

all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1896.

A VALUABLE ACCESSION.

One of the Leading Chicago Papers Comes out in Favor of Bryan.

HERETOFORE INDEPENDENT.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

In a rousing editorial The Chicago Dispatch, one of the leading afternoon newspapers of the west, abandons the independent policy which it has heretofore observed in the campaign and makes a square declaration in favor of the Democratic ticket.

Such a valuable accession to the cause of bimetalism as this courageous and enterprising sheet means the addition of several thousand votes to the strength of the Democratic ticket in the middle states. Its change of attitude, aside from betraying a thoughtful and patriotic estimate of the situation on the part of the paper itself, likewise indicates a popular contempt for those methods employed by the money power to fasten the single gold standard upon the people of this country.

It shows too, that a radical change of sentiment on the money question is taking place in those states which have hitherto been considered doubtful, and that Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Indiana and Ohio, if the present tidal wave of enthusiasm continues, will inevitably land in the Democratic column.

In pledging its loyal support to the Democratic nominee, The Chicago Dispatch indulges in no obscure language. It bitterly arraigns the money power of the land for its dearth of patriotism and the mercenary tactics to which it has resorted in the campaign.

In this connection, The Dispatch says: The battle now waging for the election of Bryan is a contest of the weak against the strong, of the poor against the rich, of right against wrong, of manhood against slavery. In this fight The Dispatch enters on the side of the weak, the poor, the right and manhood.

Why are all the great metropolitan newspapers, with here and there such heroic exceptions as The New York Journal, The Cincinnati Enquirer and The San Francisco Examiner, on the side of gold and McKinley in this battle? Because that is the side of the leaves and false.

It is sought in this campaign, to establish the rule of the money power and to deal a death blow to popular self-government. If McKinley succeeds natural rights will be further extinguished and the rule of property so strongly entrenched as to be safe from future attack.

Corruption is the ready weapon of the money power and the great cities of the nation the chosen field of operation. The workingman, the small merchant, the salary dependent are the designated victims. The wholesale establishment has set its machinery in motion to support the helpless merchant, and he is forced to see immediate relief from his bankruptcy only in the ghost of the republican candidate for president.

The Dispatch, in closing its remarkable editorial, urges the laboring men of Chicago to vindicate their manhood in the campaign which is now pending and to make a bold, determined and patriotic stand for American principles.

The action of this able journal of the west in espousing the cause of the people will receive the cordial indorsement of honest patriots all over the country. In the crusade which Democracy is waging against the money power of the land, The Chicago Dispatch will prove a valuable accession to the ranks of the people.

Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will give you an appetite, tone your stomach and strengthen your nerves.

The Circulation of Money.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

Mr. W. J. Simpson, writing from Fernwell, N. C., sends this request:

"For the information of many of your readers, please state in the next issue of your paper how money first starts from the mints on its mission of circulation. When the mints are opened to the coinage of gold or silver on private account—that is to say, when there is free coinage—the ore that is mined is refined and carried to the mint for coinage. The ore of a money metal is not available as money until it has been turned into dollars, given the legal tender quality and stamped by the government. But when created into money it takes the shape of dollars.

When bullion owners receives his dollars he may hoard them (as gold is now hoarded) if they are more valuable to him than any article they will buy in the market; but under ordinary circumstances he invests them in some business, or loans them to some enterprising person, or pays a debt with them. In this way they enter into circulation.

But when the government emits bills of credit, or coins money on its own account—such as the silver dollars created under the Bland and Sherman acts—the process is somewhat different. The government gets the money thus created into circulation by using it to pay current expenses, such as salaries of officials, pensions and appropriations. The subsidiary coins—halves, quarters and dimes—get into circulation by reason of the demand that there is for small change. The banks exchange notes for subsidiary coins and pay them out in response to business demands for them.

Under free coinage, individuals put the money in circulation. Money created on government account is put in circulation in payment of the government's current obligations.

BRYAN ANSWERS QUESTIONS

Crowds Cheers the Responses to an Inquisitive Man in New London.

