

THE CABINET.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford Spoken of for a Position.

The New England Field Being Scanned for Cabinet Timber—Senator Lodge Would Sooner Remain in the Senate—Favorable Mention of Ex-Gov. Long.

CANTON, O., Jan. 15.—The withdrawal of Mr. Bliss from the list of cabinet possibilities leaves the situation open so far as the choice of a cabinet officer from New York is concerned. Maj. McKinley has not selected a New York republican for his cabinet and there is no reason that he will be in a hurry to do so, indeed, the impression is current that one of the last members of the cabinet to be chosen will be the representative from the state of New York. Gossip, which is never idle, plays with unwonted vivacity about the name of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, of Brooklyn. Gen. Woodford, said a New York man Thursday, is a lawyer of wide reputation, a successful and popular speaker on financial topics and a man of rare administrative ability. The president-elect knows him exceedingly well, and thinks highly of him. Another New York republican, who is discussed somewhat as a cabinet possibility Thursday night, is Hon. J. Sloat Fassett. If Maj. McKinley has any one in mind from New York, he has given no sign. His secretary of state having been selected, Maj. McKinley's next task will probably be that of choosing a secretary of the treasury, and the chances Thursday night were that this position will not go to New York. The New England field was scanned for cabinet possibilities Thursday by the president-elect, who invited Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, to consult with him upon the subject. Senator Lodge said: "I am not a candidate for a cabinet position. I am satisfied to be a senator from Massachusetts. We talked Thursday about ex-Gov. Long and others. Gov. Long is very highly esteemed by the people of our commonwealth."

Maj. McKinley is considering ex-Gov. Long for his cabinet and the chances are that he will be the New England member of it though a portfolio has not been tendered him. Representative Wm. F. Draper, who has been referred to as a cabinet possibility, will not be considered in that connection, as he desires a foreign appointment. It is understood that the Massachusetts delegation in congress will endorse Gov. Long for the cabinet and that there will be no other person from the state seriously considered.

PAPER MILL BURNED.

Devastating Conflagration the Origin of Which is Shrouded in Mystery. CRESCENTVILLE, O., Jan. 15.—The immense paper mill of the Fox Paper Co., located at Crescentville, 15 miles north of Cincinnati, on the Miami railroad, was totally destroyed by fire at 8 o'clock Thursday night. The origin is a mystery. The first seen of the fire was a huge mass of flames that shot upward from the engine room following a loud explosion, whereupon Foreman John Soisma ran to ascertain the cause. He found four barrels of oil ablaze, and at once gave the alarm. The employees made an effort to connect the hose, but were forced to flee from the building on account of the rapid progress of the flames. The mill was constructed of brick and covered three acres of ground. It was erected about twenty years ago, and was used in the manufacture of building and wrapping paper, being the largest plant of the kind in the state. Maj. Geo. B. Fox, who is secretary of the company, puts the loss at over \$150,000, which includes machinery valued at \$100,000 and over one million pounds of manufactured paper and 50,000 pounds of crude stock. The building was worth \$50,000 and is a complete wreck, there being nothing left but a few blackened walls.

HIGH HAT ORDINANCE.

Vetted by Mayor Swift and One Less Sweeping in Character Passed. CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—The ordinance passed by the city council two weeks ago against the wearing of headgear in theaters and amusement houses during the performance and making the management liable to a fine of \$25 for each offense was vetted by Mayor Swift Thursday night and a substitute ordinance less sweeping in its scope, was passed and signed by the mayor. There was some question as to the legality of Alderman Plotke's anti-hat ordinance since it provided no penalty against the wearer, and Thursday night Mayor Swift suggested against the woman who persists in wearing a hat at a theater making her liable to a fine of \$3. The management by the new ordinance is exonerated from any responsibility. The ordinance went into effect Friday.

Leland Castle Burned.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Leland Castle, owned by Adrian Iselen, jr., and occupied by the Morse school, took fire for the second time at 2 o'clock Thursday morning and was completely destroyed. The building was one of the finest in lower Westchester county, and was built of marble. The first fire broke out at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon and was extinguished after damaging the castle to the extent of \$30,000. The total destruction of the castle is estimated to involve a loss of \$160,000.

Gen. Porter for Secretary of War.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—"I am not to be a member of Maj. McKinley's cabinet," said Cornelius N. Bliss to a reporter Thursday. Mr. Bliss' refusal of the secretaryship of the navy makes it extremely probable, it is said, that Gen. Horace Porter will now be made secretary of war.

Notorious Princess Leaves Buda-Pesth.

BUDA-PESTH, Jan. 15.—The Princess Chimay and her paramour, the Gipsy musician, Rigo, left this city for Nice Thursday. Their departure was very sudden. It is now rumored that the prince is on their track.

MINISTER WILLIS DEAD.

He Contracted a Cold in San Francisco, Some Time Ago.

While on His Way Back to the Islands—The Body Laid in State in the Former Throne Room—Remains to Be Brought to Louisville.

(Correspondence of the United Associated Presses per Steamer Mononah.)

HONOLULU, Jan. 7, via SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—United States Minister Albert S. Willis died at his residence yesterday at 8 a. m. after several months' illness. The direct cause of death was pneumonia, which he first contracted in San Francisco early last year. His condition has been at times such that gave his family hopes of his ultimate recovery, and again it was precarious to a degree that filled his physicians with grave alarm. He has been surrounded at all times by the best medical treatment in the city and every care was given the minister, but in spite of a vigorous constitution, which has assisted him in battling with the disease, he succumbed after long and severe suffering.



ALBERT S. WILLIS.

It is not known whether an escort will be sent with the remains but it seems to be the opinion of a number of citizens that a representative of the foreign office should be detailed as an escort to accompany the remains to Louisville and turn them over to the officials there. Until the funeral takes place a detail of gentlemen, selected by the minister of foreign affairs will remain at the Willis residence. Directly the intelligence of the death of Minister Willis was received by the government the flags on the judiciary building and military headquarters were lowered to half mast. Most of the business houses and the shipping followed suit as soon as the death was known.

Mrs. Willis is nearly prostrated from the long care of her husband. The family expects to sail for home with the remains on the steamer Australia on the 13th. The Hawaiian government will accord a state funeral to the deceased representative of the United States to-morrow. The body will lie in state during the morning in the former throne room. Funeral services will be held at 3 p. m. in Central Union church. The procession to the cemetery, where the body will be placed in the receiving vault until the sailing of the steamer, will be preceded by the military and a battalion from the United States steamer Alert. President Dole and the chief officials of the government will follow the mourners. It will be the most imposing funeral since the burial of Kalakaua. Mr. Willis left a small estate but ample life insurance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Albert S. Willis was born in Shelby county, Kentucky, in 1843, and served as a democratic representative from the Fifth Kentucky (Louisville) district from the Forty-fifth to the Forty-ninth congress inclusive, when he was succeeded by Mr. Caruth.

After the mission of Paramount Commissioner Blount to Hawaii, and the report he made to the president alleging that Queen Liliuokalani had been wrongfully unseated from the throne of the Hawaiian islands by United States intervention, Mr. Willis was appointed by President Cleveland in September, 1893, minister to Hawaii, and was sent with sealed instructions to restore Liliuokalani to her throne on condition that she grant general amnesty to those concerned in setting up the provisional government and recognize all its bona fide acts and obligations. The queen refused to do this and the upshot was that Mr. Willis eventually recognized the Dole government and was subsequently formally accredited to it. The anxieties of his position had a marked effect upon his health and appearance. When he left for Honolulu he was a fine specimen of physical development with a full black beard and hair. When he returned on leave two years later his hair was white and he was in appearance a wreck of his former self. He discharged his exceedingly difficult duties in Hawaii with marked tact and discretion and was popular there in spite of the adverse circumstances which surrounded him from the start.

President Cleveland was deeply affected by the news of the death of Minister Willis. He had known Mr. Willis for many years, and often had been closely associated with him. He was an honest and thoroughly capable man whom the president held in the highest esteem, and of whose death he learned with deepest regret.

Congratulations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The following dispatch was received Friday: LONDON, Jan. 15, 1897. Chamber of Commerce of New York. London chamber of commerce desires to express conviction that the treaty just signed will tend to increase friendly feeling between two great English speaking nations and promote extension and security of their commercial and material relations. CONVENTION, London.

Prof. Swift Gets Another Medal.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Prof. Lewis Swift, formerly of Warner's observatory and Lick observatory, received word from London Friday morning that the Royal Astronomical Society of England has awarded to him the Jackson gold medal in recognition of his services to the cause of science in the discovery of comets, nebulae and other wanderers in space. Prof. Swift now has four gold medals, one silver given him by the French government, with which came 500 francs in cash, and four bronze medals.

THE INHUMAN.

Edict of Weyler Felt in Havana and Matanzas Provinces—It Deprives Peaceful Citizens of Their Rightful Means of Existence.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 16.—Advices from Havana state that the effect of Weyler's famous Bayate edict of the 1st instant is being felt with more intensity in the provinces of Havana and Matanzas than in that of Pinar del Rio, since these provinces being more thickly populated and with more farms and estates than the former, the wholesale abandonment of the properties and the concentration of the people in the towns will not only augment the misery already prevailing, but also present the serious inconvenience of lodging so many people in towns already full to overflowing. Without discussing Weyler's inhuman measures in thus depriving peaceful and unoffending citizens of their rightful means of existence, and huddling them in already crowded spaces, exposed to all the rigors of hunger and disease, simply for the sake of clearing the country of so-called rebel sympathizers, a legal point has been sprung by the foreign property owners, especially the Americans, who own large properties in the provinces of Havana and Matanzas, which will surely lead to complications and claims on the Spanish government.

Weyler distinctly states in his decree that those who wish to remain on their properties must exhibit the last tax bill paid. As taxes are levied on productive industries, and those planters have not been able to work on account of the abnormal conditions in the provinces since Gomez' invasion in December, 1895, no taxes have been collected since that time, the government tacitly admitting such unusual circumstances or being powerless to collect them because the rebels were in possession of the country did not press their collections, consequently no taxes have been paid in the country since the date mentioned. Besides that Weyler has unofficially ordered that no sugar crop should be made and now he wants the sugar planters to pay taxes on an industry which they have not been able to produce.

The result has been the managers of the sugar estate, San Antonio, near Madruga, Havana, owned by Mr. Antonio Terry, an American citizen residing in Paris, presented himself to Consul Lee demanding protection, because the military commander of Madruga ordered him to abandon the place, which is one of the most valuable estates in the province, worth half a million dollars, because he did not present the required tax bill. Consul Lee at once took the case under hand and simultaneously presented the same to the captain general and the state department at Washington. No replies have been received yet either from Weyler or Secretary Olney. To depict the situation in Pinar del Rio nothing can be better said than to translate the report of a trip made to the city of that name by a correspondent of La Lucha:

"All the way traversed by the railroad from Artemisa to Consolation del Sur is, without exaggeration, the most chastized and undoubtedly has suffered most of the rigors of the war. The fields wasted and abandoned, the bushes and trees burned, the huts destroyed, the stone houses, in other times happy homes, converted by the rebels and Spanish alike into heaps of ruins, the cane fields dried up and covered with bushes, by the ravages of which are making great efforts to remedy the necessities of the residents—a full of people of poor families, who daily drop down from the hills, extenuated by hunger and emaciated by the fevers."

SENATOR SHERMAN.

Arrives in Canton and Has a Conference With President-Elect.

CANTON, O., Jan. 16.—Senators John Sherman, of Ohio, and J. G. Burrows arrived from Washington Friday morning and were met at the station by Capt. R. O. Heistand, who drove with them to the McKinley residence. The meeting between the senators and the president-elect was of most cordial nature. A few minutes after his arrival at the house, Mr. Sherman withdrew with Maj. McKinley for a conference, which lasted two hours. Senator Burrows is here to talk over the Michigan situation and the question of Gen. Alger's appointment to the cabinet will be discussed. COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 16.—A special to the Press from Canton says that Senator Sherman said just before leaving for Washington: "I have accepted the portfolio of secretary of state." He left for Washington at 1 p. m. Friday.

POST OFFICE ROBBERS.

Ran Down With Dogs and Captured—Rumor of That They Have Been Lynched. MACON, Ga., Jan. 16.—A special from Adams Park, Ga., says: Charles Forsythe and Willis White, the Negroes who were believed to be the men who shot and fatally wounded Mrs. Rowland, wife of the postmaster, while robbing the post office at this place last year, were run down with dogs and captured near here Friday morning.

Mrs. Rowland died Friday from the effects of the wound and a crowd began to gather for the purpose of lynching them. A report reached Macoon late Friday night to the effect that the mob had taken the men and lynched them. But the rumor has not been verified.

Trial of a Torpedo Boat.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 16.—Torpedo boat No. 16 had another trial Friday. With 129 pounds of steam in her boiler and 119 at the engines up to 23 knots were made. Friday there was ship from the torpedo station a portion of the air compressor plant for torpedo boat No. 8, building at Seattle, Wash.

Hunting for a Fishboat.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 16.—A United States revenue cutter is at Newport News looking for the coal barge J. Ward, of Philadelphia, which is supposed to have on board arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents.

NO INDICATION.

Of Cuban Resolutions Being Called Up in the Senate.

Pacific Railway Matters and the Nicaragua Canal Bill Will Also Be Considered—No Programme of Business Arranged for the House.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 18.—Appropriation bills will demand attention of the senate this week. The army bill has been reported and the military academy and legislative bill will be reported from the committee Monday.

Senator Morgan will probably address the senate Monday on the bill for the appointment of a board of government trustees and operate the Pacific railroads until the government's claim is liquidated. The Nicaragua canal bill, in connection with the decision of the republican steering committee, will be made the unfinished business Monday.

The proposition to guarantee the canal bonds will be antagonized by Messrs Turpie, Vest, Teller and others. There is no indication of any intention to call up the Cameron Cuban resolution. The utterances of Mr. Sherman on this subject since the formal announcement of his acceptance of the state department portfolio are looked upon by his associates as a request from the incoming administration that nothing should be done pending its accession to power. Several influential senators who were previously charged with being "Junglers" have since their visit to Canton become very conservative, and no one on the republican side of the chamber is now urging action of any kind with respect to the war in Cuba.

The extradition treaties between the United States and the Orange Free State and the Argentine republic will probably be disposed of this week, and the rest of the time will be devoted to clearing up matter on the calendar. In the house of representatives no programme of business has been arranged except a Virginia contested election case. It is the expectation of the members of the committee on rules that in the course of the week the agriculture and Indian appropriation bills will be considered.

Talmage on the Arbitration Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Dr. DeWitt Talmage, who succeeded Dr. Sunderland in the active pastorage of the Presbyterian church in Washington, in his sermon Sunday morning referred to the pending arbitration treaty with Great Britain, characterizing it as the mightiest, grandest movement for driving brutal war out of the earth. He said the men who on either side of the sea did most to effect that plan of arbitration have made themselves immortal. The evening of the present administration of the United States government has been honored with the greatest and gladdest event of 18 centuries. All civilized nations will copy the sublime example. He implored the senate to promptly ratify the treaty. Mr. Cleveland was not present at the services.

Peace Treaty May Not Pass the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—It is doubtful if the arbitration treaty with Great Britain, signed by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote last week, and now before the senate, will be able to run the gauntlet of that body. If the treaty fails to receive the necessary two-thirds votes to make it valid and binding, it will be largely due to the tactless statement of Secretary Olney just before the holidays in declaring that the recognition of the republic of Cuba was purely an executive function, and that congress must keep its hands off.

Ex-speaker Crisp Eulogized.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Most of the time in the house Saturday was devoted to the delivery of eulogies upon the late ex-speaker Charles F. Crisp.

WILLIS' SUCCESSOR.

The Appointment Likely to Be Left to President McKinley. WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The state department only Saturday morning received official news of the death of Minister Willis, and that in briefest of telegrams. Usually when a man of wit is available the remains of a minister dying abroad are placed on board the warship and brought home in state. The only United States vessel now in the harbor of Honolulu is the old-fashioned corvette Alert of 500-horse power with a single crew and of only 1,020 tonnage. It would take her at least 15 days to make the voyage from Honolulu to San Francisco, and she has no accommodations suitable for the comfort of the deceased minister's family, consisting of his wid and only son. The family, it is understood, distinctly preferred that the body should be transported by the regular mail steamer which was to leave Honolulu on the 13th of January and is due in San Francisco on January 20. There is no doubt that this course has been taken. In view of the broad divergence of views between the president and congress on the Hawaiian question it is altogether probable that President Cleveland will leave the appointment of Minister Willis' successor to President-elect McKinley.

The Fishermen Land on Green Island.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Jan. 18.—The fishermen on the ice floe, believed to have been in such great danger Friday, are all safe, having landed on Green Island at the first manifestation of danger.

Prominent Italian Merchant Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Chevalier Louis Contencin, ex-consul general to the two Sicilies and one of the most prominent Italian merchants in the city, died at 10 o'clock Sunday night at his residence in this city, of appendicitis, from which he has been suffering but a few days.

The Carzina's Illness.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The Sunday Times confirms the report of the illness of the czarina. It says that her condition, which is very serious, has ended for the present in the hopes of the birth of an heir.

INDEPENDENCE.

Forever From the Spanish Yoke the Insurgents' Only Terms.

The Insurgent General Very Indignant Over the Reports Circulated in the United States That He Was Ready to Enter Upon Other Negotiations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—A special cable dispatch to the Sun from Havana says: Information is received here from a reliable source that Gen. Gomez and the Cuban government have been addressed by the junta of New York requesting from them an official declaration of their sentiments with regard to the arrangement reported in New York to be making between the cabinets of Madrid and Washington for granting to Cuba some reforms from Spain or home rule in order to satisfy the revolutionists.

A special messenger from Havana carried the document, which arrived safely in the hands of Gomez and President Cisneros at a place near the boundary of the province of Matanzas. Gen. Gomez was very indignant over the news that he was reported in the United States to be ready to enter upon any negotiations whatsoever with the Spaniards which are not based upon the absolute independence of the island. He at once prepared an answer which will be signed, not only by himself but by the government, emphatically denouncing as lies all the reports about him spread by the Spanish legation in Washington, and declaring that the war will continue until Cuba is released forever from the Spanish yoke. This answer will not go to New York by way of Havana. It is intended for publication by all the newspapers of America.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

And the District Presidents to Adjust the Miners' Wage Scale According to Conditions.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 18.—Just before adjourning sine die late Saturday night the United Mine Workers' convention rescinded the resolution fixing February 1 as the date for the new wage scale to take effect, and empowered the national executive committee and the district presidents to adjust the wage scale according to the conditions. The joint meeting of the operators and miners set for Monday was also declared off. The Pittsburgh operators not being willing to join the meeting. The action of the convention in rescinding the wage scale resolution was forced by expressions from many of the delegates to the effect that many of their constituents were opposed to entering on a strike, and the certainty that the operators would not increase wages at this time except at the end of a long strike. President Ratchford, of the United Mine workers, has called a meeting of the new national executive committee here Monday. As this committee has power to make a wage scale it is expected that this matter will be taken through President Ratchford said Sunday night that he did not know what would be done.

JUDGE M'KENNA.

Of California, Calls Upon President-Elect McKinley; Also Senators Quay and Penrose.

CANTON, O., Jan. 18.—Judge Joseph McKenna, of California, whose name has been prominently mentioned in the dispatches of the United Presses from Canton, as the leading Pacific slope cabinet possibility, arrived here Saturday morning, and was an early caller at Maj. McKinley's house. The fact that Judge McKenna, who is on the United States bench, made the trip from California to Canton at this time seems to indicate that he will be offered and will accept a cabinet portfolio. Senator Quay and Senator-elect Penrose, arrived here Saturday morning and called on Maj. McKinley. One topic of conversation was the proposed appointment of Charles Emory Smith, of Philadelphia, to the cabinet. It is understood that Mr. Quay is not personally opposed to Mr. Smith.

New Fort at Galveston.

GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 18.—Maj. Miller, chief engineer in charge of government improvements here, has received authority to purchase a site for another fort to be erected at Bolivar Point. As the location has not been definitely decided upon the engineers can not as yet state its probable cost or armament. It is estimated that the government will expend during the present year on forts and fortifications at this point a sum approximating \$750,000.

Sherman Erroneously Quoted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Senator Sherman said Sunday night, with regard to certain alleged interviews with him on the Cuban question, that he had not made any statement that could be construed as an indication of the policy of the incoming administration on that matter. In so far as this appeared in the press dispatches he had been erroneously quoted.

National Association of Manufacturers Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.—Postal card returns thus far received at the office of the National Association of Manufacturers indicate that a very large proportion of the entire membership of the association will be in attendance at the second annual convention of the association, which is to be held in Philadelphia January 26, 27 and 28.

Tillman Abandons the Contest.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 18.—Hon. G. N. Tillman, the late republican candidate for governor, has abandoned his contest for Taylor's election. He published a card Saturday in which he states that this course was necessitated by the act of the legislature requiring him to give bond for \$25,000, before proceeding with the contest.

Three Children Asphyxiated.

BOSTON, Jan. 18.—Mary N. Reynolds, aged seven years; Margaret H. Reynolds, aged four, and Annie Connelly, aged 14, were asphyxiated by gas at 107 Heath street.

Cold

Is dangerous. We require heat. We need pure, warm, nourishing blood to keep us warm and guard against sickness. Good blood is given by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Prompt Answer.

The Washington Post tells this story of Col. Wallace S. Jones, United States consul general at Rome, Italy, now on a visit to this country: "Col. Jones is a Floridian, and has been in the consular service in Italy for the last ten years. He is a gentleman of wit, tact and culture, and his ability to make a happy response at the right time brought him into the good graces of Queen Margherita on his first appearance at court. The queen asked him from which state he hailed, and, on being told, said that he had often heard Florida described as a very beautiful country. "Yes, your majesty," was the prompt reply, "we call it at home the Italy of America."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

PEOPLE often abuse their own relatives merely for the sake of having you contradict them.—Washington Democrat.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 23 trial bottle & treatise. DR. KLINE, 533 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

We should do everything we can for others, if only to dissipate the thought of what they omit to do for us.—N. Y. Weekly.

PISO'S Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—REV. D. BUCHMUELLER, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

SOME people blame Providence for things that even a very ignorant man would be ashamed of.—Washington Democrat.

STAND straight and strong—St. Jacobs Oil cures lame back—cures sprains.

A WOMAN sharpens a pencil pigtailed.—Aitchison Globe.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

IDEAS are a capital that bear interest only in the hands of talent.—N. Y. Weekly.

Use St. Jacobs Oil and say to rheumatism: "Will see you later."

We all like to put off disagreeable jobs as long as possible.—Washington Democrat.

WIRES bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

SOME very trifling people are well posted on Scripture.—Washington Democrat.

Use St. Jacobs Oil promptly and freely and say good-bye to neuralgia.

The longer a woman has been married the larger a dollar grows to her.

Nature's Detectives.

When a crime is committed, no matter in what corner of the earth the criminal tries to hide, he knows that probably somewhere or other on the look-out is a detective waiting to lay his hand on him. When any disease attacks mankind and hides itself in the human system, no matter how obscure or complicated the disease may be, Nature among her great force of detective remedies has one that will eventually hunt down and arrest that particular disease.

Lung and bronchial diseases are among the most baffling complaints which doctors have to deal with; because it isn't the lungs or bronchial tubes alone which are affected, but every corner of the system furnishes a lurking place for these elusive maladies. They change and reappear and dodge about the system under numberless disguises. They are almost always complicated with liver or stomach troubles, nervousness, neuralgia, or "general debility."

The best detective remedy which Nature has provided to search out and arrest these perplexing ailments is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It lays an arresting hand directly upon the poisonous, paralyzing elements hiding in the liver and digestive organs. It gives the blood-making glands power to manufacture an abundant supply of pure, red, highly vitalized blood which reinforces the lungs with healthy tissue; feeds the nerve-centres with power, and builds up solid muscular flesh and active energy.

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, nasal catarrh, bronchitis, severe coughs, asthma, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. While it promptly cures the severest cough it strengthens the system and purifies the blood.

OPIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS

AND ALL THE VICES WHICH THEY ENTAIL. Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEWISVILLE, O.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. B. SWAN, Atlanta, Ga.

YUGATAN, KING OF GUMS.

PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Taste Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION