

# Daily Kentuckian

Published Every Morning Except Monday by CHAS. M. MEACHAM

Editor, Chas. M. Meacham. B. A. Robinson, Ass't Editor.

Noted at the Hopkinsville Post-Office as Second Class Mail Matter.

Established as Hopkinsville Conservative in 1866. Succeeded by Hopkinsville Democrat 1876. Published as The South Kentuckian 1879 to 1882. From 1882 to 1917 as tri-weekly Kentuckian.

Fifty-second Year of Publication.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
One year by mail..... \$3.00  
One year by carrier..... 5.00  
Shorter terms at same proportionate rates.

Advertising Rates on Application

212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

**WATCH THE DATE**—After your name, renew promptly, and not miss a number. The Postal regulations require subscriptions to be paid in advance.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

## OUR SERVICE FLAG



The Louisville bar has sent 49 members to war and one has been killed.

Workmen's cotton gloves, formerly made in Germany, are now made in this country to the value of \$12,000,000.

Jim Austin, manager of the St. Louis Browns, kissed Ernie Johnson when he slid home and won a close game.

News was just received Saturday that Lieut. Norborne R. Gray, of Louisville, was killed in action May 28.

The retail price of Western Kentucky coal in Louisville has been fixed at \$5.90 a ton, which is a little less than 24c a bushel. Other coals are several cents higher.

The week closed with no German drive on the west front, but the allies made a number of advances and took about 200 prisoners during the past week.

Some years ago a Presidential campaign was waged on the extravagance of the party in power whose appropriations made "a billion dollar congress." Saturday the appropriations of one day aggregated \$22,000,000,000.

Benjamin B. Tillman, the veteran democratic senator from South Carolina and chairman of the naval affairs committee, is seriously ill at his home in Washington and his recovery is regarded by his physicians as doubtful.

A British airplane maker has declared he could turn out 10,000 "super-aerial dreadnaughts" in the United States by April 1, 1919. He declared the craft could cross the Atlantic in a continuous stream and would defeat the Germans within thirty to sixty days if the work is started now.

Second Lieut. Edmund R. Cole, of Jersey City, N. J. was killed when his airplane crashed to the earth one mile northwest of Ellington Field June 29. Lieut. Ronald Knapp, who was also in the airplane was not hurt. The airplane was wrecked. No one saw the accident and the cause has not yet been learned. The aviators were practicing bomb-dropping when the accident occurred.

Congress today will begin a final clearing up of legislation preparatory to a recess this week until early in August when the house ways and means committee is expected to have a new revenue bill ready for presentation. Leaders hope to push imperative legislation and repeal tomorrow. War-time prohibitions, the new bond authorized bill and important legislation added to the \$12,000,000,000 army appropriation bill are the most urgent matters pending before congress.

## TREAT WOUNDED IN FACE OF FOE

### Red Cross Workers Refuse to Retreat While There is Work To Do.

### AMERICANS IN HERO ROLE

#### Incident of Early Spring Offensive of Huns on the Somme That Should Make Americans Proud of Their Men.

Washington.—The story of the part America and Americans played in aiding the British and the French during the early spring offensive of the Germans on the Somme can never be adequately told. The whole picture is too big to paint on one canvas. It is only by describing the work of individuals and particular groups of workers that some idea of the American effort and its effectiveness in this historic battle can be brought home to the people back home—and then only in a small way.

While it is perhaps only a very small incident in the history of that great affair, the story of how a small band of American Red Cross workers "carried on" at one of the evacuation hospitals back of the British front should make Americans proud. When all but a few of the hospital staff had left with the two hundred or more patients and the Germans were advancing only a few miles away, four American army surgeons, assigned to the American Red Cross for work at this particular hospital, declared their intention of "sticking till the freeze over." And six Red Cross ambulances and truck drivers, as well as several American Red Cross nurses and aides "stuck" with them.

The Americans made their decision not because of sheer bravado, but because the hospital had the opportunity of serving a few wounded soldiers from day to day—and could save their lives. And at this writing these Americans are still there, giving much-needed medical attention to French and British soldiers who are brought back to this hospital because it is the nearest one back of that point of the line.

**Stay on the Job.**  
The big guns of the British and French have been planted in the rear of it—and then moved farther back. The Boche armies come over at night. The little group of Americans have seen the troops, guns and transports go by in streams to points in the rear, but as long as the wounded are brought there, these Americans will stay.

A few hours after American Red Cross headquarters in Paris learned of the big German offensive, it dispatched eight trucks and motor cars to this hospital to aid in the evacuation of the patients. Night and day the Red Cross drivers worked bringing the wounded from the hospital to Paris.

When this had been accomplished the Red Cross cars went out into the surrounding country to pick up the wounded, who were attempting to walk to a hospital, and to aid the refugees struggling along the road. Besides transporting these two hundred or more wounded men to places of safety, the Red Cross cars aided 130 refugees to the railheads in three days.

But their work had only begun. Despite the evacuation of the hospital and the consequent order for more of the staff to accompany the patients to points of safety, the wounded kept coming in. Ninety per cent of them were serious cases. Practically all demanded immediate operations. Not simple operations, but major ones, where a steady nerve, delicate touch and sure hand were necessary to give the wounded the best chance for life.

**Work Night and Day.**  
Night and day the American surgeons worked. There were a few nurses to assist, but all were tired—completely fagged, mentally and physically. Every one needed rest. But there were the men coming in every few hours, their bodies pitifully torn, and suffering untold agonies. So no one thought of stopping, and even when one did get a few hours off duty there were the big guns only a few hundred feet from the hospital. They belched and roared all night.

Of course, some of the cases were hopeless and no amount of surgical skill or medical attention could save them. Here again the American Red Cross men came in for more work. They had to dig the graves and act as pallbearers.

One night was especially hard. The doctors were kept busy in the operating room until three o'clock in the morning. The nurses had to have a bit of rest. One nurse only was available. So again the Red Cross drivers were called upon. One became an aid to the operating surgeon, remaining in service until the last wounded man was rolled finally into his bed.

**Prevents Sugar Famine.**  
Pullman, Wash.—Boys and girls belonging to Washington's juvenile clubs are to be enlisted in the patriotic movement to raise sugar beet this year, to be stored and set out in the spring of 1919, to produce beet seed for the spring of 1920. It is expected in this way that the threatened sugar famine may be averted.

### CHRISTIAN TO SEND BIG BATCH ON THE 18th INST.

Frankfort, Ky., July 1.—Three thousand negro selectives have been called from Kentucky to report at Camp Zachary Taylor July 16 to 20 inclusive. The county quotas and the dates they are to report follow: July 15—Clark county, 50; Garrard, 50; Harlan, 20; Jessamine, 25; Madison, 75; Marion, 50; Nelson, 16. July 17—Graves, 30; McCracken, 70; Muhlenberg, 30; Scott, 50; Trigg, 40; Woodford, 50; Webster, 50. July 18—Boyle, 50; Christian, 200; Shelby, 60; Warren, 50. July 19—Bourbon, 75; Davies, 50; Fayette, 50; Franklin, 50; Henderson, 150; Hopkins, 250; Union, 50; Lexington, 250. Covington No. 1 and 2, 40, from each district, and Newport ten will be moved on July 18.

The selectives from Louisville will be handled when desired. Louisville's quota is 915 and the quota from each district follows: Louisville No. 1, 29; No. 2, 100; No. 3, 125; No. 4, 80; No. 5, 200; No. 6, 350; No. 7, 40.

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

### BROTHERS MEET IN FRANCE

Enlisted Here Unknown to Each Other and Were Sent to Serve Abroad.

Stout Falls, S. D.—Two brothers, one from South Dakota and the other from Montana, had an unexpected meeting at a port of France. The brothers are Otto Hovren of Roberts county, South Dakota, and Cornelius Hovren of Great Falls, Mont.

They had enlisted in the service of their country from different parts of the country, unknown to each other, and arrived on the other side only two days apart.

The one arriving first had gone down to the steamer landing for the purpose of witnessing the arrival of other American troops. He was standing near a gangway when, in a group of soldiers descending to the deck, he discovered his brother.

The brother recognized him at about the same time, and in an instant they were patting and hugging each other after their unexpected meeting in a strange land. Letters telling of the meeting have just been received by South Dakota relatives.

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Orders taken for Victrola and Records. HARDWICK.

### DR. BEAZLEY ---SPECIALIST---

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Condensed Financial Statement of the

### PLANTERS BANK & TRUST CO.

Hopkinsville, Ky.

At the Close of Business June 29, '18

### BANKING DEPARTMENT.

### RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts.....	\$457,857 28
Stocks and Bonds.....	21,500 00
U. S. A. Liberty Bonds.....	84,931 00
Overdrafts.....	644 00
Furniture and Fixtures.....	5,000 00
Banking House and Lot.....	22,000 00
Other Real Estate.....	16,683 85
Cash and Sight Exchange.....	134,412 85
	\$743,029 07

### LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock.....	\$100,000 00
Surplus and Undivided Profits.....	56,361 51
Unpaid Dividend.....	135 00
Dividend No. 79, this day.....	3,000 00
Set Aside to Pay 1918 taxes.....	2,000 00
Unearned Interest.....	1,500 00
Deposits.....	580,032 07
	\$743,029 07

URIE W. JENKINS, Ass't Cashier.

### Trust Department.

### RESOURCES.

Trust Fund Invested for Account of agents and Trustees.....	\$452,412 00
For Account of Guardians.....	20,737 50
For Account of Executors.....	\$,028 63
For Account of Committees.....	4,800 00
Cash on Hand.....	69,966 97
	\$549,945 10

### LIABILITIES.

Due Sundry Estates and Individuals.....	\$549,945 10
Estimated Value of Real Estate held as Trustee, Guardian, Agent, Etc., not included in above.....	\$202,000 00
	J. M. STARLING, Sec'y.

### A NERVOUS WRECK

#### From Three Years' Suffering. Says Cardui Made Her Well.

Texas City, Tex.—In an interesting statement, Mrs. G. H. Schill, of this town, says: "For three years I suffered untold agony with my head. I was unable to do any of my work."

I just wanted to sleep all the time, for that was the only ease I could get, when I was asleep. I became a nervous wreck just from the awful suffering with my head.

I was so nervous that the least noise would make me jump out of my bed. I had no energy, and was unable to do anything. My son, a young boy, had to do all my household duties.

I was not able to do anything until I took Cardui. I took three bottles in all, and it surely cured me of those awful headaches. That has been three years ago, and I know the cure is permanent, for I have never had any headache since taking Cardui.

Nothing relieved me until I took Cardui. It did wonders for me."

Try Cardui for your troubles—made from medicinal ingredients recommended in medical books as being of benefit in female troubles, and 40 years of use has proven that the books are right. Begin taking Cardui today. NC-134

(Advertisement)

### Woolen SHEEP

Necessary for Sake of Economic Welfare and Independence.

Steady Decline is Shown in the Industry in United States in Recent Years.

Washington.—The sheep industry in the United States is steadily adjusting



### Wear HARDWICK'S Glasses

### Preferred Locals

FOR TAXI—Call J. H. Reese, 579.

Furnished rooms for light house-keeping. Modern conveniences. Close in. Call 367-ring 2. 74-1f.

For Stick Right Paste and Fuller's Wall Paper Cleaner, call Mrs. Emma Catlett, 311 Walnut street. Phone 790. 68-1f

Smithson Water delivered Tuesdays and Saturdays. Phone 633 1. Advertisement.

Good Morning. Have You Seen The Courier? Evansville's Best paper.

### FOR SALE.

\$25.00 scholarship in Draughton's Practical Business College, Nashville, Tenn., good for twenty-five dollars cash in payment of tuition. Will make liberal discount. Inquire at Daily Kentuckian office.

### STEADY EMPLOYMENT and GOOD WAGES

Laborers

Iron and Wood Working

Machine Hands

Blacksmiths

Helpers

Wheel Makers and Helpers

### MOGUL

WAGON CO., (Incorporated.) Hopkinsville, Ky.

