. There were two prizes, Miss Molly Showe winning the second one.

Mr. Dominick Martin, Jr., residing on East Laurel street, who has been confined to his home with throat troubles for the past six weeks, is now reported improving, and his friends hope to see him out in about a week.

James J. Brown, of Eighteenth and High streets, entertained a large number of his friends last Sunday in honor of the lovely little maiden that arrived at his house recently. James is deserving of this additional blessing.

The wedding of Miss Katherine A. Sullivan and Mr. F. W. Martin occurred Wednesday afternoon at St. Louis Bertrand church. The maid of honor was

Miss Clara Lenitte and Mr. Thomas Mulaney acted as best man. They are a very popular young couple and the ceremony was witnessed by a large number of friends, who united in wishing them a happy journey through life.

Mr. Patrick Murphy, with the Louisville Southern, and Miss Mary Murphy, a lovely Russellville girl, were united in the bonds of matrimony at Russellville on Wednesday. They will go to house-keeping at Highland Park.

Mr. John T. Hickey, who was married last Wednesday to Miss Bridget Monahan, has opened a place of business at Seventh and Oak streets. He has employed Will Reilly to assist him, who, as a drawing card, will prove a credit to himself and also to Mr. Hickey.

Miss Hannah O'Brien, one of the best known young ladies in the southern part of the city, and Mr. John E. Foley were married Wednesday morning at St. Louis Bertrand church. Mr. Foley is a Deputy Marshal of Indianapolis. The couple will be at home after November 10 at 2530 Delaware street, North Indianapolis.

Mr. Charles Kavanaugh, one of the best-known employes in the Louisville & Nashville boiler shops, was united in marriage Wednesday afternoon to Miss Mary Connaughton, the Rev. Father Logan, of St. Louis Bertrand church, performing the ceremony. The bride is a handsome and lovable young lady.

The marriage of Miss Aileen Muldoon and Mr. Byron Hilliard, which has been set for November 15, will be a home wedding. Miss Minnie Hilliard, sister of the groom, will be maid of honor, and Miss Hannah Muldoon and Miss Louise Madlin, of Nashville, bridesmaids. Mr. A. O. Brand will officiate in the capacity of best man.

Dan Coblen is receiving the congratulations of his host of friends upon his marriage to Miss Fannie M. Klein, a most estimable young lady. The ceremony was performed Tuesday by the Rev. Rabbi Mueller. Mr. Coblen is one of the most extensive cigar manufacturers in Louisville, and the happy bride has warm friends in all parts of the city.

Mr. John L. Riehm and Miss Minnie C. Phelan were united in marriage at the Catholic church at Seymour, Ind., last Tuesday. Rev. Father Conrad officiating. They left for a brief bridal trip to Cincinnati and Dayton, Ohio, after which they will return to this city for future residence, where Mr. Riehm is engaged in business, being a member of the firm of Harding & Rhein.

The Lilac Club entertained its friends at their club rooms in Adams' Hall last Friday evening. Music and refreshments were indulged in until a late hour. The officers of the club are Thomas S. Flahive, President; Michael R. Hartnett, Vice President; John P. Chawk, Secretary and Treasurer; Executive Committee, Thomas F. Broderick, Tim L. Swift, Ed. F. Toomey and Dan H. Hartnett.

The nuptials of Mr. Joseph Flaherty and Miss Mayme Hayes, a popular couple of the West End, Jeffersonville, were solemnized at St. Augustine's church Tuesday morning. Rev. Father Ernest Andran performed the ceremony. Mr. Frank Lynch and Miss Joie Coleman, of this city, were the attendants. A reception was tendered the young couple at the residence of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Flaherty, on Broadway.

The marriage of William Hoy, the mute outfielder of the National League, now a member of the Louisville team, and Miss Anna M. Lowery, also a mute, took place Wednesday evening in the chapel of the Children's Home, in which institution Miss Lowery was long a teacher. The groom's present to the bride was \$5,000 in Government bonds. The Louisville players and officials, and the players of the Cincinnati club, sent handsome presents of silverware.

One of this season's happiest weddings occurred Wednesday afternoon, when Rev. Father Logan, at the Dominican church, pronounced the words uniting in the holy bonds of wedlock Mr. John Hickey and Miss Bridget Monahan. The bride and bridesmaid, Miss Nellie Linskie, presented a lovely appearance. Mr. John O'Brien officiated as best man. The ceremony was witnessed by a host of friends of the happy couple, than whom none are more popular or well known. After the ceremony a reception and dinner were held at the residence at Seventh and Oak streets, where they have gone to house-keeping, and Mr. Hickey will engage in business for himself.

The Cornia Euchre Club was handsomely entertained by Miss Mary Long at her home, 1010 East Walnut street, Tuesday evening. The guests were treated to an elegant luncheon. Miss Anna McFarland won the first prize, a lady's rocker, while Clarence Borders captured the prize offered the gentlemen. Miss Maggie Brady and Thomas O'Brien carried off the consolation prizes. Among those present were Misses Mary, Maggie and Nellie Long, Anna McFarland, Lizzie Murphy, Agnes Sheridan, Maggie Dalton, Maggie Brady, Mary Kelly, Mary, Maggie and Joie Godfrey; Messrs. E. J. Dalton, James Brady, Mark Ryan, Frank Dacher, Otto Griggs, Clarence Borders, Tom O'Brien, William Phalen, George Flahiff, George A. Shea, Joe Broderick and Thomas Fitzpatrick.

The Emerald Club was entertained on last Tuesday evening at the residence of Miss Katie Greaney in honor of Dr. and Mrs. Christian, of Indianapolis. Dancing was indulged in until a late hour and a

delightful repast was served. Those present were Misses Katie Greaney, Mayme Kelly, Edna Crandle, Julia Kelly, Minnie Mackey, Bertha Buckel, Amelia Robinson, Annie Gerst, Katie Devine, Amelia Victoria Cross, Julia Gazalla, Roseline Delaney, Mollie O'Hearn, Nan Murphy of Indiana, and Mesdames McCrann, Scott Ackley, Broderick, Coleman and Dr. and Mrs. Christian, and Messrs. Geo. McCrann, Charlie Obst, Jim Barry, Pat Savage, Jim Hendricks, Frank Dessell, Edward Cosgrove, Harry Vogel, D. J. Coleman, Walter Morgan, Harry Clark, John Clark, Charlie Rankin, Will Dittmer, Mason McCloud, Andy Sweeney and Will Conway of Indianapolis.

WORLD OF LABOR.

James McGill and Herman Christen are being boomed for the Presidency of the Central Labor Union.

Messrs. Higgins and Owen will make their reports of the business transacted at the printers' convention at Syracuse at the next meeting of the local union.

The Supreme Court of Utah has declared constitutional the eight-hour law. Those opposed to it say they will carry the matter to the United States Supreme Court.

The Federal Labor Union, composed of workmen following various vocations, but mainly those without trades, is attaining large proportions, seventy-seven members being added to the roll at the last meeting.

The next meeting of the American Federation of Labor will be held at Kansas City in December. The friends of C. W. Coy, of the Horsehoers' Union, want to see him represent the local central body on that occasion.

The Executive Board of the Colorado State Federation of Labor has sent out circulars covering a plan to secure the election of members of organized labor to the Legislature, both House and Senate, at the coming fall election.

The Tennessee Miners' Union at a meeting held in Knoxville Monday voted to oppose Hon. James A. Fowler, the Republican candidate for Governor, on account of the fight made by him in prosecuting miners in the Coal Creek district six years ago.

A manifesto has been issued by the leaders of the labor movement in Limerick city requesting all interested in the welfare of the toilers to secure for them in the City Council proper and real representatives under the new local Government law.

President McKinley appointed John L. Kennedy, of Washington, a well-known printer, formerly President of the Typographical Union of that city, a member of the Industrial Commission, in the place of Frank P. Sargent, who resigned when elected Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

Tim Foley and Mike Berg constitute a hard team to match in the blacksmithing and horseshoeing business. Tim Foley is one of the best horseshoers in Louisville, while Mr. Berg is an all-around blacksmith. They are located at Fifteenth and Rowan and employ only union men of the first class.

The Allied Printing Trades Council, composed of representatives of the various branches engaged in the printing business, held a meeting last Monday evening and adjourned to meet at Beck's Hall Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. It is especially desired that all delegates be present, as matters of great importance to the trades will come up for consideration.

In the matter of the dispute between the painters' organizations of the country, resolutions were adopted at the recent session of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor recognizing the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators of America with headquarters at Baltimore as the bona fide organization of the trade and entitled to the recognition and assistance of organized labor.

The convention held in New Britain by the Connecticut State Branch of the American Federation of Labor was the largest held in years. Reports from the various officers show a steady increase in all local unions, numerically and financially. The session continued four days, during which time several resolutions, plans, etc., were adopted, and if carried out as expected one year hence the result will be surprising.

The Secretary of the Retail Clerks' National Protective Association reports eight new locals organized since the adjournment of the convention a few weeks ago. This association is also meeting with fair success in its attempts to establish the early closing custom and the six-day week. The national organization is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and in nearly all cases the locals are connected with the central labor bodies.

TRINITY COUNCIL.

Trinity Council, Young Men's Institute, held a meeting at its club-house, 524 East Madison street, Monday evening, with a large attendance. Two members were initiated and two admitted to membership. The meeting was full of interest.

Brother W. C. Bittner sent the council an invitation to attend the marriage of himself and Miss Emma Holtevert October 26 at St. Boniface church. The invitation was accepted and the Corresponding Secretary instructed to write a letter of congratulation to Brother Bittner.

The euchre given Wednesday evening by Trinity was a pleasant affair. The first prizes were won by Miss Lula Stey and Adam G. Schneider and the consolation by Mrs. Pat Byron and Charles J. Creuse.

Brother John Mehler, who was ill, is all right now, and able to attend to business.

Brother John V. Hogan, of Indianapolis, is still on the sick list.

The next meeting will be held Monday evening, and all members are urged to be present.

Patronize our advertisers.

REDVERS H. BULLER

Left an Honorable Record in Ireland for Speaking the Truth.

Redvers H. Buller, V. C., who has just been gazetted to command the troops at Aillershot, vice the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, was formerly Under Secretary for Ireland during the plan of campaign days. Like the late Gen. Gordon and the late Sir George Gray, this honest English soldier has left an honorable record in Ireland for bluntly speaking the truth as to the relations between landlord and tenant in the South of Ireland without regard to the conventional "official" views of the time, says the Dublin Independent. He was a witness before the Cowper Commission. His evidence was so candid and pertinent that when Sir Charles Russell was arguing before the Parnell Commission that the National League was not responsible for the agrarian disturbances in the County Kerry he read out the whole of Sir Redvers Buller's evidence and adopted it as his case.

It was the time previous to the land act, 1887, when the Irish Government, under Sir Michael Hicks Beach, was bringing "pressure within the law" upon the landlords to induce them to meet the fall of prices by voluntarily granting reductions of rent. Sir Redvers Buller, in his evidence, supported this policy: "I think the Judge, when an ejectment was brought into court, should have the discretion of saying whether he would evict or not. There should be some means of modifying and redressing the grievances of rents being still higher than the people can pay. You have got a very ignorant, poor people and the law should look after them, instead of which it has only looked after the rich. You can never have peace in this part of the country unless you create some legal equipoise or legal equivalent of contract that now exists between landlord and tenant—some legal machinery which should give the tenant an equivalent for the pressure that the landlord is able to put on him owing to his love of the land."

Sir Redvers Buller proceeded to cite specific cases of tenants being evicted whom he had clear evidence could not possibly pay their rents. He boldly justified the view held by the people that "the League has been their salvation." And he showed that the only check upon evictions was that the landlords had found out that it did not pay to evict. He gave statistics of the large extent of land lying derelict round the town of Killarney. His cross-examination was equally striking: "The result is that it is no longer possible to enforce legal obligation? Yes, quite so. That hardly looks as if the law was all for the rich? The law—well, there is not much law in this part of the country; but a short time ago what law there was was really all on the side of the rich."

Sir Redvers Buller won his Victoria Cross in the Zulu war of 1879. He has served in China, 1890; in the Canadian Red River Expedition, 1870; in the Ashantee war, 1874; Kafir war, 1878, and Zulu war, 1878-9. He has held all the best staff appointments since. He is not yet sixty years of age. He was created Under Secretary for Ireland almost immediately after his evidence before the Cowper Commission.

RECENT DEATHS.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Hogan have the sympathy of their friends in the loss of their little daughter Nellie, who was buried in St. Louis cemetery Tuesday.

Mrs. Amelia Week, aged seventy years, passed away this week at her home, 1810 Grayson street. She is mourned by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

We regret to announce the death of Patrick McGoff, of 348 Nineteenth street, which occurred Thursday afternoon. His funeral will take place this morning from St. Patrick's church.

Miss Mary E. Coleman died at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Catherine Coleman, 2132 Bank street, Thursday evening. She was a very well-known lady and the daughter of the late Patrick Coleman.

Mrs. Elizabeth Doyle, aged sixty-five years, while sitting at the fireside at her home, 1310 Southall streets, at 7 o'clock Saturday night, died suddenly. The funeral took place Monday morning from the residence of her son, Mr. Edward Doyle, and the remains were interred in St. Louis cemetery.

Mrs. Mary Kennedy, aged seventy-four years, a very highly respected old lady, died at 2 o'clock Monday morning from the ailments attendant upon old age. The funeral took place from the residence of her son, Thomas Kennedy, 1222 Twelfth street, Wednesday morning, and from the Sacred Heart church half an hour later. The interment was in St. Louis cemetery.

APPRECIATED.

Mrs. Mary Cox has tendered her thanks to the members of Young Men's Division, No. 6, and Mackin Council for their kindness in giving her the proceeds of the ball game played by the members of these two popular societies. The sum realized was a handsome one and could not have been used for a better purpose.

There is a hitch in the contemplated match between Jimmy Barry and Terry McGovern, owing to the fact that the Greater New York Athletic Club refuses to post the entire purse money with some reliable stakeholder. As the lads want to be certain of receiving their money, they declare that they will not box unless the cash is deposited beforehand.

Branch 25, C. K. of A., received a new member at their last meeting. This branch will soon be one of the largest in the country.

Read this paper for Irish news.