



"THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST."

Many persons are under the impression that Ivory Soap is expensive, and intended for the use of the wealthy only. The fact is, the price is lower than for ordinary soaps, quality considered, for the "Ivory" no "cheapeners" or "makeweights" are used, so the buyer gets all "true soap" for her money.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the Ivory," they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeit, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

IS AND 20 NINTH STREET, HOPKINSVILLE, - KENTUCKY.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch one week, \$1.00; one week, \$1.50; six months, \$9.00; twelve months, \$15.00.

TOBACCO NEWS.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. Furnished by GUYER & DUNNERT.

Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 2,563 hhd., with receipts for the same period of 2,858 hhd.

The dry weather which was beginning to call for much complaint from tobacco growers was terminated this week in five days of abundant rains and it is now thought that much damage has been done to that part of the crop which was about ready for the knife, this being especially true of the burley section.

The offerings have been large again this week and there are no new developments to report in prices concerning dark tobacco.

Trash \$1.00 to 1.75. Common to medium lugs \$2.00 to 3.00. Dark lugs extra quality \$3.00 to 4.50.

Common leaf \$4.00 to 5.00. Medium to good leaf \$5.00 to 6.00. Good leaf extra length \$5.50 to 7.50.

Rich wrappery tobacco \$7.50 to 12.75.

Rescued From an Outlaw.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 7.—A Los Angeles special gives an account of the capture yesterday afternoon of Salustro Morales, the outlaw, who has for some time terrorized certain sections of the southern part of this state.

Morales was seen to emerge from the brush near the head of Alamito Bay by constable Wilson of Oceano, and two deputies. They overtook him with their rifles as he was stooping to wash his hands in the waters of the bay, and made him prisoner. Near by in the brush was found the girl, Nymphia Brown, whom Morales abducted from her home about month ago and who has since accompanied him on his journeys.

She refuses to state whether or not she was married to him. The couple were taken to San Luis Rey, where the girl will be restored to her parents and Morales will be held to answer on the charge of recently murdering the wealthy Henry Charles.

The Pulpit and the Stage.

Rev. F. M. Shront, Pastor United Brethren Church, Day Mound, Kan., says: "I feel it my duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my physicians thought I could live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery and am sound and well, gaining 25 lbs. in weight."

Arthur Love, of New York's Funny Folks Combination, writes: "After a thorough trial and convincing evidence, I am confident Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, beats 'em all, and cures without anything else fails. The greatest kindness I can do my many thousand friends is to urge them to try it. Free trial bottles at H. B. Garner's Pharmacy Drug Store. Regular sizes 50c. and \$1.00."

Epoch.

The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health makes an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully praised. Hence it is that so much is said of Electric Bitters.

So many feel they owe their restoration to health, to the use of the Great Alternative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of Kidneys, Liver or Stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c. and \$1 per bottle at H. B. Garner's Pharmacy.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Favus Scars, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. B. Garner.

A High-Toned Fluid.

There must be something about an automatic acquaintance with electricity which produces a different effect from that which comes of other industries. It is an old saying, so old that it has long passed unchallenged, that "familiarity breeds contempt." Familiarity with electricity, however, does not breed contempt. On the contrary it engenders a peculiar not to say morbid affection for the subtle fluid and singular sensitiveness on its behalf.

This is shown by the attitude of the electrician on the question of execution by electric snook. According to the New York Sun, instead of regarding with interest this new field of possible usefulness for their pet, the electricians "are outraged that the agency they use should be employed for a purpose so horrible."

The lightning bolt, which any indignity be compelled in the service of man and compelled to light the darkest and dingiest of his abodes and lanterns. It may without dishonor illumine the chambers where the workmen and legislators assemble, the gambling rooms and the thieves' resorts. It may shed its rays upon the victim of the murderer so that the latter may see clearly where he strikes. It may carry the most infamous messages between the foes of society, enabling them to rob the public and escape the punishment of their crimes. But it must on no account be dishonored by rendering any aid to society in exterminating the criminal.

Truly the electrical fluid should be grateful to its captives, and should thank and sponsor for the sacrifice on its behalf. It might make some small return therefore by restraining its exuberant destructiveness in respect to firemen and other employees of the electrician. The killing of these, be it remembered, though not at all beneath the dignity of an honorable and high-toned electrical fluid, subjects the electrician to inconvenience and occasional loss.

—Detroit Free Press.

LIKE A DIME NOVEL.

Startled Journal.

The stabling of her nurse by Mrs. Robert Ray Hamilton, at Atlantic City, has drawn out the secret of a deep, dark plot that was laid for the girl, but not for the young millionaire. It seems that he met the girl under the impression that she was a virtuous and unspoiled girl and like most young men imagined he had made a powerful conquest when she reluctantly gave herself to his keeping. She knew how rich he was and with an old lover, whom she has since been paying \$3,000 a year and about whom the stabling occurred, she entered into a conspiracy to become mistress of his millions. At the proper time she sent for Hamilton and producing a baby, that she had bought for \$10, told him it was her child and with tearful entreaties sought him to save her reputation and give the baby's name. He yielded and she has led him a merry dance ever since, not only spending his money like water, but keeping him in hot water by her brazen demeanor towards men. The story reads like a novel, and is another proof of the assertion that facts are stranger than fiction. It also shows what fools these rich men's sons are, who inherit nothing from their sagacious sires but their lustre.

THE INCURABLE CURED.

A Remarkable Statement from a Well-known Citizen of South Carolina.

Cancer is hereditary in my family; an aunt on each side having died from this dreadful disease. In each instance the cancer was located in identically the same position that mine first made its appearance—just below the left eye and extending down the left cheek bone and nose. I was attended by the best physicians, but the case continued to grow worse under their treatment, and no hope of a cure could be given by them; they said I had better have my affairs for the life and the next arranged for, for the cancer was liable to strike a vital organ at any moment, and at once lead me to death. About this time, 1884, I met with Mr. Shirley, living near Due West, whose cancer was cured by using Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) I then gave up the doctors and all medicines I had heretofore been using, and commenced taking S. S. S.; and after using the third bottle, I discovered that the scab had fallen off, and that the time had elapsed when the fifth bottle would be used, and the discharge was very profuse, and the discharge was very profuse, and the discharge was very profuse.

COLORED DEMOCRATS.

A prominent merchant of New Orleans says in a New York Star reporter that he has learned that the Republicans of the North have not yet learned, and that it is that it is becoming respectable for a colored man to vote the Democratic ticket in the South. The colored Democrats of Louisiana are the class who own property; men who work steadily; who economize, and are becoming planters themselves in a small way. Every negro who buys a ten-acre farm that day forth has changed his politics, and become a Democrat. From such people the Democratic party has been recruited and largely aided in the elections held in these latter years. Just watch the returns from the Third Congressional District, and note how the black election precincts will here and there poll a large Democratic vote, and in the results from the fact I have mentioned. The negroes begin to see that their interests lie with the white people, and that it is well for them to vote the Democratic ticket in the South. This awakening is making the South prosperous, and the negroes are helping its material life.

During the coming volume The Century is to have an illustrated series of articles on the French Salons of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, including pen portraits of many of the leaders and a detailed account of the organization and composition of several historical salons. A great number of interesting portraits will be given with the series.

SCHOOLS OF PAINTERS.

Valuable Information for Students and Lovers of Art.

From the Edition of Bredow's Tables of Universal History, the following succinct description of the different schools of painting which have flourished is taken. It gives an amount of valuable information in a small compass as can elsewhere be found. Florence School—Style, elevated and bold, seeking rather to be admired than to please; sometimes gigantic; neglects coloring and grace. Roman School—Carries invention and design to the highest perfection by the analytical study of the antique and of nature; heads of the most sublime beauty; coloring and chiaro oscuro less perfect. Venetian School—Faithful imitation of well-chosen subjects of nature, exact coloring, admirable effects. Lombard and Bolognese Schools—Correggio, born in Lombardy, not having founded a permanent school, but having been imitated by the painters of Bologna, these two schools are conjoined. Correggio's distinguished characteristics are a softening and voluptuous (though somewhat affected) grace in the figures and attitudes, and a magic harmony in his coloring. Flemish or Belgian School—This school excels in coloring and in the faithful imitation of nature, but does not always exhibit sufficient nobleness of design; it produces eminent artists in every style; to which Teniers has added his name and his birth in this school; the Academy at Antwerp, the cradle of this school was founded in 1510, but there was a Society of Painters at Antwerp from the year 1442. Dutch School—This school is especially distinguished by an eminent intelligence of the chiaro oscuro, a fine good coloring, and a faithful imitation of nature in the minutest details. The style of precious finishing is carried to the highest pitch in this school. German School—This school having never had a common point of union, bears no general and distinctive character; it produces, in the different styles of painting, great artists to the great masters of Italy and of the Netherlands. English Painters—Formed in general on the masters of the Flemish and Italian schools; excel in portraits and landscapes, are unrivaled in water-colors. French School—The good painters of this school are clear and distinct in their different Italian schools, of which they bear the several characteristics; they are in general more successful in composition and design than in coloring. It is emancipated from the degradation and affected style it assumed after the death of Le Brun by Vien, and became the most numerous and flourishing school of a Christian art in the world.

WIT AND WISDOM.

—It isn't so bad to be disappointed in love as in marriage.

—If a man calls you a fool, don't take him to prove it. He may do it.

—He is truly great that is little in himself, and that makes no account of any help of honor.

—Some men are a dollar's worth of trouble in accomplishing a cent's worth of good.—Athenian Orator.

—Many a man who was expected to set the world on fire only succeeded in getting up a very disagreeable smudge.—Merchant Traveler.

—The human race is divided into two classes—those who go ahead and do things, and those who still and inquire. "Why?" is done, the other way.—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

—All men have their frailties; and whoever looks for a friend without imperfections will never find what he seeks. We love ourselves notwithstanding our faults and we ought to love our friends in like manner.—Cyrus.

—If a man has a quarrelsome temper, let him sleep. The world will soon get him employment. He will soon meet with some stronger than himself, who will repay him better than you can. A man may fight duels all his life if he is disposed to quarrel.—Coell.

—Infinito would not enable you to deny a man, but by ascending a little you may overlook it altogether. So it is with moral improvement; we breathe so freely with a vicious habit which would have no hold upon us if we ascended into a higher moral atmosphere.—A. Helps.

—In the constitution both of our mind and of our body, every thing must go on right, and harmonize itself altogether to make us happy. But should one thing go wrong, that is quite enough to make us miserable; and, although the joys of this world are vain and short, yet its sorrows are real and lasting.

—Lives of singhah ease bring discontent. The more we are socked on the stormy waves on tossed by the winds of adversity, the stronger we grow. Indeed, some natures never develop in the sunshine; like the plant that only blooms at midnight, some souls are matured in beauty only through long hours of darkness.—St. Louis Magazine.

—It is a labor to be labored for because they will be valuable; but the result is valuable merely because it has been labored for. An author finds it hard to throw away sentences that have cost him nights of thoughts and days of labor—even though he sees how the value of his work will be increased by this rejection. The only way is to work for a good result, and not to depend upon a result being good simply because it has been worked for.—S. S. Times.

A Lady in South Carolina Writes: My labor was shorter and less painful than on two former occasions; physicians astonished; I thank you for "Mother's Friend." It is worth its weight in gold. Address The Bradford Reg. Co., Atlanta, Ga., for particulars. Sold by all druggists.

Are You Going to Kansas Missouri, Colorado, California or Any of the Western States? If you should avail yourself of the advantages that are now offered by the Kansas City Route, the only direct route from the South to the West, you will save money by purchasing your tickets via Memphis and the Kansas City Route. Send for large map of this Short Route; mailed free.

J. E. BUCKWOOD, Kansas City, Mo. H. D. ELLIS, Ticket Agent, 31 Madison Street Memphis, Tenn.

THE MARKETS.

Cotton Weekly by Charles McKee & Co. The Greenock, Hopkinton, Va.

Butter—20 to 25. Eggs—12 to 15. Corn—10 to 12. Flour—10 to 12. Sugar—10 to 12. Rice—10 to 12. Beans—10 to 12. Peas—10 to 12. Lentils—10 to 12. Chickens—10 to 12. Turkeys—10 to 12. Poultry—10 to 12. Fish—10 to 12. Game—10 to 12. Furs—10 to 12. Hides—10 to 12. Skins—10 to 12. Wax—10 to 12. Tallow—10 to 12. Soap—10 to 12. Oil—10 to 12. Lard—10 to 12. Butter—10 to 12. Eggs—12 to 15. Corn—10 to 12. Flour—10 to 12. Sugar—10 to 12. Rice—10 to 12. Beans—10 to 12. Peas—10 to 12. Lentils—10 to 12. Chickens—10 to 12. Turkeys—10 to 12. Poultry—10 to 12. Fish—10 to 12. Game—10 to 12. Furs—10 to 12. Hides—10 to 12. Skins—10 to 12. Wax—10 to 12. Tallow—10 to 12. Soap—10 to 12. Oil—10 to 12. Lard—10 to 12. Butter—10 to 12. Eggs—12 to 15. Corn—10 to 12. Flour—10 to 12. Sugar—10 to 12. Rice—10 to 12. Beans—10 to 12. Peas—10 to 12. Lentils—10 to 12. Chickens—10 to 12. Turkeys—10 to 12. Poultry—10 to 12. Fish—10 to 12. Game—10 to 12. Furs—10 to 12. Hides—10 to 12. Skins—10 to 12. Wax—10 to 12. 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