21st Street.

adjust to the changed economic conditions of this day or continue the decline which has been its portion in years past. Such is the conclusion reached in a report issued by the sheep and wool industry by the committee on statistics and standards of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

The principal remedies suggested in the report to arrest the present steady decline in our production of sheep are, first, the use for sheep grazing of the agriculturally worthless and cheap cut-over timber lands of the North, Northwest and South; second, the more general and systematic raising of sheep on farms, where sheep raising has been hitherto neglected largely because of frontier competition; and third, continued use of the great ranges of the West to their full capacity. It can be done. It is a question of education.

In 1900 we had in the United States 80 sheep per capita. In 1917, the figure dropped to 46 per capita. In 1880 we produced 4.29 pounds of wool per capita. In 1917 only 2.72 pounds per capita.

We import now 50 per cent of our wool consumption. We ought to produce that at home, and we can if we will.

Sheep increase rapidly—from 50 to 100 per cent annually as compared with the number of ewes. There is every reason, in the opinion of the committee, why, for the sake of our economic welfare and independence, we should act on the fact that we can raise enough sheep if we will, and reap advantage and profit in so doing.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE

### BURNS Use one soothing, cooling application of VICK'S VAPORUB

25c—50c—\$1.00

### PROFESSIONALS

JAS. A. MCKENZIE ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Summers' Building Phone 331 Hopkinsville, Kentucky

### DR. J. R. HILL

VETERINARY SURGEON Office Percy Smithson's Stable. Hopkinsville, Ky. Day Phone 32 Night 1107 2

### R. T. JETT, D. V. M.

--VETERINARIAN-- 7th and Railroad Sts. Office, Cowherd & Altacheler Sale Barn. Phone 19. Hopkinsville, Ky.

### Hotel Latham Barber Shop

Fine Bath Rooms. Four First-class Artists.

### FRANK BOYD, PROP.

### Electric Heater

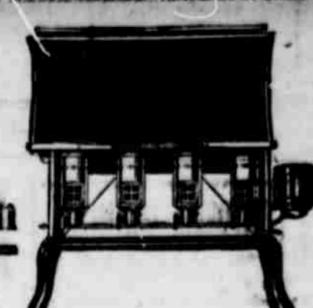
- " Iron
- " Machine Motor
- " Stove
- " Vacuum Cleaner
- " Portable
- " Fixtures
- " Curling Iron
- " Hot Pad
- " Lights FOR Home

Telephone 361-2

### Baugh Electric Co.

## INSTALL A GAS RANGE NOW

No time is better than the present for emancipating the home from the coal dust and the housewife from the drudgery of the coal pile and the ash heap. ASK US HOW TO DO THIS Kentucky Public Service Co. INCORPORATED.



**New Perfection**

The long blue chimney are the latest type of oil cooking burners, and **THERE'S A REASON.**

The long chimney creates a draft, furnishes the flame with enough air for perfect, clean combustion and makes every drop of kerosene do all the work in its power. All the oil is turned into heat, no smoke and no odors, no soot to blacken pots and pans, this result cannot be obtained from oil burners, having shorter chimneys.

**Planters Hardware Co.**  
Incorporated.  
Hopkinsville, Ky.

## City Bank & Trust Co.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits **\$180,000.00**

Deposits Over **One Million Dollars**

The Largest of Any Bank in Christian County

The Long and Successful Career of This Bank Recommends It As a Safe Depository.

W. T. TANN, President  
JNO. B. PRICE, Vice-Pres.  
H. L. SMITH, Cashier  
J. A. BROWNING, Jr., Ass't Cashier  
JOE MCGARROLL, JR., Ass't Cashier.

## Bank of Hopkinsville Hopkinsville, Ky.

Capital - - - - \$100,000,000

The Service We Afford

Personal attention is given at this bank to the needs of each customer and every care taken to make our facilities adequate to your needs. Our Certificates of Deposit, bearing a liberal rate of interest, form ideal investments for surplus or other funds. They are issued in small as well as large denominations.

**Oldest Bank in Christian County**

J. E. McPHERSON, President.  
CHAS. F. McKEE, Cashier.  
L. H. DAVIS, Vice-President.  
H. L. McPHERSON, Ass't. Cashier.

## INSTALL A GAS RANGE NOW

No time is better than the present for emancipating the home from the coal dust and the housewife from the drudgery of the coal pile and the ash heap. ASK US HOW TO DO THIS Kentucky Public Service Co. INCORPORATED.