

THE PATRIOTS,

Under Command of Delgado, Capture the Town of Bujual.

Bahia Honda, Province of Pinar del Rio, Captured and Totally Destroyed—A Spanish Trick Thwarted—An Attempted Assassination Foiled.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 14.—The town of Bujual, which has been attacked several times, was assaulted again Sunday by the force of the patriot leader, Juan Delgado, who, after a short fight, entered the town and captured arms, ammunition and all kinds of supplies needed by his forces, leaving the place after burning about 30 houses.

Bahia Honda, a town of the province of Pinar del Rio, has been captured and totally destroyed by patriots. The Spanish garrison surrendered without resistance.

It is said at Havana that a man by the name of Miguel Bealo was sent by the Havana police to see Baldogro Acosta, the patriot leader who operates around towns near Havana, to arrange a conference and plan for the capture or assassination of the leader. This manner of exterminating Cuban leaders is common in Spanish warfare. A few days ago Patriot Leader Robau ordered the execution of a Spanish emissary who attempted to poison him with a glass of wine.

After an encounter at Purgatorio, Matanzas, between Spanish forces and patriots, the Spaniards retreated with heavy loss to the city of Matanzas. Col. Thomas Carreas and seven more patriots were killed and eight wounded.

It is said that Monday alarm was occasioned at Spanish headquarters on account of the landing of another expedition at Pinar del Rio, where large reinforcements have been sent.

HAVANA, April 14.—A dispatch received by the Diario de la Marina from Madrid says that President McKinley recently offered the friendly mediation of the United States in Cuban affairs. Senor Canovas del Castillo, the prime minister, replied, thanking Mr. McKinley for the offer and requesting that the United States stop the work of filibusters in that country.

HAVANA, April 14.—Smallpox is raging at Guines, a village of 8,000 inhabitants. During the last week there have been 150 victims.

The Garelano battalion, while near Siguanaca, came upon three women who were carrying a wounded insurgent. The Spanish killed the insurgent and brought the women to Siguanaca.

IKE SHEPPARD,

Who Confesses to Several Murders Under Arrest at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, April 14.—Ike Sheppard, (colored) wanted in Chicago for the murder of Wm. Brady, in April, 1896, was arrested here Tuesday. Sheppard confesses to not only the murder of Brady, but also to that of John Dougherty, at Webster, W. Va., in 1891, and says he has been mixed up in 18 or 20 other affairs of the kind.

He tells so many stories of murders that the officials are inclined to consider him not altogether sane. Sheppard is 36 years old. He says that in '96, while working on the drainage canal at Chicago, he and Brady, one of the bosses, quarreled over a board bill, and as Sheppard was getting the worst of it, he shot Brady three times, killing him.

The murder of Dougherty, he says, was the result of a fight over a game of cards. Dougherty accused Sheppard of cheating, and the shooting followed, Dougherty being killed with the second shot.

Requisition papers from the governor of Illinois for the return of Sheppard are here, and officers are expected to take him to Chicago.

GUESTS' PARADE.

A New Feature of the Grant Memorial Celebration in New York.

NEW YORK, April 14.—A new feature for the Grant memorial celebration has been added to the programme in the shape of a parade of the guests of the city from the Fifth Avenue hotel to the monument in the morning before the dedication ceremonies.

As matters have been arranged, they will all be driven in open carriages, if the weather is fine, over the same route which the army parade is to follow.

The carriages will form in a regular procession, two abreast, led by Troop A. In the first carriage, drawn by four horses, will be President McKinley, former President Grover Cleveland, Mayor Strong and Gen. Horace Porter. Following them in the other carriages will be the diplomatic corps, members of the cabinet, governors of states, senators, members of congress, generals, admirals, and all sorts of notables.

Grant's New Tomb Ready.

NEW YORK, April 14.—The work of unsealing the new casket in the temporary tomb of Gen. Grant was finished Tuesday night and everything is in readiness for the removal of the body to the crypt of the new tomb. The time of the removal is still kept secret. The sarcophagus is all ready for the reception of the coffin containing the body. The great lid, weighing a ton, has been raised by means of a derrick three feet above the sarcophagus proper, so that the coffin can be slid into the hollowed out portion.

Distinguished Visitors From Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—A party of distinguished Japanese visitors will leave here for Washington, D. C., Wednesday, K. Komatsu and K. Kuwawa have been appointed delegates to the International Postal congress in Washington by the Japanese government. The other members of the party are N. Katsuka, K. Nanji, Dr. T. Konoo and Z. Kashimoto.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Tuesday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$225,904,991; gold reserve, \$153,673,281.

GETTING HOT.

Blows Exchanged on the Floor of the Assembly Room—Lyons Struck by Clarke, But Friends Interfere in Time to Prevent Blood Being Spilt.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 15.—It was rumored Wednesday morning that John W. Gaines, father of Capt. Noel Gaines, had stated that one of the most prominent citizens of Louisville had come to him and offered him money to use in procuring three votes in the legislature for Dr. Godfrey Hunter for United States senator; that the aforesaid citizen had been the first and most prominent man in connection with the charges, and that when Gaines, sr., goes before the grand jury a sensation second only to that of the first charges of bribery will ensue.

The 36th ballot for United States senator in the meeting of the joint assembly Wednesday resulted: Hunter, 61; Blackburn, 44; Martin, 12; Boyle, 6; Stone, 1; present and voting, 124; necessary to a choice, 63. No election.

The 37th ballot resulted the same as the 36th, but on the 38th, when the name of Senator Elmore (Blackburn democrat) was reached, he failed to answer, and some little excitement was occasioned. The senate roll call was concluded, and the call of the representatives reached before he was found and came into the hall. One democrat at that time failing to vote would have elected Hunter. Elmore voted, however, at the conclusion of the ballot, which resulted: Hunter, 60; Blackburn, 49; Martin, 12; Boyle, 6; Stone, 1; necessary to a choice, 62. No election. One pair had dropped out.

About this time James McMurtry and Representative J. C. Napier came near coming to blows in the rotunda. McMurtry accosted Napier for not voting for Hunter when his vote would have elected him. Napier responded hotly, and friends interfered before there was any serious trouble.

McMurtry is from Garrard county, the home of Napier.

The fourth ballot of the day resulted: Hunter 61, Blackburn 44, Martin 12, Boyle 6, Stone 1. Necessary to a choice, 63. No election.

The fifth ballot of the day resulted: Hunter 60; Blackburn 43, Martin 12, Boyle 6, Stone 1; necessary to a choice, 62. No election.

At the end of the fifth senatorial ballot Hay moved to adjourn, seconded by Clarke. But when Lyons called for the yeas and nays, seconded by Bennett, Hay withdrew his motion. During the sixth ballot of the day words passed between Senator Clarke, a bolding republican, and Representative W. H. Lyons (Hunter republican). Clarke struck at Lyons, landing a light blow on Lyons' face. Friends intervened and prevented a desperate fight.

Lieut.-Gov. Worthington ordered the sergeant-at-arms to arrest the parties. Lyons was arrested and taken out. It is said that Senator Clarke had started to draw his pistol. Lyons later resumed his seat.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 15.—The Franklin county grand jury is continuing its investigation of the alleged bribery in the senatorial contest. Graham Vreeland, a newspaper correspondent, was one of the witnesses before the jury. He at first declined to talk and was ordered to jail by Judge Cantrill, but later consented to talk and was released. The investigation may be completed Thursday. The project is that there will be continuous balloting Thursday, but there is nothing in the situation Wednesday night to indicate a breaking up of the deadlock.

NOT ENCOURAGING.

Reports From the Overflowed Mississippi Delta—Feared the Waters Will Not Recede Before June.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 15.—Reports from the overflowed Mississippi delta Wednesday night are not encouraging. The expected fall in the waters, that extend for miles and miles over the fertile valley, has not occurred. Many well-known planters express the fear that the yellow stream will not recede until June, too late to plant this year's crop. Much suffering still exists in Sunflower and Rogue Phalia country, where hundreds of Negroes have deserted their cabins and are huddled on high grounds and the railroad tracks. Many cabins are submerged to their very roofs, while several have been swept from their foundations and carried away by the swift current. On a plantation ten miles west of Helena, Sylvester Sanders, a colored tenant, his wife and five children, were overwhelmed by the current and all perished. Near Greenville Wednesday two Negroes were drowned in an attempt to reach dry land.

Vicksburg, Miss., April 15.—At 6 o'clock Wednesday evening the situation here was a gloomy one. Cloudy, with rains, and a promise of high wind, and the great sea of water slowly but surely rising, promising to go above all work for its retention and the protection of the great valley, is the situation. At 6 p. m. the river had reached 51.6 feet on the gauge. Every inch now is more than a foot some days ago, for miles of the Louisiana line have stood their extreme limit and the rising river is being held back by the most untiring efforts ever made by any people. Human endurance is fast giving way and it is now only a question of how much more and how much longer the working forces can last.

