

**Hopkinsville Kentuckian.**

Published Every Other Day  
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY  
MORNINGS BY  
CHAS. M. MEACHAM

Entered at the Hopkinsville Post-office as Second Class Mail Matter.

Established as Hopkinsville Conservative in 1866. Succeeded by Hopkinsville Democrat 1876. Published at the South Kentuckian 1879 to 1889.

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**

ONE YEAR .....\$2.00  
SIX MONTHS..... 1.00  
THREE MONTHS..... .50  
SINGLE COPIES..... 5c

Advertising Rates on Application  
#12 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

**WATCH THE DATE**—After your name, renew promptly, and not miss a number. The postal regulations require subscriptions to be paid in advance.

William J. Bryan agrees with President Wilson that we don't need a Minister of Munitions.

The British casualty list for the week ending Feb. 4 was 5,300 dead, wounded or missing.

Wilhelm Dittmann, the radical Socialist deputy, has been sentenced to five years imprisonment, in Berlin on the charge of treason in inciting the strike.

The war department intimates that March is to succeed Bliss. It can't be true. March will succeed the three most unhappy months in the memory of man.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels has appointed Richard J. Davis, of Boston, a Christian scientist, as a chaplain in the navy. He has been commissioned with the rank of lieutenant.

The Americans have at last been put in charge of a section of the Western battle front, the Lorraine end, a part of the line being on German territory. American troops have already invaded Germany and in due time will reach Berlin.

Congressman La Guardia, who is in Italy, ran into a big gathering at Milan Sunday and was prevailed upon to make a war speech. He created wild enthusiasm when he declared that "the United States entered the war to finish it."

Mr. Frederick A. Wallis, a Hopkinsville boy who has more than made good in New York, one of the best known insurance men in the country, has been appointed third deputy police commissioner of New York City.

The Halifax probe has placed the blame for the collision of two ships in the Halifax harbor Dec. 6, on Pilot McKaye and Captain Lamodee, of the French ship, Mont Blanc. Both have been arrested charged with manslaughter.

The Kaiser's way of breaking a strike at least has its merits. One of his Generals issued a proclamation intimating that all strikers who did not return to work would be court-martialed and liable to execution within 24 hours. Most of them went back to work.

The last increment of the men selected in the first draft will be called Feb. 23 and the movement will be continued five days. In Kentucky 4,000 men are awaiting call. In Christian county 39 are needed to complete the quota and there were left over last fall 91 colored and 11 white men on the qualified list. The new classifications will make some changes.

A London special says: "It is not generally known that Jap cruisers escorted the whole of our Australian and New Zealand contingents as far as Aden, without the loss of a single man, at a time when the Indian ocean was raided by enemy warships. Her fleet is now taking charge of the trade routes all over the East from Aden to Vancouver, thus enabling us to have food brought here from India and Australia. On the outbreak of war Japan mobilized all her factories, which are now working day and night to supply those goods which we formerly got from Germany and Austria, chemicals, dyestuffs, zinc, glass-paper and cloth, as well as small manufactures, are coming to England as fast as she can send them.

**COWARD ATONED FOR MISTAKE**

**Frightened Air Fighter Fled Leaving Comrade but Returned to Battle and His Death.**

Just how high-spirited the allied aviator is can only be guessed from the stories of his daily life that come back to the civilian world.

Laurance La Tourette Driggs, who has collected the hero tales of the air scouts on the western front, says in a recent issue of the Outlook: "If medals and military crosses were consistently awarded, every airman would of necessity be almost daily decorated. His opportunities are always thick upon him. Embracing death is easy to the airman, compared to the pain of confessing a shameful act to his fellows. That kind of torture eventually drives the remorseful pilot to deliberate suicide.

"The story of one such episode is well-known to the older members of our corps. One poor frightened lad who fled in terror and left a fellow scout alone to fight his way clear of an overwhelming force returned headlong into the combat a few minutes later and hurled his machine deliberately into the nearest enemy airplane. Both machines fell together, their wings broken and both engines blazing with fierce flames. By common consent the enemy air fighters withdrew from the field—all knowing too well the cause of this terrible sacrifice. Impelled by that noble chivalry of the air service they paid tribute to this desperate act of atonement."

**PAID HIGH PRICES THEN, TOO**

**During Civil War Coffee Was Four Times Present Price, Groceries More Than Double.**

Some one has dug up an invoice of a bill of goods sold by a firm of wholesale grocers of Keokuk, Ia., in June, 1862, says the Philadelphia Record, which shows that sugar was \$58 a barrel and rice \$38, while tea sold at \$101 for a 25-pound chest. Coffee was four times the present price, and the same bill of groceries which then brought \$644.14 could be purchased today for \$291.61.

Those were the days of the Civil war, which accounts for the soaring prices. Nowadays when people kick over paying 9 or 10 cents a pound for sugar and moderate sums for tea and coffee, they may find some consolation in knowing that their grandparents were in much worse plight. Compared with most of the world, the United States is standing the stress and strain of the present war with comparatively little discomfort.

**AFTERNOON TEA.**

What is "afternoon tea?" In the food controller's regulations, says the London Chronicle, no provision is made for a supply of sugar for teas in the afternoon in factories and business houses, and the Midland food commissioner has asked for an official ruling on the point. Lord Rhondda replies that employees who require a cup of tea in the afternoon must bring their own sugar from home. It is urged, however, that in a large number of factories and business houses in the Midlands where girl employees work for long hours tea in the afternoon is a practical necessity. They intend therefore to have another word with Lord Rhondda.

**FROM OUT THE SKIES.**

Joe Flaherty, the tallest prisoner who ever fell into the hands of the local authorities, muses the Anaconda Standard, was arrested by Policeman Tom Edmunds, the shortest man on the force, after Flaherty is alleged to have accosted a number of women with whom he came in contact while pursuing an unlawful course along Park avenue.

Edmunds caught sight of the offender about a block away and gave chase.

"You're pinched!" he yelled up to his captive.

"Well, leave go my knees and reach up and take my hand," hicoughed Flaherty.

**PERSEVERANCE REWARDED.**

After she had thrown out the dishwasher a Chariton county woman noticed that the diamond was missing from the ring she wore on her finger. Chickens were picking about where the dishwasher had been thrown, and when close scrutiny failed to reveal the stone their slaughterer commenced. In the crop of the thirty-third chicken the diamond was found.—Kansas City Times.

**"A SPLENDID TONIC"**

**Says Hixson Lady Who, On Doctor's Advice, Took Cardui And Is Now Well.**

Hixson, Tenn.—"About 10 years ago I was..." says Mrs. J. B. Gadd, of this place. "I suffered with a pain in my left side, could not sleep at night with this pain, always in the left side..."

My doctor told me to use Cardui. I took one bottle, which helped me and after my baby came, I was stronger and better, but the pain was still there.

I at first let it go, but began to get weak and in a run-down condition, so I decided to try some more Cardui, which I did.

This last Cardui which I took made me much better, in fact, cured me. It has been a number of years, still I have no return of this trouble.

I feel it was Cardui that cured me, and I recommend it as a splendid female tonic.

Don't allow yourself to become weak and run-down from womanly troubles. Take Cardui. It should surely help you, as it has so many thousands of other women in the past 40 years. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, sleeplessness, tired-out feeling, are all signs of womanly trouble. Other women get relief by taking Cardui. Why not you? All druggists.

NC-132

(Advertisement.)

Always a Way.

"There is always a way of doing every worth-while thing."

**Preferred Locals**

**NOTICE.**

All persons are hereby notified that the corporation known as the Terry Coal & Coke Company, has been dissolved and is closing up its business and that its corporate existence has ended.

December 29th, 1917.

R. E. COOPER, Pres.  
L. HAYDON, Sec.

Smithson ater delivered Tuesdays and Saturdays. Phone 633 L. (Advertisement.)

**Good Morning. Have You Seen The Courier? Evansville's Best paper.**

**PROFESSIONALS**

**Dr. T. W. Perkins**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Office Over City Bank, formerly occupied by Dr. Fruit.

Office Phone 124-1—Residence 124-2  
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

**R. T. JETT, D. V. M.**

--VETERINARIAN--

7th and Railroad Sts.

Office,

Cowherd & Altscheler Sale Barn.  
Phone 19. Hopkinsville, Ky.

**Hotel Latham**  
Barber Shop

Fine Bath Rooms. Four First-class Artists.

**FRANK BOYD, PROP.**

Used 40 Years

**CARDUI**

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

**Go After Business**

In a business way—the advertising way. An ad in this paper offers the maximum service at the minimum cost. It reaches the people of the town and vicinity you want to reach.

**Try It—It Pays**

**SUGAR CONTROL SAVED MILLIONS**

**American Consumer Profited by \$180,000,000—French Situation Helped.**

**HOME PRICE HELD AT 9 CENTS.**

This Nation's Sugar Supply Reduced to Seventy Per Cent. of Normal. Java Stocks Unavailable.

Sugar control has saved the American public \$180,000,000, Herbert Hoover, United States food administrator, declared the other day.

He pointed out that sugar was selling for 11 cents a pound last August and that it would have advanced to 20 cents a pound, with the world shortage as a stimulus, had not the food administration secured the co-operation of the refiners and wholesalers and fixed a sugar price that today enables housewives to buy sugar at from 8½ to 9 cents a pound.

"Every 1 cent raise in sugar from September 1 to January 1 means \$18,000,000 to the American consumer," Mr. Hoover said. "Numbers of gentlemen will tell you that 20 cent sugar would have prevailed and the public robbed of \$180,000,000 this year if we had not taken these actions." Later Mr. Hoover called attention to the fact that uncontrolled sugar advanced to 35 cents a pound during the Civil War.

France Got Our Sugar.

Today the American public has been allotted 70 per cent. of its normal supply. Before the war the average annual household consumption here was 55 pounds a person. In England the annual consumption during the war is 24 pounds, and in France each person is allotted a little over one pound a month.

"In August the French government found itself unable to maintain even this ration," Mr. Hoover declared. "An appeal was made to America. France needed 100,000 tons. We agreed to fill this demand and up to December had shipped 85,426 tons. In the meantime an appeal was made to the American public to reduce its sugar consumption, and requests were made to distributors to supply the confectionary and sweet drinks trade with 50 per cent. of normal supply. This has been generally followed, although such regulations were voluntary, as the food administration had no authority to impose them."

Domestic Price is 8½ to 9 Cents. Retail grocers throughout the country are supposed to take a profit of no more than 50 cents a hundred—half a cent a pound—on sugar. By reason of food administration regulations, binding refiners and wholesalers, the retailer is able today to buy sugar at from 8 to 8½ cents a pound. This enables him to sell to the housewife at 8½ to 9 cents a pound.

There have been some violations of the sugar rulings. Mr. Hoover said recently: "Sales of sugar from 16 to 20 cents per pound have been reported and followed up vigorously and stopped and is evidence itself of the prices at which consumers would have been mulct had we not intervened. We have forfeited wholesalers' licenses in aggravated cases, and we have issued warnings to first offenders in a great many instances through our local administrators."

Effect on Military Situation.

American sugar stocks could be filled to normal very soon if ships could be sent to Java, where 250,000 tons of sugar is waiting for shipment. But the shipping situation is so acute that the nation cannot spare the eleven ships needed to transport this sugar. It would take the boats one year to haul 250,000 tons. In the same time they could be used for transporting 200,000 soldiers to France.

The food administration believes that the American public will diminish its sugar consumption by 10 or 15 per cent. when it is made clear that such sugar saving is a patriotic act and when it is understood that there are plenty of sweeteners available to take the place of sugar, such as honey or corn syrup.

Why Shortage Exists.

The three great sugar producing centers of the world are Germany, the West and East Indies. German sugar is, of course, used at home. The East Indian sugar is unavailable because of the ship shortage.

While U boats made big inroads on the world's shipping, France and Italy ceased to be self sustaining in sugar manufacture. England in the meantime was cut off from German sugar—1,400,000 tons a year—because of the war. The result has been that the allied nations have been forced to turn to America and the West Indies for their sugar.

**EVASDE RIGID FOOD CONTROL.**

Food is Bought in Germany Surreptitiously in Violation of Autocratic Rulings.

Even the autocratic food control of Germany has been powerless to prevent surreptitious sales, according to semi-official reports reaching the United States food administration. Illegal sales of butter are being made in Germany at prices ranging from \$1.75 to \$2.25 a pound. Eggs sold contrary to the German food regulations are bringing 10 to 15 cents apiece, according to these reports. And bacon or ham is bringing from \$2.25 to \$3.25 a pound.

**We Don't Solicit**

The business of every man, but we want the account of the liable and trustworthy only. Always ready, able and willing to assist those deserving help, we have doubled our deposits in the last two and a half years, and point with real pride to the standing and general character of our customers. Are you one of them?

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
Of Hopkinsville, Ky.

**Will Pay**

**\$1.50**

**Per Bushel**

**in Shuck for**

**Sound Dry Corn**

**THE ACME MILLS**

Incorporated

Get a Pair of **RUBBER GLOVES** to Keep Your Hands White



**Rubber Goods of All Kinds**

It's not economy to do without rubber gloves.

Washing dishes, scrubbing floors, cleaning the woodwork—all these irksome tasks can be accomplished without injury to your hands if you get a pair of our rubber gloves.

We also have the latest and most improved styles of fountain and combination syringes—hot water bottles—medicinal atomizers—complexion brushes—bath sprays—sanitary aprons and belts—nipples—pacifiers—etc.

We buy only the best rubber goods procurable—and sell them at lowest prices.

**J. O. COOK**  
DRUGGIST

**Percy Smithson**

Livery and Board Stable

Hopkinsville, Ky.

**EVERYTHING UP-TO-DATE**

Phone 32. Virginia Street, Between 7th and 8th



**Advertise in The KENTUCKIAN**