

Hartford Republican.

Issued Fridays by the HARTFORD PUBLISHING COMPANY Incorporated.

FOR THE SENATE. W. FRED LONG as a candidate for the office of State Senator in this the Seventh Senatorial District, subject to the action of the Republican party.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE. We are authorized to announce Hon. R. C. Jarnagin, of Beaver Dam, as a candidate for the nomination for Representative, subject to the action of the Republican party.

Jay Gould founded a family and made the name famous. Helen Gould has made it great.

JUDGING from the pulse of the State press it appears that Goebel and Stone have combined to hoodoo Hardin.

THE Herald accuses Capt. Stone of accusing Thomas Jefferson of being the original free river man of the country. How dare they slander the illustrious dead?

THE Beaver Dam road is improving. All those attempting to travel over it since last week are accounted for except an insurance agent and a tree officer candidate for a minor State office.

AN exchange says: Republicans are just now lying low and whetting their knives for each other. Goeb, the Democrats have passed the whetting period—using them to the great delight of the whetting crowd.

WHAT? Is Capt. Stone actually contemplating a race on one leg with Judge Taylor for the gubernatorial plum? Such an undertaking would be great indeed for a man with two good legs and half the front of Stone.

CAPT. Stone spoke at the courthouse Monday to about 150 voters. He devoted his time to free river and Hardin and never mentioned Goebel's name. He was on Hardin's neck here while Goebel was on his toes at Morganfield.

THE Fulton County Guard, an influential Democratic paper, published right down in Capt. Stone's district, carries General Hardin's name at the head of its editorial column. The Guard says that while General Hardin was fighting Miller's first battle in 1895 Captain Stone allied himself with the gold men and helped to bring about Hardin's defeat for Governor.

A DEMOCRATIC candidate for a State office said in a speech here that he had never had the pleasure of visiting Hartford but once before and then at a time when he could spend but a few hours in the city. An old citizen says he thinks the gentleman came here on his former visit with Lyon's men who burnt the courthouse in 1864 and that his hurry was occasioned by a company of ungod soldiers. Ohio county should endorse his candidacy with a vim.

THE Democrats are reported to be contemplating asking the American people to turn their government over to them next year. What they want with it we find it difficult to conclude. They tried it from 1884 to 1888 and again from 1892 to 1896, and during each experiment one national disaster followed another like Southern birds in their autumnal flight. The records of those two periods are one unbroken story of human suffering, resulting from idle factories and mines and wrecked and ruined industries, climaxed by a hungry horde of idle laborers marching on to the capital at Washington to beg at the doors of Congress for work or bread. In the light of such disastrous failures we find it difficult to believe that the Democratic party is seriously yearning to repeat the experiences of 1884 and 1892.

Two weeks ago the Filipinos were concentrating their forces about Manila and threatening the city. The Tagals were coming in from all sections of the country to aid in the final attack upon the city and the American forces. Today their forces are scattered and demoralized. They have been driven from behind fortifications which they were months in building city after city fell. Victory succeeded victory, until finally their boasted capital fell before the irresistible onward march of our gallant forces. With every stronghold lost and his forces scattered Aguinaldo can only hope to maintain a guerrilla warfare, and certain it is that he cannot maintain that but a very short time. Our gallant soldiers will meet him in any game at which he may wish to play. Thus far not a victory has been lost nor a single reverse sustained, none

are anticipated. The Mexican war ended without the loss of a single victory. The achievements of the Spanish American war will be remembered and transmitted as a heritage to succeeding ages as a tribute to the valor of the greatest liberty loving people under sun. Upon the statue of liberty should be written "Another war for human freedom fought and never a victory lost."