In his speech Monday night at New London, Conn., Mr. Bryan had proceeded with his argument in behalf of free coinage, during which he had been frequently applauded, when a man asked: "Where will we be when we get free silver?"

Mr. Bryan: "Are you in favor of a gold standard?"

The voice: "I am."

Mr. Bryan: "Tell me why?"

The voice: "Because I believe it best for the country. Every nation will accept a gold dollar for a dollar."

Mr. Bryan: "Why? I will tell you. Because of its value; the reason why our gold dollar and our bullion are worth the same is because the law says that you can convert the bullion into a dollar at the mint."

The voice: "Well how about silver?"

Mr. Bryan: "When the laws are so, under the free coinage of silver, the holder of silver bullion can convert his silver into dollars at the mint that will fix a mint price for silver, as we have a mint price for gold now, and our silver dollars will be worth as much abroad as our gold dollars."

A voice: "People here have the impression that when the free coinage of silver is brought into effect, they can take their own silver teapots in and coin them into money."

Mr. Bryan: "It is true that under free coinage, any man can melt up a dollar and a half worth of spoons and have the silver coined into one dollar and twenty-five cents, if you have a man who is fool enough to do it."

"Now, why will people refuse to melt up their silver plate? Because it will be worth more as silver plate than it will be worth as silver dollars, under free coinage."

Mr. Bryan proceeded with his argument and added:

"I assert that the business man depends for success upon the farmer and the laboring man. If you want business men to prosper, you cannot make them prosperous by making the money lender prosperous, because business men do not make their money out of those from whom they borrow. They make their money out of those whom they sell goods, and if the people cannot buy goods, the merchants cannot sell goods, and people cannot buy goods until they have money to buy goods with."

A voice: "Start up the mills!"

Mr. Bryan: "Suppose you start up the mills; how are you going to get shut of the things which the mills produce, unless the people can buy the produce of your mills?"

Mr. Bryan proceeded and said: "Mr. Bland in 1878, said that the destruction of silver as money, and the establishment of gold as the sole unit of value, must have a ruinous effect on all forms of property, except those investments which yield a fixed return on their money; and those would be enormously enhanced in value and give a disproportionate and unfair advantage over every other species of property." (Applause.)

A voice: "Would it not be as hard to change the standard of money in the world as it would be to change the standard weights and measures in the world?"

Mr. Bryan: "I will answer that question by saying that in the first place the world has no standard weights and measures, and we have been unable to bring the nations of the world to agree to a standard of weights and measures."

"In the second place, why did not you give that advice in 1873 you are giving now? They changed our standard of money then, and for twenty years they have tried to keep us from undoing what they did then. Those who deny the rights of the people to use the law to restore silver to its rightful place are the

Eczema All Her Life.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense, and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood remedies did not seem to reach the disease at all until S. S. S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed. The medicine was continued with favorable results, and now she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

S. S. S. (guaranteed purely vegetable) cures Eczema, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, or any other blood trouble. It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

A Real Blood Remedy.

Take a blood remedy for a blood disease; a tonic won't cure it.

Our books on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Swift Special Co., Atlanta, Ga.



very ones who helped to pass a law twenty-three years ago to destroy the free coinage of silver and substitute a new standard, after the nations of the world had tried bimetalism, and after the nation had tried it from the beginning of the nation down to that time. They cannot decide what other nations shall do, but I insist that we shall decide what this nation shall do. Did Austria ask our consent when she resumed specie payment on a gold basis? Did the other nations of the world ask our consent when they changed their standards? No. Then, sir, what man who wants to be an American wants to get down on his knees and ask other nations' consent when we want to do what we please?

"I have given you, my friends, what might be a sufficient answer. I want to give you a more than sufficient answer. My friend wants to know how that can change the standard of the world. I tell you and him that Prince Bismarck has stated recently that if the United States acts alone, it will be salutary in bringing other nations to accept our bimetallic policy. If my timid friend doubts the ability of this nation, I beg him to sit at the feet of a foreigner and learn confidence in American institutions."

"For several months, I was troubled with a persistent humor on my head which gave me considerable annoyance, until it occurred to me to try Ayer's Hair Vigor. Before using one bottle, the humor was healed."—T. T. Adams, General Merchant, Tuberville, Va.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Victims of the Gold Standard.

To Benj. Harrison, Bourke Cockran, Wm. McKinley, or any of the gold standard press:

(a) Will the gold standard increase our wages? If so, will you please explain how?

(b) Will you kindly mention any gold standard nation in Europe which pays as much wages as this country?

(c) Will you mention any gold standard country in the world which pays as much wages as Mexico?

(d) Kindly explain how the silver dollar in circulation in this country today pays a 100 cents in wages.

(e) Mr. McKinley and other advocates of the gold standard claim every dollar in this country is worth 100 cents. Explain to us who will make the 50 cents good, which would be lost to the laborer, should the silver dollar melt into bullion in their possession.

(f) What makes the bullion of a gold dollar which has melted in the bankers' hands worth a 100 cents?

Dear Sirs: We are mechanics and workmen at present out of a job. Three years ago we were employed in high protected industries and were compelled to keep our children out of school and at work in order to keep the wolf from the door. To-day our wives and children are in the East earning and living upon a pittance, while we are exiled from home, unable to get employment.

Dear Brothers: We are told by gold men to go farther West. The silver men say they do not employ women and children in the mines. Please advise us as one brother should advise another.

Respectfully,
Joe Danforth, machinist; Fred Kessler, miner (coal); Chris Mahler, box-maker; John Murphy, laborer; W. H. Koch, clerk; D. Killen, plumber; George Mattis, miller; Wm. Quigley, Mason; John D. Reilly, watchmaker; Charles Beckman, waiter.

The National Steeplechase.

To the Editor of the Post Dispatch. As your paper generally has the important news of the world first, I don't want you to be left on the great sporting event that is to come off in about four weeks from now. Here is a copy of the official programme:

The Great National Steeplechase, to be run over the course of the United States, Nov. 3, 1896, over forty-five hurdles.

Entries: 1. The thoroughbred racer Billy Bryan, sired by Patriotism, dam Popularity, to be ridden by intelligence.

2. The piebald hack Billy McKinley, sired by Platoracy, dam Beodile, ridden by Mark Hanna.

3. The mongrel gelding Jack Palmer (a ringer), sired by Corporation, dammed by Everybody and ridden by Cheek. Betting: 16 to 1 on Billy Bryan, 100 to 53 on Billy McKinley. Any old odds on the mongrel. Entrance to race track by ballot only. St. Louis Mo. SPORT.

Weak eyes are made strong, dim vision is made clear; styes are removed and granulated lids or sore eyes of any kind may be speedily and effectually cured by the use of Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve. It's put up in tube and sold on a guarantee by all dealers.

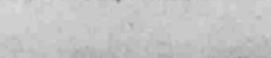
State League Democratic Clubs.

Having been again chosen Vice President of this organization for the Fourth Congressional District, I hope to have the co-operation of all who are willing to work for the election of Wm. J. Bryan as President. Not only this, but a suggestion from such in each county of some person who will organize clubs, is much desired. The name of all clubs organized and that of their officers and members will be forwarded to me and by me to Headquarters of Clubs. Let us have a club in every voting precinct and every Bryan man a member.

JAMES MONTGOMERY,
Vice Pres. S. L. Dem. Clubs,
Other papers please publish.

Young men or young women aspiring to any vocation in life should always remember that the bottom rounds of the ladder of time are filled to overflowing, but there's always room at the top. That's where Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey stands. Sold by the leading druggists.

CASTORIA.
The
is an
every



Bryan at Boston.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

"The audience which greeted Mr. Bryan on the Boston common Friday night was the largest assembly of people I ever saw, with the exception of the time when Mr. Cleveland was first inaugurated, in 1885," said A. R. Carter, who came down on the Southern's vestibule yesterday afternoon. "I went out to hear him, and it looked to me as if all Massachusetts was there. The papers said that there were 70,000 people around the stand, and I can well believe it. Mr. Bryan said it was the largest audience he has had, and two or three times in this campaign he has spoken to 50,000. It was an inspiring scene. Only a part of that great sea of people could hear what he said, but all of them read his speech the next morning. The New Englander do read, you know. I cannot say much about the effect the speech had, but from what I could learn while mixing with the crowd that night, Mr. Bryan made the Republicans uneasy. The silver cause has made rapid progress in Massachusetts since the Chicago convention, and if the campaign could be extended three months longer, even coercion would not carry Massachusetts for McKinley. The northern gold bug papers say that it is curiosity which induces the people to go out and hear Mr. Bryan. It does not make much difference what their motive is in going. When Mr. Bryan gets a chance to talk to the people he awakens wonderful enthusiasm. It is the enthusiasm of the audiences which is worrying the McKinley managers. The applause is an evidence of the speaker's strength."

"Never before in the history of this country has there been such a wonderful campaigner as Wm. J. Bryan is proving himself to be. Peter the Hermit nor Savanorola fired the people with enthusiasm as Bryan is doing. The Republicans are bluffing when they say that McKinley's election is assured. They know that they have to bluff to keep Bryan from carrying the country by storm."

THE SILVER QUESTION.

A Hint From India—A Novel Solution of the Currency Question Suggested by the

(The Lowell Morning Times)

The Times say: It recently happened that a resident of Lowell desired to pay a bill due to a friend who is a medical Missionary in British India. The friend from that far-away country suggested that he be paid in Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which he said is reckoned "As Good As Gold."

On application to the J. C. Ayer Co., they readily gave an order on their Bombay agents for a quantity of Sarsaparilla to an amount equivalent to the face of the bill. A letter dated Rahrui, India, Oct. 18, has just been received in Lowell, which says: The Sarsaparilla was duly received and as it has a regular market quotation price, was converted into cash with the utmost facility. Whatever may be said about other sarsaparillas and the medicinal value of their contents, this fact remains, that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is so well known in India, that it has a market value, depending upon the fluctuation in the value of

the rupee, as much as cotton or other staples. This is not the case with any other sarsaparilla of American makers. The natives of this country are very conservative, and unless an article is well known they are shy about using it. A native will take a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla from my dispensary and walk off with it without raising a question as to its purity or curative qualities. This is the truth, and I do not scruple to let you make whatever use of the statement you may choose. The success of his remedy in this country shows the judicious advertising of a meritorious article is accomplished. If I had

MONEY LOCKED UP in quantities of any medicine I would prefer Ayer's Sarsaparilla to any other twenty times over, for I know that I could get my money back in the former case, while in the other I should have to retail it bottle by bottle in order to realize its price." As a currency Ayer's Sarsaparilla might be cumbersome, but one thing would be sure—you'd always get the value of the dollar invested in the remedy.

McKinley's Bimetalism.

Are you in favor of bimetalism, Mr. McKinley?

"O, yes; I am in favor of the largest use of silver."

Do you think that more silver dollars would be good for the American people?

"Certainly I do. The American people cannot have too much money."

And what method do you propose for giving the American people the more money that they need?

"Why, we should ask England to help us get more money."

Well; if we get more money we won't have to borrow from England, will we, Mr. McKinley?

"No; we can then stop borrowing money from England."

But England wants us to keep on borrowing money from her, doesn't she, Mr. McKinley?

"Of course she does. England is a money-lending, a creditor nation."

Well, then; how many years will we have to wait to get England's consent for us to do what will injure her money-lending interests?

"Ah; but without England's consent to free coinage we can't maintain the parity."

"But how many years will we have to wait for England to help us maintain a parity that will stop our borrowing the money she wants to lend us?"

"Excuse me. Here is a delegation of bankers who have called to hear me make a speech in favor of sound money, Good-bay."—Helena, (Mont) Independent.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation. All its results, easily and thoroughly. See All Druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

TRIES THE NERVES.

AN OLD FIREMAN ON THE EFFECT OF A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

The Thoughts That Flash Through the Engineer's Brain Just Before a Collision Occurs—A Smash Up Makes a Man Scary Ever Thereafter.

There is something attractive about railroad life to the man who once enters it. The railroad companies rarely give up a reliable, faithful man. He may become maimed and unfit for the most remunerative positions and be forced to accept some humbler place with a smaller salary attached to it, but it is an unwritten law with most of the great railroad companies that the man who is injured in their service shall be placed in some position where he may obtain his livelihood.

Thus it may happen that when you fall in conversation with the man who occupies a humble switchman or a flagman's shanty you are talking with one who has had his share of excitement and fear through experiences that would make the hair of the average man stand upon end. A reporter met a switchman the other day the pathos of whose life was expressed in the wooden leg which he used, and as the Empire dashed by he looked up and said:

"Yes, I like railroading. I have been in the business all my life and expect to spend the rest of my days over the rails, but I am quite content to remain here in my little cottage and tend to my flagging rather than have the position of the man who holds the throttle on that big engine which just whizzed by here. You may think it a map to sit there and ride over the country at the rate of a mile a minute, but I tell you the man carries a load of responsibility on his shoulders which I would not want on mine and which the average man knows very little about. I know something of it, for I was freeman some years ago on one of the fast engines and lost my leg in an accident between here and Albany. But if I had come out of that accident as sound as you are I never should have been able to hold my nerve for any more fast trips. That finished me for that work."

"Then if a man has been hurt in a railroad accident it makes him scary of that kind of work, does it?" asked the reporter.

"You bet it does," answered the switchman with emphasis, "and don't let any one fool you that it doesn't. The man who was running that engine the day I was hurt escaped with hardly a scratch, but he never could keep his time up the way he did before that, and finally was put on a freight engine, where the running was a great deal slower."

"I shall never forget the way he looked the afternoon the smash up occurred. Just before the crash came I looked at him. We were rounding a curve down by Schenectady. His long gray hair was flowing in the breeze, his face was set and his eyes fixed on the track ahead."

"All at once he jumped to his feet and reversed the lever, and exclaimed in a startled tone, 'My God, we are caught!' It was probably not more than half a minute after when I was lying beneath the engine with my leg crushed, utterly unconscious of the fact that a great wreck had occurred, but every movement and occurrence of that half minute is as vividly impressed upon my mind as if it had taken weeks of time to impress it there."

"As he spoke I looked through the cab window ahead of us, and there, within 20 rods, was a freight engine coming straight at us, and there was no possible chance to escape a crash. The engineer was doing his duty. I knew that. He was reversing the lever, applying the brakes and doing his best to avert what he knew was inevitable, but I had nothing to do, and it seemed as if everything in my life was before me in those few seconds. I felt absolutely sure I was going to die. Strange as it may seem, the thought did not seem horrible to me. A whole lot of the slang sayings, such as, 'You are learning to fire here in this world so as to be prepared for the next,' and 'You won't mind a hot job over there,' and a number of those stale things which a fireman has to take, came into my head, and even in that awful position it occurred to me in a humorous sort of way that I had made a good start here below, or here above, as I might say. The next moment I was lying on my wife and children—yes, and of mother, too, who had been dead a number of years. A man always thinks of his mother at such a time. But I don't think I had a particle of fear of death. The last thing that was on my mind was the question, Who was to blame for the accident? And that is the last I remember."

"When I came to my senses, I was in a hospital and was minus a leg. Since then I have been constantly employed one way and another by the railroad company, but I never see one of the fast trains go by without thinking of that wreck. The engineer miraculously escaped with scarcely a bruise, but it finished him for that kind of work. He was always seeing engines ahead of him after that, and I have heard that more than once he has allowed up his train in order not to collide with an imaginary engine, which I have no doubt was as real to him as it was on the afternoon the wreck I speak of occurred. As I said before, he was transferred to a freight engine, but even there he was timid and finally left the road altogether."

"You can put it down as a pretty sure thing that when an engineer has been in an accident once he is minus a good share of the nerve which it takes to make his runs on time to the tick, and if he isn't on time he has got to go sooner or later."—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

The eagle, the king of all birds, is noted for its keen sight, clear and distinct vision. So are those persons who use Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve for weak eyes, styes, sores of any kind or granulated lids. Sold by all dealers.

FOR SALE!

40,000 three and four year old Ben Davis apple trees at \$3 per 100.

All other apple trees from two to three years old at 5 cents each.

Peach trees at \$7 per 100. Pear, Plum and Cherry trees 25 cents each.

Will deliver at the above prices for cash.

Address **WM. S. ASHBY,**
CLOVERPORT, KY.

J. C. BOURNE, J. M. HARPER, DANIEL BROOKS

BOURNE, HARPER, BROOKS & CO.,

Commission Salesmen of Live Stock

CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP.

BOURBON STOCK YARDS LOUISVILLE, KY.

WOOL. WOOL.

This is the best market and one of the best houses to ship to. We make liberal advances on consignments. Besides we have better facilities than other houses in having many large factories to supply. We get you the top price and pay spot cash; not in trade. No traveling agents. Ship all your wool and yarn produce direct to

HERNDON-CARTER CO.,

110 Third Street, or 913 to 919 Murrell Court, LOUISVILLE, KY.

A DANGEROUS POWER.

Candidate Bryan Calls Attention to the Coercion of Employees.

The heads of many great corporations are undertaking to compel their employees to support the gold standard. My friends, if the heads of these corporations assert the right to control the votes of those who work for them, then we have presented to the American people even a greater question than the silver question. If a corporation has the right to control the vote of an employee on one question, it has the right to control on every question.

These corporations were not constituted for any such purpose. They are creatures of law. Has the law given us to these corporations any such power? No, my friends, and no people who love their government will ever trust those powers to any person or corporation. If a corporation is not invested with the legal right to vote those employees as it will, then the corporation that attempts it usurps its right and becomes a dangerous power in a free country.

If there are those here who are opposed to us on the money question, they do not approve of the conduct of those corporations that are attempting to coerce their employees. We may be the ones to suffer now, but I warn you, fellow citizens, that the time may come when these very corporations will turn themselves against you and your families with all the accumulated power that your indorsement of their conduct now will give them.

Not only have some of these corporations attempted to coerce their employees, but the great money power centered in New York has been attempting to coerce the people who do business with it. A paper a few days ago said of a Montana bank which had failed that the reason given was that the managers of the bank were advocating free silver and therefore the New York banks refused to extend credit any longer and enforced the collection of notes which they held, which suspended the bank.

Mr. Bryan Puts Country Before Party. I want to say to you in this campaign, as I have said to you in every campaign, if there is one Democrat who believes that the election of the Chicago ticket will be injurious to his country we have no claim on his vote. I am one who has never believed that the citizen should put his party above his country. I have not, and I do not, intend to appeal to any man to support the Chicago ticket if he thinks that any other ticket will be better for him to vote for or for the land in which we all live.

In the Interest of Economy. The election of Mr. McKinley might in one sense be economy. Congress could be dismissed and we could get our laws from the British parliament direct.

WILL MILLER, Vice-President

M. H. BEARD, Cashier.

G. W. BEARD, MORRIS EKERIDGE, R. M. JOLLY.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

GREGORY & CO.

Wharfmasters & Steamboat Agents.

CLOVERPORT, KENTUCKY.

Local Agents

Homestead Fertilizer Company and

Stancard Oil Company.

Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Yellow Pine Flooring and Siding, Weather Boarding, Shingles, Salt, Lime, Cement, Lath, Plaster, Plastering Hair, Flow Handling, Bricks, Etc.,

Estimates Furnished for Buildings and Building Material.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment