The Crittenden Press

VOLUME XII — MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, DEC. 10, 1891. — NUMBER 25

A DEAD SHOT RIGHT AT THE SEAT OF THE DIFFICULTY OF OLD CREDIT.

Sweeping Bargains in Every Department. Quotations Usee ss. Come and Get Bargains.

Life is too Short to make any mistakes. —.·.— Prices Lowest Ever Offered.

Everything marked down. Goods marked in plain figures. Children can buy of us at same prices as grown people. You will make money by buying your Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Notions, and anything in our line from

S. R. CASSIDY, - - - KELSEY, KY.

A DYNAMITER

Attempts the Life of Russell Sage, the Millionaire,

Because His Demand for $1,350,000 Was Refused.

Mr. Sage Escapes, but Three Others Are Fatally Injured—The Would-Be Assassin Blown to Pieces—The Miscreant Believed to Have Been a Madman Whose Identity Is Not Yet Known.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Corrected reports of the explosion in the office of Russell Sage state that shortly after 12 o'clock a stranger entered the office, and, presenting a card—"Wilson & Hackenburg, bond negotiators, 111 Broadway"—announced that he had bonds from Mr. Rockefeller to negotiate.

RUSSELL SAGE.
[From a recent photograph.]

The clerks called Mr. Sage from his inner office, when the stranger presented to him a type-written letter, demanding immediate payment to the bearer of $1,350,000, and declaring that in default the office and everybody in it would be blown out of existence.

Mr. Sage, after reading the letter, handed it back to the man and started to retreat to his private office, when the visitor, drawing a revolver, fired it at a sale at 52[illegible] full of dynamite, which he carried in his hand. The explosion which followed was terrific, wrecking the office, and the man was blown to pieces.

Injured.

Those fatally injured were:
Allen F. Norton, a clerk.
Frank Robertson, a clerk.
The other injured were:
Russell Sage, cut about hands and face by flying pieces of glass.
Charles W. Osborn, a bookkeeper.
Samuel J. Calhoun, clerk, cut on head.
William R. Laidlow, fractured leg.
Colonel J. J. Slocum, brother-in-law of Mr. Sage, cut about head and face.

The madman's head and legs were found lying in the rubbish, but the trunk was scattered to the winds.

Mr. Sage's Injuries.

At the home of Russel Sage it is said Saturday morning that the injured man passed a good night. Mr. Sage was dictating letters in bed and had received many callers as well as many telegrams of congratulation. He slept well during the night. His face is badly lacerated and his body full of splinters and bits of glass. His eye brows and considerable of his hair is gone. Slocum, his brother-in-law, who was also cut and bruised, was at the office Saturday.

THE ASSASSIN'S HEAD—SAGE'S WRECKED OFFICE.

There is no clew as yet as to the identity of the assassin.

It is settled that the only persons killed were the unknown dynamiter and Mr. Sage's clerk Norton. The injured at the hospitals are doing well.

The police kept everybody out of the building Saturday.

Mr. Osborn, the only clerk of Mr. Sage who escaped unhurt, was engaged Saturday morning recovering scattered papers. Among the documents recovered was the check which young Robertson had when he was mangled by the explosion. It was covered with blood, and two holes were blown through it. It is for $9,000, and was drawn in favor of Sage to pay for Chicago, Burlington and Quincy bonds. Mr. Connor says that no bonds or securities were lost by himself or Mr. Sage.

Not Hiram Wilson.

UTICA, N. Y., Dec. 7.—Hiram Wilson, who is mentioned as the crank who dropped the dynamite in Russell Sage's office, is in his bed at the state hospital in this city.

WANAMAKER'S VIEWS.

Points Gathered from the Postmaster General's Annual Report.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The postmaster general's annual report shows that $1,000,000 of lottery revenue has been lost during the past year, but that the $6,000,000 postal deficit is gradually disappearing.

Mr. Wanamaker recommends private indemnity for lost registered mail; wants a branch of the dead letter office established in San Francisco; declares in favor of one-cent letter postage, three-cent telephone messages and ten-cent telegrams in connection with the service. He favors free delivery places of over 5,000 inhabitants.

The Barbadoes Want Reciprocity.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—W. K. Chandler, a member of the legislative council of Barbadoes, and E. L. Grannum a member of the house assembly of that island, called at the department of state Tuesday, and had a long conference with Hon. John W. Foster, regarding the prospects of arranging a reciprocity treaty between the United States and Barbadoes.

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

Some Interesting Statistics Taken from the Last Edition.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The new congressional directory shows that the stated occupations of the members of the house indicate the law to be the widest doorway into congress. Some of the members are engaged in two or three occupations, or have been, and the record shows that 213 have practiced law, 65 know something about agriculture, 42 have taught school, 34 are merchants, 20 are manufacturers, 19 are bankers and capitalists, 10 are journalists, 9 could set type if they had to, 5 are physicians, 3 are sailors, 2 are ministers, while of miners, machinists, blacksmiths, bookbinders, carpenters, tanners, car-finishers, and harness-makers there are just one each. The rest are politicians.

Sixty-five members served in the Union army and fifty-six were with the Confederacy in body and spirit. New York claims the honor of contributing more of her sons to the house than in any other state, there being forty-one representatives who who were born in the Empire State. Other states furnished legislators for themselves and sister states as follows: Pennsylvania, 29; Ohio, 23; Indiana, 18; Massachusetts, 17; Kentucky, 15; Virginia, 14; North Carolina, 13; Georgia, 12; Tennessee, 11; South Carolina, 10; Illinois, 9; Alabama, 7; Maine, Mississippi, Michigan, Maryland and Missouri 6 each; Connecticut and New Jersey, 5 each; Wisconsin, Vermont and Louisiana, 4 each; Arkansas and Rhode Island, 2 each; Florida, California and Delaware, 1 each. Kentucky and New Mexico were the birthplaces of two of the territorial delegates.

Representatives Mallory of Florida, Steward of Illinois, Waugh of Indiana, W. C. P. Breckenridge and J. H. Wilson of Kentucky, Adolph Meyer of Louisiana, Isidore Rayner of Maryland, Castle of Minnesota, John J. O'Neill of Missouri, Shonk of Pennsylvania, Bager of Texas, Grout of Vermont, Buchanan of Virginia, Pendleton of West Virginia, and Babbitt of Wisconsin, have neglected to state where they were born. Foreign countries have contributed 21 members and 2 delegates. These are distributed as follows: Ireland 9, Germany 3, Canada 3, Norway 2, Sweden 1, Greece 1, England 1, and Scotland 1. One of the territorial delegates is from the Isle of Man, another hails from Nova Scotia.

CONTESTED ELECTION CASES.

The Present House Will Not Have More Than Half a Dozen to Settle.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The present house will not have more than half a dozen contested election cases to decide, and three of these are from the state of Pennsylvania. In each of these three cases Democrats seek to oust a Republican who has the certificate. The titles of the cases are Reybolds against Shonk, Reedy against Scull and Craig against Stewart. The testimony in the two last named cases is very voluminous, filling three large printed volumes in each instance. The allegations on which the contests are based are purely technical, being questions whether certain voters had a legal right to cast their ballots.

There is one contest in New York—Noyes, Republican, against Rockwell, Democrat, and if the latter will be handicapped by a decision of the New York courts against him. The remaining cases are in the south—McDuffy against Turpin in Alabama, and Miller against Elliott in South Carolina. The contestants are Republicans who made a fight last year and were seated by a Republican house. It is not probable that their endeavors to secure seats this session will be successful.

PUT OUT OF THE WAY.

Colonel Nueves Hernandez Murdered by Mexican Troops.

RIO GRANDE CITY, TEX., Dec. 7.—The news has reached this place from Guerrero, Mex., that Colonel Nueves Hernandez, who was arrested several days ago by order of General Garcia, commander of the Mexican troops in the northern zone of that country, and started for Monterey, was killed about one hundred miles north of that city.

Colonel Hernandez was in charge of a military escort and, according to reports, he was murdered after he had been taken away from his friends. The government had become cumbersome of him, as it was believed that he was secretly in sympathy with the revolutionary movement of Catarina Garcia. There is great indignation expressed over the alleged action of General Garcia in putting him out of the way in such a manner.

BRAZIL WAS SORRY,

But Did Not Officially Recognize Dom Pedro's Death.

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 7.—The death of ex-Emperor Dom Pedro met with no official recognition by the government of the new republic. Many places of business were closed out of respect of the dead man. There was much sorrow over the news of his death.

Each One His Own Communion Cup.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 7.—A novel feature in communion service has been inaugurated in the Scoville Avenue Methodist Episcopal church. It has been customary in the Methodist church to serve communion wine to all partakers from one cup. On the ground of "decency, good taste and politeness" the pastor furnished each member who attended the service Sunday with a separate cup. There was seventy-two in all, and the cups would not go round, so some of them had to be washed.

Pacific Mail Steamer Wrecked.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—News was received Sunday of the wreck of the Pacific mail steamer Nicaragua, which struck a sunken reef off Acajutta, San Salvador. She was built by the Cramps last June for the Central American Pacific Mail service and cost $300,000. As the company insures all its own property this means a dead loss of that amount. The reef on which she struck extends nine miles out to sea, and as the night was clear the captain evidently mistook his bearings.

Elections in Colombia.

PANAMA, Dec. 7.—Elections were held throughout the United States of Colombia Sunday. Numerous attempts were made at rioting. At closing of polls the Liberals claimed a big majority. The result, however, is in doubt.

KENTUCKY'S CENTENNIAL.

Both Lexington and Louisville Want Its Celebration.

FRANKFORT, KY., Dec. 5.—One of the most animated and interesting contests that will come up in the coming legislature will be over selecting the city at which the state centennial celebration shall be held next year.

Next May Kentucky will have finished a century of statehood, and it is presumed that the legislature will authorize the expenditure of a sum of money for the celebration of this event with proper ceremonies. Of course any city or community can celebrate if they desire; but one city, however, will have the benefit of this appropriation, and the bids for this are already opening up.

The chamber of commerce and all the daily papers in Lexington are making a great deal of noise about holding the celebration in that city, and they have already assembled to send a strong lobby to the capital to aid in securing the appropriation to them. Lexington, being the original capital, they think entitles them to the place of celebration. The Filson club, an historical society of Louisville, has for some time been at work, and indeed were the pioneers in the move to have a centennial celebration, and they will bring some powerful influences to bear to get the Falls City selected.

Frankfort all along has said nothing, but at the proper time she will speak, and in justice of her claim will be so strong, and the inducements held out by her people of such a character that they will not lightly be overlooked. It is not probable that any other city will contest for the appropriation.

Governor Brown on Thursday received the official resignation of Dr. Evans as assistant superintendant of the Anchorage asylum, and Friday he appointed his son, Dr. John Young Brown, Jr., of Henderson, to the vacancy. Dr. Dr. Evans was an appointee of the Buckner administration.

A RUSH FOR LIFE.

An Express Train Successfully Dashes Through a Burning Tunnel.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 5.—Passengers on the St. Louis express, over the Air line, due here early Thursday morning, had a thrilling experience in Pallon Hill tunnel, west of New Albany. The woodwork of the tunnel had become ignited, and it was not discovered until the train had entered. It was too late to reverse, and the engineer drove the train through, the smoke rolling into the coaches. The open air was gained in time to prevent any catastrophe. A special train with the New Albany fire department was sent to the tunnel, and all day the firemen battled with the flames. This tunnel was almost destroyed a year ago by the burning of the wooden supports which held up the rocks and earth.

Horribly Mangled.

MIDDLESBORO, KY., Dec. 7.—A frightful accident occurred on the Middlesboro Belt railroad. Near Mingo mountain is a trestle a few feet high, which Thomas Cain and Silas and Joseph Marsel, coal miners, were endeavoring to cross just as a train hove in sight. Marsel was run over, the wheels literally cutting his head off. Cain was frightfully mangled, and died instantly. Joe Marsel is still alive, though seriously injured.

Killed with a Brick.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 3.—Thomas McCue was arrested Tuesday charged with the murder of Michael Zengel. The two had been playing cards Monday night in a saloon near by and quarreled. Zengel went home, and as he entered his doorway McCue threw a brick which struck Zengel square in the back of the head. The skull was fractured and Zengel died Wednesday morning. Both are laborers on the canal improvement.

Judge Langston's Slayer Acquitted.

MOUNT STERLING, KY., Dec. 7.—Sam Everitt, who killed Judge Langston in this city Nov. 19, 1888, was acquitted of the charge Friday afternoon, and walked forth a free man. He was ably represented by prominent attorneys, and the verdict excited no surprise.

Kentucky Notes.

J. C. Howard, prominent churchman of Greenville, Ky., fell dead while praying in church.

At Georgetown, Ky., Albert Simms shot and killed Eugene Fitzgerald in a quarrel about a chair. Simms surrendered. He acted in self-defense.

The annual report of the Kentucky railroad commissioners recommends that a law be passed providing for separate coaches for whites and blacks. This is probably due in part to the unfortunate shooting of Miss McEwan by a negro, in a row between whites and blacks on a Louisville and Nashville train in September.

Bank robbers blew open the safe of the Hopkins county bank at Madisonville, Ky., and secured $5,000. They were experts and left no clew.

The Tobacco Growers' warehouse will remain at Louisville.

Maysville, Ky., has increased the lottery license to $1,800.

Paducah, Ky., handled 20,000 hogsheads of tobacco last year.

The prohibition law is strictly enforced in Hart county, Ky.

A new bridge is to be built over the Ohio at Ashland, Ky.

The new iron bridge over the Cumberland river at Williamsburg, Ky., is now open.

At Covington, Ky., Mrs. Hilling's baby fell into a tub of boiling water and was fatally burned.

Albert Mayhew, who was shot Thanksgiving night by George Lloyd at Franklin, Ky., is dead.

Large quantities of whisky are being shipped from Anderson county, Ky., to Bremen, Germany.

Fire has again broken out on the chain of knobs surrounding Shepherdsville, Ky., and much damage done.

Floyd Stinnett, a Daviess county (Ky.) farmer, was taken from his home by masked men and whipped for stealing chickens.

Cincinnati Tobacco.

	Hhds.
Offerings for the week	2,809
Offerings same week last year	2,236
Receipts for the week	1,048
Receipts same week last year	754
Offerings of new	161

The 2,809 hhds sold as follows:

391 hhds at	$1 00@3 95	
515 hhds at	4 00@5 45	
524 hhds at	6 00@7 95	
367 hhds at	8 00@9 95	
174 hhds at	10 00@11 75	
189 hhds at	12 00@14 75	
214 hhds at	15 00@19 75	
35 hhds at	20 00@24 00	
2 hhds at	25 00@27 00	

PRESSURE FOR PLACES.

Wonderful Skill of President Harrison in Handling Office Seekers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—It is improbable that since the days of General Grant at the White House there has ever been as much pressure brought as now for appointments. In the first place President Harrison has more prominent places to give within the next few days than has fallen to the lot of many presidents in the history of the country. In the second place there never has been as much good material and willing as now.

A judicial position for life worth $5,000 or $6,000 a year is an unctuous plum. A place on the interstate commerce commission at $7,500 a year for a period of six years is something to be longed for by almost any lawyer. The mission to China or Japan and a lot of good places in the territories, besides a life place on the court of claims at $5,000 a year, have called out the most active efforts of men who are willing to serve Uncle Sam.

It is said that there are enough papers on file for the twenty or thirty prominent positions which the president will soon fill to load a two-horse wagon. These are from the most eminent lawyers, business men and politicians in the country. They are not only the wishes of the persons who signed them, but the anticipations of a host of influence.

It has been a very difficult matter for those who have called on the president singly or in numbers to arrive at any conclusion as to what was occupying his mind, or what he intended to do. Some who are adepts in character reading, and who are familiar with President Harrison, have essayed to arrive at conclusions in their own minds that he should do this thing or fail to do that.

The process by which these imaginary or real conclusions have been reached are interesting. It is said that President Harrison can never be caught off his guard, and that he never makes a careless observation, even playfully. Those who have tried to reconcile their own minds as to what he would or would not do have taken their conclusions from the pleasant or unpleasant or stoical expression upon the face of the president at the time they talked to him about appointments and the questions he was asked in reference to the character and qualifications of the applicants. It is said that the president often raises objections to applicants which would seem to be constitutionally in the way of appointment, when in reality he intended to appoint.

His object in bringing up these objections, it is believed, was for the purpose of satisfying his own mind as to the natural objections which arose within him. In any event there has never been a president who has had greater fortune in his appointments or who has had fewer undesirable appointees thrust upon him.

UNLAWFUL GATHERINGS.

Anarchists Convicted of Holding Secret Meetings.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—A question of civil rights was decided by Police Justice Woodman Wednesday morning, and while the city won a victory, technically, in reality it has suffered a decided defeat. The decision grows out of the action of the police at the time of the anarchist demonstration in this city on Nov. 11, the anniversary of the execution of Parsons, Spies and the other Haymarket anarchists, when they compelled the leaders of the demonstration to display the American flag. A few days later a descent was made on Grief's saloon, on West Lake street, where anarchists have been in the habit of assembling, and the police arrested several persons who were denouncing the action of the officers on the 11th.

At the hearing in the police court the prisoners and their friends claimed that the meetings thus forcibly broken up were not anarchistic, and were entirely innocent of menace to the public welfare; that one of them was a meeting of the managers of a labor publication, and the other a trade union. They denounced the action of the police as without color of law, and in defiance of the right of peaceable assembly. The justice expressed the opinion that the assemblies raided were unlawful ones. He therefore fined the leaders $100 each, and the others $10. The fines, at the instance of the city prosecutor, were at once suspended. This action was presumably taken for the purpose of avoiding an appeal to the higher courts. It is understood, however, that the defendants will appeal nevertheless.

WANT RECIPROCITY.

Negotiations with Representatives of the British West Indies.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Sir Julian Pauncefote and the representatives of the British West Indian colonies have had another conference at the department of state with Mr. Foster, relative to the negotiations of a reciprocity agreement under the tariff act. It appears that there is more ground for concession on the part of the colonial representatives than was at first apparent.

Figures have been collected to show that while the United States takes more than half the products of the islands, the average rate of duty upon our imports is nearly twice as large as that paid by other countries. As the colonists appear to be willing to make such reductions in duties paid by United States products as will not discriminate against the mother country, there is reason to believe that success will crown their efforts to secure a reciprocity agreement with the United States.

WANTS TO PROVE HE IS SANE.

Germany's Emperor May Invite Experts to Examine His Mental Condition.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—The kaiser, it is rumored, has seriously spoken of submitting himself to a medical examination as to his sanity, in order to offer a conclusive refutation to the critics in France and England who have been throwing out hints reflecting upon it. Should the kaiser conclude to take the step, leading experts would be invited from England, and, perhaps, from Italy, Austria and Sweden, who would make a thorough examination and a complete report upon the cerebral condition of the illustrious patient. Whatever may be the foundation for the rumor, it is certain that the kaiser's mental condition is a subject of general discussion, or rather insinuation, and it is believed that the current gossip can not have failed, in some form, to reach the kaiser's ears.

Three Men Blown to Pieces.

HORNERSVILLE, Mo., Dec. 7.—By a boiler explosion at Pope & Pulley's mill, near this place, three men were instantly killed and the building demolished.

CONDENSED NEWS.

A Collection of Interesting Items on Various Subjects, Especially Prepared for the Hasty Reader.

Cyrus W. Field is seriously ill and may die.

Brazil will be at the world's fair notwithstanding the revolution.

It is now said that Secretary Foster's malady is nothing but the grip.

There are threats of lynching Jesse Jacobs, who killed his brother at Boylestown, Ind.

The Dominion government does not look for an early settlement of the fisheries question.

It is said that while Chili is apparently backing down, she is sending men abroad to learn war business better.

The court of appeals at Albany decided that a railroad is responsible for injuries sustained by persons riding on a pass.

It is stated upon good authority that Chili will neither apologize nor pay indemnity for the outrages upon our sailors.

Chicago pays a bonus of two cents each for English sparrow heads. The bodies are sold as reed birds by unscrupulous dealers.

Montgomery county, Ind., is overrun with rabbits. Farmers are banding together and putting in whole days exterminating the pests.

Chauncey M. Depew is credited with saying in an interview that nothing on earth can prevent Blaine securing the nomination for the presidency if the secretary desires it.

Professor Mendenhall, of the United States coast and geodetic survey, says the Ohio-Indiana boundary line is slightly wrong, due entirely to the imperfect instruments of the time. It will not amount to more than a mile anywhere.

At Indianapolis a mob made an unsuccessful attempt to take Charles Bissow, the brutal assailant of little Blanche Stafsun, from the jail and lynch him. The next morning Bissow was given a twenty-one-year sentence.

Heavy snows in Colorado. Trains delayed.

The whaleback barge C. W. Wetmore was signaled off Point Lobos, Cal., Friday. The Wetmore is the first of the whaleback class of vessels to make a trip to the Pacific coast and left Philadelphia for Seattle 106 days ago. She carries a cargo of machinery for a shipbuilding plant.

Crimes and Casualties.

At Buffalo Charles B. Heir was shot by his wife and may die. Jealousy.

At St. Louis Mrs. Mary Bullard lost her life by the explosion of a gasoline stove.

At Black Lick, Pa., William Clark, a negro, shot and killed a man named Palmer. Old quarrel.

Two masked men robbed Express Agent Brady at Livingate, A. T., of $1,600 in money and a gold watch.

At Cincinnati one man was killed and two others seriously injured by the collapse of a building recently burned.

At Denver Mrs. George Masten and her infant son were cremated by the baby upsetting a lamp. The father may become insane.

At Newport, Ky., William Williamson shot and killed Louis Thornton. Old feud. The men were cousins. Thornton had killed two men in his time.

George J. Reis, his wife and three sons, perished in their burning dwelling in Detroit. A servant girl and two young children escaped. Origin of fire unknown.

At Boyleston, Ind., Ellsworth Jacobs, while drunk, assaulted his brother Jesse with a knife. Jesse retaliated with a club, fracturing Ellsworth's skull. He is dead and his brother in jail.

At Chestnut Mound, Tenn., John Weatherman split his wife's head with an ax. He was drunk and jealous. She had been forced to marry him to pay a debt her father owed his.

At Haverstraw, N. Y., the dynamite factory exploded, killing five men. The shock was felt for twenty miles. A number of other buildings near by containing the dangerous explosive, escaped. Cause of the catastrophe not known.

Dr. E. Smith, of Boise City, was fatally injured by an electric car at Toledo.

Fires.

Fire destroyed the Grand hotel, at Leadville, Colo. A guest named Matthews was burned to death.

The Spies works, Sterling, Ills., burned. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $30,000. Over 150 hands are out of work.

The Chicago Arc Light and Power company's plant burned. Loss $500,000. Several small firms also suffered from smoke and water.

The main building, library and several other buildings belonging to the Straight university for colored people, New Orleans, burned. Loss, $300,000.

Argyle, Minn., had a $100,000 fire in the business portion.

Eight buildings were burned at Blair, Neb. Loss, $100,000.

Deaths.

Louis Boerlin, Swiss consul at Chicago.

Signor Cadorna, of the Italian senate, is dead. He was a brother of General Cadorna.

William C. Allison, president of the Allison Manufacturing company, car builders, Philadelphia.

Don Louis Huller, the "Jay Gould of Mexico." He had a home in the suburbs of the Mexican capital that is said to be the most luxurious in America.

Dom Pedro, ex-emperor of Brazil, in Paris.

Mr. Le Movier, president of the International League of Peace.

Colonel Edmund Dick Taylor, Illinois pioneer and Mexican veteran, at Chicago.

Foreign.

Plainfield N. J., had a $150,000 fire.

The ravages of the grip are increasing abroad.

The situation in China shows no signs of improvement.

The antagonism between the state and the church in Brazil is becoming acute.

A reduction of wages among Welsh miners is probable. About 100,000 men will be affected.

A formal announcement has been made in Germany of the removal of the prohibition on American pork.

Emin Pasha has been heard from. He has an army of 9,000 well armed men and is marching toward Khartoum.

Personal.

Fanny Davenport, the actress, is ill at Kansas City.

George Kennan, the famous Siberian traveler, denies that he is ill.

Professor Edward Orton, the noted scientist and geologist of Ohio, was stricken with paralysis at Xenia, O., and is now in a precarious condition at Columbus.

Sir Alexander Campbell, lieutenant governor of Ontario, was attacked by a stroke of paralysis last week, and is now considered in a critical condition. He is sixty-nine years of age.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Result of the Democratic Caucus Held in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Saturday the Democratic caucus met in the house of representatives to select a candidate for speaker. A deadlock resulted. The first ballot stood: Crisp, 84; Mills, 78; Springer, 32; McMillin, 18; Hatch, 14. Stevens of Massachusetts, was then nominated. The seventeenth and last ballot, taken about midnight, resulted in no material change. It was: Crisp, 94; Mills, 91; Springer, 19; McMillin, 17; Hatch, 5; Stevens, 1.

Monday's Session.

Shortly after 10 Monday morning the caucus was again called to order. The first ballot for the day, and the eighteenth since the beginning resulted: Crisp, 94; Mills, 90; McMillin, 19; Springer, 17; Hatch, 5; Stevens, 1.

Nineteenth ballot—Crisp, 94; Mills, 91; McMillin, 19; Springer, 17; Hatch, 5; Stevens, 1. Terry, of Arkansas, who was absent on the eighteenth ballot voted for Mills.

Adjournment was taken until 2 p. m.

The caucus convened again at 2:10. Twentieth ballot—Crisp, 92; Mills, 90; Springer, 17; McMillin, 17; Hatch, 5; Stevens, 1. Total 222.

Twenty-first ballot—Crisp, 94; Mills, 91; Springer, 17; McMillin, 19; Hatch, 5; Stevens, 1. Total, 227.

Twenty-second ballot — Crisp, 95; Mills, 93; McMillin, 19; Springer, 15; Hatch, 4; Stevens, 1. Total, 227.

Twenty-third ballot—Crisp, 100; Mills, 94; Springer, 18; McMillin, 19; Stevens, 1. Total, 227. Hatch withdrew and voted for Crisp. His action was greeted with cheering by the Crisp men.

HOUSE AND SENATE.

Both Bodies of Congress Meet and Adjourn Until Tuesday Noon.

The roll call of the house disclosed the presence of 220 members out of 332. Immediately after the conclusion of the roll at 12:30, on motion of Mr. Holman, the house adjourned until noon Tuesday.

The Senate Does Likewise.

The senate met and at 1 p. m. adjourned until Tuesday noon.

During the presentation of credentials in the senate, Mr. Sherman, referring to the eligibility of Mr. Brice as a senator from Ohio, said that before the oath of office was administered to Mr. Brice he desired to say that the belief was entertained by a large part of the citizens of Ohio that he was not a citizen of that state at the time of his election and therefore was not eligible.

He (Mr. Sherman) was satisfied Mr. Brice was entitled to be sworn in on his prima facie credentials. They were regular in form, and therefore should raise no objection to this being done. But he simply gave this notice so that Mr. Brice's being sworn in should not be regarded as a waiver of the point raised by the people of Ohio that he was not a citizen of that state at the time of his election.

Mr. Hoar suggested that the contention was that Mr. Brice was not an "inhabitant" of Ohio, and Mr. Sherman accepted the correction, substituting the word "inhabitant" for "citizen."

Mr. Brice was then escorted to the desk and sworn in.

CHILI KNOWS A GOOD THING,

And Will Undoubtedly Be Represented at the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Acting Secretary of State Wharton has sent the following to Director General Davis, of the world's fair:

"The Chilian government confirms and continues the arrangements made by the late government for Chilian representation at the Chicago exposition. Special Commissioner Harlow will now work vigorously, and has great hopes to secure a special splendid exhibit."

Emin Pasha at Wadelai.

ZANZIBAR, Dec. 7.—Advices from the interior, received here, are to the effect that Emin Pasha has arrived at Wadelai.

THE MARKETS.

Review of the Grain and Cattle Markets for December 7.

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—92@96c.
CORN—45@55c.
WOOL—Unwashed fine merino, 17@18c; ¼-blood combing, 21@22c; braid, 17@18c; medium combing, 22@23c; fleece washed fine merino X and XX, 25@27c; medium clothing, 27@28c.
CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $4 00@4 75; fair to good, $3 00@3 65; common, $1 75@2 25.
HOGS—Selected butchers and heavy shipping, $3 80@3 90; mixed, $3 50@3 65; common to rough, $3 15@3 35.
SHEEP—$2 50@4 75.
LAMBS—$3 25@4 50.

Boston.

WOOL—Ohio and Pennsylvania XXX 33@34c, XX 30@31c, X 26@28c, No. 1 36@37c, No. 2 33@34c, fine unwashed 21@22c, unmerchantable 24@25c, Ohio combing No. 1 ⅜@½-blood 38c, No. 2 ¼-blood 35c, Ohio delaine 33@34c, Michigan X and above 26½@27c, No. 1 34@35c, No. 2 32@33c, fine unwashed 19@20c, unmerchantable 21@23c, Michigan combing No. 1 ⅜@½-blood 36@37c, No. 2 ¼-blood 34c, Michigan delaine 32c, Kentucky, Indiana and Missouri combing ⅜-blood 28@29c, do ¼-blood 24@26c, do braid 23c, clothing ⅜-blood 27@28c, do ¼-blood 24c, do coarse 22c.

Chicago.

WHEAT—December, 92c.
CORN—May, 47¾c.
HOGS—Light, $3 60@3 60; mixed, $3 60@3 80; heavy, $3 60@3 90.
CATTLE—Good to choice, $4 35@5 40; common to fair, $2 50@4 00; mixed, $1 25@3 50.
SHEEP—$3 25@5 25.
LAMBS—$4 00@5 25.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $5 00@5 30; good, $4 55@5 00; fair, $3 20@3 75; stockers and feeders, $2 50@3 85; bulls, stags and fat cows, 2@3c.
HOGS—All grades, $3 60@3 90.
SHEEP—Extra, $4 90@5 15; good, $4 40@4 65; fair, $3 25@3 85; common, $1 00@2 50; yearlings, $3 25@4 75.
LAMBS—$3 50@5 40.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 2 red winter, $1 07⅞; January, $1 00.
CORN—79c.
OATS—42@42½c.
CATTLE—$4 25@5 75.
SHEEP—$3 50@5 00.
LAMBS—$4 50@6 00.

Toledo.

WHEAT—95½c.
CORN—Cash, 44⅝c.
OATS—33c.
CLOVERSEED—Cash, $5 25.

Cleveland Oil.

PETROLEUM—S. W. 110 deg., 6½c; 74 deg. gasoline, 7c; 86 deg. gasoline, 10c; 63 deg. naphtha, 6½c.

War to the Knife

At Crayneville, Ky.

P. H. Woods

Cuts "old trade" Prices

Into Pieces.

The Bottom Reached!
The Top Comes Off!
The Sides Broken!
The Record Smash'd!

FOR SPOT CASH

I must have it! My business requires it! Come in and get the bargains! Lots of New Goods! Fine line of Boots and Shoes! Come at once, and when you get here say:

"I'VE GOT THE CASH, I WANT SOME GOODS."

Money makes the mare go and the old mare can't go any futher without more money. Bring your produce, it is same as cash with me: I will give you cash prices for it. Tell your neighbohs that, for cash, WOODS is selling lots of goods.

Thanking you for your liberal patronage in the past, I am

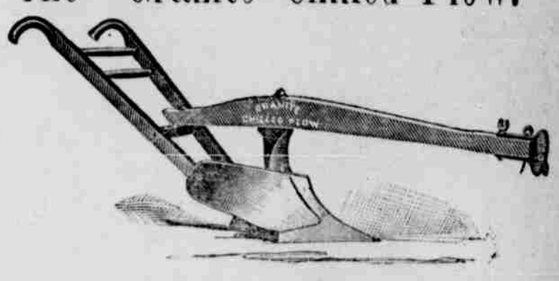
YOUR FRIEND,

P. H. WOODS.

JUST WHAT

EVERY FARMER WANTS,

The "Granite" Chilled Plow.



A Sweeping Success.

Our new "Gtanite" Chilled Plow has gone to the front with wonderful ttrides. It is now an acknowledged leader with all who have used it.

Its special merits are :

1st. Perfection in outline and shape.
2d. Great turning capacity.
3rd. New combiuation of metals, hard, yet tough.
4th. Patent adjustable slip heel, for compensating wear giving suck or pitch to plow.
5th. Runs steadily andily and is very light draft,
6th. Each plow has one point for soft and another for hard, dry soil.
7th. With all its advantages it is sold at the same price as inserior Chilled plows.

Prices and Description of Avery's Granite Chilled Plows.

Number	Turning Capacity.	Price
14½	Seven to eight inches.	$ 5 50.
15	Eight to nine inches.	6 50.
* 16	Nine to ten inches.	8.00.
* 16½	Ten to eleven ½ inches.	9.00.
* 17	Eleven to thirteen inches	9 50.
* 18	Twelve to fourteen "	10.00.

* Right or left hand.

A trial will convince every farmer of its merits.

B. F. AVERY & SON.,
MANUFACTURERS,
Louisville, - - - - Kentucky.