FOLKS whose lives are prolonged far beyond the ordinary period of terrestrial habitation become subjects of universal interest. A Pennsylvania paper tells of an old colored lady living up among the Alleghenies who was born 132 years ago and was once house girl in the house of George Washington. The strangest thing about these who have long since passed the century mark is that nearly all of them are colored people and have at one time or another belonged to the father of his country. Our esteemed friend Mose Mattingly, besides being the best miller in western Kentucky, is also a capital story teller, tells us of an old lady living in Spencer county, Indiana, by the name of Hannah Skaggs, who is doubtless the oldest living human being in the world. Aunt Hannah is also a colored lady, but she never belonged to George Washington. Mr. Mattingly has known aunt Hannah well since his boyhood and says while she does not know her age she is able to recite from memory certain events in history that gives her a period of experience dating back at least a couple of centuries. Aunt Hannah says that during Washington's memorable winter at Valley Forge one of her grandsons made daily trips into camp with a cart load of parsnips and pumpkins for the soldiers. She also distinctly remembers seeing the acorn fall from which the chest oak sprang, and says that the mellow tones of old liberty bell that famous night still linger in her ears as the music of yesterday. Aunt Hannah is still hale and hearty and does most of the washing for Spencer county.

FROM THE STATE PRESS.

Mr. Bryan's admirers should see to it that there is more than 45 cents' worth of nourishment in that \$1 dinner.—Washington Post.

Senator Allen, of Nebraska, says he retires from public life without regret. This seems to make it unanimous.—Chicago News.

A singular freak of nature was witnessed last Monday night by the family of Mr. Andy Divise. During the rain and thunderstorm, the lightning came down the chimney and completely smashed a clock, doing no other damage. The lightning must have found its way down on the outside of the chimney, as the clock on the mantel was the only object injured.—Harrodsburg Sayings.

The wages of half a million working-men have been advanced, and now comes another testimonial to the growing wealth of the American farmer. Statistician Hyde, of the Department of Agriculture, estimates that the increase in value of farm animals since January 1, 1898, is 108,355,482, making the present value \$1,997,110,407. The calamity bowler finds his occupation gone indeed.—Courier-Journal.

Master Charlie Dugger has a few relics of the civil war that he discovered on a hillside in the Jasper fields near town, which had been unearthed by a washout during the late heavy rains. Among the lot was an old bayonet that had been bent and used as a pot-rack by some old soldier boy, besides a lot of Enfield and Springfield rifle balls and musket balls, and a large brass slide that was worn on the cross belt. The place of his find was occupied as a camping ground for Union troops in 1862, and it used to be told that an old soldier secreted a handful or two of gold coins somewhere near there and afterward died without removing it or telling of the location.—Somerset Paragon.

County Clerk Morgan, of Bedford, has the Krag-Jorgensen gun which his brother Harry brought from Porto Rico. The gun is guaranteed to the Government to shoot accurately 1,800 yards, but it will shoot three or four miles. Mr. Morgan, with several others, tested the shooting qualities of this death-dealer the other day. They went down in a valley back of Bedford and fired at a black locust tree six feet in circumference, the ball going through, struck a rock on the side of the hill a glancing lick and went two or three feet in the ground. It was dug out and found to be as perfect as when put in the gun. It was also fired at a solid sycamore tree much larger than the locust with the same result.—Milton News.

Mr. William J. Bryan is in urgent need of another leg. There are three stones on which he wishes to stand with a foot on each. One is silver, one expansion and the other trusts. The leg which is resting on the silver base is paralyzed and can not be moved, but the other one keeps wadding widely between expansion and trusts. Unless either the expansion or the trust rock is taken away and buried or Mr. Bryan gets a dime-museum third leg the poor, old paralytic member will have to bear the whole weight of 1900, and Mr. William Jennings Bryan knows what that means. He sneers at the "White Man's Burden," but he bows with

profound reverence before the "Silver Man's Burden."—New York Press.

Opposition to Mr. Blackburn is not a crime, nor should the fact that Gen. Hardin does not favor Mr. Blackburn for United States Senator, though we have no authority for assuming that his preference is for some other person, and doubt if it is, have any bearing upon his candidacy for Governor. He will make just as good an executive if he is opposed to Mr. Blackburn as he would if he supported him. Aside from the effect on Gen. Hardin, of Capt. Stone's charges, we believe the statesman from the Purchase made a grave mistake in giving voice to them. Those Democrats who were inclined to support him because of his dignified course are sorely disappointed, and now that his strongest claim on their suffrage has been impaired, they are inclined to favor some other candidate.

Capt. Stone was unfortunate in undertaking to prove that he was in good silver company when he names Asher Caruth and Albert S. Berry as specimens of his associates when he voted with Bryan, Reed, Dingley and Josiah Patterson on those gold bonds, Caruth and Berry were notorious gold bugs at that time but both have since come into line, and even Josiah now claims to be "regular" again. The fact, however, that Stone voted on the opposite side from Bryan, Bland, Bailey, Ellis and Goodnight is overwhelming and fatal proof that he was on the wrong side. In undertaking now to justify his votes at that time, he makes the matter worse. If he was right, Bryan and his associates were wrong and his associates were wrong and there is a prevailing faith in the Democratic party that Bryan never voted wrong.—Messenger.

In Commissioner Clark's court a day or so since a member of the numerous Smith family was a witness. This particular Smith bore the cognomen of Joel and hailed from the classic hills of Clay county. Chief of Police Howard observed several suggestive enlargements on him—in fact, they could be noticed on each hip. Finally the Chief observed when he moved in some way that he could see under his coat that one of the bulges at least was a pistol. Procuring a warrant he placed Joel under arrest and proceeded to take the pistol from him. Imagine his surprise when he found three of these on him, one a 38-caliber in his pocket and a 44 and a 45 strapped around him. Upon expressing some surprise at finding such a walking arsenal, Smith very coolly remarked that he had another in his saddlebags; that he had come some distance from home and friends and wanted to be in condition to defend himself in case he got into any trouble. The pistols were all the best make of Colt's revolvers, shooting six times each and were loaded with long cartridges. Judge Smith, being of the same name as the prisoner, though no relation, was lenient with him, and only imposed one fine of \$25 and ten days in the bastille, where the gentleman from Clay now languishes. In the meantime, his armory will be sold and the proceeds credited to his fine. If his guns bring their value he will not have much to pay and will get out soon after serving his ten days' sentence.—Pineville Courier.

Woman Suffrage.

N. J. R. (Sewellsville, Ohio): Will you please give me the names of all the States in the Union in which woman have the power to vote?

Women have equal suffrage with men at elections in Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Idaho. In Kansas women have municipal suffrage. In some form, mainly as to city school bonds and on school matters, woman may vote in the following States and Territories: Arizona, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin.

Severely Injured.

To loss of both his legs is the penalty paid by Ed Scavin, a section-hand, for trying to get off a moving train. He was taken to the Norton Infirmary early Monday morning, where Dr. W. O. Roberts amputated both of his legs above the knees.

Scarvin was with a section gang of the L. and N. railroad on the Short-line division, with headquarters at Glencoe. Saturday night, with others, he was returning from Lagrange on a construction train. At Pendleton Scarvin attempted to get off the train while it was in motion. He fell under the wheels and his legs were cut off close below the knee. He was quickly brought to Louisville on a special train for treatment. He was doing well last evening and his injury does not seem likely to have fatal results.—Courier Journal.

Work of the Red Cross.

The Red Cross is now establishing in Cuba, at the request of the Government, a hospital Service to assist in the care of the sick and homeless people of the island. In the Philippines, owing to the active operations now being conducted by American Army, and the approach of the rainy season in the tropics, the society is increasing the hospital staff already there, assisting in the care of the sick and the wounded.

DEWEY GUNNERS.

Detailed Report of Manila Bay Shooting.

Every Vessel of the Enemy's Fleet Was Fairly Riddled Before Being Sunk.

Washington, April 4.—Lieut. John M. Elliott, the intelligence officer of the cruiser Baltimore, has forwarded to the Navy Department under date of January 1, 1899, a report on the effects of the gun fire of Dewey's fleet upon the Spanish war vessels in the battle of Manila. The report is based upon a personal examination of all the vessels, personal conversations with officers aboard and extracts from Admiral Montojo's official report. It describes in detail the effect of every shot from the American fleet and proves that Montojo's vessels were riddled by a perfect storm of shot and shell from the American guns. There was a much larger percentage of hits at Manila than at Santiago. This is accounted for by the fact that Dewey's fleet made a deliberate attack with most of the enemy's ships at rest, while the appearance of Cervera's fleet at Santiago was unexpected, and it was a running fight. Lieut. Elliott makes the following summary of the number and size of the shots which struck each of the Spanish vessels:

Cristina, five 8 inch, five 5 inch and thirteen other large shell; seven 6 pounders and nine other projectiles. Castilla, two 6 inch, twelve 5 inch, four other large shell; three 6 pounders and sixteen other small shell. Survivors also tell of three 8 inch shells which burst on the orion deck forward amidship and aft, causing fires that could not be controlled. Don Antonio de Ulloa, four 8 inch, three 6 inch; one 5 inch and fourteen other large shell; ten 5 pounders and one other small shell. Don Juan de Austria, two 5 inch or 8 inch; four 5 inch, five 6 pounders and two other small shell. Isla de Luzon, three hits before she retired behind the arsenal and was sunk by her own crew. Isla de Cuba, to which Montojo transferred his flag after the Christina was abandoned, four 6 pounders and one of unknown caliber. (She, too, was sunk by the Spaniards.) Marques del Duero, one 8 inch, one 6 inch and three 6 pounders. Velasco, she took no part in the action, but was hit by a stray shell and was sunk by the Spaniards. Gen. Lazo, took no part in the engagement, and was exploded by the Spaniards. The Argos was also out of the fight, but was struck by a large shell and was scuttled by the Spaniards. The total number of hits obtainable was 141, but there were doubtless many others, especially of small caliber, through the rigging, and burned superstructure of the ships.

After painstaking inquiry, Lieut. Elliott makes the following report of casualties:

Vessels. Killed. Wounded. Total. Riena Cristina. 130 90 220 Castilla. . . . 33 80 113 Isla de Cuba. . . . 2 2 4 Isla de Luzon. . . . 6 6 12 Don Juan de Austria. 22 22 44 Don Antonio Ulloa 8 10 18 Marques del Duero Shore batteries. . . 6 4 10

Totals. . . . 167 214 381

The following points in connection with the examination of the Spanish ships are emphasized by Lieut. Elliott:

First—The side of iron steel built cruisers do not arrest projectiles enough to explode them.

Second—The incendiary effect of bursting eight-inch shells is great, and far greater than would seem proportionate to that of lower calibers.

Third—At ranges over 2,500 yards the gun shields of cruisers are in no sense a protection, but insure the annihilation of the gun's crew and the disabling of the gun if struck by a large projectile.

Fourth—Warships of the present day will generally be placed hors de combat by conflagration and the destruction of their personnel before they are sunk by gun fire.

Mrs. Place's Electrocution.

On Monday, March 30, Mrs. Place was executed by the State of New York, having been convicted of the murder of her step daughter. The killing of a woman by the law is always a serious shock to the community, and invariably raises a question in the minds of intelligent and sympathetic persons as to the righteousness of capital punishment. Whether the State has right to kill its murderers or not is one question. Whether or not such killing is in accordance with the principles and practices of christian civilization is quite another question. There is no doubt that legal killing is survival of barbarous times, and that when the world grows better capital punishment will cease, and will then be remembered as one of the evil incidents of a bygone age. Neither is there any doubt in our minds that were it not for the abuse of the pardoning power in many of the States where capital punishment has been abolished, the crusade against the practice would have an infinitely greater chance of success at present. But it has come to be a belief, founded on many facts, that murderers in these States now escape with a very short term of imprison-

ment. If the perpetual incarceration of those who kill could be made certain, a strong argument which sustains the gallows and the electric chair would cease to exist in this particular some of the leading women suffragists of the country took a prominent part. They insisted upon their own capacity for the exercise of public duties, including the right of voting. In other words, they show that if they were admitted to suffrage they would add one more element—and a very large one—to that part of the population, which is increasing which fosters disrespect for law; and such disrespect, as much as anything else, is injuring our political State. So long as the law exists, it must apply equally to all persons. There are too many privileged classes already in the community to warrant the addition of women murderers. Moreover, women would do very much more effective work against what they regard as the sin and disgrace of capital punishment if they would unite in a general movement against it, instead of devoting their energies to the saving of criminals of their sex from its operations.—Harper's Weekly.

Hope's New Romance.

Anthony Hope's new romance, which he has just finished, is called "The Countess's Fidelity," and has been purchased by The Ladies Home Journal, in which periodical it will immediately begin. The story is about a beautiful courtesee. She has quarreled with her husband, and they have decided to live in seclusion in separate wings of the castle. This they do until Captain Dieppe, who becomes a member of the household, inadvertently opens a door, through which are revealed to him the apartments of the exiled Countess, with the beautiful occupant standing in the doorway. The Captain falls in love with the young woman, and from this point there is not a moment's cessation in the romantic adventures which ensue in the castle, its gardens and neighboring places of rendezvous.

CASTORIA. The Kid You Have Always Bought

In Memory of Dear Tom.

Dundee, Ky., March 25.—On the night of the 21st of March 1899, shortly after midnight, God saw best in his infinite wisdom to visit the home of Mr. J. M. Calloway, and take from them their beloved son and brother, Mr. Thomas W. Calloway. He was 28 years of age. He was taken the 13th with pneumonia fever. He seemed conscious that death was hovering over him as he told his brother Lon he hated to die, but in his dying hour he said he was going home. He leaves an aged father, two brothers, three sisters—and a large number of friends and relatives to mourn his death. Tom was a good boy and loved by all who knew him.

A dear one from you has gone, A voice you loved is stilled, A place in vacant in your home That never can be filled.

Someday you shall see him, You will see dear Tom again, Sleeping not among the flowers, Where so long his form may lay.

But beyond the twilight shadow, Sure, dear Tom, there will wait, Watching for the long home coming, Just inside the heavenly gate.

ELLA AND NOLLIE.

Put Your Finger on Your Pulse

You feel the blood rushing along. But what kind of blood? That is the question.

Is it pure blood or impure blood?

If the blood is impure then you are weak and languid; your appetite is poor and your digestion is weak. You cannot sleep well and the morning finds you unprepared for the work of the day. Your cheeks are pale and your complexion is sallow. You are troubled with pimples, boils, or some eruption of the skin. Why not purify your blood?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

will do it. Take it a few days and then put your finger on your pulse again. You can feel the difference. It is stronger and your circulation better. Send for our book on Impure Blood.

If you are bilious, take Ayer's Pills. They gently aid the Sarsaparilla. They cure constipation also.

Write to our Dispensary. Write them freely all the particulars in your own. You will receive a free copy of our book on Impure Blood. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

THREE MEN IN JAIL

Charged With Complicity in Murder of An Old Man Last December.

Leitchfield, Ky., April 4.—(Special) Sheriff Cardwell, of Butler county, arrived here this afternoon in charge of Dent Coy, George Vettee and Monroe White, of Butler county, and lodged them in jail charged with complicity in the murder of old man Green Embry, of the Tan Yard, this county near the Butler county line, December 24 last, which at the time created great excitement in that locality. There were ten men in the party who called out Embry and shot him in his doorway. The cause of the deed has always been a mystery. It was said at the time that the gang charged Embry with keeping a disorderly house, but nearly all his neighbors have certified this to be false. A writ has been sent out for the arrest of the remaining seven of the gang. Dent Coy, it is said, is a Baptist preacher, while Vettee and White are well known in the locality of the crime. The case promises to be an interesting one. Circuit Court is now in session and the grand jury will probably indict all the men.

Apt Quotations.

Proverbs, axioms and wise sayings have been uttered by Confucius and other wise men from time immemorial, but few people realize how many there are of them. C. I. Hood & Co., of Sarsaparilla fame, have over two thousand and they have originated the ingenious plan of serving them up in delectable shape in thousands of newspapers, with each one neatly turning a point as to the merit of their well known medicine. The extensive use of these proverbs is original and creditable to Hood & Co.

State Board of Health.

Bowling Green, Ky., April 1, 1899. To Whom it May Concern:

This Board will hold an examination for applicants for certificates to practice medicine in Kentucky who are graduates from three-year schools, whose course of study does not meet the minimum requirements of the Board, at the hall of the University of Louisville, in the City of Louisville, beginning on Tuesday, April 25, 1899, according to the following schedule:

Anatomy, Tuesday, 9 to 11:30 a. m.

Physiology, Chemistry and Hygiene, Tuesday, 2 to 4:30 p. m.

Obstetrics and Gynecology, Wednesday, 9 to 11:30 a. m.

materia Medica and Therapeutics, Wednesday 2 to 4:30 p. m.

Surgery and Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, Thursday, 9 to 11:30 a. m.

Histology and Pathology, Thursday, 2 to 4:30 p. m.

The examination will be in writing, no fee will be charged for it, and a grade of 70 will be required to pass. It will be comprehensive, but entirely fair in every respect, and the reach of any recent graduate qualified to practice medicine with safety to our people. Very respectfully,

J. M. MATHEWS, M. D., Pres.

J. N. MCCORMACK, M. D., Secretary.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollar Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHEENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WIST & TRUXAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

CASTORIA. The Kid You Have Always Bought

Almost Paralyzed.

"After the grip I could not eat anything for weeks. One of my arms was almost paralyzed. I concluded to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and it cured me. I am now well and am stronger than ever before. My father was troubled with rheumatism, but has been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla." J. R. FINNELL, Old Fort, Tenn.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, headache.

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY? \$10 to \$25 PER WEEK GUARANTEED

We want intelligent, hustling representatives to handle the most beautiful and popular line of fast selling books and Bibles every issued by any house. Up-to-date, quick sellers, low retail prices, liberal terms and fair dealing are the inducements we offer. Credit given and freights paid. We want you with us. Write us by return mail.

THE HUDGINS PUB. CO., 44 Keiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Saturday, APRIL 1, '99. Was a good day with us. Our opening was largely attended, and our opening sales highly satisfactory. Dress Goods for Spring wear were exhibited to admiring crowds and numbers of PATTERNS with TRIMMINGS were sold. The Millinery Department was crowded and numbers of nice EASTER HATS were sold to purchasers over the counter and numbers were sent out by mail and express. The BOYS also carried away numbers of nice EASTER SUITS and had them for Sunday wear. These Departments are fuller than usual. The different markets have been ransacked for the styles, and STYLES are important, because a lady does not want to go to the expense of a new dress out of old goods and by an old pattern. So in hats. So in Clothing. LADIES are especially invited to examine our stocks before making purchases. These lines are replenished all along as the season advances and the demand call. There are SPECIALTIES. And handling Specialties we think we can please in price and style. In General lines of Staples we are HEADQUARTERS, ready to supply every demand, and at best and lowest rates. It is not necessary to quote prices. If you want VALUES and want them right, call on us. Bring your wagons. Haul us Corn, Hams, Sides, Eggs, Feathers—all you have—get top prices and take home a full line of supplies. FURTHER—Our Housekeepers' Outfit should attract attention. Everything needed can be bought in one bill and at prices to suit the purchaser. FARMERS are invited to come for SEEDS, FERTILIZERS, Plows, Wagons, Harness and general supplies. We have no "catch-penny" jobs. We want your trade, either in barter or Cash. Respectfully, Hoeker & Co.

THERE'S NEWNESS EVERYWHERE! Ours is an interesting store through April—it's a store that most successfully meets your needs, that offers you every shopping advantage from a Price and Quality Standpoint. There's newness everywhere—VALUES AT EVERY TURN. It's the determination to make our store excel—to make it at all times the leading store—that causes us to offer you the following pleasing prices. Below we quote you prices: All of our dress prints. . . . .30c Comfort calico. . . . .50c Quilt lining. . . . .30c One yard wide domestic. . . . .40c One yard wide good bleach. . . . .50c One yard wide extra good bleach. . . . .80c One yard wide tobacco cotton. . . . .10c Gingham. . . . .50c to 100c One yard wide percale. . . . .50c White India linen. . . . .40c Dress laces. . . . .10c All of the newest things in pique. . . . .15c to 25c Ladies' seamless hose. . . . .10c Nurses' corsets. . . . .25c Ladies' summer corsets. . . . .35c Wash silks, per yard. . . . .50c Black Lafayette silk. . . . .50c Men's derby hats. . . . .25c Dimities, Madras cloth. Everything new and up-to-date in wash and WOOLEN DRESS Goods. Our Clothing Department is Complete. Boys' suits. . . . .60c Men's suits. . . . .\$2.50 Umbrellas. . . . .35c WE ALSO CARRY FULL LINES OF LADIES' AND MEN'S SHOES, ALSO A COMPLETE LINE OF FURNITURE. DON'T FAIL TO VISIT US FOR BARGAINS. RESPECTFULLY, Carson & Co.