Funds for Flood Sufferers.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 15.—Mr. R. W. Brown, managing editor of the Louisville Times, Tuesday delivered to Gov. Jones \$1,259 in cash for relief of flood sufferers. The governor will send his private secretary on a tour through the flooded district to distribute the funds where needed.

Miners Strike.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 15.—The coal miners employed by the Essen Coal Co. on the Panhandle road, struck Wednesday for an advance of six cents per ton in the running rate. Three mines and 600 men are idle.

TARIFF BILL.

Senator Nelson Will Introduce Several Amendments to the Measure.

Nominations Confirmed by the Senate—Postal Authorities Embarrassed by the Failure of Congress to Pass the Appropriation to Defray Expenses.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Much embarrassment to the postal authorities has been caused by the failure of congress to pass the asked for appropriation of \$200,000 to defray the expenditures of the International Postal congress to be held here next month. The urgency of the appropriation has been pointed out to congress, but no definite action has yet been taken, though there have been several such provisions inserted in bills introduced. Meanwhile the time for the meeting of the postal authorities of the world is close at hand and arrangements are being made without contracts, payment being contingent on the appropriation of funds. The foreign delegates are rapidly being announced to this government, but the complete personnel of the body will not be known until the opening. Postmaster General Gary has not yet determined on the delegates to represent this country, but will announce them very shortly. Col. Chaille-Long, the African explorer, has been in Washington some time, and will doubtless be one of the delegates. He was a caller on the postmaster general Tuesday and has presented his claims. He is a native of Maryland, and his availability as an accomplished linguist may determine his selection.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Senator Nelson Tuesday gave notice of several amendments to the tariff bill. One of these abrogates after one year the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty. Another declares trusts or combinations for the restraint of trade or enhance the market price of imports or manufactures by two or more persons, either one of whom is an importer, to be "against public policy, illegal and void," and provides for the punishment of the offense by both fine and imprisonment. A third amendment authorizes the president to suspend by executive order the collection of all duties upon any imported article, the home product of which is controlled by a trust.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The senate, in executive session Tuesday, confirmed the following nominations: Alfred E. Buck, of Georgia, to be minister to Japan; James Boyle, of Ohio, to be consul at Liverpool; Edgar A. Angier, of Georgia, to be U. S. attorney, northern district of Georgia; Marion Erwin, of Georgia, to be U. S. attorney, southern district of Georgia; W. T. Beall, of Leadville, Col., to be register of land office at Leadville, Col.; Alexander J. Cooke, of Mississippi, to be United States marshal northern district of Mississippi; Nathan P. Johnson, of Desmet, S. D., to be agent of the Indians of the Sisseton agency in South Dakota; William B. Ridgely, to be postmaster at Springfield, Ill.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has decided to recommend to congress an appropriation as indemnity for the killing by a mob of lynchers of three Italian citizens at Hahnville, La., August 8, last.

VOORHEES REMAINS

Arrive at the Hooper Capital—Afterward Removed to Terre Haute.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 14.—On account of a wreck on the Pennsylvania railroad, it was necessary to transfer the remains of D. W. Voorhees to a Big Four train, and they arrived here an hour after the time expected. At 1 o'clock they were placed in the rotunda of the state capitol under a military guard of honor. Gov. Mount, the state officers, the judges of the supreme and appellate courts, the federal officers and the city officers first filed by the coffin to view the body, and afterward came a crowd of citizens passing in single file on each side of the body. There was a chant by choir boys at the capitol after the body arrived. The body was taken to Terre Haute at 8 o'clock in charge of W. R. McKeen and John E. Lamb, representing the citizens of Terre Haute.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 14.—At Greencastle, where is located Depauw university, the late senator's alma mater, the funeral train was received with a salute from the college cannon, while the university cadets were drawn up in line as a mark of respect to the dead.

It was dark when the funeral car reached Terre Haute, but there was an immense assemblage of people. The casket was conveyed to the Terre Haute house, for many years the senator's home, where his body will lie in state until Thursday noon, the burial to take place at two o'clock on that day. Services will be held at St. Stephen's Episcopal church, of which Senator Voorhees was long a member, after which the Masonic fraternity will have care of the funeral ceremonies.

Twelve Still Missing.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 14.—The charred remains of G. W. Roberts, of Pulaski, Tenn., were taken from the ruins of the Hotel Knox Tuesday. The search continues, and it is expected that other bodies will be found Wednesday. Inquiries have been received for a dozen men who are supposed to have been burned. Of the 52 people in the house only about 40 have been accounted for.

The Remains of Consul Lott.

MANAUGA, Nicaragua, March 20.—The remains of Hon. Hiram R. Lott, late United States consul at Managua, who died June 16, 1895, were today disinterred for shipment via San Francisco, to the home of his daughter at Floyd, La.

DAMAGE SUIT AGAINST THE HAYES ESTATE. FREMONT, April 14.—The \$25,000 damage suit of Mrs. Addie M. Smith against the estate of ex-President Hayes, was placed on trial Tuesday. The suit is for injuries alleged to have been received in a runaway caused by a vicious dog of the Hayes family.

INCENDIARISM.

Kansas City at the Mercy of a Band of Firebugs—Several Fires in the Very Business Center of the Hottest City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 15.—Since 9 o'clock Wednesday night Kansas City seems to have been at the mercy of a band of incendiaries. Between 9 o'clock Wednesday night and 1 o'clock Thursday morning, seven fires broke out in the very business center of the city. At least four and probably all of those fires were of incendiary origin. While the majority of the blazes were extinguished in their incipency, two of them resulted in heavy damages. The big five-story Scarritt block, on Walnut street, near Ninth, was destroyed, entailing a loss of \$60,000, and from this structure the flames spread to an adjoining structure on Main street, also owned by the Scarritt estate, and occupied by the Campbell & Eaton Crockery Co. The building on Main street was damaged to the extent of \$10,000 and the crockery stocks suffered an equal damage. Only by a very narrow margin were other adjoining buildings saved from destruction.

It was while this dangerous fire was raging that the torch was applied in various parts of the business district. At Twelfth and Walnut streets fire was started in a pile of dry goods boxes in an alley. At Twelfth street and Grand avenue the torch was applied to excelsior thrust in the wall of a lodging house. At Fifth and Delaware fire was started in the rear of the Armour building. Another fire was started in the rear of Loose Brothers' cracker manufactory, at Second and Main streets, and still another at Hill's brewery, on the East bottoms. In several of these fires coal oil was freely used by the incendiaries.

At 1 o'clock Thursday morning, when the forces of the fire department were scattered and possibly somewhat demoralized, fire was discovered in C. S. Lovejoy's planing mill, at Fourteenth and Main streets. The fire had gained such great headway that the building was soon enveloped in flames, and within a short time the planing mill, with all its valuable machinery and a big stock of manufactured lumber, was in ruins. The loss is heavy. That this fire and the fire in the Scarritt block were of incendiary origin there is no direct proof, but all the indications are that firebugs alone are responsible.

Nor are the fires of Wednesday night the first of the kind recently. About two weeks ago three fires were started within two days at Twelfth and Walnut streets, but all were extinguished without serious loss.

The loss on Lovejoy's planing mill and machinery is \$10,000, and on his stock the loss is \$7,000 additional.

What could be the motive of the incendiaries is purely a matter of speculation, but among the excited business men who were gathered about the streets in small groups at 2 o'clock Thursday morning seriously discussing the situation, the opinion is frequently expressed that the gambler element, which has so long held full sway in Kansas City and which is now forced to quit its operations, owing to a complete overhauling of police administration, is at the bottom of the incendiaries.

QUADRUPLE MURDER.

Husband, Wife, Daughter and Boarder the Victims—The Bodies Cremated.

PASCOAG, R. I., April 15.—A quadruple murder was committed at Oakland, R. I., a few miles from this place, early Wednesday morning, at what is known as the old Elisha Mathewson place.

The murderer, in order to cover up his crime, fired the house, but before it was totally destroyed the body of Mrs. Edward Reynolds was taken out. Her head was mashed.

Later the charred body of her 10-year-old daughter was taken out, and it is supposed that the bodies of Edward Reynolds, the husband, and a boarder are in the ruins.

Before the building was destroyed a number of people discovered clots of blood on the floor, where a fierce struggle had evidently taken place. Martin Mowry, who was missing from the scene of the Reynolds tragedy, was found hiding in a barn near Harrisonville Tuesday forenoon and was at once placed under arrest on suspicion of having been involved in the affair.

Nominations by the President.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The president, Wednesday, sent the following nominations to the senate:

State—James B. Angell, of Michigan, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States, to Turkey; Geo. N. West, of the District of Columbia, consul of the United States to Pietou, Nova Scotia.

War—George D. Meiklejohn, of Nebraska, to be assistant secretary of war.

To be commissioners of the District of Columbia—John B. Wight and John W. Ross.

Treasury—John W. Cunningham, of Idaho, assayer of the United States assay office at Boise City, Idaho.

Justice—Jasper P. Grady, of Indian territory, marshal of the central district in the Indian territory.

War—First Lieutenant E. H. Browne, Fourth infantry, to be captain; Second Lieutenant P. A. Wolfe, Third infantry, to be first lieutenant; Second Lieutenant J. W. Joes, Fifth artillery, to be first lieutenant; Corporal George L. Byroade, Fifth artillery, to be second lieutenant.

To Look After Reciprocity.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 15.—Among the passengers on the steamer Australia from Honolulu which arrived here Wednesday was William A. Kinney, who left Wednesday as special commissioner to Washington. His principal work will be to look after the reciprocity and he will endeavor to secure a renewal of the same.

Vitascopes Pictures All Right.

CHICAGO, April 15.—Dan A. Stuart Wednesday denied the story that the pictures of the Carson prize fight had proved worthless. They are, he said, entirely satisfactory.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Extraordinary Session.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—SENATE.—The senate Thursday heard Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, for the third successive day on his resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba. It was severely critical of Spain's methods against American prisoners and went over in detail the circumstances in the Competitor case. Mr. Morgan said he would close his speech at the next meeting of the senate, when he would present a letter from one of the Cuban officials of the eastern province of the island showing the complete civil system of government now sustained by the Cubans. Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota, spoke for two hours on the bankruptcy bill, opposing the pending Torrey bill as excessively harsh and designed as a collection agency for large creditors and urging his substitute as a measure drafted in the interest of thousands of poor debtors struggling to get on their feet. HOUSE.—Not in session.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—SENATE.—The senate met at noon Monday for the first time since the death of ex-Senator Voorhees, who, until a recent day, was a conspicuous member of the body. The opening prayer of Rev. Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain, made an eloquent reference to Mr. Voorhees' brilliant talents, impassioned ardor, kindling eloquence, genuine patriotism and the unselfish devotion to his great powers to every cause, human and divine, which enlivened his career. Divine consolation was invoked for the family of the man who had inscribed his name on the tablets which perpetuate the great orators and statesmen of his generation. Immediately following the prayer Mr. Gorman (Md.) moved as a mark of respect to their late associate that the senate adjourn, adding that many senators desired to attend the funeral. The motion prevailed, and at 12:05 p. m. the senate adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—SENATE.—Senator Morgan, of Alabama, Tuesday, concluded his long speech on the resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba. He did not ask for a vote on the resolution but announced that he hoped to secure a final vote at an early day. The bankruptcy bill was taken up at 9 o'clock. Mr. Lindsay, of Kentucky, defending the measure against criticisms made against it. In the course of the presentation of memorials, Mr. Cockrell of Missouri, announced that he held in his hand "one of the stereotyped, printed petitions from that distinguished Indianapolis conference, in which they desire congress to surrender to them the right of legislation." He asked that it be referred to the finance committee with the understanding that he did not intend to do so.

HOUSE.—Not in session. WASHINGTON, April 15.—SENATE.—The first skirmish on the tariff question occurred Wednesday. It was followed by a vote which served as a test of strength of the various elements of the senate. The vote occurred on a motion by Mr. Morrill (rep. Vt.) chairman of the committee on finance to refer a resolution by Mr. West, one of the democratic members of the committee. This made the issue between representatives of the two leading elements in the senate. Aside from this, the resolution was in the nature of a criticism of Secretary Gage, and declared illegal his recent order relative to goods imported after April 1, when according to the retroactive clause of the pending Dingley bill, the new tariff rates are to apply.

HOUSE.—Representative Ridgely (pop. Kas.) introduced in this house Wednesday a bill "to enable the unemployed to earn a living, to utilize industry and produce general prosperity." His plan is much like the one advocated by "Gen" Coxe, of Ohio. It authorizes each state, territory, county, city, town, township or school district to raise money for giving employment on public works by issuing non-interest bearing bonds of 25 years, payable only to the United States, not to exceed half the assessed value of the property of the state or municipality. In return for the bonds the United States treasury is to issue treasury notes. Adjourned until Saturday.

JEFFERSON'S BIRTHDAY.

The Event Celebrated in Washington—Wm. J. Bryan the Guest of Honor.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The 154th anniversary of Jefferson's birthday was celebrated Tuesday night at the Metropolitan hotel by a subscription dinner given under the auspices of the National Association of Democratic Clubs. The first celebration of the anniversary of Jefferson's birth occurred at the same hostelry, then known as the Indian Queen. Jackson was the guest of honor, and the occasion was made memorable by the presence of Vice President John C. Calhoun and other democratic leaders of that day. Tuesday night William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, the late democratic candidate for president, was the guest of honor. Senators, representatives and others conspicuous in the counsels of the democratic party were present, many of them were from a distance. Covers were laid for two hundred and many were denied seats for want of space at the tables. The decorations of the room were simple. The columns were twined with southern smilax and a full length portrait of Jefferson, draped with American flags, was hung behind the seat of Gov. Chauncey F. Black, of Pennsylvania, the president of the association. On his right were Bryan, Representative McMillan, who acted as toastmaster, and on the left Senator Jones, of Arkansas, Representative Bland, of Missouri; Lentz, of Ohio, and ex-representative Sibley, of Pennsylvania, and Adrew Lipscomb, of Virginia.

Mr. Bryan was greeted with a lusty cheer as he entered the hall. The menu was carefully prepared, and was similar to such a dinner as might have been served during Jefferson's days. The dishes were all American creations, and each course as far as possible, represented one section of the country.

Plunged From the Fourth Story.

CLEVELAND, O., April 15.—William Bundy, a colored man aged 25 years, committed suicide Wednesday afternoon by throwing himself from the fourth story of a building in the business center of the city. Bundy had been on a spree for several days, and it is thought his mind had become unbalanced. The window from which he jumped was in a colored men's clubroom. His body turned over several times, and his head struck the curbstone, crushing his skull. A large crowd of people witnessed the suicide.

To Manufacture L. quor in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Ia., April 15.—The senate Wednesday passed an amendment to the Muley law, permitting the manufacture of liquors in Iowa upon separate petitions in the counties. The vote stood 26 to 24, receiving the required constitutional majority. This question has been hanging fire in the state for some time. The bill was to go back to the house, as several amendments were made in the senate, but it is thought will be successfully passed there. This law will permit the manufacture of all kinds of liquor in Iowa, the first time since the passage of the prohibitory law in 1852.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 100,000 Cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco? Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00, all druggists.

The fact that there is so much stuff that shines like gold makes the story of disaster one of the saddest chapters ever written.—Ran's Horn.

I cannot speak too highly of Pileo's Cure for Consumption.—Mrs. Frank Mobbs, 215 W. 22d St., New York, Oct. 29, 1894.

Hail as large as eggs fell this afternoon; fish eggs.—Acheson Globe.

Use St. Jacobs Oil and say to rheumatism: "Will see you later."

Some people who say they are tired are really shiftless.—Acheson Globe.

When bilious or constive eat a Cascarel, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c, 25c.

Grief is an outcast, and no man grasps his hand cordially.—Ran's Horn.

At once use St. Jacobs Oil for sprains. At once it will cure. Athletes know this.

No person who worried a great deal, ever lived to an extreme old age.—Acheson Globe.

Running Sore

"My daughter, 9 years old, had a running sore below her right ear for three months. I got a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The first bottle made some improvement, and when the third bottle had been taken the sore was nicely healed. A year has passed since then and there has been no return of the sore." W. E. MAENUSSEN, Arnold, Nebraska. The best spring medicine is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. Price \$1, six for \$5.

Hood's Pills

are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents

Advertisement for Hires Rootbeer, featuring a bottle and the text "FULL OF HEALTH" and "HIRES Rootbeer".

Advertisement for Waverley Bicycles, featuring an illustration of a woman and the text "Waverley Bicycles \$60 Graceful—Waverley Bicycles are pleasing to the eye. Their mechanism is perfect. What more could be wanted than the famous 96 Waverley greatly improved at such a price?"

Advertisement for Douglas Shoe, featuring an illustration of a shoe and the text "DOUGLAS SHOE \$3 BEST IN THE WORLD."

Advertisement for Opioid and Asthma Cure, featuring an illustration of a man and the text "1,340,000 CONSTANT WEARERS. ASTHMA CURE FREE. For 14 years this shoe by Waverley has been distinguished all competitors. Indorsed by over 1,000,000 people. The best in style, fit and durability. It is now being offered at \$2.00. It is made in all the latest SHAPES and styles, and of every variety of leather. One dealer in a town given catalogue and name card. Write for local paper on receipt of returnable order. Write now catalogue to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.