"A new theory has been started with regard to the use of soap on the face. Women who for years have been careful of their complexions would never, under any circumstances, wash the face in soap, as it was said to roughen and coarsen the skin. Now, that Ivory Soap has been invented, this idea is exploded, and a well-known physician in the metropolitan profession recommends his women patients to use it freely every day, lathering the skin well. He states that none but the most beneficial results will be effected by this method of improving the skin.

He holds—with considerable plausibility—that the pores of the face become as much clogged by grease and dirt as the hands or any other portion of the body. And if soap is considered a necessary purifier in the bath, its needs must be felt equally on the face. By an abundant and regular lathering the facial pores, he claims, are kept open, clean, free from the clogging matter that produces unsightly blackheads, acne, pimples, and a pure, healthy, fresh and brighter complexion is the resultant. Not mincing matters, he says that the trouble with most women who have sallow, pasty skins is, that from year's end to year's end they never have a really clean face."

—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.


**Hopkinsville Kentuckian.**

18 AND 20 NINTH STREET,

HOPKINSVILLE, - - KENTUCKY

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch one time, $1.00; one week, $1.50; six months, $5 00; twelve months 15.00.
One columnoe time, $12.00; one week, $18.00; six months, $36.00; twelve months, $150.00.


## TALE OF A TOURIST.

**How a Weary Wanderer Was Insulted by an Inexperienced Housewife.**

"Have you any thing to give a poor man, mum?"

The voice was that of a wan, haggard and dilapidated mendicant. Hat in hand, with bowed head and humble mien he stood in the presence of the young housewife. The wind blew through his scanty, unkempt hair, and his toes looked mournfully out through the embrasures in his shoes in a weird, grewsome way that would have drawn a sigh of sympathy from a wax figure of Jesse James or melted the heart of a bridge-tender.

"Have you walked far this morning?" she asked.

"Yes, mum," replied the jaded pilgrim. "I have hoofed it for about ten or 'leven mile."

"Are you hungry?"

"Powerful gant in the stomach like."

The tenderhearted young woman meditated a few moments.

"I have nothing but a soup-bone and some cold tripe to offer you," she said, "but you are welcome to them."

The tourist shook his head sadly.

"'Bliged to you, mum," he responded in a hollow voice, "but I am a vegetarian. Hain't got no ham and eggs, I reckon?"

"I am sorry to say I have not. But stay!" she exclaimed, as the forlorn applicant for charity turned to go. "Wouldn't you like something in the way of clothing, my poor man?"

"Yes'm," he replied, gratefully. "If you've got any old clothes about the house I'd be glad to get 'em."

With a light step and a heart full of happiness at the prospect of being able to do good to a suffering fellow-creature she left him and returned presently with a small bundle.

"Here is a garment I heard my husband say he should not wear again," said the young wife. "It is perfectly clean and just as good as new."

"May I ask what it is, mum?"

"It is a flannel shirt."

"Been washed?"

"O, certainly—three or four times."

The battered tramp jammed his hat on his head and went slowly down the steps.

"Madam," he said, with a hopeless, just-as-I-expected intonation in his rich, Southwestern Missouri voice, "that is the two hundred and sixty-fourth flannel shirt that's been stuck at me since I left East St. Louis, and I've got a pocket full of 'em."

And as the hot sun came out from from behind a cloud and beamed down pitilessly on the dusty highway the weary wanderer took from his bundle a jagged hunk of tobacco, looked at it in a hesitating and uncertain way, put it is his pocket and started across the street in the direction of a house from which there seemed to emanate, as it were, a suggestion of fried pork.—Chicago Tribune.

—A Washington treasury official says that a forger has half his work done when he can get hold of the identical pen with which the owner of the signature habitually writes.

Miss Larkins was bilious and feeble and sick,
And it seemed as if nothing would ever relieve her.
Her liver was clogged with impurities thick,
And her stomach was constantly burning with fever.
Of the great G. M. D. she bought a supply
And directions for taking pursued to the letter,
'Twas the best thing on earth she could possibly try,
And soon, very soon, Miss Larkin was better.

The G. M. D. which she took was Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great remedy for bronchial, throat and lung diseases, sick headache, scrofula, dyspepsia, and all diseases that have origin in impure blood and a disordered liver.

The cleansing, antiseptic and healing qualities of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy are unequaled.

## SQUEAKING SHOES.

**What Has Been Considered an Annoyance Proves to be Music.**

Squeak, squeak, squeak. What a disagreeable thing is a squeaking shoe! I went to a shoemaker to-day and asked him what made shoes squeak. He told me that in walking the two surfaces of leather and shoe-sole slipped backward and forward on each other, and the friction causes the squeak. This is proved, he said, in two ways. This squeaking is not heard if the sole of the shoe is perfectly flat, and the more curved it is the more squeaking there is. Then, if you take a squeaking shoe, and drive a number of pegs or tacks all over the sole, so that the two thicknesses of leather can't slip on each other, the squeaking ceases. One way of preventing the squeaking is to insert tarred or felt paper between the leather surfaces. Another, which has not been tried, is the sprinkling of powdered rosin on the surfaces before they are sewed or pegged together. It is singular how this runs into the subject of music. The squeaking of shoes is a musical sound. The peculiarity of it is that it is so high-pitched, and the high pitch is the effect of the rapidity of the vibrations produced. These rapid vibrations are produced only by slick surfaces. If you increase the friction, the vibrations become slower and the sound becomes duller, or ceases altogether. This is the philosophy of the tarred paper or the rosin. These suggestions are published for the benefit of undertakers and church ushers, who, as they should always move around noiselessly, always take care to have loud-squeaking shoes. This passion also reaches some young ladies. The shoemakers tell me that some young ladies have a piece of goose-quill inserted in the soles of their shoes, so as to produce a squeak.—Chicago Journal.


**Drunkenness---Liquor Habit---In all the World There is but One Cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.**

It can be taken in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.


**Painful Boils.**

About three years ago I was troubled with poison in my blood, very irritating and painful boils breaking out all over my body. For two years I suffered with them, trying all sorts of remedies, and doctors' prescriptions without avail. Becoming disgusted with doctors, and medicines I had used up to this time, I concluded to try S. S. S. and the result was far beyond my expectations. A few bottles left me in better health than I had been since childhood, I consider S. S. S. the only medicine that will thoroughly purify poisoned blood.

T. K. MAYFIELD, Horse Cave, Ky.

**A Vlauable Tonic.**

I have used Swit's Specific (S. S. S) with good results. As a tonic, it is valuable; as a blood purifier, it is reliable. REV J. H. JEFFERSON, Winton, N. C.

**Keep it as a Family Medicine.**

Mr J. J. Bradley, writes from Harrison, Ga., under date of September 22, 1889. Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has been freely used by my family with the best and happiest results. A half dozen bottles entirely relieved my sister of a severe case of scrofula. My wife has frequently found her blood purified and her health improved by S. S. S. I also had a scrofulous affection that has been entirely cured by taking a few bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S S)

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

## HOTEL DEAD-BEATS.

**A Night Clerk Gives Away One of Their Clever Little Tricks.**

There are some people who certainly take hotel clerks to be fools of the first water, judging from the badly-concealed tricks they play in attempting to "dead-beat" a hotel. The other night at a late hour a dapper-looking young drummer, wearing a bright-colored woolen shirt, flashy tie and shoes of yellow leather, and carrying what is the latest craze among dudes, I believe—a crab-apple cane—walked briskly up to the hotel counter and registered his name for a room for the night, paying the money down. He met another young man in the rotunda, but I noticed that they never recognized each other, and were apparently strangers. But, from sizing them up, I concluded that they were chums, and were trying to "work" me. The young fellow who registered went up in the elevator. Just as he was starting across the rotunda to enter the elevator the other young man walked across to the stairway and up the steps to the first floor, as if he had already engaged a room and was going up to retire. When the elevator boy came down I asked him if the elevator was stopped on the way up. He replied that it was, and that a young man came in on the first floor and spoke to the young drummer very cordially, and that they were apparently old friends, and both had gone to the same room. After closer inspection I found that the two young men had retired together, and by looking at the register at that late hour in the morning I happened to know who were out, and who in. I knew, then, that the young drummer and his friend were pretending to be strangers before me in order that one of them only would pay for a night's lodging. They banked on working their scheme this way: The young drummer came in in a hurry, paid for his room and started up in the elevator to retire, as many people naturally do at that late hour. His friend argued, no doubt, that I being the night clerk, would think that he was a guest who had come in and engaged a room during the day, and he was walking up to his room, not having noticed the elevator then starting up. He hurries around and stops the elevator and both the young frauds then retire. The next day the young drummer and his friend, of course, would come down late, after I am off watch, thinking that the day clerks would know nothing of their dead-beat game. But they were beautifully fooled.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## A REMARKABLE TRICK.

**How a Stranger Robbed the Frequenters of a Southern Race Track.**

"I never hear any horse talk," said the judge, with a retrospective stroke of his flowing gray whiskers, "without thinking of a race I once witnessed at Yazoo City, Miss., nearly twenty years ago. A man who owned a beautiful sorrel gelding had matched it against a fine brown horse owned by a stranger, a breeder from some neighboring State. Very few people had bet on the brown excepting his owner, and the consequence was that every one who went out to see the race—which was for a stake of $1,000—had a direct financial interest in the sorrel's success. I was chosen one of the three judges, and we were determined that the fairest of fair play should be had. The race was to be run in mile heats, best two in three. Well, the horses came out on the track, and the excitement ran high. The animals' owners were their jockeys, and both rode well. The first heat was a great race, but the sorrel got a little the best of it. There was the usual wait, during which the owner of the brown horse took occasion to make a few more bets, of course securing long odds. Then came the second heat, and the sorrel, which plainly showed the effects of the first heat, was beaten by a neck. The third heat was an easy victory for the brown, the sorrel being badly played out with his two previous efforts. We duly gave our decision for the brown horse, and the stranger scooped in the stakes and some thing like five thousand dollars in bets. Every body in town was mad clear through, but when the truth came out, the word fury ill describes the condition of the public temper. It transpired that the stranger owned *two* brown horses, so like each other that they might have been twins. Neither one of them was as good an animal as the sorrel, but he had raced with them alternately, bringing the fresh horse on for the second heat, and the first one, well rested, for the third. Of course, he had an easy thing of it, and not one of amateur judges was smart enough to detect the trick. His stable boy was the only sharer of his confidence, and I suppose he was well rewarded. The stranger was smart enough to jump the town, horses and all, by the first train after the race, or he would have been lynched. As it was, the judges came near being mobbed."—Chicago Journal.

## RECOVERY OF VALUABLES.

**Some Remarkable Instances of Fortunes Lost and Found.**

The paymaster of a large railroad company having its headquarters in Boston went out on one occasion with $30,000 to pay off its employes. The money was carried under his arm, wrapped up in an old newspaper. He stopped at a little wayside eating-house for dinner, and on going away, in a fit of absent-mindedness, left the money lying on a chair. He had not gone many miles from the place before he missed it, and his dismay on discovering its loss can well be imagined. Almost despairing of recovering the package left in so public a place, he hurried back, and, with trembling voice, asked the woman in charge if she had seen the parcel. "There's a bit of paper on the chair beyant," said she, "perhaps that's it," which it proved to be, and the gentleman returned a happier and wiser man.

Another man in the same city lost a roll of bills amounting to $10,000, which, also, was wrapped up in a newspaper. He told a friend of his loss, and the friend made him describe all the ground he had been over since he had the money. The last place mentioned was the post-office. The night was wet overhead and slushy under foot. They visited the post-office, and, going to the spot where the man had been standing, they found two or three torn bits of newspaper. It was the same. They looked further, and at inst found the lost treasure. It had been kicked in turn by every one who came into the office, and when found was untied and completely soaked with water. It was all there, however, and the friends returned to their hotel and spent several hours in cleaning and drying it. The gentleman was so grateful for the sensible advice which had saved him from serious loss that he took out his friend and bought him the handsomest gold watch-chain that he could find in the city.

A still more remarkable incident is related of the finding of $130,000, lost by M. Pages in the Northern railway station in Paris some ten years ago. As one Ezelot, a French soldier, was walking with two comrades through the station they noticed on the floor a small package wrapped in a newspaper. They kicked it along before them for some distance, and when Ezelot was getting into the train, going home on short leave, one of his comrades, picking up the package, thrust it into the canvas forage bag slung at his side, Ezelot going on his way without having perceived the little pleasantry. Arriving at Neuilly, where his parents lived, Ezelot's mother, emptying the forage bag, discovered the bundle, but thinking it a roll of old newspapers put it on a table in the kitchen. There it remained for four or five days, till a married sister, calling in and seeing the package, was moved by an unwonted curiosity. Opening it she discovered documents representing the £26,000, the loss of which M. Pages had advertised throughout Europe. The soldier and his parents, however, had not seen the advertisement, and not knowing what else to do, had recourse to the maire. That functionary communicating with Paris speedily brought down M. Pages, who, gladly paying the promised reward of £1,000, went off with his oddly recovered treasure. It would be an interesting supplement to the narrative if we could have a record of the feelings of the soldier who thrust this unexpected good fortune upon Ezleot when he heard the sequel to his little joke.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## EARLY IMPRESSIONS.

***First Teachings Go Deeper Into the Feelings Than Later Instruction.***

The permanence of early impressions is an old and well-worn theme, but one the parent and the teacher who would secure the most salutary results from their instruction must never forget or neglect. First teachings go deep into the feelings; the material is then plastic; the slightest trace leaves its record, and time, instead of erasing, hardens it to rock.

In one of the early Indian raids in New England, a boy was captured and retained by the savages for some years. He grew up in the customs of the red man. After his return to his old home, he made a profession of religion, and studied for the ministry. In the opening of the revolution he was preaching near one of our battlefields. As the fight waxed hot, he was seen to leave his home, and advance toward the scene of engagement. On his return, he was met by one of the members of his church, who at once discovered something peculiar in his manner. "Are you sick?" was the natural inquiry. "No." "Are you wounded?" he continued. "No, not wounded." Just then the preacher's coat became unbuttoned, and there fell to the ground three or four fresh scalps. "I could not help it," he exclaimed, as he threw up his arms and fled. The savage instinct revived at the sight of blood, and instantly broke through the thin crust of later instruction. That early instruction took him back to the forest where he after remained.—Our Young People.

—A Hindoo has reduced laziness to a fine art. He says: "It is better to walk than to run, better to stand than to walk, better to sit than to stand, and better to lie down than to sit."—Texas Siftings.

—According to current report, a great many Oklahomeless people are sorry they left good homes.

**She Was Proud of Him.**

"Are you interested in athletics?" asked Miss Twillick of a young traveling man who had been paying some attention.

"I didn't care much about those matters until recently."

"But you are exercising now?"

"I should say so. I can jump a ten-foot fence at one bound and outrun any bow-legged dog that ever infested a door-yard."

"And to think," she murmured fondly, "that it is to my father that you owe all this."—Merchant Traveler.

—Before a tailor can collect his bills he has to sew for them.

**A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.**

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and got better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottle of this wonderful Discovery Free at H. B. Garner's Pharmacy.

**Eupepsy.**

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle by H. B. Garner Druggist.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. B. Garner


TO ADVERTISERS

A list of 1000 newspapers divided into STATES AND SECTIONS will be sent on application—FREE.

To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List

GEO P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau.
10 Spruce street, New York.

**Common Sense**

In the treatment of slight ailments would save a vast amount of sickness and misery. One of Ayer's Pills, taken after dinner, will assist Digestion; taken at night, will relieve Constipation; taken at any time, will correct irregularities of the Stomach and Bowels, stimulate the Liver, and cure Sick Headache. Ayer's Pills, as all know who use them, are a mild cathartic, pleasant to take, and always prompt and satisfactory in their results.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a

**Cathartic**

for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"Ayer's Pills have been in use in my family upwards of twenty years, and have completely verified all that is claimed for them."—Thomas F. Adams, San Diego, Texas.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for seven or eight years. Whenever I have an attack of headache, to which I am very subject, I take a dose of Ayer's Pills and am always promptly relieved. I find them equally beneficial in colds; and, in my family, they are used for bilious complaints and other disturbances with such good effect that we rarely, if ever, have to call a physician."—H. Vouillemé, Hotel Vouillemé, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

**Ayer's Pills,**

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.


## THE MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by Charles McKee & Co. The Grocers, Hopkinsville, Ky.

PROVISIONS.

Butter—30 to 35c.
Eggs—15c½.
Poultry—$2 50; chickens, $1 50 to 2 25.
Bacon—Sides, 10c.
Hams—Country, 12 to 13½c; sugar cured, 13 to 15c.
Shoulders—8c.
Jowls—
Lard—Refined, 10c; extra choice leaf, 11c.
Cheese—11 to 20c.
Flour—Patent, $4 50; standard, $4 00.
Meal—75c per bushel.
Dried Beef—By piece, 15c; chipped, 20c.

GROCERIES.

Sugars—Granulated, 10c; N. O., 8c; dark brown, 6½c.
Teas—Black, 50c to $1 00; Green, 50c to $100.
Coffees—Green Rio, 25 to 30c; Golden Rio, 30c; O. G. Java, 30 to 35c; roasted, 35 to 40c; ground, 30 to 35c.
Baking Powders—25 to 50c.
Molasses—N. O., 60 to 75c; heavy, 40 to 50c.

CANNED GOODS.

Tomatoes—2lb cans, $1 00 per doz; 3lb cans, $1 35 per doz.
Corn—2lb cans, $1 00 to 1 50 per doz.
Oysters—1lb cans, $1 00 to 1 20; 2lb cans, $1 65 to 1 90.
Peas—2lb cans, $1 20 to 2 00; French, $3 00 per doz.
Beans—String, 2lb cans, $1 per doz; stringless, $1 75 per doz; gold wax, 2lb cans, $2 00 per doz.
Blackberries—2lb cans, $1 25 per doz.
Strawberries—2lb cans, $2 00 to 2 50 per doz
Raspberries (B)—2lb cans, $1 75 per doz.
Sardines—American, 75c per doz; French, 16½ to 20c per can; smoked, 20c per can

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

Apples—10 cents per bu; dried, 4 to 5c per pound; evaporated, 12½c per pound.
Oranges—25 to 50c per doz.
Potatoes—Irish, 50c for choice sound goods; sweet, 75c for choice sound goods.
Onions—$1 25 per bu.
Cabbage—New, 10 to 20cts.
Turnips—
Beans—White navy, 40c per gal.
Peas—Split, 40c per gal; green English, 40c per gal; black eyed, 40c per gal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coal Oil—20c per gal.
Starch—4 to 10c per pound.
Soap—$2 50 to $ 00 per box.
Nails—$2 75.
Clover Seed—

LOUISVILLE MARKET

FLOUR, MEAL AND MILLSTUFF.

FLOUR—Round lots sell as follows: Choice patents, $5 25@5 50; plain patents, $5 00@5 25, choice; $4 75@5 00; plain fancy, $4.50; No. 1, $4.00@4 25; extra family, $3.50@3.75; buckwheat, $6 25@6 50 for Eastern; $5.50@5.75 for Western.
CORNMEAL—Bolted, 95 ℔ 100 ℔; kiln-dried $3.00.
MILL FEED—We quote on arrival; Bran, $12.00 shorts, $13.50; shipstuffs, $14.

GRAIN AND HAY.

WHEAT—We quote No. 2 wheat to arrive; 63 for red.
CORN—No. 2 mixed, to arrive, 37c; white, 41; ear corn, 35 40c.
OATS—No. 2 new oats, 25½@26c;
RYE—No. 2 rye, 50
HAY—Fancy timothy, $13.00@14 choice, $12.50 low grades, $8@10
STRAW—$6.00 ton.

PROVISIONS.

BACON—Clear ribsides, 6¾c.clear sides, 7½c; shoulders, 7½c.
BULK MEATS—Clear rib sides, 6½c;
SUGAR-CURED MEATS—Hams, 11½@12½c for large to small average; shoulders 7c; breakfast bacon 10.
LARD—Choice leaf, 8½; in kegs and buckets, 10c.

GROCERIES.

COFFEE—Rio, ordinary, 17½@18c; prime, 18½ choice, 19½@20c; fancy, 20c; peaberry, 21c; golden Rio, 19½@19½; Java 32@33c; Mocha, 27@28. Laguayra, 19½; Arbuckle's Arioza, 21½c.
MOLASSES—Corn syrup, 24c; sugar syrup, 22@ 25c. New Orleans molasses, good, 35@40c.
RICE—5½@6½c for good to prime.
SUGAR—Granulated, 9½@9¾; confectioners' A, 9¼c; C, 8¾@9c; powdered, 10c; cut-loaf, 10c New Orleans sugars, 6½c.
CANDLES—Star, Nos. 4 ℔ 7, 9½@10c ℔ lb.
STARCH—3½@3½c lb.
SOAP—German, $1.80 ℔ box of 60 lbs for common, $2.50 for best; Ivory, $4@6.75 for 75-lb boxes.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Choice country, 20@24c ℔ lb; low grades, 7@12c; dairy, 15@18c; Elgin creamery, 30c; oleomargarine, 15c.
CHEESE—Fancy full cream cheddar, 11½@ 12c; twins, 12c; Young Americas, 12c prime Ohio factory, 10@11c; skim cheese, 7@8c.
POULTRY—Hens, $3 25 ℔ dozen; ducks, live, $2.50@4 ℔ dozen; young spring chickens, $1.50 2 25 dozen
EGGS—We quote at 8½c ℔ dozen.
TALLOW—4c ℔ lb.
BEESWAX—30c ℔ lb.
BROOM-CORN—2@3c for common to good.


FITS STOPPED FREE
Insane Persons Restored. DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
For all Fits & Nerve Diseases. Only sure cure. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they pay express charges on box when received. Send name, P. O. and express address of sufferer to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

—TO THE—
SOUTH
—IS VIA—
MEMPHIS TENN.
—AND—
Illinois Central Raiload.
The Popular and Preferred Route
—BETWEEN—
Memphis & New Orleans, La
Splendid Equipment!
Magnificent Coaches!
Pullman Buffett Sleepers!
Trains Always on time,
Through Pullman Buffett Sleepers
VIA THIS ROUTE
KANSAS CITY TO NEW ORLEANS.
61 MILES
The Shortest Route,
MEMPHIS TO
New Orleans.
Only one change of cars for Jacksonville, Fla. And that at New Orleans in Daylight.
Round trip tickets are on sale at all important points, reading via Memphis, Tenn. and and the Illinois Central R. R.
Be sure that your Tickets read over Illinois Central R. R., and thus secure the benefit of Through Sleepers.
For any futher information, communicate with nearest Railroad Agent, or
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## TABLE FOR TRAINS

**L. & N Railroad.**

DEPART SOUTH—4:20 am 3:00 A. M.; 3:10 P. M.
DEPART NORTH—9:52 am— A. M.; 10:37 P. M.
ARRIVE FROM SOUTH—9:55 A. M.; 8:15, 10:30 P. M.
ARRIVE FROM NORTH—4:05 A. M.;—, 3:10 P. M.

W. W. Alexander, Agent, Hopkinsville, Ky

POST OFFICE—East Ninth Street, bet. Main and Virginia Street.
Open for letters, stamps—7 A. M. to 5 P. M.
" " money orders—9 A. M. to 4 P. M.
" " delivery, Sundays—5 to 6 P. M.

SOUTHERN EXPRESS OFFICE,
Seventh St. near Main.
Open 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

TELEGRAPH OFFICES.

WESTERN UNION—Upstairs corner Main and 8th streets. Mrs. Randle and Miss Park, operators.

**C. & P. DIVISION L. & N.**

SOUTH BOUND.—Mail and Express No. 1. Leave Princeton 7:10 a. m.; arrive at Gracey 8:11, at Princeton Junction, 3.5 miles from Clarksville, at 9:37 a. m.

Mixed train (daily except Sunday). Leave Princeton at 2 p. m., arrive at Princeton Junction at 6:00.

NORTH BOUND—Mail and Express No. 2. Leave Princeton Junction at 4:38 a. m.; arrive at Gracey at 5:36 and at Princeton at 7 p. m.

Mixed train (daily except Sunday). Leave Princeton Junction at 7:35 a. m., arrive at Princeton at 11:15 a m

Distance from Princeton Junction to Princeton, 56 miles.

**For Louisville, Chesapeake & Ohio Route.**

| | No 8. |
|---|---|
| Lv. Hopkinsville, L. & N., | 9:00 A. M. |
| Arr. Nortonville, " | 10:37 A. M. |
| Lv. Nortonville, C & O., | 7:37 P. M.; 7:47 A. M. |
| Arr. Louisville, " | 1:30 A. M.; 8:15 P. M. |

Connections at Louisville for all points East, and for the Virginias and the Southeast.

| | No. 7. | No. 1. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Hopkinsville, L. & N., | 10:00 P. M. | 9:55 A. M. |
| Arr. Nortonville, C. & O., | 10:35 P. M. | 10:37 A. M. |
| Lv. Nortonville, C. & O., | 7:45 P. M. | 2:45 P. M. |
| Arr. Paducah, | 8:30 A. M. | 4:50 P. M. |
| Arr. Fulton, Ill Cen. R. R. | 10:30 A. M. | 7:50 P. M. |
| Arr. Rives M. & O. R. R. | 11:00 A. M. | P. M. |
| Arr. Memphis, | 3:35 P. M. | 1:15 A. M. |
| Lv. Memphis, | 6:30 P. M. | 9:00 A. M. |
| Arr. Vicksburg, | 12:00 A. M. | 5:35 P. M. |
| Arr. Baton Rouge, | 3:35 A. M. | 8:9 A. M. |
| Arr. New Orleans, | 9:15 A. M. | 9:00 A. M. |

No. 7 has Pullman Buffett Sleeping Cars to Vicksburg and New Orleans without change. Connects for all points in Texas, Arizona and California. No. 1 has Combination Parlor, Reclining Chairs, and Sleeping Cars to Memphis.

**O. V. TIME TABLE.**

Takes effect August 11, 1889.

TRAINS SOUTH:

| | No. 1. | No. 3. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Evansville | 10:05 a m | 3:30 p m |
| Ar Henderson | 10:43 a m | 4:24 p m |
| Ar Corydon | 11:19 a m | 4:50 p m |
| Ar Morgantield | 11:44 a m | 5:25 p m |
| Ar DeKoven | 12:20 p m | 6:00 p m |
| Ar Sturgis | 12:24 p m | 7:05 p m |
| Ar Marion | 1:21 p m | 7:55 p m |
| Ar Princeton | 2:20 p m | 9:00 p m |

TRAINS NORTH:

| | No. 2. | No. 4. |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Princeton | 4:05 a m | 9:50 p m |
| Ar Marion | 5:00 a m | 10:50 p m |
| Ar Sturgis | 6:00 a m | 4:37 p m |
| Ar DeKoven | 6:12 a m | 4:48 p m |
| Ar Morgantield | 6:50 a m | 5:25 p m |
| Ar Corydon | 6:10 a m | 6:37 p m |
| Ar Henderson | 8:55 a m | 6:33 p m |
| Ar Evansville | 9:20 a m | 7:10 p m |

Trains leave Morgantield for Uniontown at 6:40 a m, 3:25 p m, 10:55 a m.

Trains leave Uniontown for Morgantield at 7:15 a m, 12:10 p m, 4:40.

Trains Nos. 1 and 4 run daily, all other trains daily except Sunday.

Passengers leaving Chicago at 11:30 p m arrive at Terre Haute at 6:00 a m, Evansville at 10:55 a m, making close connection with the Ohio Valley train No. 1 at 10:55 a m, arriving at Henderson at 10:48 a m, Princeton at 2:20 p m, where connection is made with C. O. & S. W. train at 3:20 p m arriving at Paducah at 4:10 p m, and at Memphis at 10:30 p m.

C. O. & S. W. train No. 3 leaving Memphis at 6:45 a m, arriving at Paducah at 12:45 p m, Princeton at 3:30 p m, makes close connection with Ohio Valley train No. 4 at 4:50 p m, arriving at Henderson at 5:22 p m, Evansville at 7:10 p m, where close connection is made with Chicago Express on E. & T. H. R. R. at 7:10 p. m. arriving at Terre Haute at 1:20 p m, and at Chicago at 7:00 a m.

The above trains afford the travelling public the quickest and most direct route between Chicago, Terre Haute, Indianapolis, Evansville, Henderson, Paducah, Memphis Little Rock, Hot Springs, Vicksburg, New Orleans and all intermediate points.

W. W. HESMAN, Gen. Supt. A. E SHRADER, G. P. & T. A.


NEWPORT NEWS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY Co
THE LOUISVILLE AND MEMPHIS LINE
WESTERN DIVISION

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SOLID TRAINS
BETWEEN
LOUISVILLE AND MEMPHIS
With PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CARS from and to
Louisville, Memphis, Vicksburg, And New Orleans, Via Memphis.

The line is thoroughly equipped, and in first-class condition, and provides between Louisville and Memphis a DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE WITH PARLOR CARS on Day Trains and offers an excellent arrangement of time and through cars.

A feature is the time and advantages secured by the limited express trains: The "limited" leaving Louisville at 8:15 p m., daily, arrives Memphis at 9:35 a. m.; and the "limited" leaving Memphis at 5:00 p. m., daily arrives Louisville at 7:00 a. m—only a night's ride, and gives an entire day for business or pleasure in either city with only one day's absence.

The preferred route to points in West Tennessee, Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana and the South and South-west.

The best and quickest route to points in Eastern Kentucky, Virginia, Ohio and the East. Connections at Louisville and Cincinnati are made in Union depots and omnibus transfers avoided.

[Trains Leave Nortonville.]

WESTWARD.

No. 1—Mail and Express, daily.....1:22 P. M
No. 7—Limited Express, daily.....1:37 A. M
No. 11—Way freight.....10:30 A. M

EASTWARD.

No. 2—Mail and Express, daily.....8:18 P. M.
No. 8—Limited Express, daily.....1:37 A. M.
No. 12—Way freight.....3:25 P. M.

Tickets, Time-Tables and all desired information secured by applying to
A. R. KEVIL, Agent, Nortonville or
W. H. PROUTY, Gen'l Pass. Agent, LOUISVILLE, KY.

L. & N. R. R.
—THE GREAT—
Through Trunk Line
Between the cities of
Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville Evansville, St. Louis,
And the cities of
Nashville, Memphis, Montgomery, Mobile, and New Orleans,
WITHOUT CHANGE!
AND SPEED UNRIVALED.
SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE
From St. Louis, Evansville and Henderson to the
SOUTHEAST & SOUTH.
Through Coaches
From above cities to Nashville and Chattanooga, making direct connection with
PULLMAN PALACE CARS
For Atlanta, Savannah, Macon, Jacksonville and Points in Florida.
Connections are make at Guthrie and Nashville for all points
North, East, South and West,
In Pullman Palace Cars.
EMIGRANTS Seeking homes on the line of this road will receive special low rates. See agents of this company for rates, routes, &c., or write to
C. P. ATMORE, G. P. & T. A., Louisville, Ky.

CAUTION W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price are stamped on the bottom of all Shoes advertised by him before leaving his factory this protects the wearers against HIGH PRICES and INFERIOR goods. If your dealer does not keep the style or kind you want or offers you shoes without W. L. DOUGLAS' name and price stamped on them, and says they are just as good, do not be deceived thereby, but send direct to the Factory for you can get what you want by return mail, postage paid. Dealers make more profit on shoes that are not warranted by anybody; therefore do not be induced to buy shoes that have no reputation. But only those that have W. L. Douglas' name and the price stamped on the bottom, and you are sure to get full value for your money. Thousands of dollars are saved annually in this country by the wearers of W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES. In ordering by mail state whether you want Congress, Button or Lace, London cap toe, plain French toe, or narrow cap toe, and be sure to give size and width you wear. I can fit any foot that is not deformed, as my shoes are made in a great variety of widths, sizes and half sizes. I guarantee a fit, prompt delivery and perfect satisfaction or money refunded upon return of the shoes in good condition.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS' $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Is a fine seamless calf shoe, with Dongola tops and Oak Leather Bottoms. They are made in Congress, Button and Lace on London Cap Toe, and Narrow Cap Toe, and Plain French Toe Lasts, in sizes from 5 to 11, including half sizes and in all widths. If you have been paying from $5 to $6 for shoes of this quality do not do so longer. One pair will wear as long as two pairs of common shoes sold by dealers that are not warranted by the manufacturer.

Our claims for this shoe over all other $3 shoes advertised, are:
1st. It contains better material.
2d. It is more stylish, better fitting and durable.
3d It gives better general satisfaction.
4th. It costs more money to make.
5th. It saves more money for the consumer.
6th. It is sold by more dealers throughout the U. S.
7th. Its great success is due to merit.
8th. It cannot be duplicated by any other manufacturer.
9th. It is the best in the world and has a larger demand than any other $3 shoe advertised.

$5,000 will be paid to any person who will prove the above statement to be untrue.

The following Lines will be found to be of the same quality of excellence.

$5.00 SHOE GENUINE HAND-SEWED, which takes the place of custom-made shoes that cost from $7 to $9.
$4.00 SHOE THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY HAND-SEWED WELT $4 SHOE. Equals custom made shoes costing from $6 to $8.
$3.50 SHOE FOR POLICEMEN, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them. Smooth inside as a Hand-Sewed Shoe. No Tacks or Wax or Wax Thread to hurt the feet.
$2.00 SHOE IS UNEXCELLED FOR HEAVY WEAR. Best Calf Shoe for the price.
$2.25 SHOE WORKINGMAN'S. Is the best in the world for rough wear; one pair ought to wear a man a year.
$2.00 SHOE IS EQUAL TO SHOES THAT COST FROM $3 TO $3.50. One pair will wear longer than any shoe ever sold at the price.
$2.00 SHOE FOR BOYS is the best School Shoe in the world.
$1.75 SHOE YOUTH'S SCHOOL, gives the small Boys a chance to wear the best shoes in the world.

All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS' $3 AND $2 SHOES FOR